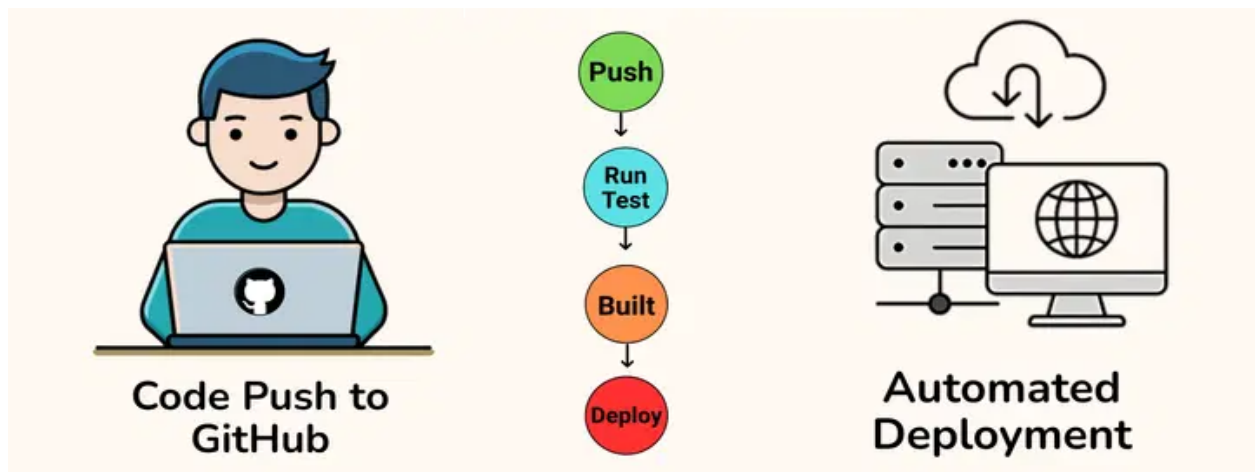


# End-to-End CI/CD Workflow with GitHub Runner & Docker Compose



By  
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# Introduction

This document provides a complete guide for setting up a Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment (CI/CD) pipeline using GitHub Actions with a self-hosted runner.

The pipeline automates the entire process — from building and pushing Docker images to deploying updated services on the server using Docker Compose.

Specifically designed for the one service (topup-management-service), this implementation ensures faster, reliable, and version-controlled deployments. It also supports backup, rollback, and health checks to maintain high availability and minimal downtime during releases.

This documentation serves as a reference for DevOps engineers and developers who want to replicate or extend the same setup for other docker services..

## Step 1

Setup and configure Github Self-hosted runner

Create a directory for runner:

```
mkdir -p /home/rahul/actions-runner  
cd /home/rahul/actions-runner
```

Download and extract runner file

```
curl -L -o actions-runner-linux-x64-2.328.0.tar.gz  
https://github.com/actions/runner/releases/download/v2.328.0/actions-runner-linux-x64-2.328.0.tar.gz
```

```
tar xzf actions-runner-linux-x64-2.328.0.tar.gz
```

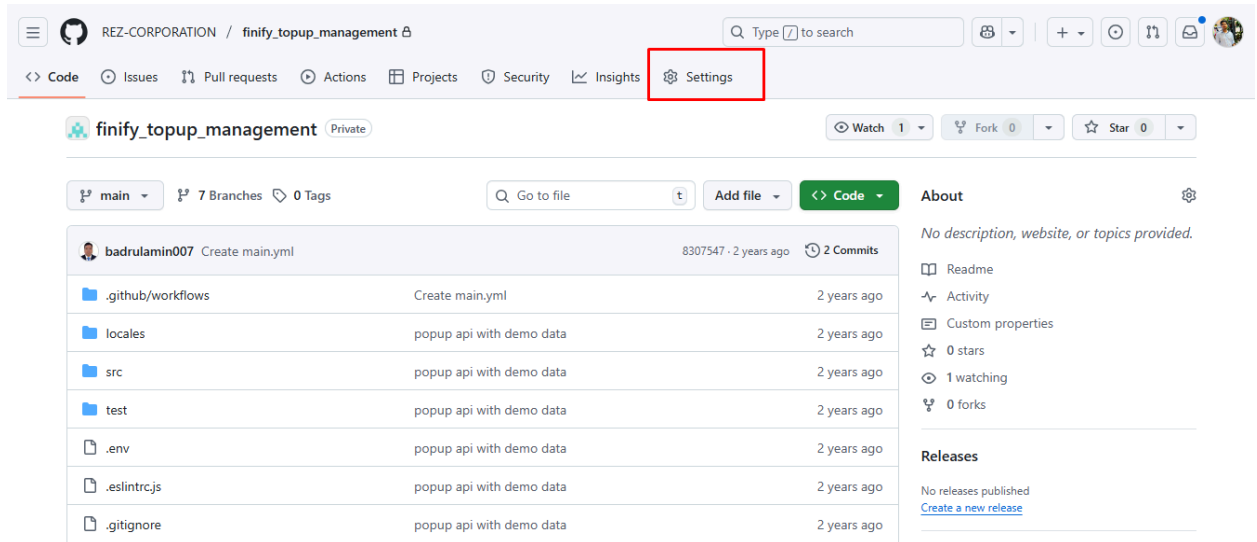
## Step 2

Create an server user named *githubrunner* we will this user account for continues deployment.

## Step 3

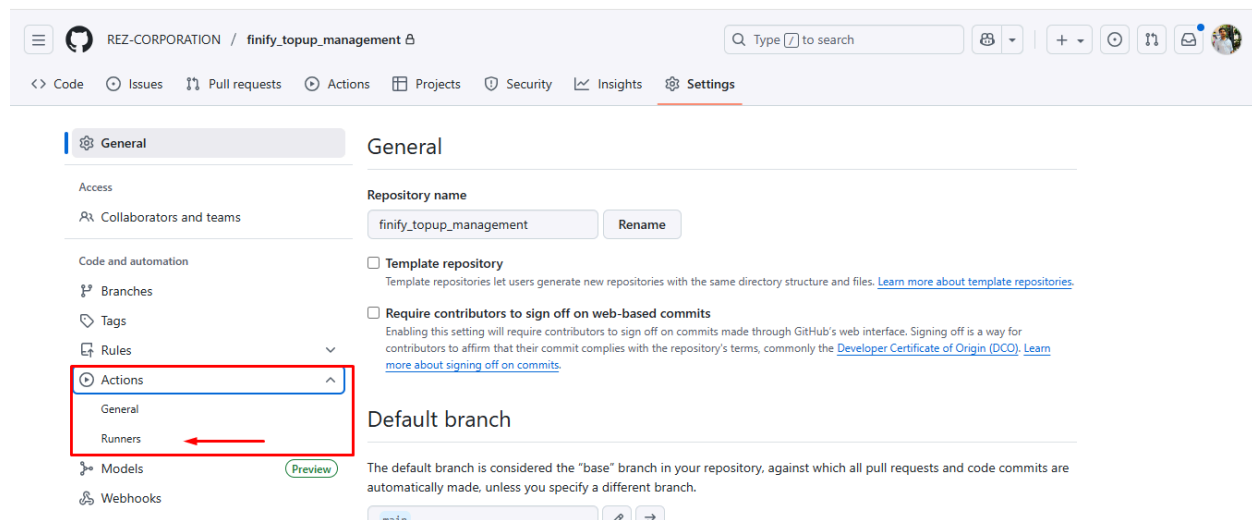
Configure repo for runner

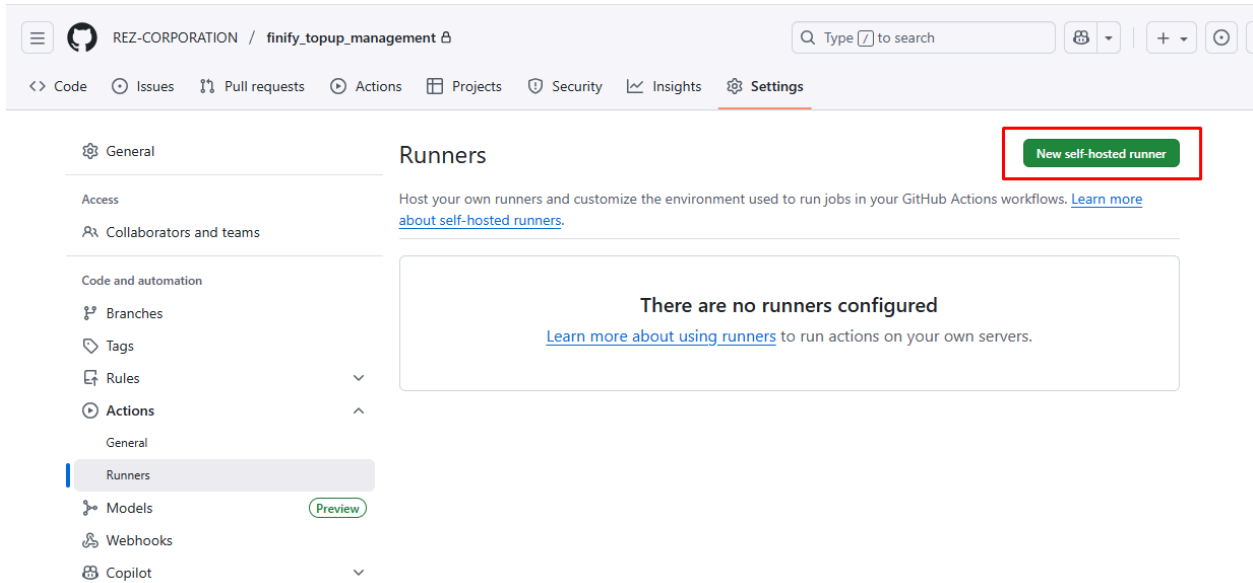
Goto github repo setting



## Step 4

Go to Settings>Action>Runner under setting and click on New self-hosted runner button showed in screenshot





## Step 5

Click on Linux as we use linux server. Then follow the configure part. In configure part repo token is shared.

### Configure

```
# Create the runner and start the configuration experience
$ ./config.sh --url https://github.com/REZ-CORPORATION/finify_topup_management --token
BGJLLZ0E7H423EHL3L7W50DJBBYYW

# Last step, run it!
$ ./run.sh
```

## Step 6

Copy the command and run with *githubrunner* user account. After run the command it will ask few questions you can skip those.

## Step 7

Run the command `./run.sh` and output will show like this:

## Step 8

If you want to run this as a service to make sure it auto-starts after reboot follow these commands:

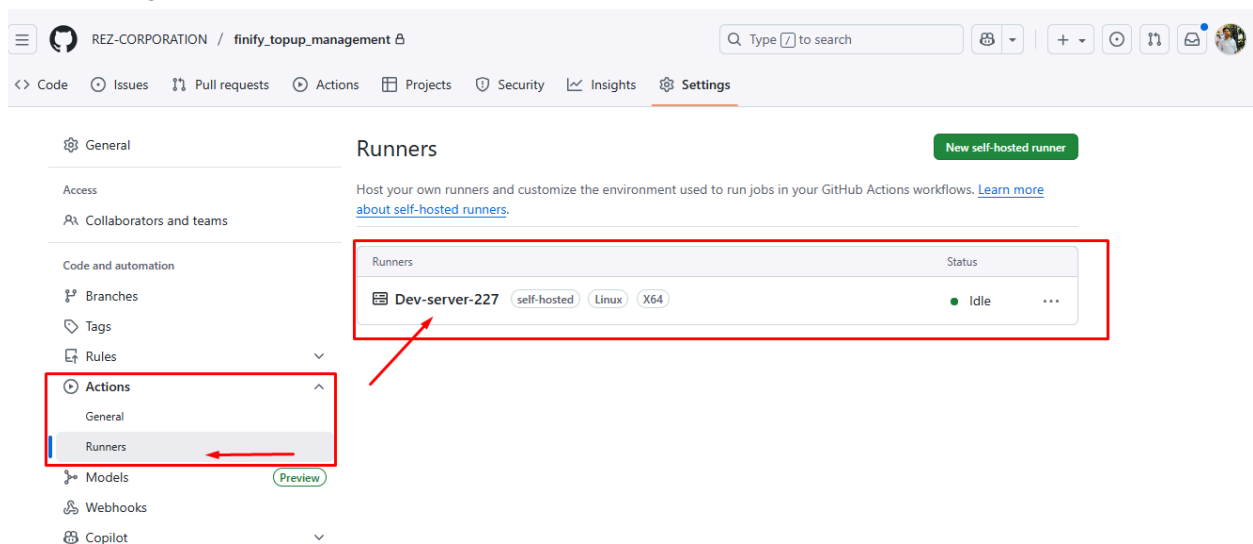
For config: `sudo ./svc.sh install`

Start service `sudo ./svc.sh start`

Check status `sudo ./svc.sh status`

## Step 9

Now go to Runners under Action in github repo setting, you will found your server is showing



## Step 10

Need to update existing github workflow file for Continues Deployment. As we already use only Continuous integration so we need to update the Continues Deployment part only. Here is the workflow file:

## Only CD & Health Check Part

```
deploy:
  runs-on: self-hosted
  needs: build
  steps:
    - name: Print deploy info
      run: |
        echo "Deploying service: $SERVICE_NAME"
```

```

    echo "Compose path: $COMPOSE_PATH"
    echo "Image: $IMAGE_NAME:${{ github.run_number }}"

- name: Pull latest image
  run: docker pull $IMAGE_NAME:${{ github.run_number }}

- name: Backup current docker-compose.yml
  run: cp $COMPOSE_PATH ${COMPOSE_PATH}.bak

- name: Update image tag in compose file
  run: |
    sed -i "s#image: $IMAGE_NAME.*#image: $IMAGE_NAME:${{ github.run_number }}#g" $COMPOSE_PATH
    echo "Updated image tag to: $IMAGE_NAME:${{ github.run_number }}"

- name: Deploy service
  working-directory: /home/ubuntu/finify/INTEGRATIONS/topup
  run: |
    echo "Deploying $SERVICE_NAME..."
    docker compose up -d --no-deps --build $SERVICE_NAME
    echo "Service restarted."

- name: Health check
  run: |
    sleep 10
    HEALTH=$(docker inspect --format '{{.State.Health.Status}}' $(docker ps -q --filter name=$SERVICE_NAME)
2>/dev/null || echo "none")
    echo "Health status: $HEALTH"
    if [ "$HEALTH" = "unhealthy" ]; then
      echo "⚠️ Health check failed. Rolling back..."
      mv ${COMPOSE_PATH}.bak $COMPOSE_PATH
      docker compose up -d --no-deps --build $SERVICE_NAME
      exit 1
    fi

- name: Cleanup backup file
  if: always()
  run: rm -f ${COMPOSE_PATH}.bak || true

```

**Remarks:** Need to mention the deployment docker-compose.yml file, path and container name in workflow file.

## Full workflow file:

```

name: Build & Deploy Finify Topup Management (Dev)

on:
  push:
    branches: [ finify-dev ]

env:
  SERVICE_NAME: finify-topup-management-dev
  COMPOSE_PATH: /home/ubuntu/finify/INTEGRATIONS/topup/docker-compose.yml
  IMAGE_NAME: rosebaysystems/finify-topup-management-dev

jobs:
  build:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest

    steps:

```

- name: Checkout repository  
uses: actions/checkout@v4
- name: Login to Docker Hub  
uses: docker/login-action@v3  
with:  
  username: \${ secrets.DOCKER\_HUB\_USERNAME }  
  password: \${ secrets.DOCKER\_HUB\_PASSWORD }
- name: Set up Docker Buildx  
uses: docker/setup-buildx-action@v3
- name: Build and Push Docker Image  
uses: docker/build-push-action@v6  
with:  
  context: .  
  file: ./Dockerfile  
  push: true  
  tags: \${ env.IMAGE\_NAME }:\${ github.run\_number }

deploy:

runs-on: self-hosted

needs: build

steps:

- name: Print deploy info  
run: |  
  echo "Deploying service: \$SERVICE\_NAME"  
  echo "Compose path: \$COMPOSE\_PATH"  
  echo "Image: \$IMAGE\_NAME:\${ github.run\_number }"
- name: Pull latest image  
run: docker pull \$IMAGE\_NAME:\${ github.run\_number }
- name: Backup current docker-compose.yml  
run: cp \$COMPOSE\_PATH \${COMPOSE\_PATH}.bak
- name: Update image tag in compose file  
run: |  
  sed -i "s#image: \$IMAGE\_NAME:.\*#image: \$IMAGE\_NAME:\${ github.run\_number }#g" \$COMPOSE\_PATH  
  echo "Updated image tag to: \$IMAGE\_NAME:\${ github.run\_number }"
- name: Deploy service  
working-directory: /home/ubuntu/finify/INTEGRATIONS/topup  
run: |  
  echo "Deploying \$SERVICE\_NAME..."  
  docker compose up -d --no-deps --build \$SERVICE\_NAME  
  echo "Service restarted."
- name: Health check  
run: |  
  sleep 10  
  HEALTH=\$(docker inspect --format='{{.State.Health.Status}}' \$(docker ps -q --filter name=\$SERVICE\_NAME)  
  2>/dev/null || echo "none")  
  echo "Health status: \$HEALTH"  
  if [ "\$HEALTH" = "unhealthy" ]; then  
    echo "⚠️ Health check failed. Rolling back..."  
    mv \${COMPOSE\_PATH}.bak \$COMPOSE\_PATH  
    docker compose up -d --no-deps --build \$SERVICE\_NAME  
    exit 1  
  fi
- name: Cleanup backup file  
if: always()



```
run: rm -f ${COMPOSE_PATH}.bak || true
```

## Step 11

# Boom

Now the deployment automation done. First it will build the service then deploy it automatically in server. If deployment failed at any stage you will notify by mail, also if container exited to any issue happened and caught on docker health check it will automatically rollback the tag immediately.

The screenshot displays a workflow summary for a file named `finify-dev.yml` triggered on a `push` event. The workflow consists of two jobs: `build` and `deploy`, both of which completed successfully. The `build` job took 1m 39s, and the `deploy` job took 19s. A red box highlights the job sequence, with an arrow pointing to the `deploy` job. The summary also includes a 'build summary' section for 'Docker Build summary', providing a link to download the build record archive and import it into Docker Desktop's Builds view. The archive is named `REZ-CORPORATION~finify_topup_management~SWQ9VI.dockerbuild` and is 49.61 KB in size, containing 1 build record.

Re-run triggered	Status	Total duration	Artifacts
rahulreztech -> ce699f9 - finify-dev	Success	22s	1

**finify-dev.yml**  
on: push

Jobs

- ✓ build
- ✓ deploy

Run details

- 🕒 Usage
- 📄 Workflow file

**build summary**

### Docker Build summary

For a detailed look at the build, download the following build record archive and import it into Docker Desktop's Builds view. Build records include details such as timing, dependencies, results, logs, traces, and other information about a build. [Learn more](#)

[REZ-CORPORATION~finify\\_topup\\_management~SWQ9VI.dockerbuild](#) (49.61 KB - includes 1 build record)

Thank You