

## IIT Madras BSc Degree

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# Vue

# Declarative Rendering

- Reactivity
- Directives
- Event handling
- Class and Style binding
- Lists and Loops

## Reactivity

- Auto-update in response to changes in data
- Binding between model (data) and view (display)

Focus on What instead of How

## Why?

- User interaction is fundamentally reactive
  - Respond to changes in input
- Change in one parameter may need multiple updates on screen
  - User logs in
  - Update navigation: add logged in links
  - Update displayed list of courses
  - Change colours based on theme

#### How?

- Server tracks state
  - o user logged in?
  - o date/time?
- Server responds with complete HTML based on present state
  - Capture different layouts, visibility in views
  - Render appropriately for each user
  - Fully server-side
- Client-JS
  - Login controller retrieves user model
  - Client side JS goes through each element and updates as needed (jQuery, vanilla JS)

### Vue - directives

- v-bind: one way binding update variable, reflects on display
  - o v-model: two way binding inputs, checkboxes etc: form data
- v-on: event binding

## Class binding

- Dynamically modify class of an element
- Special support for bind object
- Multiple classes attached based on key-values
  - o If value for a given key is true, that key is applied as a class or style

## Conditional rendering

- v-if="argument"
  - what follows is shown when argument evaluates to true
  - JS based changes DOM
- v-show="param"
  - only if the show parameter evaluates to true
  - o always rendered and present in DOM only CSS display parameter changed

## Looping

- Iterate over any JS iterable
  - Array, Object, String etc.
- Usage similar to Jinja {{}} templates
- Examples:
  - o v-for="item in items" // items is an array
  - o v-for="value in obj" // obj is an object
  - o v-for="(value, name) in obj" // name -> key: "key" has another meaning in v-for
  - o v-for="(value, name, index) in obj" // index -> numerical index

## Loop Keys

- Looping "creates" new DOM elements
  - Vue needs some way to keep track of elements if updating needed
  - Virtual DOM "diffing" used to find what changes to reflect on screen
  - Vue uses heuristics to see what can be minimized
- For simple updates, simple heuristics are sufficient
  - For more complex updates, may not be easy to track what has "changed" or what is "new"
- Provide a "key"
  - Key must be unique for each loop element
  - Updating item with same key will automatically update only relevant items
- Rule of thumb: provide a key where possible index, ID, ...

## ViewModel

### Model / View

- Model:
  - The "data" of the application
  - Usually stored on server in database
- View:
  - Displayed to end user (or to non-human consumer)
  - Rendering of data

Problem: sometimes *view* needs more info than needed for *model*, or perhaps there is derived information

## Example

- Form with username, password, repeat\_password
  - Should repeat password be in model? Where should it be stored? How should it be used?
- Page with top comments, top posts
  - Should top comments, top posts be in model?
  - Should they be derived from other data?
  - What does the displayed information correspond to?

Example credits: https://www.c-sharpcorner.com/UploadFile/abhikumarvatsa/what-is-model-and-viewmodel-in-mvc-pattern/

#### ViewModel

- Yet another "Pattern"
- Create model constructs with additional data / derived data
- "bind" to view
  - Auto update view on change in data
  - (possibly) auto update data when changed in view
- Why?
  - cleaner code

#### Vue - ViewModel - Vue Instance

"Although not strictly associated with the MVVM pattern, Vue's design was partly inspired by it."

- Vue documentation
- Data binding

"data" of Vue instance is the "instance data"

- Update to data will be reflected in the view
- Update in the view can change the data

### MVC vs MVVM

- NOT either-MVC-or-MVVM
- Controller:
  - Convey actions to model
  - Call appropriate view based on inputs and model
- ViewModel:
  - Create framework for data binding
  - Can still use controllers to invoke actions

## Computed Properties

- Often need to work with derived data
  - Take original data and modify it according to some function / logic
  - Examples: Boolean on-off on styles depending on values in data; navigation links depending on history
- Each time the source data changes, update the derived data

#### Computed properties

- Auto-update
- Cached based on their reactive dependencies

Computed "setter" also possible - see documentation for example

### Watcher

- Explicitly look for changes
- Can be used for imperative code
- For more complex logic than just updating a property

When possible, use computed property instead of watcher

- more declarative
- caching

# Components

#### Reuse

- DRY principle: Don't Repeat Yourself
- Examples:
  - News items on IITM front page
  - "People also bought" items on Amazon
- Same structure, formatting, repeated

#### Refactor

- Change code without changing functionality
- Mainly for readability and maintainability not functionality

## Vue Component Structure

#### Properties:

passed down from parent - customize each instance

#### Data:

- individual data of the present instance
- Also it's own watchers, computed properties etc.

#### Template:

- how to render
- o render functions possible see docs
- Slots

## Templates

- {{}} format similar to Jinja
- Safety features:
  - will not interpolate text into tags why?
  - o errors on unclosed divs etc
- More complex render functions possible
  - JSX: mix JS + HTML similar to React

### Slot

- Main element of text:
  - use like regular tag
- Properties can be defined in tag

# Reactivity

## How does reactivity work?

- Need to track when data is
  - accessed
  - modified
- Add methods to objects
  - Everything in JS is an object!

Object.defineProperty()

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global\_Objects/Object/defineProperty

Examples from: https://blog.logrocket.com/your-guide-to-reactivity-in-vue-js/

```
const data = {
    count: 10
};

const newData = {

Object.defineProperty(newData, 'count', {
    get() { return data.count; },
    set(newValue) { data.count = newValue; },
});
```

newData.count = 20;

console.log(newData.count); // 10

```
const data = {
    count: 10
};
const newData = {
function track(){
  console.log("Prop accessed")
function trigger() {
  console.log("Prop modified")
Object.defineProperty (newData, 'count', {
  get() {track(); return data.count; },
  set (newValue) { data.count = newValue; trigger(); },
});
console.log(newData.count);
// Prop accessed
// 10
```

newData.count = 20;
// Prop modified