

Question Booklet Series :-

A

Booklet Code No. :-

631344

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Candidate must fill the above number correctly, in the OMR Sheet

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO

Time Allowed : 45 Minutes

Code- 02GESARC-01 (P-II)

Total No. Questions: 60

Roll No. : _____

OMR Answer Sheet No.: _____

Name of the Candidate (in capital letters): _____

Candidate's Signature : _____

Invigilator's Signature : _____

IMPORTANT: Read the following instructions carefully. Do not mark answers on the question booklet, otherwise you may be debarred from the selection process.

1.	Before commencing to answer, check that the Question Booklet has 60 questions. Each Question Booklet will be in different series (combination of booklet code no. and series). You must write correct Booklet Code No. and Question Booklet Series on your OMR Answer Sheet. Further check that there is no misprinting, overprinting and/or any other shortcoming in it. If there is any shortcoming in the question booklet, intimate the same to your room invigilator and take a fresh question booklet. No complaint in this regard shall be entertained at any later stage. IMPORTANT NOTE: The OMR Answer Sheet will be evaluated with a combination of question booklet series and booklet code no. hence you must write correct question booklet series and booklet code no. Any mistake in filling any of them will lead to invalidation of your OMR Answer Sheet. Also in case of non filling of question booklet series and booklet code no. the OMR Answer Sheet will not be evaluated and its sole responsibility lies on the candidate.
2.	There shall be negative marking. 1/3 mark will be deducted for wrong answer. Each question carries equal mark. Also refer OMR Sheet for detailed instruction.
3.	This is an objective type test in which each objective question is followed by four responses serialled (1) to (4). Your task is to choose the correct/best response and mark your response in the OMR Answer Sheet only as per the instructions given and NOT in the Question Booklet.
4.	Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen for all your work on the OMR Answer Sheet. The ovals on the OMR Answer Sheet are to be completely filled by Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only. ANSWERS ONCE GIVEN CAN NOT BE CHANGED.
5.	DO NOT scribble or make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. DO NOT wrinkle or fold or staple it.
6.	Use of Calculators, Slide rules, Mobiles, calculator watches or any such devices and any other study/reference material is NOT allowed inside the examination hall.
7.	Return the complete Question Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator on completion of the test. Do not take this Question Booklet or any part thereof or OMR Answer Sheet outside the examination room. Doing so is a punishable offence.
8.	Take care that you mark only one answer for each question. If more than one answer is given by you for any question, the same will not be evaluated. Cutting/overwriting the answers are not allowed.

DIRECTIONS: (Question No. 1 to 7) The passage given below is followed by ten questions. Each question has four alternative answers, out of which only one is correct. Write the serial number of correct answer (1), (2), (3) and (4) in the answer-sheet.

I read the other day some verses written by an eminent painter which were original and not conventional. The soul always hears an admonition in such lines, let the subject be what it may. The sentiment they instill is of more value than any thought they may contain. To believe your own thought, to believe that what is true for you in you in your private heart is true for all men – that is genius. Speak your latent conviction and it shall be the universal sense; for the inmost in due time becomes the outmost, and our first thought is rendered back to us by the trumpets of the last judgment. Familiar as the voice of the mind is to each, the highest merit we inscribe to Moses, Plato and Milton is that they set at naught books and traditions, and spoke not what men wanted, but what they thought. A man should learn to detect and watch that gleam of light which flashes across his mind from within, more than the luster of the firmament of bards and sages. Yet he dismisses without notice his thought, because it is his. In every work of genius we recognize our own rejected thoughts; they come back to us with a certain alienated majesty. Great works of art have no more affecting lesson for us than this. They teach us to abide by our spontaneous impression with good-humored inflexibility than most when the whole cry of voices is on the other side. Else tomorrow a stranger will say with masterly good sense precisely what we have thought and felt all the time, and we shall be forced to take with shame our own opinion from others.

1. **What is 'genius'?**
 - (1) One who is learned
 - (2) One who trusts his thought
 - (3) One who invents something
 - (4) One who writes poetry
2. **What is meant by 'Last judgment'?**
 - (1) Final disposal of a case
 - (2) Judgment of the Supreme Court
 - (3) Judgment of people
 - (4) Judgment of God
3. **Why do we ascribe the highest merit to Moses?**
 - (1) Because he relied on his own thought
 - (2) Because he was a prophet
 - (3) Because he was a poet
 - (4) Because he was very brave
4. **Why is the word 'they' underlined in 'what they thought'?**
 - (1) For the sake of importance
 - (2) For the sake of clarity
 - (3) For the sake of emphasis
 - (4) For the sake of variety
5. **What do we recognize in works of genius?**
 - (1) Great thoughts
 - (2) Felicity of expression
 - (3) Originality
 - (4) Our own rejected thoughts
6. **What is the greatest lesson that the great works of art impart?**
 - (1) That we should study the classics
 - (2) That we should learn to express effectively
 - (3) That we should abide by our own impressions
 - (4) That we should develop a new style
7. **When is it necessary to stick to our spontaneous impressions?**
 - (1) When nobody supports them
 - (2) When majority of people oppose them
 - (3) When they appear to be irrational
 - (4) When they are likely to make us unpopular.

8. Identify the incorrect sentence:

- (1) All that glitters is not gold.
- (2) All the boys were present.
- (3) All this money are useless for me.
- (4) Neither of them knows the answer.

9. Identify the incorrect sentence:

- (1) The number of students is very small.
- (2) A number of books are missing.
- (3) Ram, as well as his ten friends, is going.
- (4) Many a man were drowned in the sea.

10. Identify the incorrect sentence:

- (1) Vermin destroy our property and carry disease.
- (2) India won by an innings and three runs.
- (3) His means is small, but he has incurred no debt.
- (4) The clergy are in the church.

11. Identify the correct sentence:

- (1) It is a three- years degree course.
- (2) Each student must bring their books.
- (3) I have ten dozens of shoes.
- (4) The collector and the District Magistrate is on leave.

12. Identify the correct sentence:

- (1) It is an one – rupee note.
- (2) Higher we go, cooler we feel.
- (3) It is me who caught the thief.
- (4) The house is built of brick.

13. Identify the correct sentence:

- (1) There is lots of book.
- (2) Forty miles are a good distance.
- (3) He is taking a bath.
- (4) He is used to work hard.

14. Identify the incorrect plural:

- (1) Passers-by
- (2) Lookers – on
- (3) Man- servants
- (4) Sons-in- law

15. Fill in the blank using the correct tense:

By next July we here for fours years.

- (1) Shall have been living
- (2) Shall live
- (3) Used to live
- (4) Shall be living

16. Fill in the blank using the correct tense:

When Shivansh came to the school in 1996, Mr. Rakesh there for seven years.

- (1) Has already been teaching
- (2) Had already been teaching
- (3) Has already been teaching
- (4) Will have already been teaching

17. Four sentences have been given. You have to count the number of adverbs used in these sentences:

Rekha runs quickly. Manoj reads quite clearly. This is a very sweet mango. Evidently the figures are incorrect.

- (1) 5
- (2) 6
- (3) 3
- (4) 4

18. Some words are used sometimes as adjectives, sometimes as adverbs. Four sentences have been given where in three sentences are containing words being used as adjectives and one sentence contains word being used as adverb. Identify the odd one:

- (1) Every little difficulty ruffles his temper.
- (2) He is little known outside India.
- (3) There is much truth in what he says.
- (4) Are you an early riser?

19. Select the word that is most similar in meaning to the word in Capital letters:

KNAVE

(1) Novice

(3) Disciplined

(2) Dishonest

(4) Traditional

20. Select the word that is most similar in meaning to the word in Capital letters:

OBSCURE

(1) Famous

(3) Unknown

(2) Well Known

(4) Prevalent

21. Choose the exact meaning of the idioms/phrases from the given alternatives:

Duck in a thunderstorm

(1) Distressed

(3) Entrapped

(2) Peaceful

(4) Timid

22. Select the word that is most similar in meaning to the word in Capital letters:

SUPERANNUATED

(1) Experienced

(3) Retired

(2) Accepted

(4) Gentle

23. Choose the exact meaning of the idioms/phrases from the given alternatives:

FABIAN POLICY

(1) Dictatorial policy

(3) Market Policy

(2) Democratic policy

(4) Policy of using gradual reforms

24. Choose the exact meaning of the idioms/phrases from the given alternatives:

TO KICK THE BUCKET

(1) To start an account

(3) To die

(2) To start a sea journey

(4) To start agricultural activity

25. Choose the correct preposition to fill in the gap:

Ram lives 45 Tilak Street.

(1) in

(3) with

(2) at

(4) for

26. Choose the correct preposition to fill in the gap

The income derived the ownership of land is commonly called rent.

(1) By

(3) With

(2) From

(4) In

27. Choose the correct preposition to fill in the gap

Ambition does not always conduce ultimate happiness.

(1) by

(3) with

(2) to

(4) from

28. Choose the correct preposition to fill in the gap

All his life he laboured the good of humanity. He is labouring a misapprehension. He laboured his dictionary for twelve years.

(1) For, With, Over

(3) At, With, Over

(2) For, Under, At

(4) At, Under, Over

29. Choose the correct preposition to fill in the gap

I have no prejudice foreigners.

(1) for

(3) to

(2) against

(4) with

30. Choose the correct preposition to fill in the gap

He is descended a noble family.

- (1) Of
- (2) From
- (3) By
- (4) With

31. The same word is used as different parts of speech. In the given sentences, the word "above" has been used as different parts of speech. Point out the incorrectly matched pair:

- (1) The heavens are above Adverb
- (2) The moral law is above Civil Preposition
- (3) Analyse the above sentence Conjunction
- (4) Our blessings come from above Noun

32. Rewrite the following sentence so as to get rid of the word "too" without changing the meaning of the sentence:

He drove too fast for the police to catch.

- (1) He drove so fast that the police could not catch him.
- (2) He drove so fast but the police could catch him.
- (3) He drove very fast that the police can not catch him.
- (4) He drove so fast that the police is not able to catch him.

33. Two or more simple sentences have been given .Combine two or more simple sentences into a single complex sentence.

The cottager and his wife had a hen. The hen laid an egg everyday. The egg was golden.

- (1) The cottager and his wife had a hen which laid a golden egg everyday.
- (2) The cottager and his wife had a hen laying a golden egg everyday.
- (3) The cottager and his wife had a hen that laid a golden egg everyday.
- (4) The cottager and his wife with a hen laying a golden egg everyday.

34. Change the following sentence into correct passive voice:

They ought not to blame others.

- (1) Others ought not to be blamed by them.
- (2) Others should not blame them.
- (3) Others should not be blamed by them.
- (4) Others ought not be blamed by them.

35. Change the following sentence into correct passive voice:

They had already tasted victory.

- (1) Victory had been tasted already by them.
- (2) Victory had already been tasted by them.
- (3) Victory had been tasted by them already.
- (4) Already victory had been tasted by them.

36. Change the following sentence into correct passive voice:

Are they flying kites?

- (1) Are kites being flown by them?
- (2) Are kites flown by them?
- (3) Have kites being flown by them?
- (4) Are kites being flew by them?

37. Change the following sentence into Indirect speech:

He said, "Be quiet and listen to my word".

- (1) He requested them that they keep quiet and listen to his word.
- (2) He requested them to maintain quiet and listen to his word.
- (3) He urged them to be quiet and listen to his word.
- (4) He said to them to keep quiet and listen to his word.

38. Choose the appropriate word/ group of words to fill the gap making the sentence meaningful

Ram many prizes at the school sports.

- (1) Got through
- (2) Bore away
- (3) Brought up
- (4) Broke off

39. Select the antonym of the word given in capital letter:

TERSE:

(1) Diffuse

(3) Intolerable

(2) Thin

(4) Agitated

40. Select the antonym of the word given in capital letter:

MEEK:

(1) Arrogant

(3) Healthy

(2) Retrogress

(4) Unnatural

41. In the following questions, pick out the correct meanings of the following idioms and phrases:

Through thick and thin

(1) Big and small

(3) Under all conditions

(2) Large object

(4) Thin and fat

42. Choose the correct antonyms of the word given in capital letter:

HEIR:

(1) Follower

(3) Ancestor

(2) Antagonist

(4) Friend

43. Choose the correct option out of the four choices given below:

He scoffed the idea of revolution.

(1) With

(3) To

(2) At

(4) By

44. In each of the following groups of words, only one word is correctly spelt. Select the word with correct spelling.

(1) inflameable

(3) inflamible

(2) inflammable

(4) inflammabil

45. In each of the following groups of words, only one word is correctly spelt. Select the word with correct spelling.

(1) gratuitous

(3) gratuitous

(2) gratuitous

(4) greatutous

46. In each of the following groups of words, only one word is correctly spelt. Select the word with correct spelling.

(1) intermittent

(3) intermetent

(2) intermitent

(4) interrmitent

47. Combine the following sentence by using an Adverb Clause.

Do not run fast, you will be tired.

(1) You will be tired by running fast.

(3) By running fast you will be tired.

(2) If you run fast, you will be tired.

(4) Running fast will affect you getting tired.

48. Combine the following sentence by using an Adverb Clause.

He worked hard. He failed in the examination.

(1) He failed because he worked hard.

(2) He worked hard but he failed.

(3) Although he worked hard, he failed.

(4) He worked hard and he failed.

49. Combine the following sentence by using an Adverb Clause.

The robbers had run away. The police arrived.

(1) The police arrived and the robbers ran away.

(2) When the police arrived, the robbers had run away.

(3) The robbers ran away at the arrival of the police.

(4) Arriving the police the robbers ran away.

50. The plural of the word “ cloth” which means “ kinds or pieces of cloth”
 (1) Cloths (2) Clothes
 (3) Cloath (4) Clothee
51. Some nouns have two meanings in the singular but only one in the plural. Identify among choices the noun which have two meanings in singular but one in plural:
 (1) Pain (2) People
 (3) Spectacle (4) Custom
52. Find out what kind of coordinating conjunctions have been used in the following sentence:
 Either he is mad or he feigns madness.
 (1) Cumulative or Copulative (2) Adversative
 (3) Disjunctive or alternative (4) Illative
53. Certain collective nouns, though singular in form are always used as plurals. Three of the following choices are such collective nouns while one is not. Find the one which is not?
 (1) Cattle (2) Vermin
 (3) Trout (4) Gentry
54. Fill in the gap correctly:
 The shirt cost me _____.
 (1) Five thousand rupee (2) Five Thousands rupee
 (3) Five Thousand rupees (4) Five Thousands rupees
55. Fill the correct article.
 Ramesh’s father is ___ M.P and Suresh’s father is ___ Member of Legislative Assembly:
 (1) A, An (2) An, An
 (3) An, A (4) An, The
56. Choose the correct passive voice of the sentence given in the question.
 Deepa swept the floor yesterday:
 (1) The floor is swept by Deepa yesterday. (2) The floor was swept by Deepa yesterday.
 (3) The floor had been swept by Deepa yesterday. (4) The floor was being swept by Deepa yesterday
57. Choose the correct preposition and fill in blanks.
 The old man may not live the winter:
 (1) Through (2) In
 (3) Until (4) Upto
58. Fill up the correct options.
 did he enter the room than he shut the door:
 (1) Hardly (2) As Soon As
 (3) No Sooner (4) When
59. Each of the following idioms/phrases is followed by four alternative meanings of which only one is correct. Choose the correct one.
 The casting vote of the chairman clinched the issue.
 (1) Closed (2) Decided
 (3) Finished (4) Started
60. Each of the following idioms/phrases is followed by four alternative meanings of which only one is correct. Choose the correct one.
 I was totally put out by his brazen manners.
 (1) Removed from the place (2) Condemned
 (3) Ashamed (4) Upset