# EXERCISE NO. 2 VISUALISATION OF TIME SERIES DATA

#### AIM:

To implement programs for visualising time series data.

#### ALGORITHM:

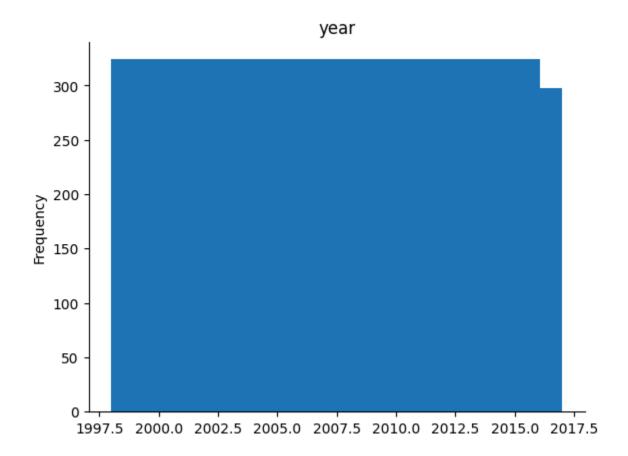
- 1. Import the necessary libraries.
- 2. Load the dataset.
- 3. Implement visualisation charts such as histogram, line chart, box, plot, heatmap, autocorrelation plot, partial autocorrelation plot and seasonal decomposition plot.

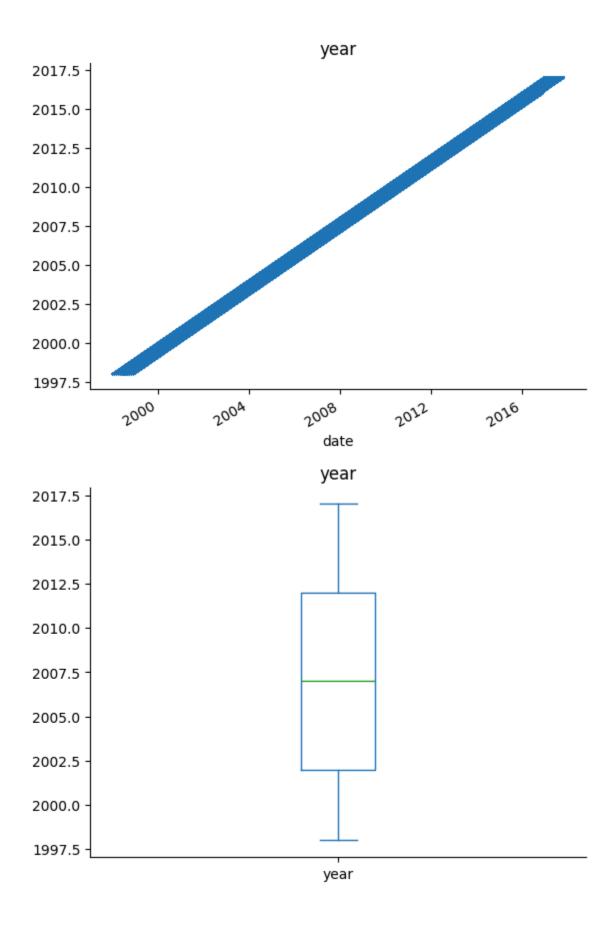
### PROGRAM:

```
import pandas as pd
from pandas.plotting import autocorrelation plot
from pandas.plotting import lag plot
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from statsmodels.tsa.seasonal import seasonal decompose
df = pd.read csv('/amazon.csv', encoding='latin1')
month map = {
   'Janeiro': 'January', 'Fevereiro': 'February', 'Marco': 'March',
   'Abril': 'April', 'Maio': 'May', 'Junho': 'June',
   'Julho': 'July', 'Agosto': 'August', 'Setembro': 'September',
   'Outubro': 'October', 'Novembro': 'November', 'Dezembro': 'December'
}
df['month'] = df['month'].map(month map)
df['date'] = pd.to datetime(df['month'] + ' ' + df['year'].astype(str),
format='%B %Y')
df.set index('date', inplace=True)
df['year'].plot(kind='hist', bins=20, title='year')
plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right',]].set_visible(False)
df['year'].plot(kind='line', title='year')
plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right',]].set visible(False)
df['year'].plot(kind='box', title='year')
plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right',]].set visible(False)
numerical df = df.select dtypes(include=['number'])
numerical df.corr().style.background gradient(cmap='coolwarm')
autocorrelation plot(df['year'])
```

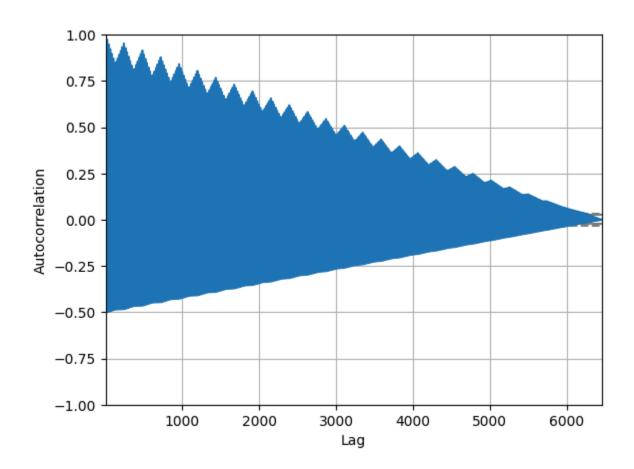
```
plt.show()
lag_plot(df['year'])
plt.show()
result = seasonal_decompose(df['year'], model='additive', period=12)
result.plot()
plt.show()
```

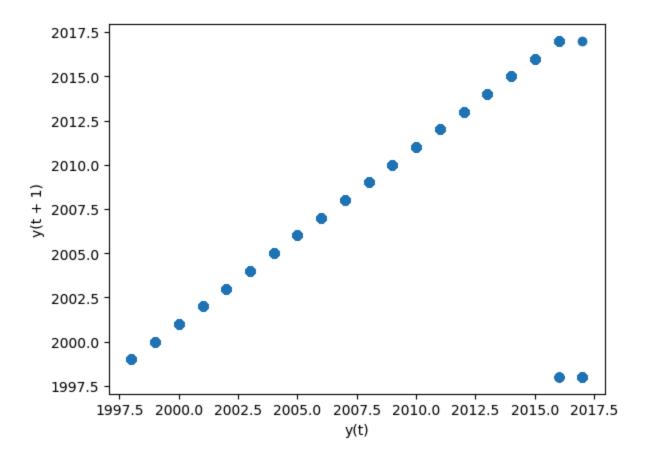
## OUTPUT:

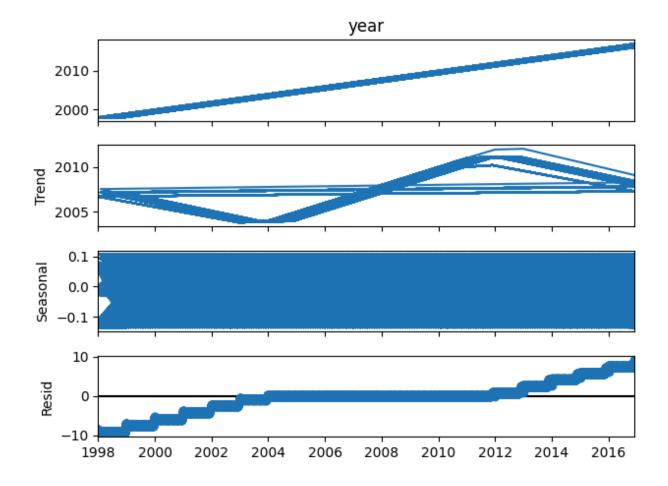




	year	number
year	1.000000	0.065201
number	0.065201	1.000000







**RESULT:** Thus the program has been successfully implemented and verified.