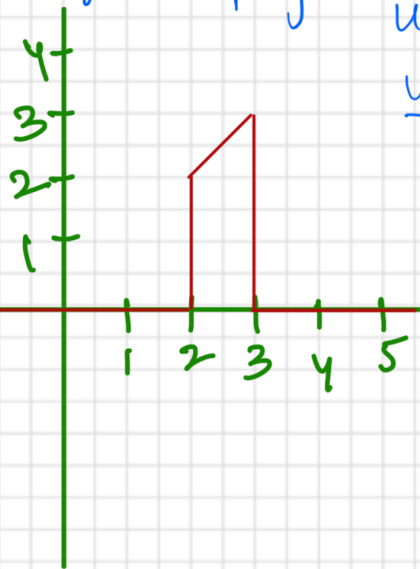


- ① Write the compact form for the following signal shown below using ramp function $r(t)$ and unit-step function $u(t)$.

2pts



You may need to apply appropriate transformations to ramp or unit-step signal.

②

4pts

Check if the signal $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$, $a > 0$ is an energy signal.

Note: a signal is energy signal if its energy is finite.

③

5pts

Calculate the power of the sign $x(t) = A \cos(2\pi t + \phi)$
Hint: first state the time period of $x(t)$.

Power of the signal $P = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T |x(t)|^2 dt$

$$\left[\begin{aligned} P &= \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} |x(t)|^2 dt \\ &= \int_0^T |x(t)|^2 dt \end{aligned} \right]$$

④ Evaluate $\int_{-1}^1 (3t^2 + 1) \delta(t) dt$

2 pts

⑤ Input $x(t) = u(t)$

Impulse response $h(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$, $a > 0$.

Compute $y(t)$.

Note that $x(\tau)$ and $h(t-\tau)$ overlap between $\tau=0$ and $\tau=t$.

Use the convolution integration

$$y(t) = x(t) * h(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) h(t-\tau) d\tau$$

Hint: sketch $x(t)$ and $h(t)$, and consider various shifted version of $h(t)$.

(6)

Is a system described by input-output relationship

(2pts)

$$y(t) = x(at)$$

time-invariant?