

21CY681– Internet Protocol lab

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Title: Network Administration and Troubleshooting Using Windows Command Line Utilities.

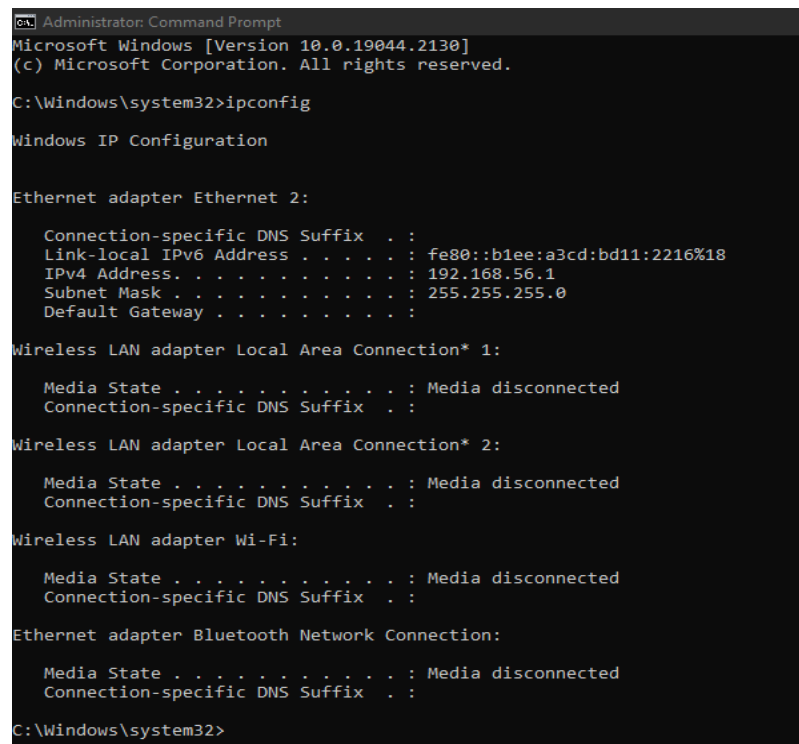
Date of Assignment provided: 26/09/2022

Aim: To study more various Windows command-line utilities to perform troubleshooting in the network.

Tools Required: Command Prompt with administrative privileges,

PROCEDURE:

1. **ipconfig** – This command displays all the ip configuration details of the system



```
Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.2130]
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C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet 2:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::b1ee:a3cd:bd11:2216%18
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.56.1
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 

Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 1:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 

Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 2:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 

Wireless LAN adapter Wi-Fi:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 

Ethernet adapter Bluetooth Network Connection:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 

C:\Windows\system32>
```

2. Ipconfig /all – Displays full TCP/IP configuration for all the adapters

```
C:\> Administrator: Command Prompt
C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig/all

Windows IP Configuration

    Host Name . . . . . : DESKTOP-PC2M5D2
    Primary Dns Suffix . . . . . :
    Node Type . . . . . : Hybrid
    IP Routing Enabled. . . . . : No
    WINS Proxy Enabled. . . . . : No

Ethernet adapter Ethernet 2:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . :
    Description . . . . . : VirtualBox Host-Only Ethernet Adapter
    Physical Address. . . . . : 0A-00-27-00-00-12
    DHCP Enabled. . . . . : No
    Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::b1ee:a3cd:bd11:2216%18(Preferred)
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.56.1(Preferred)
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . :
    DHCPv6 IAID . . . . . : 822738983
    DHCPv6 Client DUID. . . . . : 00-01-00-01-2A-D8-CC-84-EC-8E-B5-FB-12-0F
    DNS Servers . . . . . : fec0:0:0:ffff::1%1
                           fec0:0:0:ffff::2%1
                           fec0:0:0:ffff::3%1
    NetBIOS over Tcpip. . . . . : Enabled

Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 1:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . :
    Description . . . . . : Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter
    Physical Address. . . . . : 56-8C-A0-98-79-99
    DHCP Enabled. . . . . : Yes
    Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes

Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 2:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix . . :
    Description . . . . . : Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter #2
    Physical Address. . . . . : 54-8C-A0-98-79-99
    DHCP Enabled. . . . . : Yes
```

3. Ipconfig /renew [adapter_name] – This parameter renews an IPv4 address. For IPv6 we need to specify /renew6.

```
C:\> Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.2130]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig/renew

Windows IP Configuration

No operation can be performed on Ethernet while it has its media disconnected.
No operation can be performed on Local Area Connection* 1 while it has its media disconnected.
No operation can be performed on Local Area Connection* 2 while it has its media disconnected.
No operation can be performed on Wi-Fi while it has its media disconnected.
No operation can be performed on Bluetooth Network Connection while it has its media disconnected.

Ethernet adapter Ethernet:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :

Ethernet adapter Ethernet 2:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::b1ee:a3cd:bd11:2216%18
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.56.1
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . :

Ethernet adapter Ethernet 3:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :
    IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2401:4900:629a:6cb3:88ae:cdc:7687:c8a3
    Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2401:4900:629a:6cb3:99e0:51c9:af5:5f11
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::88ae:cdc:7687:c8a3%59
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.10.135
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : fe80::7cb5:42ff:fe57:c190%59
                                192.168.10.199

Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 1:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :

Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 2:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :

Wireless LAN adapter Wi-Fi:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :

Ethernet adapter Bluetooth Network Connection:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :
```

4. Ipconfig /flushdns - The /flushdns parameter will flush the DNS resolver cache. This can be useful when you are troubleshooting or when you want to get rid of defective or obsolete DNS records. The cache will be repopulated as you browse the Internet or during normal system activity.

```
C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig/flushdns

Windows IP Configuration

Successfully flushed the DNS Resolver Cache.
```

5.Ipconfig /displaydns – This command displays the DNS resolver cache of your system.

Ipconfig /registerdns – It refreshes all DHCP leases and re-registers DNS names for all your system's network adapters. It might take some time for this to happen. It helps to resolve problems between your system and the DNS server.

ipconfig /showclassid <ADAPTER> - The /showclassid parameter will display the DHCP class ID for a specified adapter.

```
C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig/displaydns
Windows IP Configuration

C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig/registerdns
Windows IP Configuration

Registration of the DNS resource records for all adapters of this computer has been initiated. Any errors will be reported in the Event Viewer in 15 minutes.

C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig/showclassid
Error: unrecognized or incomplete command line.

USAGE:
    ipconfig [/allcompartments] [/? | /all |
        /renew [adapter] | /release [adapter] |
        /renew6 [adapter] | /release6 [adapter] |
        /flushdns | /displaydns | /registerdns |
        /showclassid adapter |
        /setclassid adapter [classid] |
        /showclassid6 adapter |
        /setclassid6 adapter [classid] ]

where
    adapter          Connection name
                     (wildcard characters * and ? allowed, see examples)

Options:
    /?              Display this help message
    /all            Display full configuration information.
    /release        Release the IPv4 address for the specified adapter.
    /release6       Release the IPv6 address for the specified adapter.
    /renew          Renew the IPv4 address for the specified adapter.
    /renew6         Renew the IPv6 address for the specified adapter.
    /flushdns       Purges the DNS Resolver cache.
    /registerdns     Refreshes all DHCP leases and re-registers DNS names
    /displaydns     Display the contents of the DNS Resolver Cache.
    /showclassid    Displays all the dhcp class IDs allowed for adapter.
    /setclassid     Modifies the dhcp class id.
    /showclassid6   Displays all the IPv6 DHCP class IDs allowed for adapter.
    /setclassid6    Modifies the IPv6 DHCP class id.

The default is to display only the IP address, subnet mask and
default gateway for each adapter bound to TCP/IP.

For Release and Renew, if no adapter name is specified, then the IP address
leases for all adapters bound to TCP/IP will be released or renewed.

For Setclassid and Setclassid6, if no ClassId is specified, then the ClassId is removed.

Examples:
> ipconfig          ... Show information
> ipconfig /all     ... Show detailed information
> ipconfig /renew    ... renew all adapters
> ipconfig /renew EL* ... renew any connection that has its
                        name starting with EL
> ipconfig /release *Con* ... release all matching connections,
                        eg. "Wired Ethernet Connection 1" or
                        "Wired Ethernet Connection 2"
> ipconfig /allcompartments ... Show information about all
                        compartments
> ipconfig /allcompartments /all ... Show detailed information about all
                        compartments
```

6. Ping <IP> is used to test and verify a IP of the computer network.

```
C:\> Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.2130]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>ping 192.168.56.1

Pinging 192.168.56.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.56.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

7. Tracert IP is used to trace the route to

```
C:\> Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.2130]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>tracert 192.168.56.1

Tracing route to DESKTOP-PC2M5D2 [192.168.56.1]
over a maximum of 30 hops:

  1    <1 ms    <1 ms    <1 ms  DESKTOP-PC2M5D2 [192.168.56.1]

Trace complete.
```

8. **Nslookup** command can be used to get the configuration information of a DNS network. **Nslookup type -a** is used to specify a networks ip address.

```
Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.2130]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>nslookup google.com
Server: UnKnown
Address: 192.168.10.199

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: google.com
Addresses: 2404:6800:4007:828::200e
          142.250.196.174
```

9. **Nslookup type soa** command gives the information of primary mail server, mail address, the expiry of the number etc.

```
C:\Windows\system32>nslookup -type=soa google.com
Server: UnKnown
Address: 192.168.10.199

Non-authoritative answer:
google.com
    primary name server = ns1.google.com
    responsible mail addr = dns-admin.google.com
    serial = 483625360
    refresh = 900 (15 mins)
    retry = 900 (15 mins)
    expire = 1800 (30 mins)
    default TTL = 60 (1 min)
```

```
C:\Windows\system32>nslookup -type=a google.com
Server: UnKnown
Address: 192.168.10.199

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: google.com
Address: 142.250.196.174
```

10. Netstat command is used to know the current update of the network

```
C:\Windows\system32>netstat
```

Active Connections

Proto	Local Address	Foreign Address	State
TCP	192.168.10.135:50842	20.198.118.190:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.10.135:50847	20.189.173.10:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	[2409:4072:987:a87d:7c1e:fa3c:fa0d:a0e6]:50848	g2600-140f-0400-01ac-0000-0000-3114:http	ESTABLISHED
TCP	[2409:4072:987:a87d:7c1e:fa3c:fa0d:a0e6]:50849	g2600-140f-0400-01ac-0000-0000-3114:http	ESTABLISHED

11. Arp -a command is used to map IP addresss with their repective MAC address.

```
Administrator: Command Prompt

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.2130]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>arp -a
```

Interface: 192.168.56.1 --- 0x12

Internet Address	Physical Address	Type
192.168.56.255	ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff	static
224.0.0.22	01-00-5e-00-00-16	static
224.0.0.251	01-00-5e-00-00-fb	static
224.0.0.252	01-00-5e-00-00-fc	static
239.255.255.250	01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa	static

Interface: 192.168.10.135 --- 0x3b

Internet Address	Physical Address	Type
192.168.10.199	1a-1c-bb-69-0b-2a	dynamic
192.168.10.255	ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff	static
224.0.0.22	01-00-5e-00-00-16	static
224.0.0.251	01-00-5e-00-00-fb	static
224.0.0.252	01-00-5e-00-00-fc	static
239.255.255.250	01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa	static
255.255.255.255	ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff	static

12. Gpresult displays the resulting set of policy settings on the computer.

```
Administrator: Command Prompt

C:\Windows\system32>gpresult

GPRESULT [/S system [/U username [/P [password]]]] [/SCOPE scope]
          [/USER targetusername] [/R | /V | /Z]

Description:
  This command line tool displays the Resultant Set of Policy (RSOP)
  information for a target user and computer.

Parameter List:
  /S          system          Specifies the remote system to connect to.

  /U          [domain\]user   Specifies the user context under which the
                              command should run.

  /P          [password]     Specifies the password for the given user
                              context. Prompts for input if omitted.

  /SCOPE      scope          Specifies whether the user or the
                              computer settings need to be displayed.
                              Valid values: "USER", "COMPUTER".

  /USER       [domain\]user   Specifies the user name for which the
                              RSoP data is to be displayed.

  /R          Displays RSoP summary data.

  /V          Specifies that verbose information should
                              be displayed. Verbose information provides
                              additional detailed settings that have
                              been applied with a precedence of 1.

  /Z          Specifies that the super-verbose
                              information should be displayed. Super-
                              verbose information provides additional
                              detailed settings that have been applied
                              with a precedence of 1 and higher. This
                              allows you to see if a setting was set in
                              multiple places. See the Group Policy
                              online help topic for more information.

  /?          Displays this help message.
```


13. Nbtstat -a is used to display protocol settings and shows different commands and their uses.

```
C:\Windows\system32>nbtstat -a

Displays protocol statistics and current TCP/IP connections using NBT
(NetBIOS over TCP/IP).

NBTSTAT [ [-a RemoteName] [-A IP address] [-c] [-n]
          [-r] [-R] [-RR] [-s] [-S] [interval] ]

-a (adapter status) Lists the remote machine's name table given its name
-A (Adapter status) Lists the remote machine's name table given its
                      IP address.
-c (cache)           Lists NBT's cache of remote [machine] names and their IP addresses
-n (names)           Lists local NetBIOS names.
-r (resolved)        Lists names resolved by broadcast and via WINS
-R (Reload)          Purges and reloads the remote cache name table
-S (Sessions)        Lists sessions table with the destination IP addresses
-s (sessions)        Lists sessions table converting destination IP
                      addresses to computer NETBIOS names.
-RR (ReleaseRefresh) Sends Name Release packets to WINS and then, starts Refresh

RemoteName  Remote host machine name.
IP address  Dotted decimal representation of the IP address.
interval    Redisplays selected statistics, pausing interval seconds
             between each display. Press Ctrl+C to stop redisplaying
             statistics.
```

14. Nbtstat ip is used to

```
C:\Windows\system32>nbtstat -a 192.168.56.1

Ethernet 2:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.56.1] Scope Id: []

    Host not found.

Ethernet:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

    Host not found.

Bluetooth Network Connection:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

    Host not found.

Wi-Fi:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

    Host not found.

Local Area Connection* 1:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

    Host not found.

Local Area Connection* 2:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

    Host not found.

Ethernet 3:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.10.135] Scope Id: []

    Host not found.
```

15. Nbtstat -R is used to purge and preload the Remote Cache Name table. **Nbtstat -r** is used for detecting errors in WINS.

```
C:\Windows\system32>nbtstat -R
Successful purge and preload of the NBT Remote Cache Name Table.

C:\Windows\system32>nbtstat -r

NetBIOS Names Resolution and Registration Statistics
-----

Resolved By Broadcast      = 0
Resolved By Name Server    = 0

Registered By Broadcast    = 39
Registered By Name Server  = 0
```

16. Nbtstat -n is used to list the BIOS names

```
C:\Windows\system32>nbtstat -n

Ethernet 2:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.56.1] Scope Id: []

NetBIOS Local Name Table

Name                Type                Status
-----
DESKTOP-PC2M5D2<20> UNIQUE             Registered
DESKTOP-PC2M5D2<00> UNIQUE             Registered
WORKGROUP            <00>              GROUP             Registered

Ethernet:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

No names in cache

Bluetooth Network Connection:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

No names in cache

Wi-Fi:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

No names in cache

Local Area Connection* 1:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

No names in cache

Local Area Connection* 2:
Node IpAddress: [0.0.0.0] Scope Id: []

No names in cache

Ethernet 3:
Node IpAddress: [192.168.10.135] Scope Id: []

NetBIOS Local Name Table

Name                Type                Status
-----
DESKTOP-PC2M5D2<20> UNIQUE             Registered
DESKTOP-PC2M5D2<00> UNIQUE             Registered
WORKGROUP            <00>              GROUP             Registered
```

17. Netstat -ab is used to show network status.

```

C:\Windows\system32>netstat -ab

Active Connections

  Proto Local Address           Foreign Address         State
  TCP    0.0.0.0:135              DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
  RpcSs
[svchost.exe]
  TCP    0.0.0.0:445              DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
Can not obtain ownership information
  TCP    0.0.0.0:5040              DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
  CDPSvc
[svchost.exe]
  TCP    0.0.0.0:5357              DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
Can not obtain ownership information
  TCP    0.0.0.0:49664             DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
[lsass.exe]
  TCP    0.0.0.0:49665             DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
Can not obtain ownership information
  TCP    0.0.0.0:49666             DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
  EventLog
[svchost.exe]
  TCP    0.0.0.0:49667             DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
  Schedule
[svchost.exe]
  TCP    0.0.0.0:49668             DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
[spoolsv.exe]
  TCP    0.0.0.0:49670             DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
Can not obtain ownership information
  TCP    192.168.10.135:139        DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
Can not obtain ownership information
  TCP    192.168.10.135:50937      20.198.119.84:https    ESTABLISHED
  WpnService
[svchost.exe]
  TCP    192.168.10.135:50940      204.79.197.222:https   TIME_WAIT
  TCP    192.168.10.135:50947      13.107.42.254:https    ESTABLISHED
[SearchApp.exe]
  TCP    192.168.10.135:50949      204.79.197.222:https   ESTABLISHED
[SearchApp.exe]
  TCP    192.168.56.1:139         DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:0      LISTENING
Can not obtain ownership information
```

18. Netstat an is used to display protocol statistics and current TCP/IP network connections.

```
Administrator: Command Prompt
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>netstat an

Displays protocol statistics and current TCP/IP network connections.

NETSTAT [-a] [-b] [-e] [-f] [-n] [-o] [-p proto] [-r] [-s] [-t] [-x] [-y] [interval]

-a          Displays all connections and listening ports.
-b          Displays the executable involved in creating each connection or
           listening port. In some cases well-known executables host
           multiple independent components, and in these cases the
           sequence of components involved in creating the connection
           or listening port is displayed. In this case the executable
           name is in [] at the bottom, on top is the component it called,
           and so forth until TCP/IP was reached. Note that this option
           can be time-consuming and will fail unless you have sufficient
           permissions.
-e          Displays Ethernet statistics. This may be combined with the -s
           option.
-f          Displays Fully Qualified Domain Names (FQDN) for foreign
           addresses.
-n          Displays addresses and port numbers in numerical form.
-o          Displays the owning process ID associated with each connection.
-p proto    Shows connections for the protocol specified by proto; proto
           may be any of: TCP, UDP, TCPv6, or UDPv6. If used with the -s
           option to display per-protocol statistics, proto may be any of:
           IP, IPv6, ICMP, ICMPv6, TCP, TCPv6, UDP, or UDPv6.
-q          Displays all connections, listening ports, and bound
           nonlistening TCP ports. Bound nonlistening ports may or may not
           be associated with an active connection.
-r          Displays the routing table.
-s          Displays per-protocol statistics. By default, statistics are
           shown for IP, IPv6, ICMP, ICMPv6, TCP, TCPv6, UDP, and UDPv6;
           the -p option may be used to specify a subset of the default.
-t          Displays the current connection offload state.
-x          Displays NetworkDirect connections, listeners, and shared
           endpoints.
-y          Displays the TCP connection template for all connections.
           Cannot be combined with the other options.
interval    Redisplays selected statistics, pausing interval seconds
           between each display. Press CTRL+C to stop redisplaying
           statistics. If omitted, netstat will print the current
           configuration information once.
```

19. Pathping is used to measure the quality of network connections.

Set U is used to shows the name of the user logged in.

Set L is used to show the log on server

Ping -a <IP> is used to resolve IP to hostname.

```
C:\Windows\system32>pathping

Usage: pathping [-g host-list] [-h maximum_hops] [-i address] [-n]
               [-p period] [-q num_queries] [-w timeout]
               [-4] [-6] target_name

Options:
  -g host-list      Loose source route along host-list.
  -h maximum_hops  Maximum number of hops to search for target.
  -i address        Use the specified source address.
  -n               Do not resolve addresses to hostnames.
  -p period         Wait period milliseconds between pings.
  -q num_queries    Number of queries per hop.
  -w timeout        Wait timeout milliseconds for each reply.
  -4               Force using IPv4.
  -6               Force using IPv6.

C:\Windows\system32>set u
USERDOMAIN=DESKTOP-PC2M5D2
USERDOMAIN_ROAMINGPROFILE=DESKTOP-PC2M5D2
USERNAME=HP
USERPROFILE=C:\Users\HP

C:\Windows\system32>set l
LOCALAPPDATA=C:\Users\HP\AppData\Local
LOGONSERVER=\\DESKTOP-PC2M5D2

C:\Windows\system32>ping -a 192.168.56.1

Pinging DESKTOP-PC2M5D2 [192.168.56.1] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.56.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

20. Netstat -an|find "LISTENING" is used to show the open ports with opening status.

```
Administrator: Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.2130]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>netstat -an|find "LISTENING"
TCP    0.0.0.0:135          0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    0.0.0.0:445          0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    0.0.0.0:5040         0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    0.0.0.0:5357         0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    0.0.0.0:49664        0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    0.0.0.0:49665        0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    0.0.0.0:49666        0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    0.0.0.0:49667        0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    0.0.0.0:49668        0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    0.0.0.0:49670        0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    192.168.10.135:139   0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    192.168.56.1:139    0.0.0.0:0          LISTENING
TCP    [::]:135            [::]:0             LISTENING
TCP    [::]:445            [::]:0             LISTENING
TCP    [::]:5357           [::]:0             LISTENING
TCP    [::]:49664          [::]:0             LISTENING
TCP    [::]:49665          [::]:0             LISTENING
TCP    [::]:49666          [::]:0             LISTENING
TCP    [::]:49667          [::]:0             LISTENING
TCP    [::]:49668          [::]:0             LISTENING
TCP    [::]:49670          [::]:0             LISTENING
```

21. Netstat -s displays the IPv4, IPv6, IOPv4, IOPv6 and TCP statistics.

```
CA. Select Administrator: Command Prompt

TCP Statistics for IPv4
Active Opens                = 2372
Passive Opens               = 66
Failed Connection Attempts  = 861
Reset Connections           = 558
Current Connections         = 0
Segments Received           = 142204
Segments Sent                = 94136
Segments Retransmitted      = 2687

TCP Statistics for IPv6
Active Opens                = 681
Passive Opens               = 22
Failed Connection Attempts  = 302
Reset Connections           = 115
Current Connections         = 0
Segments Received           = 51367
Segments Sent                = 37993
Segments Retransmitted      = 993

UDP Statistics for IPv4
Datagrams Received          = 86176
No Ports                    = 130
Receive Errors              = 1605
Datagrams Sent              = 26708

UDP Statistics for IPv6
Datagrams Received          = 96302
No Ports                    = 470
Receive Errors              = 4
Datagrams Sent              = 29511

C:\Windows\system32>

CA. Select Administrator: Command Prompt
C:\Windows\system32>netstat -s

IPv4 Statistics
Packets Received            = 225964
Received Header Errors      = 0
Received Address Errors     = 8
Datagrams Forwarded         = 0
Unknown Protocols Received  = 0
Received Packets Discarded  = 1722
Received Packets Delivered  = 230268
Output Requests             = 125074
Routing Discards            = 0
Discarded Output Packets    = 205
Output Packet No Route      = 42
Reassembly Required         = 0
Reassembly Successful        = 0
Reassembly Failures         = 0
Datagrams Successfully Fragmented = 0
Datagrams Failing Fragmentation = 0
Fragments Created           = 0

IPv6 Statistics
Packets Received            = 144575
Received Header Errors      = 0
Received Address Errors     = 138
Datagrams Forwarded         = 0
Unknown Protocols Received  = 0
Received Packets Discarded  = 474
Received Packets Delivered  = 145090
Output Requests             = 68105
Routing Discards            = 0
Discarded Output Packets    = 13
Output Packet No Route      = 0
Reassembly Required         = 0
Reassembly Successful        = 0
Reassembly Failures         = 0
Datagrams Successfully Fragmented = 0
Datagrams Failing Fragmentation = 0
Fragments Created           = 0
```

Select Administrator: Command Prompt

ICMPv4 Statistics

	Received	Sent
Messages	111	162
Errors	0	0
Destination Unreachable	89	140
Time Exceeded	0	0
Parameter Problems	0	0
Source Quenches	0	0
Redirects	0	0
Echo Replies	11	11
Echos	11	11
Timestamps	0	0
Timestamp Replies	0	0
Address Masks	0	0
Address Mask Replies	0	0
Router Solicitations	0	0
Router Advertisements	0	0

ICMPv6 Statistics

	Received	Sent
Messages	288	491
Errors	0	0
Destination Unreachable	3	157
Packet Too Big	0	0
Time Exceeded	0	0
Parameter Problems	0	0
Echos	0	0
Echo Replies	0	0
MLD Queries	0	0
MLD Reports	0	0
MLD Dones	0	0
Router Solicitations	0	33
Router Advertisements	45	0
Neighbor Solicitations	140	136
Neighbor Advertisements	100	165
Redirects	0	0
Router Renumberings	0	0

22. Ping <IP> -f is used for fragmentation with 32 bytes of data.

```
C:\Windows\system32>ping 192.168.56.1 -f

Pinging 192.168.56.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.56.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.56.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```


23. Netstat -o is used to display TCP connections and Process ID(PID)

```
C:\Windows\system32>netstat -o

Active Connections

Proto Local Address           Foreign Address         State       PID
TCP    127.0.0.1:54132          DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:wsd    TIME_WAIT   0
TCP    192.168.10.135:54134    13.107.4.52:http       TIME_WAIT   0
TCP    192.168.10.135:54135    20.198.119.84:https     SYN_SENT    6352
TCP    192.168.10.135:54136    20.189.173.9:https      ESTABLISHED 4456
TCP    192.168.10.135:54138    40.74.108.123:https     FIN_WAIT_1  4456
TCP    192.168.10.135:54139    1drv:https             ESTABLISHED 6352
TCP    192.168.10.135:54140    20.198.119.84:https     SYN_SENT    4800
TCP    192.168.10.135:54141    1drv:https             ESTABLISHED 6352
TCP    192.168.10.135:54142    1drv:https             ESTABLISHED 6352
TCP    [::1]:54133            DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:wsd    TIME_WAIT   0
TCP    [::1]:54137            DESKTOP-PC2M5D2:wsd    TIME_WAIT   0
TCP    [2401:4900:629a:6cb3:99e0:51c9:af5:5f11]:54144 [2600:1901:1:c36::]:https ESTABLISHED 11664
TCP    [2401:4900:629a:6cb3:99e0:51c9:af5:5f11]:54158 [2600:140f-f400-0000-0000-1730-e21a]:https ESTABLISHED 9372
TCP    [2401:4900:629a:6cb3:99e0:51c9:af5:5f11]:54159 [2620:1ec:c11::200]:https ESTABLISHED 9372
TCP    [2401:4900:629a:6cb3:99e0:51c9:af5:5f11]:54165 [2600:140f-2400-0182-0000-0000-1011]:https ESTABLISHED 9372
TCP    [2401:4900:629a:6cb3:99e0:51c9:af5:5f11]:54166 [2603:1030:805:3::46]:https ESTABLISHED 11536
TCP    [2401:4900:629a:6cb3:99e0:51c9:af5:5f11]:54170 [https-2402-6800-760-a000--8000:http TIME_WAIT    0
```

24. Netstat -r displays the contents of IP routing table.

```
C:\Windows\system32>netstat -r

Interface List
7...ec 8e b5 fb 12 0f .....Realtek PCIe FE Family Controller
18...0a 00 27 00 00 12 .....VirtualBox Host-Only Ethernet Adapter
59...46 e1 32 b8 ec cd .....Remote NDIS based Internet Sharing Device
17...56 8c a0 98 79 99 .....Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter
8...54 8c a0 98 79 99 .....Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter #2
9...54 8c a0 98 79 99 .....Realtek RTL8723BE 802.11 bgn Wi-Fi Adapter
5...54 8c a0 98 79 9a .....Bluetooth Device (Personal Area Network)
1.....Software Loopback Interface 1

IPv4 Route Table
=====
Active Routes:
Network Destination        Netmask          Gateway           Interface        Metric
0.0.0.0                    0.0.0.0          192.168.10.199    192.168.10.135   25
127.0.0.0                  255.0.0.0        On-link           127.0.0.1        331
127.0.0.1                  255.255.255.255  On-link           127.0.0.1        331
127.255.255.255            255.255.255.255  On-link           127.0.0.1        331
192.168.10.0                255.255.255.0    On-link           192.168.10.135   281
192.168.10.135              255.255.255.255  On-link           192.168.10.135   281
192.168.10.255              255.255.255.255  On-link           192.168.10.135   281
192.168.56.0                255.255.255.0    On-link           192.168.56.1     281
192.168.56.1                255.255.255.255  On-link           192.168.56.1     281
192.168.56.255              255.255.255.255  On-link           192.168.56.1     281
224.0.0.0                  240.0.0.0        On-link           127.0.0.1        331
224.0.0.0                  240.0.0.0        On-link           192.168.56.1     281
224.0.0.0                  240.0.0.0        On-link           192.168.10.135   281
255.255.255.255            255.255.255.255  On-link           127.0.0.1        331
255.255.255.255            255.255.255.255  On-link           192.168.56.1     281
255.255.255.255            255.255.255.255  On-link           192.168.10.135   281

Persistent Routes:
None

IPv6 Route Table
=====
Active Routes:
If Metric Network Destination      Gateway
59      41 ::/0 fe80::7cb5:42ff:fe57:c190
1       331 ::1/128 On-link
59      41 2401:4900:629a:6cb3::/64 On-link
59      281 2401:4900:629a:6cb3:88ae:cdc:7687:c8a3/128 On-link
59      281 2401:4900:629a:6cb3:99e0:51c9:af5:5f11/128 On-link
18      281 fe80::/64 On-link
59      281 fe80::/64 On-link
59      281 fe80::88ae:cdc:7687:c8a3/128 On-link
18      281 fe80::b1ee:a3cd:bd11:2216/128 On-link
1       331 ff00::/8 On-link
18      281 ff00::/8 On-link
59      281 ff00::/8 On-link

Persistent Routes:
None
```

25. Net user is used to show user for the computer.

```
C:\Windows\system32>net user
User accounts for \\DESKTOP-PC2M5D2

-----
Administrator          DefaultAccount          Guest
HP                      WDAGUtilityAccount
The command completed successfully.
```

26. Net user/domain specifies computer available in specific domain.

```
C:\Windows\system32>net user/domain
The syntax of this command is:

NET
  [ ACCOUNTS | COMPUTER | CONFIG | CONTINUE | FILE | GROUP | HELP |
  HELPMSG | LOCALGROUP | PAUSE | SESSION | SHARE | START |
  STATISTICS | STOP | TIME | USE | USER | VIEW ]
```