

Assignment 2

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1 CHAPTER III, MISCELLANEOUS EXAMPLES VI, Q.7

If $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix}$ are opposite vertices of parallelogram ,
and $\begin{pmatrix} c \\ b \end{pmatrix}$ is a third vertex ,find the co-ordinates of
fourth vertex.

$$(a + c)/2 = (c + x)/2 \quad (1.1.7)$$

$$x = a \quad (1.1.8)$$

$$(b + d)/2 = (b + y)/2 \quad (1.1.9)$$

$$y = d \quad (1.1.10)$$

$$(1.1.11)$$

1.1 Solution

Let the given points be

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}; \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix}; \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} c \\ b \end{pmatrix}; \quad (1.1.1)$$

let D be forth vertex $\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$

$$(1.1.2)$$

In parallelogram the mid point of diagonal joining
opposite points **A,B** & **C,D** are same.

Midpoint of **AB** is $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{a+c}{2} \\ \frac{b+d}{2} \end{pmatrix}$

$$(1.1.3)$$

Midpoint of **CD** is $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{c+x}{2} \\ \frac{b+y}{2} \end{pmatrix}$

$$(1.1.4)$$

Midpoint of **AB** = Midpoint of **CD**

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{a+c}{2} \\ \frac{b+d}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{c+x}{2} \\ \frac{b+y}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.1.5)$$

$$(1.1.6)$$

from above (1.1.5)

Therefore fourth vertex of parallelogram is $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ d \end{pmatrix}$

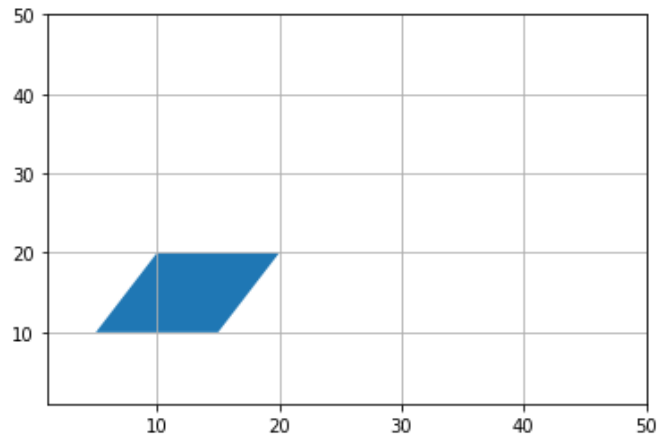


Fig. 1.1: example parallelogram plotted on xy plane