

1)

$$\dot{x}_1 = -x_1 - x_2 + \frac{x_1 x_2}{12}$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = u$$

$$f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} -x_1 - x_2 + \frac{x_1 x_2}{12} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad g(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

WKT $(x \neq 0 \mid L_g V(x) = 0) \Rightarrow L_f V(x) < 0$

$\Rightarrow L_g V(x) = 0$ is our domain

$$L_g V(x) = \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} g(x) = 2x^T P g(x) = 2[x_1 \ x_2] \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1.5 \\ 1.5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$L_g V(x) = 3x_1 + 6x_2$$

$$L_g V(x) = 0 \Rightarrow x_1 = -2x_2$$

ii

$$L_f V(x) < 0 \Rightarrow 2x^T P f(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow [x_1 \ x_2] \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1.5 \\ 1.5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -x_1 - x_2 + \frac{x_1 x_2}{12} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= (2x_1 + 1.5x_2) \left(-x_1 - x_2 + \frac{x_1 x_2}{12} \right)$$

$$x_1 = -2x_2$$

$$\Rightarrow -2.5x_2 \left(x_2 - \frac{x_2^2}{6} \right) = \left(\frac{x_2}{6} - 1 \right) x_2^2 \leq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 < 6 \quad \& \quad x_1 > -12$$

\therefore Open set is $D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid x_1 > -12 \text{ and } x_2 < 6\}$

b) we can use Sonags formula here
for control input over the Domain.

$$u = \begin{cases} \frac{-L_f V(x) + \sqrt{(L_f V(x))^2 + (L_g V(x))^4}}{L_g V(x)}, & L_g V(x) \neq 0 \\ 0, & L_g V(x) = 0 \end{cases}$$

2)

$$\dot{x}_1 = x_2$$

$$V_1(x_1) = \frac{x_1^2}{2} = x_1 \dot{x}_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \det \phi_1(x_1) = -x_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{x}_1 = -x_1 + (x_2 + x_1)$$

$$z_1 = x_2 + x_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{z}_1 = \dot{x}_2 + \dot{x}_1$$

$$= x_3 - x_1 + z_1$$

$$\dot{V}_2(x_1, z_1) = x_1(-x_1 + z_1) + z_1(\dot{x}_3 + \dot{z}_1)$$

$$= -x_1^2 + z_1 x_1 + \cancel{z_1(-x_1 + z_1)} + z_1 \dot{x}_3$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi_2 = -x_1 - z_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{z}_1 = (-x_1 - z_1) + \underbrace{(x_3 + 2z_1)}_{z_2} = -x_1 - z_1 + z_2$$

$$\Rightarrow z_2 = x_3 + 2z_1$$

$$\dot{z}_2 = \dot{x}_3 + 2\dot{z}_1$$

$$\dot{V}(x_1, z_1, z_2) = x_1 \dot{x}_1 + z_1 \dot{z}_1 + z_2 \dot{z}_2$$

$$= -x_1^2 + z_1 x_1 - z_1^2 - 2z_1 x_1 + z_1 z_2$$

$$+ z_2 (x_3 + 2z_1)$$

$$\dot{v} = -x_1^2 - z_1^2 + z_1 z_2$$

$$+ z_2 u + 2 z_2 (-x_1 - z_1 + z_2)$$

$$\dot{v} = -x_1^2 - z_1^2 + z_2 u + (-2 z_2 x_1 - z_1 z_2 + 2 z_2^2)$$

→ for linear setting

$$u = -3 z_2 + z_1 + 2 x_1$$

for non linear setting

$$u = -z_2^3 - 3 z_2 + z_1 + 2 x_1$$

so that

$$\dot{v} = -x_1^2 - z_1^2 - z_2^2 - z_2^4$$