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$$A = V \Lambda V^T$$

$$(1) \rightarrow \vec{x}[t+1] = A\vec{x}[t] + \vec{u}, \quad \vec{y}[t] = \vec{c}^T \vec{x}[t]$$

$$\vec{u} = K \vec{J}^T \vec{x}[t]$$

$$-V \beta V^T \rightarrow -\hat{\lambda}, \hat{V}, \hat{V}^T$$

$$\vec{J}[t]$$

$$u[n] = f(y[n], \dots, y[n])$$

$$u[0] = \alpha \cdot y[0] \cdot d[0]$$



$$\vec{x}[t+1] = (A + K \vec{J}^T) \vec{x}[t]$$

For (1), the optimal $u[t] = \alpha \cdot y[t] \cdot d[t]$

Minimize $\cdot X[N]$

$$X[n] = \sum_{i=1}^n A^i x[0] + \sum_{i=1}^n A^{i-1} u[i] \quad \text{noise}$$

work out scalar case

State

$N=1$

Time 1) : Prove that $u[0] = \alpha \cdot y[0] \cdot d[0]$
Time 2

$$DK^2D = D \begin{bmatrix} \beta_1^2 & & \\ & \beta_1^2 & \\ & & \ddots \\ & & & \beta_n^2 \end{bmatrix} D \rightarrow \left[\frac{3}{n^2} \beta_1^2 + \frac{1}{n^2} \dots \right]$$