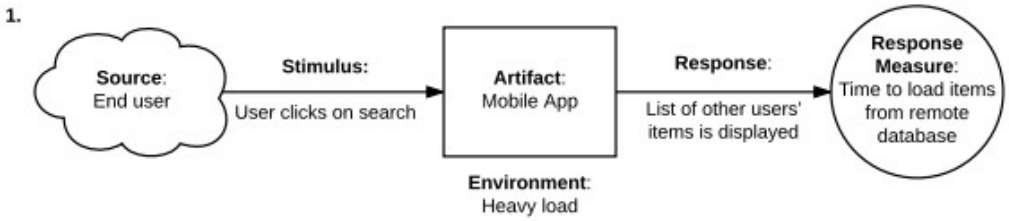
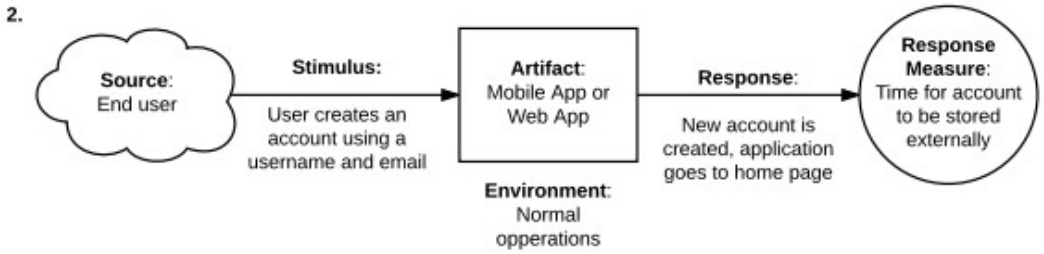
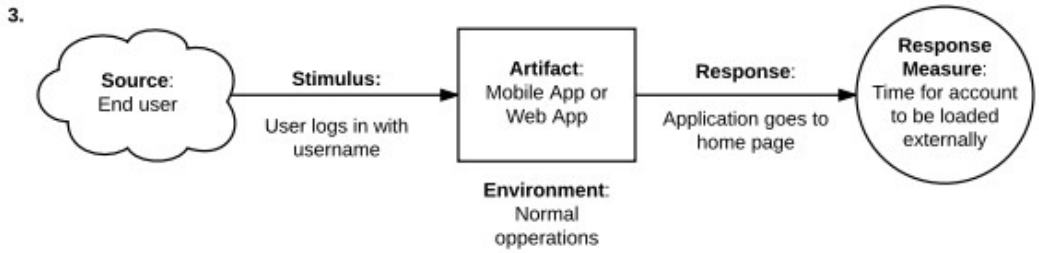


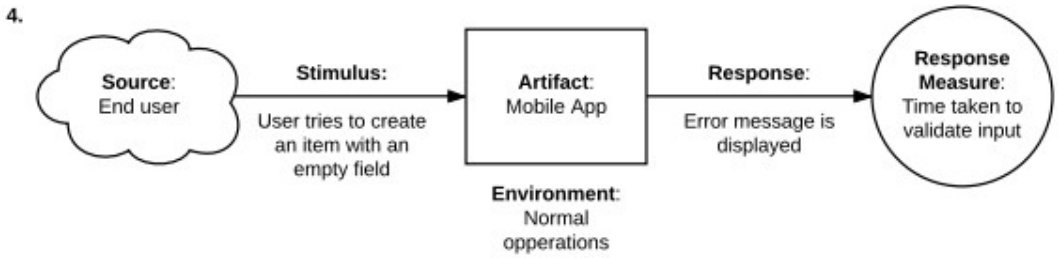

On this first scenario its possible to poins out a sigle **risk**. The system may not comply with the ASR requirement of less than one second to complete a task. During tests the time of response was between 2 and 5 seconds.



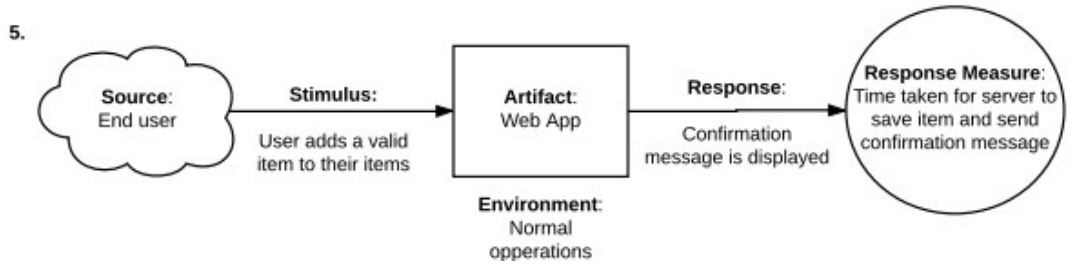

The second scenario presents another **risk**, this one is related to security. Due the system do not require password to logun, requires only user name and e-mail.



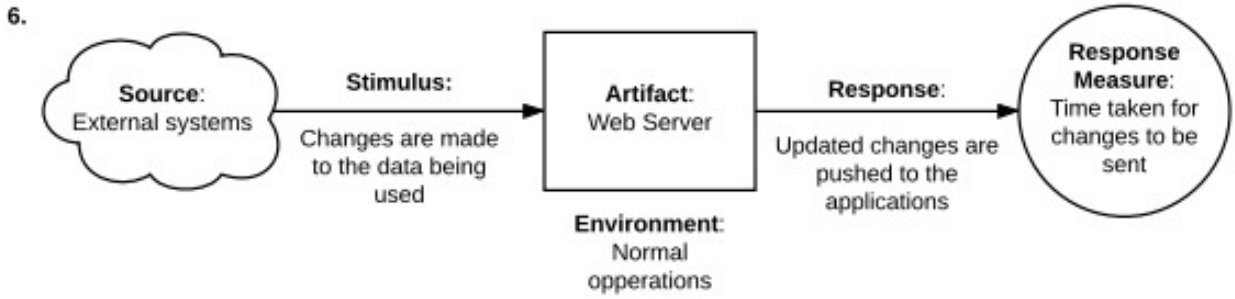

This third scenario is demonstrates a **trade off**, because if the user logs into the system just with the user name. In this case the trade off was related to security/privacy, allowing any one login in with any user name or just register a user name with any e-mail presents us the trade off.



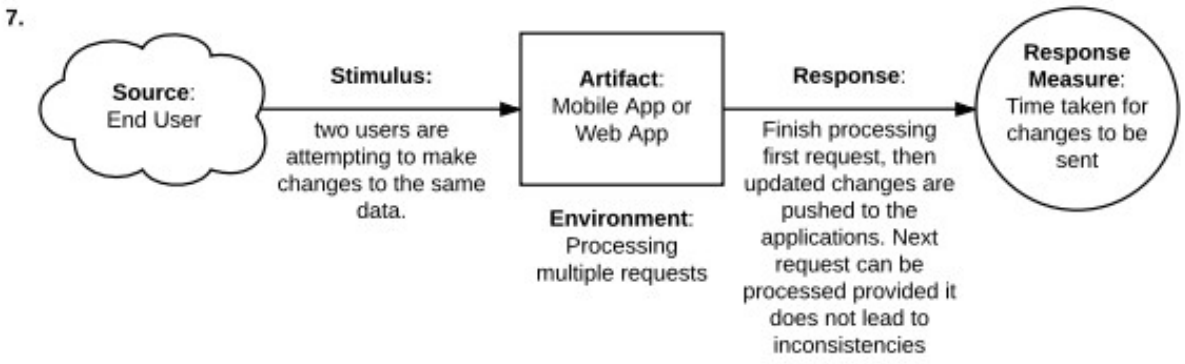

This scenario is an example of **Non-risk**, due to the flow of the user attepmt to create a nameless item triggers a error message warning the user about the problem.




Another **non-risk**, due the operation performed by the user had ended sucessfuly and the system response was under the expected.




This scenario presents a **sensivity point**, the sync of data – the user may be using stale data. Invert the push strategy to pull on the data sync can minimize the problem.




It’s a **non risk**, the system treats multiple attempts by locking the resourse and executing a single operation at a given time., this leads to fault tolerance.