



**CHENNAI
INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**
(Autonomous)



“SOFTWARE SOLUTIONS TO IDENTIFY THE END RECEIVER OF CRYPTOCURRENCY TRANSACTIONS”

A CORE COURSE PROJECT REPORT

Submitted By

CHORKO C

REG NO. 23CS067

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

IN

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
CHENNAI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
(Autonomous)
Sarathy Nagar, Kundrathur, Chennai-600069**

MARCH – 2025



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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the “Core Course Project” Submitted by **CHORKO C (23CS030)** is a work done by him and submitted during **2024-2025** academic year, in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the award of the degree of **BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING** in **DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**, at Chennai Institute of Technology.

Project Coordinator
(Dr.M.Ayeesha Nasreen M.E,Ph.D)

Internal Examiner

Head of the Department
(Dr.S.Pavithra M.E,Ph.D)

External Examiner

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We express our gratitude to our Chairman **Shri.P.SRIRAM** and all trust members of Chennai institute of technology for providing the facility and opportunity to do this project as a part of our undergraduate course.

We are grateful to our Principal **Dr.A.RAMESH M.E, Ph.D.** for providing us the facility and encouragement during the course of our work.

We sincerely thank our Head of the Department **Dr.S.Pavithra M.E ,Ph.D** Department of Computer Science and Engineering for having provided us valuable guidance, resources and timely suggestions throughout our work.

We would like to extend our thanks to our Project Co-ordinator of the **Dr. M. Ayeesha Nasreen M.E, Ph.D** Department of Computer Science and Engineering, for her valuable suggestions throughout this project.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to all Faculty members of the Department of Computer Science and Engineering for their valuable suggestions and their kind cooperation for the successful completion of our project.

We wish to acknowledge the help received from the **Lab Instructors of the** Department of Computer Science and Engineering and others for providing valuable suggestions and for the successful completion of the project.

CHORKO C

Reg No: **23CS030**

PREFACE

I, a student in the Department of Computer Science and Engineering need to undertake a project to expand my knowledge. The main goal of my Core Course Project is to acquaint me with the practical application of the theoretical concepts I've learned during my course.

It was a valuable opportunity to closely compare theoretical concepts with real-world applications. This report may depict deficiencies on my part but still it is an account of my effort.

The results of my analysis are presented in the form of an industrial Project, and the report provides a detailed account of the sequence of these findings. This report is my Core Course Project, developed as part of my 2nd year project. As an engineer, it is my responsibility to contribute to society by applying my knowledge to create innovative solutions that address their changes.

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that this project “Software Solutions To Identify The End Receiver of Cryptocurrency Transactions”, titled is my original work. It has been completed in accordance with the guidelines provided by Chennai Institute of Technology. This project has not been submitted for any other degree or diploma, and all sources and references used in the preparation of this project have been acknowledged appropriately. I affirm that the ideas and expressions herein are my own and do not infringe upon the rights of any other author or researcher.

This project represents my independent research and analysis. I confirm that the findings, conclusions, and recommendations contained within this document are based on my own work and insights. I have conducted thorough research and adhered to the highest standards of academic integrity throughout the process. This work is original and has not been previously published or submitted elsewhere. I take full responsibility for the content and quality of this project.

ABSTRACT

The primary goal of this project is to develop a software solution that will identify the end beneficiary of cryptocurrency transactions. As the level of anonymity associated with blockchain transactions grows, so does the danger to financial security and the intricacy of fraud detection. This study provides a data-driven methodology that combines blockchain forensics, transaction profiling, and heuristic algorithms to analyze and trace the flow of transactions effectively. Transaction flows in this approach are managed by real-time tracing of transactions through blockchain APIs, along with the continuous updating of address clusters and anomaly identification. The results presented here illustrate that the accurate and timely identification of individuals engaged in cryptocurrency transactions is feasible without breaching their anonymity. This report also facilitates financial transparency, compliance with blockchain regulation, and aids law enforcement.

The solution that has been introduced here employs blockchain analysis, clustering algorithms, and real-time monitoring of data for efficient tracing of cryptocurrency transfers and determination of the ultimate beneficiary. With transaction heuristic-rule-based profiling and machine-learning -based anomaly detection, the system is able to distinguish normal transfers from probable fraudulent transfers. This ensures that there is balance between privacy on the user side and transparency to regulators, banks, and financial institutions tracing flows of transfers without knowledge of secret user information.

In addition, the use of several blockchain APIs facilitates real-time observation of transactions in different networks, such as Bitcoin, Ethereum, and other prominent cryptocurrencies. Dynamic wallet address clustering, together with pattern discovery algorithms, facilitates the detection of transactional relations and the identification of fraudulent or money laundering activity. The initiative not only helps reinforce anti-money laundering (AML) operations but also helps in augmenting blockchain security compliance, making cryptocurrency systems more transparent and dependable.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER	TITLE	PAGE NO.
	LIST OF FIGURES	X
	LIST OF TABLES	X
	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	XI
1	INTRODUCTION	1
	1.1. Background of Study	1
	1.2. Research Problem	2
	1.3. Research Questions/ Objectives	4
	1.4. Importance of the Study	5
	1.5. Scope of the Study	7
	1.6. Thesis Organisation	11
2	LITERATURE REVIEW	13
	2.1. Review of Relevant Previous Work	13
	2.2. Theoretical Foundations	14
	2.3. Gaps in the Literature	14
	2.4. Hypothesis or Research Framework	15
3	METHODOLOGY	16
	3.1. Research Design	16
	3.2. Data Collection Methods	17
	3.2.1. Qualitative Data Collection	17
	3.2.2. Quantitative Data Collection	20
	3.3. Tools and Technologies	21
	3.3.1. Softwares and Libraries	21
	3.3.2. Development Tools	22
	3.3.3. Procedures	23
	3.4. Data Analysis	24
	3.4.1. Accuracy of EasyOCR in Text Recognition from Prescription Images	24
	3.4.2. Medicine Recognition Accuracy	25
	3.4.3. Pharmacy Choice and Location Precision	25
	3.4.4. User Feedback and System Usability	26
	3.5. Pseudocode	27
	3.6. Ethical Considerations	28
	3.6.1. Patient Data Privacy and Security	28

	3.6.2. Accuracy and Reliability	28
	3.6.3. User Consent and Transparency	29
	3.6.4. Accountability and Compliance	29
4	RESULTS AND FINDINGS	30
	4.1. Results	30
	4.2. Analysis of Findings	35
5	DISCUSSION	37
	5.1. Interpretation of the Findings	37
	5.2. Comparison with Previous Research	37
	5.3. Implications of the Study	39
	5.3.1. Practical Implementation	39
	5.3.2. Technological Implications	40
	5.3.3. Societal and Healthcare Implications	40
	5.4. Limitations of the Research	40
6	CONCLUSION	41
	6.1. Summary of Key Findings	41
	6.2. Recommendations for Future Work	41
	6.3. Practical Implications of the Result	41
7	REFERENCE	43

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE NO	TITLE	PAGE NO.
Fig. 1.	Architecture Diagram	16
Fig. 2.	Sample Code	27
Fig. 3.	Sample Result	31
Fig. 4.	Sample Result	32
Fig. 5.	Sample Result	33
Fig. 6.	Sample Transaction Network	33
Fig. 7.	Sample Result Dashboard	34
Fig. 8.	Sample Result Dashboard	34
Fig. 9.	Sample Result Dashboard	35

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE NO	TITLE	PAGE NO.
Table 1.	Comparison with Previous Research	38

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Full Form
AI	Artificial Intelligence
ML	Machine Learning
OCR	Optical Character Recognition
NLP	Natural Language Processing
AML	Anti-Money Laundering
KYC	Know Your Customer
API	Application Programming Interface
GDPR	General Data Protection Regulation
DEX	Decentralized Exchange
FATF	Financial Action Task Force
RNN	Recurrent Neural Networks
CNN	Convolutional Neural Networks
MFA	Multi-Factor Authentication
RBAC	Role-Based Access Control
UI	User Interface
UX	User Experience