import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

!gdown 1UpLnYA48Vy_lGUMMLG-uQE1gf_Je12Lh

 Downloading...
 From: https://drive.google.com/uc?id=1UpLnYA48Vy_lGUMMLG-uQE1gf_Je12Lh
 To: /content/cars24-car-price-clean.csv
 100% 7.10M/7.10M [00:00<00:00, 28.7MB/s]</pre>
df = pd.read csv('cars24-data.csv')

	selling_price	year	km_driven	mileage	engine	max_power	age	make	model	Individual	Trustmark Dealer
0	-1.111046	-0.801317	1.195828	0.045745	-1.310754	-1.157780	0.801317	-0.433854	-1.125683	1.248892	-0.098382
1	-0.223944	0.450030	-0.737872	-0.140402	-0.537456	-0.360203	-0.450030	-0.327501	-0.333227	1.248892	-0.098382
2	-0.915058	-1.426990	0.035608	-0.582501	-0.537456	-0.404885	1.426990	-0.327501	-0.789807	1.248892	-0.098382
3	-0.892365	-0.801317	-0.409143	0.329620	-0.921213	-0.693085	0.801317	-0.433854	-0.905265	1.248892	-0.098382
4	-0.182683	0.137194	-0.544502	0.760085	0.042999	0.010435	-0.137194	-0.246579	-0.013096	-0.800710	-0.098382

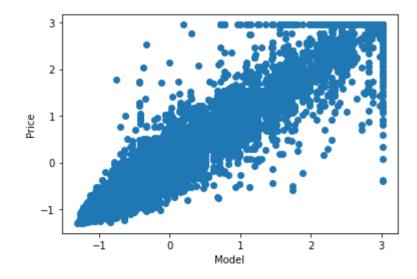


df.head()

df.shape

→ Simple Linear Regression

Univariate Linear Regression



```
def predict(x, weights):
```

```
\# y^{\cdot} = w1.x + w0
 y hat = weights[1]*x + weights[0]
 return y hat
def error(X, Y, weights):
  '''Implementation of MSE'''
 n = X.shape[0] # 19820
 total err = 0.0
 for i in range(n):
   y_hat = predict(X[i], weights)
   total err += ( Y[i] - y hat )**2
 return total err/n
def gradient(X, Y, weights):
  n = X.shape[0] # 19820
  grad = np.zeros((2,))
 for i in range(n):
   y hat = predict(X[i], weights)
    grad[0] += (y hat - Y[i])
    grad[1] += (y_hat - Y[i])*X[i]
 return 2*grad/n
def gradient descent(X, Y, n itr = 100, eta = 0.1):
 weights = np.random.randn(2,)
  error list = []
 for i in range(n_itr):
    e = error(X,Y, weights)
```

```
error_list.appena(e)
    grad = gradient(X, Y, weights)
    weights[0] = weights[0] - eta*grad[0]
    weights[1] = weights[1] - eta*grad[1]
 return weights.round(2), error_list
opt_weights, error_list = gradient_descent(X, y)
opt_weights
    array([-0., 0.97])
plt.plot(error_list)
     [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f850b7cd090>]
     0.35
     0.30
     0.25
     0.20
     0.15
     0.10
                  20
                         40
                                 60
                                         80
                                                100
x_new = np.array([-1, 3])
predict(-1, opt_weights)
```

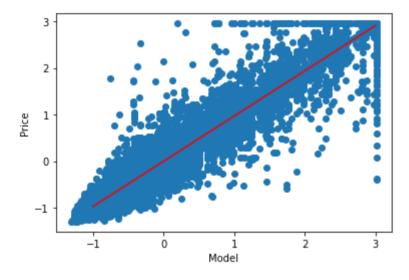
predict(3, opt_weights)

```
3.2700000000000005
```

```
\# (-1, -0.97), (3, 2.91)
```

```
plt.scatter(X, y)
plt.xlabel("Model")
plt.ylabel("Price")

plt.plot([-1, 3], [-0.97, 2.91], c = 'red')
plt.show()
```



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