

# SVKM's NMIMS School of Technology Management & Engineering Navi Mumbai Campus

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Subject: Operating systems	Roll No.: A022
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#### Shortest Job First (SJF):

- SJF is a non-preemptive scheduling algorithm, meaning once a process starts executing, it continues until it finishes.
- The scheduler selects the process with the shortest burst time to execute next.
- SJF minimizes the average waiting time for processes because it prioritizes shorter jobs.
- It can suffer from the "starvation" problem, where long jobs may never get CPU time
  if short jobs keep arriving.
- SJF can be either preemptive (select the shortest job from the ready queue at each scheduling point) or non-preemptive (select the shortest job from the entire queue when a process finishes or a new one arrives).

### Shortest Remaining Time First (SRTF):

- SRTF is a preemptive version of SJF. It selects the process with the shortest remaining burst time to execute next.
- SRTF dynamically adapts to the arrival of new processes or changes in the remaining time of running processes.
- It can provide optimal turnaround times, as it always selects the shortest remaining time process.
- SRTF avoids the starvation problem by periodically reassessing the ready queue and selecting the shortest job.
- While it minimizes waiting times and provides fairness, it requires frequent context switching, which can lead to higher overhead.
- SRTF can be challenging to implement efficiently because it requires constant monitoring and preemption.

#### SJF Code:

```
#include <algorithm>
#include<iomanip>
#include<climits>
 using namespace std;
      int at;
int bt;
      int ct,wt,tat,rt,start time;
            int n;
              bool is_completed[100]={false},is_first_process=true;
            int current time = 0;
              int completed = 0;;
            cout<<"Enter total number of processes: ";
              int sum_tat=0,sum_wt=0,sum_rt=0,total_idle_time=0,prev=0,length_cycle;
              int max_completion_time,min_arrival_time;
            cout << fixed << setprecision(2);</pre>
              for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
                           ps[i].pid=i;
                        cout<<"\nEnter Process " <<i<< " Burst Time: ";
cin >> ps[i].bt;
              while(completed!=n)
                           int min_index = -1;
                           int mn_inner = :i;
int minimum = INT_MAX;
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if(ps(i).at <= current_time && is_completed[i] == false) {
        if(ps(i).bt < minimum) {
            minimum = ps(i).bt;
            min_index = i;
        }
}</pre>
                                                   if(ps[i].bt== minimum) {
                                                              if(ps[i].at < ps[min_index].at) {
    minimum= ps[i].bt;</pre>
                                                                              min_index = i;
                           if(min_index==-1)
                                     current_time++;
                         f(
ps[min_index].start_time = current_time;
ps[min_index].ct = ps[min_index].start_time + ps[min_index].bt;
ps[min_index].tat = ps[min_index].ct - ps[min_index].st;
ps[min_index].wt = ps[min_index].tat - ps[min_index].bt;
ps[min_index].rt = ps[min_index].vt;
                           sum_tat +=ps[min_index].tat;
sum_wt += ps[min_index].wt;
                           sum_rt += ps[min_index].rt;
total_idle_time += (is_first_process==true) ? 0 : (ps[min_index].start_time - prev);
                         is_completed(min_index)=true;
current_time = ps[min_index].ct;
prev= current_time;
is_first_process = false;
            \label{local_cont} $$ \operatorname{cout}<^{n}\operatorname{Process} No.\taT\tCPU Burst Time\tcT\tTAT\twT\n^*; $$ for (int $i=0$; i<n$; i++) $$
            cout <<<<^*(t)("<<ps[i],a)<<^*(t"<<ps[i],b)<<^*(t)("<<ps[i],c)<<^*(t"<<ps[i],ta)<<^*(t"<<ps[i],w)<<end(;cout <<end(;cout <<enu(;cout <<enu(;cout <<enu(;cout <<enu(;cout <<e>cout <<enu(;cout <<e>cout <<enu(;cout <<e>cout <<enu(;cout <<e>cout <<e>cout <<e>cout <<enu(;cout <<e>cout <<e
            cout<<'\nAverage Turn Around time= "<< (float)sum_tat/n;
cout<<'\nAverage Waiting Time= "<<(float)sum_wt/n;
cout<<'\nAverage Response Time= "<<(float)sum_rt/n;</pre>
```

### Output:

```
Enter total number of processes: 5
Enter Process 0 Arrival Time: 1
Enter Process 1 Arrival Time: 2
Enter Process 2 Arrival Time: 3
Enter Process 3 Arrival Time: 1
Enter Process 4 Arrival Time: 4
Enter Process 0 Burst Time: 3
Enter Process 1 Burst Time: 2
Enter Process 2 Burst Time: 5
Enter Process 3 Burst Time: 3
Enter Process 4 Burst Time: 1
Process No.
                 \mathbf{AT}
                         CPU Burst Time
                                          CT
                                                   TAT
                                                           WТ
0
                                                   3
                                                           0
                 1
                         3
                                          4
1
2
3
4
                 2
                         2
                                          7
                                                   5
                                                           3
                                                           7
                 3
                         5
                                          15
                                                   12
                                                           6
                 1
                         3
                                          10
                                                   9
                 4
                         1
                                          5
                                                   1
                                                           0
Average Turn Around time= 6.00
Average Waiting Time= 3.20
Average Response Time= 3.20
```

#### SRTF CODE:

```
#include<algorithm>
#include<iomanip>
#include<climits>
 using namespace std;
 int pid;
int at;
int bt;
int ct,wt,tat,rt,start_time;
}ps(100);
       float bt_remaining[180];
bool is_completed[180]={false},is_first_process=true;
int current_time = 0;
       int completed = 0;;
float sum_tat=0,sum_rt=0,total_idle_time=0,length_cycle,prev=0;
float cpu_uttlization;
int max_completion_time,min_arrival_time;
        cout<<"Enter total number of processes: ":
              cout<<"\nEnter Process" <<i<< "Arrival Time: ";</pre>
              cout<<"\nEnter Process" <<i<< "Burst Time: ";</pre>
              cin >> ps[i].bt;
bt_remaining[i]= ps[i].bt;
        while(completed!=n)
             int min_index = -1;
int minimum = INT_MAX;
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if(ps[i],at <= current_time && is_completed[i] == false) {
        if(bt_remaining[i] < minimum = bt_remaining[i];
        min_index = 1;
    }
}</pre>
                         current time++:
                    if(bt remaining[min index] == ps[min index].bt)
                                         ps[min_index].start_time = current_time;
total_idle_time += (is_first_process==true) ? 0 : (ps[min_index].start_time - prev);
is_first_process=false;
                    current_time++;
prev=current_time;
if(bt_remaining[min_index] == 0)
                          ps[min_index].ct = current_time;
ps[min_index].tat = ps[min_index].ct - ps[min_index].at;
ps[min_index].wt= ps[min_index].tat - ps[min_index].bt;
ps[min_index].rt = ps[min_index].start_time - ps[min_index].at;
                           sum tat +=ps[min index].tat;
                           sum_wt += ps[min_index].wt;
sum_rt += ps[min_index].rt;
                           is completed[min index]=true;
        cout<<"\nProcess No.\tAT\tCPU Burst Time\tCT\tTAT\tWT\n";</pre>
       for(int i=0);i=n;i++)
cout<<!c*\ttt*<ps[i].at<<"\t"<<ps[i].bt<<"\t"<<ps[i].ct<<"\t"<<ps[i].tat<<"\t"<<ps[i].wt<<endl;
cout<<endl;
       cout<<"\nAverage Turn Around time= "<< (float)sum_tat/n;
cout<="\nAverage Waiting Time= "<<(float)sum_wt/n;
cout<="\nAverage Response Time= "<<(float)sum_rt/n;</pre>
```

## Output:

```
Enter total number of processes: 5
Enter ProcessOArrival Time: 1
Enter Process1Arrival Time: 2
Enter Process2Arrival Time: 4
Enter Process3Arrival Time: 3
Enter Process4Arrival Time: 2
Enter ProcessOBurst Time: 4
Enter Process1Burst Time: 3
Enter Process2Burst Time: 2
Enter Process3Burst Time: 1
Enter Process4Burst Time: 5
Process No.
                AT
                        CPU Burst Time CT
                                                 TAT
                                                          WТ
                1
                         4
                                         6
                                                 5
                                                          1
1
2
3
                2
                        3
                                         11
                                                          6
                                                 9
                                                          2
                4
                        2
                                         8
                                                 4
                                                          0
                3
                        1
                                                 1
                2
                        5
                                         16
                                                          9
                                                 14
Average Turn Around time= 6.60
Average Waiting Time= 3.60
Average Response Time= 3.40
```