

# Car Damage Detection

By Rahul Purswani

### Project overview

- Develop a model to automatically detect/classify car damage.
- Input Image of the car
- Output Kind of damage.
- Focused on external damages such as scratch, dent, flat tire, etc.



#### About the dataset

- Dataset CarDD-Really Real Image dataset.
- No. of Train/Val/Test images – 3501/1000/500 images.
- Classes crack, dent, scratch, glass shatter, lamp broken, tire flat (6).
- Sourced from Roboflow.



# Training workflow for object detection model

- Load the pretrained model weights and configure the pretrained model file.
- Configure training pipeline file, eg.
   Classification type, no\_of\_classes, learning rate, etc.

Train the model with TFOD API

• num\_of\_steps = 70,000

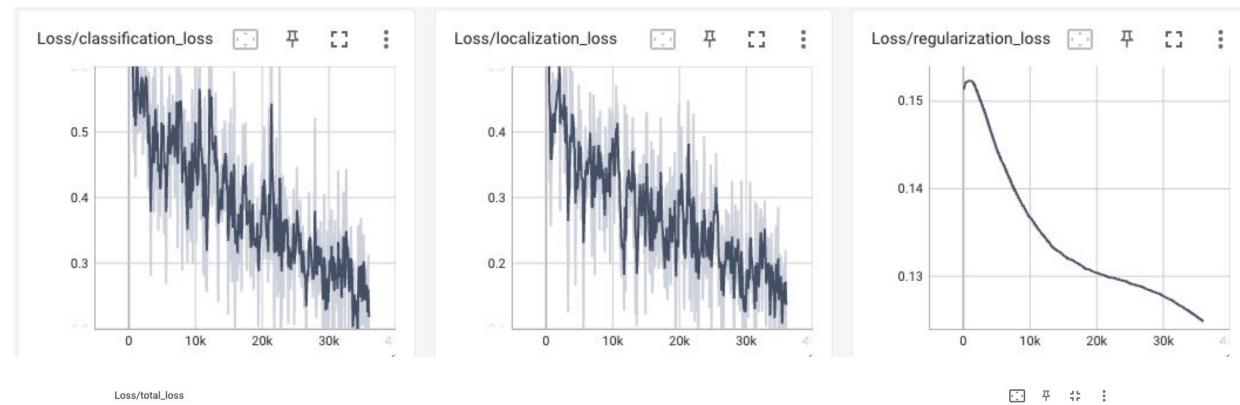
TFOD and dependencies installation

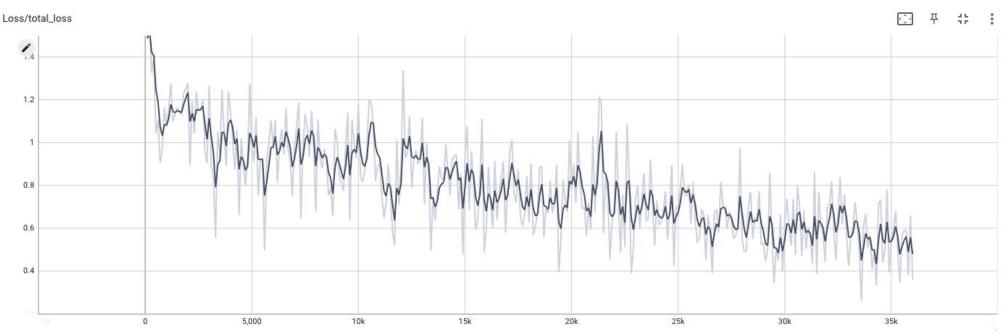
Training pipeline configuration

Model Training Post training quantization

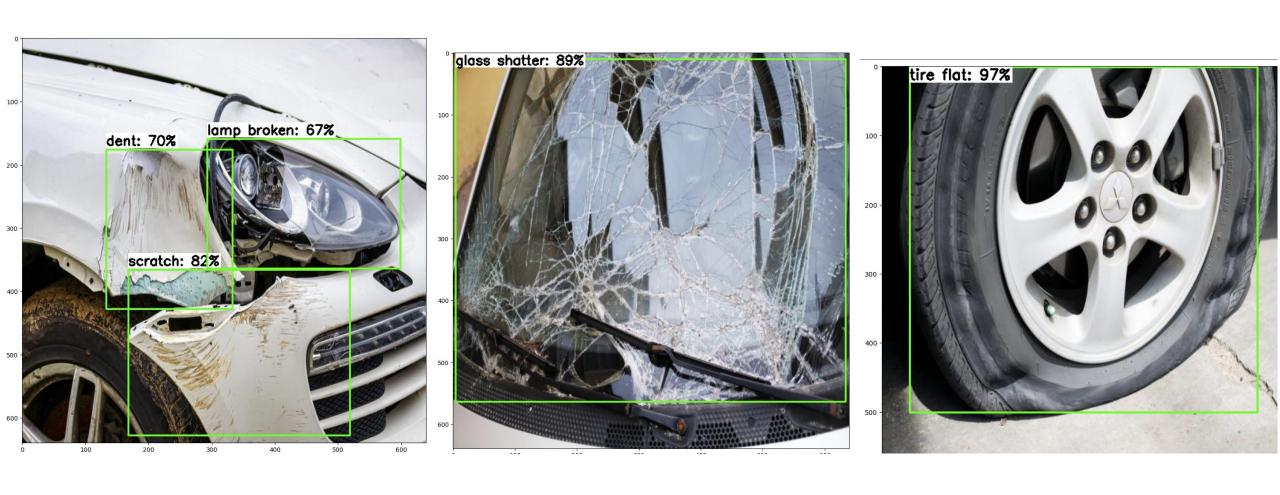
- Clone and install the TensorFlow Object Detection API.
- Install the right versions of dependencies.
- Download the right pretrained model. checkpoints compatible with TFOD.

- Create a representative dataset.
- Convert the original model into tflite model.

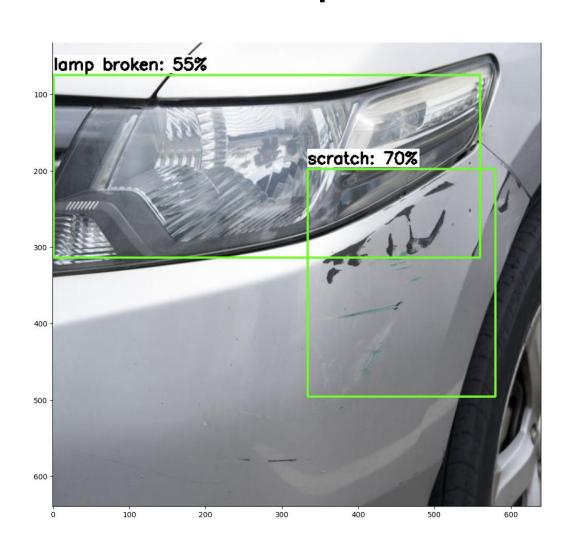




# Some examples of good detections



# Some examples of bad detections





# Challenges in deployment on ESP32(S3)

- Model Architecture ESP32 (S3) support for FPN layers in MobileNet.
- Lack of documentation for tflite models trained using TFOD.
- Solution -
  - Use microprocessor like RaspberryPi or Jetson Nano.

Terminal will be reused by tasks, press any key to close it.

Use mobilenet FOMO for deployment on ESP32 (Although I haven't tried this approach).

## Training workflow for classification

 Transfer learning with MobileNetV2 and experiment with additional dense layers. Experiment with different model architectures.

Choose suitable optimizer and loss functions.

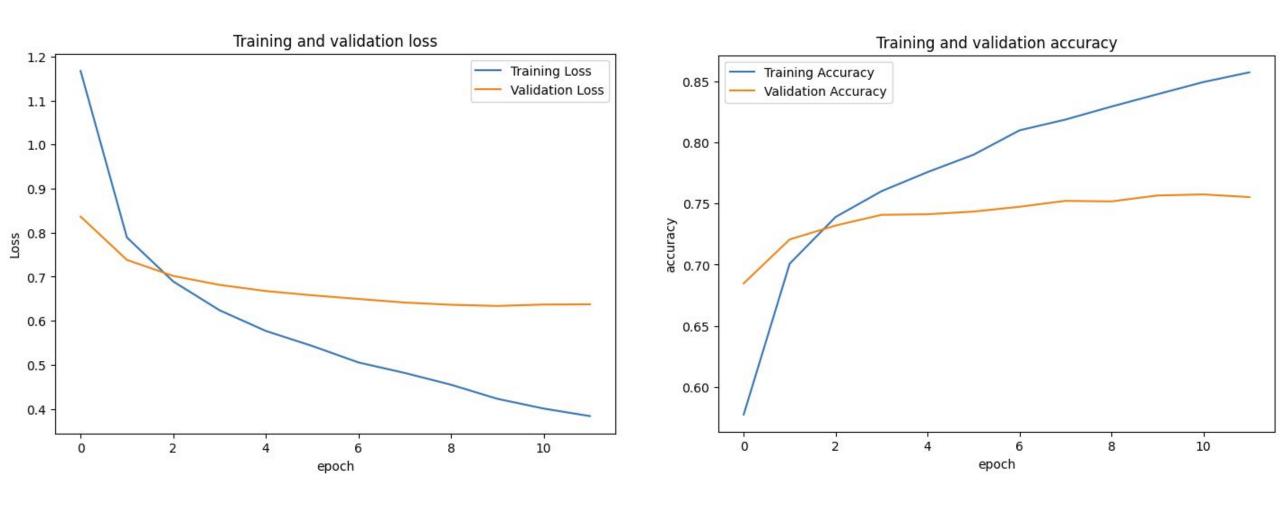
Data Preprocessing

Model Design

Model Training Model
Training and
Evaluation

- Crop all the images to the bounding boxes.
- Setup the directory structure for Image Generator.
- Normalize and resize all the images.

- Evaluate the model on val and test images.
- Optimize the model and convert it to TensorFlow Lite.
- Deploy the model on ESP32S3.



#### Model architecture and evaluation

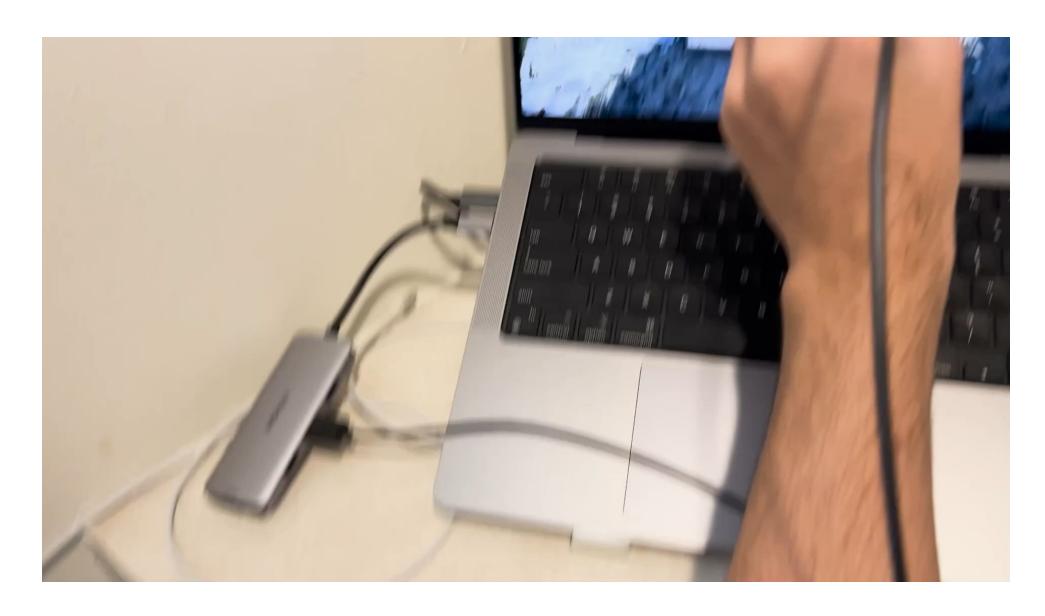
- Training
  - 7829 images
  - Accuracy 86.5%
- Validation
  - 2284 images
  - Accuracy 76%
- Testing
  - 1184 images
  - Accuracy 76.5%

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 64, 64, 3)]	0
tf.math.truediv (TFOpLambd a)	(None, 64, 64, 3)	0
tf.math.subtract (TFOpLamb da)	(None, 64, 64, 3)	0
<pre>mobilenetv2_0.35_224 (Func tional)</pre>	(None, 2, 2, 1280)	410208
<pre>global_average_pooling2d ( GlobalAveragePooling2D)</pre>	(None, 1280)	0
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 1280)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 256)	327936
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 6)	1542

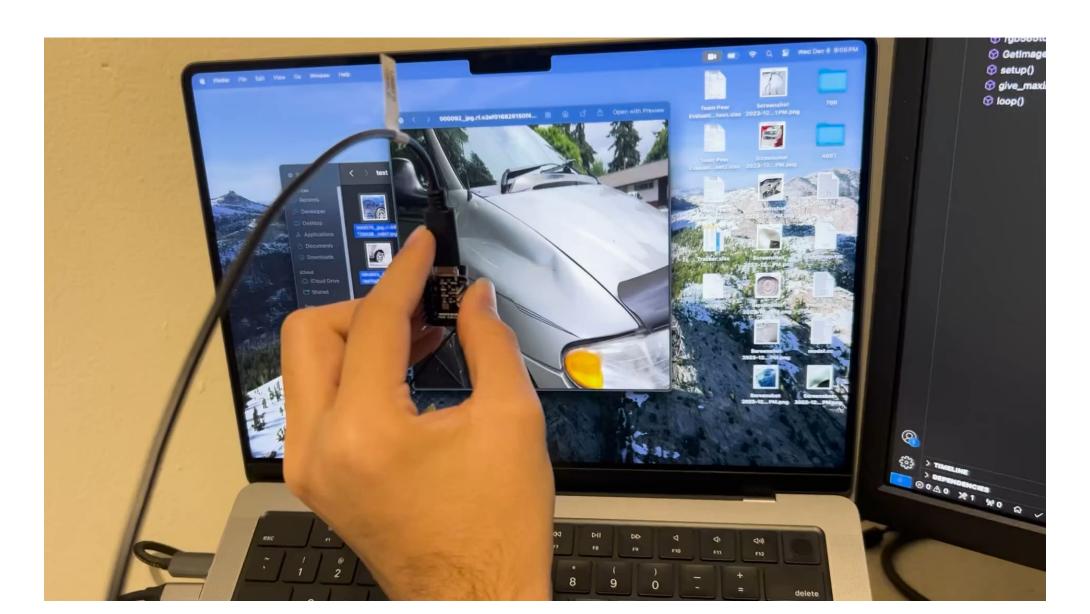
# Some examples of classifications



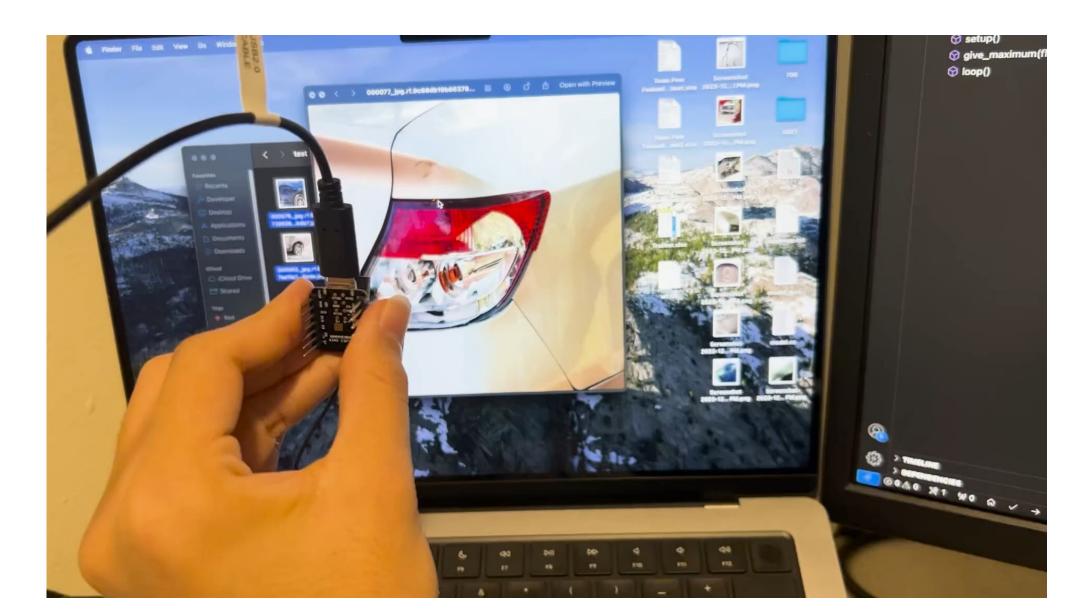
# Demo 1



## Demo 2



## Demo 3



#### References

- Wang, X., Li, W., & Wu, Z. (2023). CarDD: A New Dataset for Vision-Based Car Damage Detection. IEEE Transactions on Intelligent Transportation Systems.
- Muktar, M. (2023, October). CarDD-ReallyReal Dataset. Roboflow Universe. Retrieved from https://universe.roboflow.com/moizuddin-muktar-stt7g/cardd-reallyreal
- Capstone. (2023, August). Car Damage Detection Dataset. Roboflow Universe. Retrieved from <a href="https://universe.roboflow.com/capstone-nh0nc/car-damage-detection-t0g92">https://universe.roboflow.com/capstone-nh0nc/car-damage-detection-t0g92</a>
- https://forum.edgeimpulse.com/t/can-we-use-mobilenetv2-model-with-an-e sp32-camera-to-detect-objects/5651/2