

LINUX LAB- 1 ASSIGNMENT

1. Login as guest (password is guest123)
 - su hduser
2. Find the present Directory
 - pwd
3. Write the / directory structure
 - tree
4. Write a few commands available in /bin and /sbin directory
 - /bin
 - cat
 - chmod
 - chown
 - chgrp
 - cp
 - ls
 - echo
 - /sbin
 - chkconfig
 - dhcpclient
 - fsck
 - shutdown
 - arptable
5. Find the guest directory
 - Find / -name "hduser"
6. Write the permissions of guest directory
 - ls -la
7. Create a new Directory test in guest directory
 - sudo mkdir hduser/test
8. Write the permissions of test directory

- `ls -la`
9. Copy the file `/etc/resolv.conf` in test directory
- `sudo cp etc/resolv.conf home/hduser/test`
10. Rename the test directory to testing
- `sudo mv home/hduser/test home/hduser/testing`
11. Delete the testing directory
- `rm -rf home/hduser/testing`
12. Change the permissions of guest directory to 775
- `sudo chmod 775 home/hduser`
13. Change the permissions of `/tmp` directory to 700
- `sudo chmod 700 tmp`
14. Login as root user
- `sudo -s`
 - `sudo su`
 - `su root`
15. Change the permissions of guest directory to 700
- `chmod 700 home/hduser`
16. The location of kernel files in Unix File System is `/boot` and by looking at the kernel file, write the kernel version you are using in your system.
- `uname -r`
17. Login as guest
- `login admin-hp`
18. Change directory to `/`
- `cd /`
19. List the contents of `/home` directory

- `ls -a`

20. Find the group to which guest belongs

- `groups`

21. Create a file `sidbi` in the home area of guest (hint: use `touch` command)

- `sudo touch home/hduser/sidbi`

22. Find the permissions of the file `sidbi`

- `ls -la`

23. Find the inode number of file `sidbi` (hint: `ls -li`)

- `ls -li`

24. Copy the file `sidbi` to `sidbi1`

- `cp sidbi sidbi1`

25. Find the inode number of file `sidbi1` (hint: `ls -li`)

- `ls -li`

26. Move the file `sidbi` to `sidbi2`

- `mv sidbi2 sidbi`

27. Find the inode number of file `sidbi2` (hint: `ls -li`)

- `ls -li`

28. Move `sidbi2` to `sidbi`

- `mv sidbi2 sidbi`

29. Login as root

- `sudo su`
- `su root`
- `sudo -s`

30. Create a new user guest1 with same group as guest (hint: use GUI tool Applications→System Settings→ Users and Groups)[More on this later in the course]
31. Create a new user guest2 with a different group than the group of guest (hint: use GUI tool Applications→System Settings→ Users and Groups)
32. Find, what permissions should the file sidbi have, so that both guest1 and guest2 can write into this file.

- 644

NOTE: This assignment will mostly be similar to that of Shikhar Pandya(ID: 121050) as Ubuntu was not configured on my laptop.