## DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MADRAS

PH2140 Mathematics on the Computer

Assignment 3

17 August 2015

## (1) Projectile Motion:

A projectile is fired with initial speed  $v_0$  from the top of a tower, at an angle theta with respect to the horizontal (x) direction. The tower is at a height y = h above the ground. The equations describing the motion of the projectile are therefore, with (x, y) = (0, h) being the co-ordinates of the top of the tower,

$$x = v_0 t \cos \theta$$
,  $y = h + v_0 t \sin \theta - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$ .

- (i) Set  $g = 9.8 \, m/s^2$ . For  $v_0 = 5m/s$ , h = 10m, and,  $\theta = 15^{\circ}$ , make a parametric plot of the trajectory of the projectile (y versus x). Change the values of h and  $\theta$  and convince yourself that the trajectories look reasonable.
- (ii) Solve the equation y(t) = 0 for the time when the projectile hits the ground. Use this time to find the range x(t). Make a plot of (a) the range versus  $\theta$  for a fixed h, and, (b) range versus h for a fixed  $\theta$ .

## (2) Infinite series for $\pi$ :

The Madhava-Leibniz formula for  $\pi$  states that

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \dots + (-1)^n \frac{1}{2n+1},$$

where we have indicated the general form for the  $n^{\rm th}$  term in the sum. Evaluate the sum of the first 10 terms in the series. To how many decimal places is the resultant value of  $\Pi$  accurate?

This is infact an extremely slowly convergent series, and you may check that adding the first 50 terms only gives  $\Pi$  accurate to the first decimal place! One approach to improve the convergence properties of the series is to add end correction terms:

$$\frac{\pi}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \dots + (-1)^n \frac{1}{2n+1} + (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{a_n}.$$

To what extent is the accuracy improved if we include the following end-correction terms after summing the first 10 terms?

(i) 
$$a_n = 4(n+1)$$
.

(ii) 
$$a_p = \frac{(2n+2)^2+1}{n+1}$$

(iii) 
$$a_n = (n+1)\frac{(2n+2)^2+5}{(n+1)^2+1}$$

Here,  $a_n$  denotes the correction term to be added after summing the series to n terms.