ECE368: Probabilistic Reasoning

Lab 3: Hidden Markov Model

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You should hand in: 1) A scanned .pdf version of this sheet with your answers (file size should be under 2 MB); 2) one Python file inference.py that contains your code. The files should be uploaded to Quercus.

1. (a) Write down the formulas of the forward-backward algorithm to compute the marginal distribution $p(\mathbf{z}_i|(\hat{x}_0,\hat{y}_0),\ldots,(\hat{x}_{N-1},\hat{y}_{N-1}))$ for $i=0,1,\ldots,N-1$. Your answer should contain the initializations of the forward and backward messages, the recursion relations of the messages, and the computation of the marginal distribution based on the messages. (1 **pt**)

Forward

Initialization,
$$\alpha(z_0) = \rho(z_0) \rho\left(\widehat{\eta_0}, \widehat{y_0} | z_0\right)$$

Recursion $\rho\left(\overline{z_i}\right) = \rho\left(\widehat{\eta_i}, \widehat{y_i}\right) | z_i\right) \cdot \sum_{z_{i-1}} \left(d[z_{i-1}) \cdot \rho[z_i|z_{i-1})\right)$

Backward

Initialization, $\beta(z_{n-1}) = 1$

Recursion, $\beta(z_i) = \sum_{z_{i+1}} \left(\beta(z_{i+1}) \cdot \rho\left(\widehat{\eta_{i+1}}, \widehat{y_{i+1}}\right) | z_{i+1}\right) \cdot \rho\left(\overline{z_{i+1}}|z_i\right)$

Recursion, $\beta(z_i) = \sum_{z_{i+1}} \left(\beta(z_{i+1}) \cdot \rho\left(\widehat{\eta_{i-1}}, \widehat{y_{i+1}}\right) | z_{i+1}\right) \cdot \rho\left(\overline{z_{i+1}}|z_i\right)$

Normalized.

Manginal distribution $\rho\left(\overline{z_n}\right) = \rho\left(\overline{z_n}\right) \cdot \rho\left(\overline{z_n}\right) \cdot \rho\left(\overline{z_n}\right)$

(b) After you run the forward-backward algorithm on the data in test.txt, write down the obtained marginal distribution of the state at i = 99 (the last time step), i.e., $p(\mathbf{z}_{99}|(\hat{x}_0, \hat{y}_0), \dots, (\hat{x}_{99}, \hat{y}_{99}))$. Only include states with non-zero probability in your answer. (2 **pt**)

2. Modify your forward-backward algorithm so that it can handle missing observations. After you run the modified forward-backward algorithm on the data in test_missing.txt, write down the obtained marginal distribution of the state at i = 30, i.e., $p(\mathbf{z}_{30}|(\hat{x}_0, \hat{y}_0), \dots, (\hat{x}_{99}, \hat{y}_{99}))$. Only include states with non-zero probability in your answer. (1 **pt**)

$$P\left(730|(\hat{10},\hat{y_0})...(\hat{10},\hat{49}) = \begin{cases} 0.91304 & (6,7,\text{'sight'}) \\ 0.043478 & (5,7,\text{'sight'}) \\ 0.04347 & (5,7,\text{'stay'}) \end{cases}$$

3. (a) Write down the formulas of the Viterbi algorithm using \mathbf{z}_i and $(\hat{x}_i, \hat{y}_i), i = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$. Your answer should contain the initialization of the messages and the recursion of the messages in the Viterbi algorithm. (1 **pt**)

$$\frac{\text{Initialization}}{w_0(z_0)} = \ln \left(p(z_0) * p((\hat{x_0}, \hat{y_0})|z_0) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} w_1(z_i) \right)$$

$$\frac{\text{Recursion}}{w_i(z_i)} = \ln p(\hat{x_i}, \hat{y_i}|z_i) + \max_{z_{i-1}} \int_{z_{i-1}}^{z_{i-1}} \ln p(z_i|z_{i-1})$$

(b) After you run the Viterbi algorithm on the data in test_missing.txt, write down the last 10 hidden states of the most likely sequence (i.e., $i = 90, 91, 92, \ldots, 99$) based on the MAP estimate. (3 **pt**)

97) 8,7,1 lyt'
98) 7,7, 'Yt'
99) 6,7, 'Yt'

Ĺ	MAP Eshmorb
90	11,5, 'down'
<u> </u>	11,6, down'
92	11,7, 'down'
93	11,7,' Stard'
94	11, 7, 'stery'
95	10,7,1 Wt'
96	9,7,14t

- 4. Compute and compare the error probabilities of $\{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_i\}$ and $\{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_i\}$ using the data in test_missing.txt. The error probability of $\{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_i\}$ is $\boxed{0.03}$. The error probability of $\{\tilde{\mathbf{z}}_i\}$ is $\boxed{0.02}$. (1 pt)
- 5. Is sequence $\{\check{\mathbf{z}}_i\}$ a valid sequence? If not, please find a small segment $\check{\mathbf{z}}_i, \check{\mathbf{z}}_{i+1}$ that violates the transition model for some time step i. You answer should specify the value of i as well as the corresponding states $\check{\mathbf{z}}_i, \check{\mathbf{z}}_{i+1}$. (1 **pt**)