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Subject: Data Structures and Algorithm	Roll No.: A095
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Aim: Implementation of Binary Search Tree: Insertion, deletion and Search operation on the tree data structure.

Code/Implementation:

```
#include "iostream"
#include "cstdlib"
struct Tree {
   struct Tree *left, *right;
struct Tree* root = nullptr;
void preorder(struct Tree* current) {
       cout<<"Tree is empty!"<<endl;</pre>
   cout<<"\t"<<current->data;
   preorder(current->left);
   preorder(current->right);
void inorder(struct Tree* current){
   if(current == nullptr) {
       cout<<"Tree is empty!"<<endl;</pre>
   inorder(current->left);
   cout<<"\t"<<current->data;
   inorder(current->right);
       cout<<"Tree is empty!"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
postorder(current->left);
   postorder(current->right);
   cout<<"\t"<<current->data;
void insert_val(int val) {
   struct Tree* newNode = (struct Tree*) malloc(sizeof(struct Tree)), *current = root, *prev = root;
   newNode->data = val;
   newNode->left = nullptr;
   newNode->right = nullptr;
   if(root == nullptr) {
       root = newNode;
       cout << val << " is created as root!" << endl;</pre>
   else {
       while(current != nullptr) {
           prev = current;
           if (val == current->data) {
               cout << val << " already in the tree!" << endl;</pre>
           else if (val < current->data)
               current = current->left;
               current = current->right;
       if(val < prev->data)
           prev->left = newNode;
           prev->right = newNode;
       cout<< val << " added to the tree!"<<endl;</pre>
struct Tree* inorder_pred_succ(struct Tree* current) {
   if(ch == 1) {
       if(current->left != nullptr) {
           current = current->left;
               current = current->right;
       if(current->right != nullptr) {
           current = current->right;
               current = current->left;
    struct Tree* temp;
       cout << "Tree is empty!" << endl;</pre>
   else if(curr->left == nullptr && curr->right == nullptr) {
        cout<<"Element deleted!"<<endl;</pre>
        delete(curr);
```

```
else {
            if(val < curr->data)
           else if(val > curr->data)
               curr = curr->right;
           else {
               temp = inorder_pred_succ(curr);
               curr->data = temp->data;
               if (val > curr->data)
                    delete_val(temp->data, curr->left);
                   delete_val(temp->data, curr->right);
void search(int val) {
   if(root == nullptr){
       cout << "Tree is empty! No element to find." << endl;</pre>
   struct Tree* temp = root, *parent = nullptr;
   while(temp != nullptr && temp->data != val) {
       parent = temp;
       if(val < temp->data)
           temp = temp->left;
       else
           temp = temp->right;
   if(temp == nullptr)
       cout<<"Element not found!"<<endl;</pre>
   else {
       cout << "Element found!\nParent: " << parent->data<<endl;</pre>
       if(temp->data == parent->left->data)
           cout << "Sibling: " << parent->right->data;
           cout << "Sibling: " << parent->left->data;
       if(temp->left != nullptr || temp->right != nullptr)
           cout<<"\nChildren: "<<temp->left->data<<" and "<<temp->right->data<<endl;</pre>
           cout<<"Leaf Node! Hence no children."<<endl;</pre>
   int choice, case_choice, val;
                cin >> case_choice;
                switch (case_choice) {
                    case 1:
                        cout << "Pre-Order Traversal: ";</pre>
                        preorder(root);
                        cout<<endl;
                        break;
                    case 2:
```

Output:

```
1. Insert 2. Search 3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 1
Enter value: 50
50 is created as root!
1. Insert 2. Search
                      3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 1
Enter value: 30
30 added to the tree!
1. Insert 2. Search
                     3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 1
Enter value: 80
80 added to the tree!
1. Insert 2. Search
                     3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 1
Enter value: 20
20 added to the tree!
                     3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 1
1. Insert 2. Search
Enter value: 35
35 added to the tree!
1. Insert 2. Search
                     3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 1
Enter value: 70
70 added to the tree!
1. Insert 2. Search 3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 1
Enter value: 90
90 added to the tree!
1. Insert 2. Search 3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 3
1. Preorder 2. Inorder 3. Postorder Enter choice: 2
In-Order Traversal:
                     20 30 35 50 70 80 90
1. Insert 2. Search 3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 3
1. Preorder 2. Inorder 3. Postorder
                                    Enter choice: 1
                     50 30 20 35 80 70 90
Pre-Order Traversal:
1. Insert 2. Search 3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 3
1. Preorder 2. Inorder 3. Postorder
                                    Enter choice: 3
Post-Order Traversal: 20 35 30 70 90 80 50
1. Insert 2. Search 3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 2
Enter value: 30
Element found!
Parent: 50
Sibling: 80
Children: 20 and 35
1. Insert 2. Search 3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 4
Enter value: 30
Repalce element with: 1. Previous 2. Next Enter choice: 1
Element deleted!
1. Insert 2. Search
                     3. Display 4. Delete 5. Exit Enter choice: 5
Program Run Successful
Process finished with exit code 0
********************************
```