

# **JS (OOP)**

## **Summary Sheet**

#### Qs1. What is Object Oriented Programming (OOP)?

Ans. Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) is a programming paradigm in computer science that relies on the concept of classes and objects. It is used to structure a software program into simple, reusable pieces of code blueprints (usually called classes), which are used to create individual instances of objects.

#### Qs2. What are some benefits of using OOP in JavaScript?

Ans. Some benefits of using OOP in JavaScript includes:

- a. Improved code organization (structure of code)
- b. Reusability of code
- Better maintainability of code
- d. Closeness to real-world objects

#### Qs3. What is the difference between an object and a class in JavaScript?

Ans. Objects in JS is a standalone entity, with properties, methods and a type. It can be created directly from functions or through constructor functions. Class in JS acts as a blueprint for creating objects.

Qs4. What is a constructor function in JS?

Ans. constructor function is a special function that is used to create & initialize objects

Constructor function is a constructor function, it is automatically assigned a set of properties and methods that are defined within the function.

#### Qs5. What is a prototype chain in JavaScript?

Ans. Every object in JavaScript has a built-in property, which is called its prototype. The prototype is itself an object, so the prototype will have its own prototype, making

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what's called a prototype chain. The chain ends when we reach a prototype that has null for its own prototype.

#### Qs6. What is the difference between a constructor and a class in JavaScript?

<u>Ans.</u> A constructor is a function that creates an object, while a class is a blueprint for creating objects. Classes define the framework whereas, constructor actually creates the objects & initializes them.

(In JavaScript, classes are syntactic sugar over constructor functions.)

#### Qs7. Why is the "new" keyword used in JavaScript?

Ans. The 'new' keyword is used to create an instance of an object. When used with a constructor function, it creates a new object and sets the constructor function's 'this' keyword to point to the new object.

#### Qs8. What is Inheritance in OOP?

Ans. Inheritance in OOP is defined as the ability of a class to derive properties and characteristics from another class while having its own properties as well.

#### Qs9. What is the "super" keyword in JS?

Ans. The super keyword in JavaScript acts as a reference variable to the parent class. It is mainly used when we want to access a variable, method, or constructor in the base class from the derived class.

### Qs10. What will be the output for the following code:



```
class Box {
  constructor(name, l, b) {
    this.name = name;
    this.l = l;
    this.b = b;
 area() {
    let area = this.l * this.b;
    console.log(`Box area is ${area}`);
class Square extends Box {
  constructor(a) {
    super("square", a, a);
  area() {
    let area = this.l * this.b;
    console.log(`Square area is ${area}`);
let sq1 = new Square(4);
sq1.area();
```

<u>Ans.</u> The output will be "Square area is 16" as the child class (Square) implementation of area() function will override parent class (Box) implementation of the function with the same name.