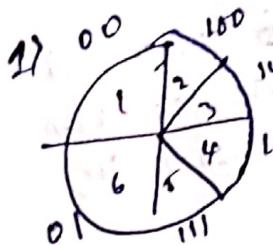


Computer Networks Tutorial

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1st port - 201-70-64-0-S10
201-70-64-63-DBA
255-255-255-192-SM

3rd post - 201-70: 64.160 - SJD
201-70: 64.191 - DKA
255.255.255.224 - SM

8th part - 201.70.64.274 - SP
201.70.64.255 - br3A
205.255.285.224 - SM

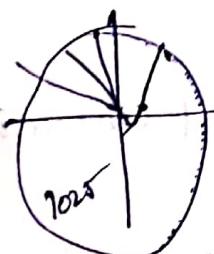
2nd port - 201.7064.128-511

201-70-87159 - DBA
285-255-258-224 - SM

4th port - 201.70 G.Y. 192-510

201-7064.223 -DBA
255-255-258-224 sm

6th port - 201.70-64.64-811
201-70-67-127-DBA
255.255.255.192-SM



So it requires 11 bits for subnetID

so there are 5 ip's in each block.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 130 \cdot 10 \cdot 0 \rightarrow 81D \quad 130 \cdot 108 \cdot 0 \rightarrow DBA \\
 & 130 \cdot 10 \cdot 5 \cdot 0 \rightarrow 81D \quad 130 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 0 \rightarrow DBA \\
 & 130 \cdot 10 \cdot 255 \cdot 0 \rightarrow 81D \quad 130 \cdot 10 \cdot 255 \cdot 5 \rightarrow DBA
 \end{aligned}$$

3) Given: 5 subnets

8231.550192.0120

20 → bits for NIP, SD

223.55 21100 0000 · 00000000

NID HID:

1st port, we use 2 bits for subnet 2nd port

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 192 \cdot 0/22 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 192 \cdot 255/22 \rightarrow \text{DBA}$

$255 \cdot 255 \cdot 252 \cdot 0/22 \rightarrow \text{SM}$

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 196 \cdot 0/22 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 199 \cdot 250/22 \rightarrow \text{DBA}$

$255 \cdot 255 \cdot 252 \cdot 0/22 \rightarrow \text{SM}$

3rd port:

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 200 \cdot 0/23 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 207 \cdot 255/23 \rightarrow \text{DBA}$

$255 \cdot 255 \cdot 254 \cdot 0/23 \rightarrow \text{SM}$

4th port

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 202 \cdot 0/23 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 203 \cdot 255/23 \rightarrow \text{DBA}$

$255 \cdot 255 \cdot 254 \cdot 0/23 \rightarrow \text{SM}$

5th port

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 204 \cdot 0/22 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$

$223 \cdot 55 \cdot 207 \cdot 255/22$

$255 \cdot 255 \cdot 252 \cdot 0/22 \rightarrow \text{SM}$

Q) Given 5 ports with each port should contain 8 addresses.

1st part: $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 224 \cdot 0/19 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$ $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 232 \cdot 0/19 \rightarrow \text{DBA}$

2nd part: $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 233 \cdot 0/19 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$ $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 291 \cdot 0/19 \rightarrow \text{DBA}$

3rd part: $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 242 \cdot 0/19 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$ $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 280 \cdot 0/19 \rightarrow \text{DBA}$

4th part: $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 261 \cdot 0/19 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$ $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 285 \cdot 0/19 \rightarrow \text{DBA}$

5th part: $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 255 \cdot 0/19 \rightarrow \text{SLP}$ $156 \cdot 28 \cdot 285 \cdot 1/19 \rightarrow \text{DBA}$

Q) $150 \cdot 223 \cdot 60 \cdot 130/30$

NID: 10010110 · 1101111 · 0011100 · 1000010

IP: 1111111 · 1111111 · 1111111 · 1111110

Netip: 10010110 · 1101111 · 0011100 · 1000010
150 223 60 · 128/30

So network IP is $150 \cdot 223 \cdot 60 \cdot 128/30$

6) 223.1.17.0/26 → S1D 223.1.17.63/26 → DBA
 223.1.17.64/25 → S1D 223.1.17.127/25 → DBA
 223.1.17.128/28 → S1D 223.1.17.1206/28 → DBA

7) IP address to 6 subnets 10.111.0/28

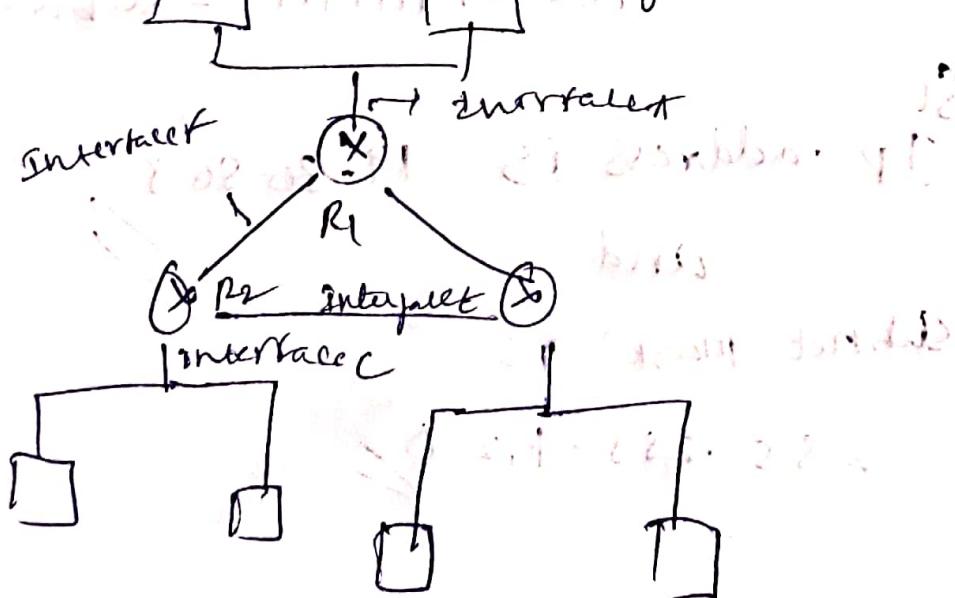
IP Address

Subnet	IP Address	Netmask
A	214.97.254.0/24	255.255.255.0
B	214.97.254.0/25 - 214.97.254.0/29	$255.255.255.128 = 120$
C	214.97.254.128/25	255.255.255.128
D	214.97.254.128/30	255.255.255.255
E	214.97.254.2/31	255.255.255.254
F	214.97.254.7/31	255.255.255.254

6 subnets with IP Address

A & B, C are connected with hosts.

B, E and F doesn't have any hosts.



b) Router 1

longest prefix match outgoing interface

10001110 . 01100001 . 1111111 - subnet

000 1110 . 01100001 . 111111 - subnet

00001110 . 01100001 . 111111 - subnet

Router 2

00001110 01100001 111111 - subnet

000 01110 01100001 111111 - subnet

00001110 01100001 1111111 - subnet

Router 3

000011100 1100001 1111111 - subnet

000011100 1100001 1111111 - subnet

000011100 1100001 1111111 - subnet

So
IP address is 192.30.80.5

and

Subnet mask is

255.255.192.0