

# Pre-Page Execution: Request Architecture

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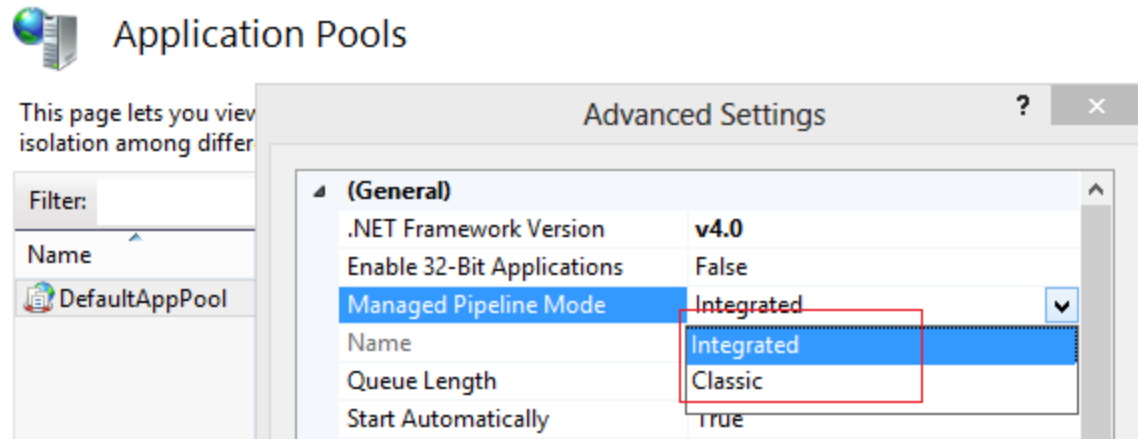


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- ➡ ▪ **A word about IIS classic mode (i.e. IIS 6.0 mode)**
  - Thus see the advantages of the integrated mode
- ➡ ▪ **Note: this is not an IIS course, so components are discussed in context of ASP.NET request processing.**

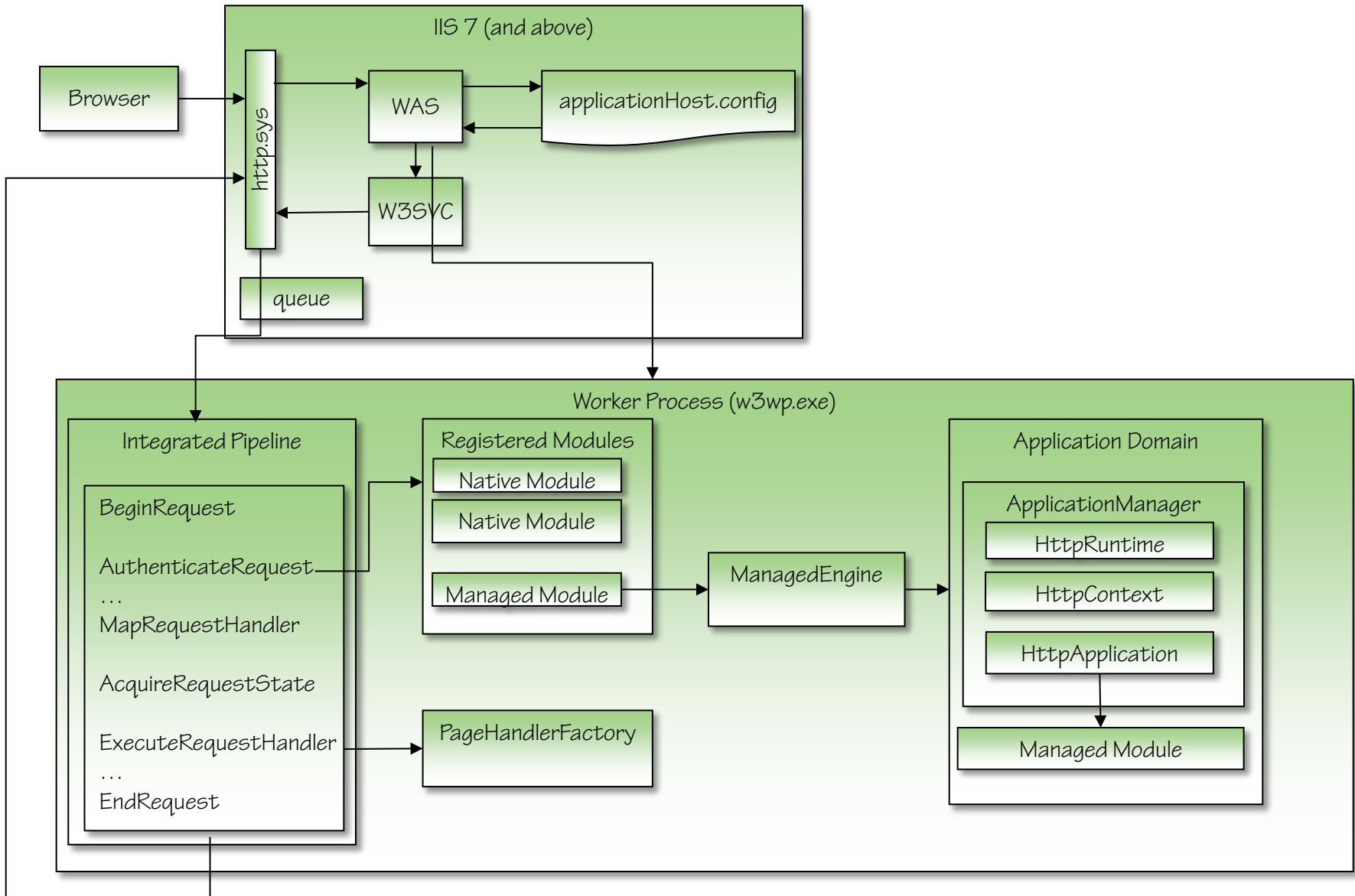
# The Integrated IIS/ASP.NET Pipeline

- IIS 7 and above provide two modes of ASP.NET request processing:
  - Integrated mode (default)
  - Classic

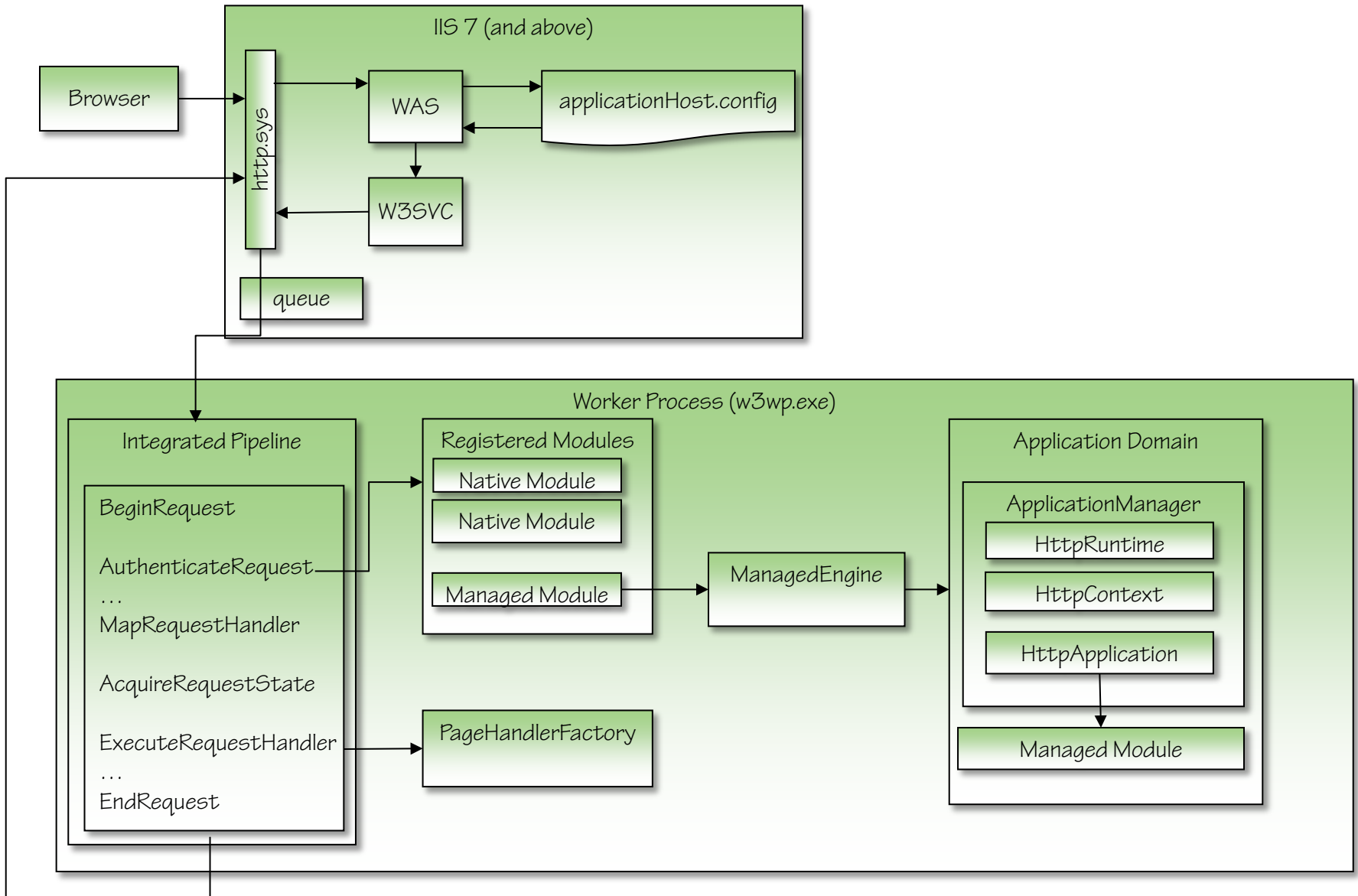


- This module is based on the Integrated mode

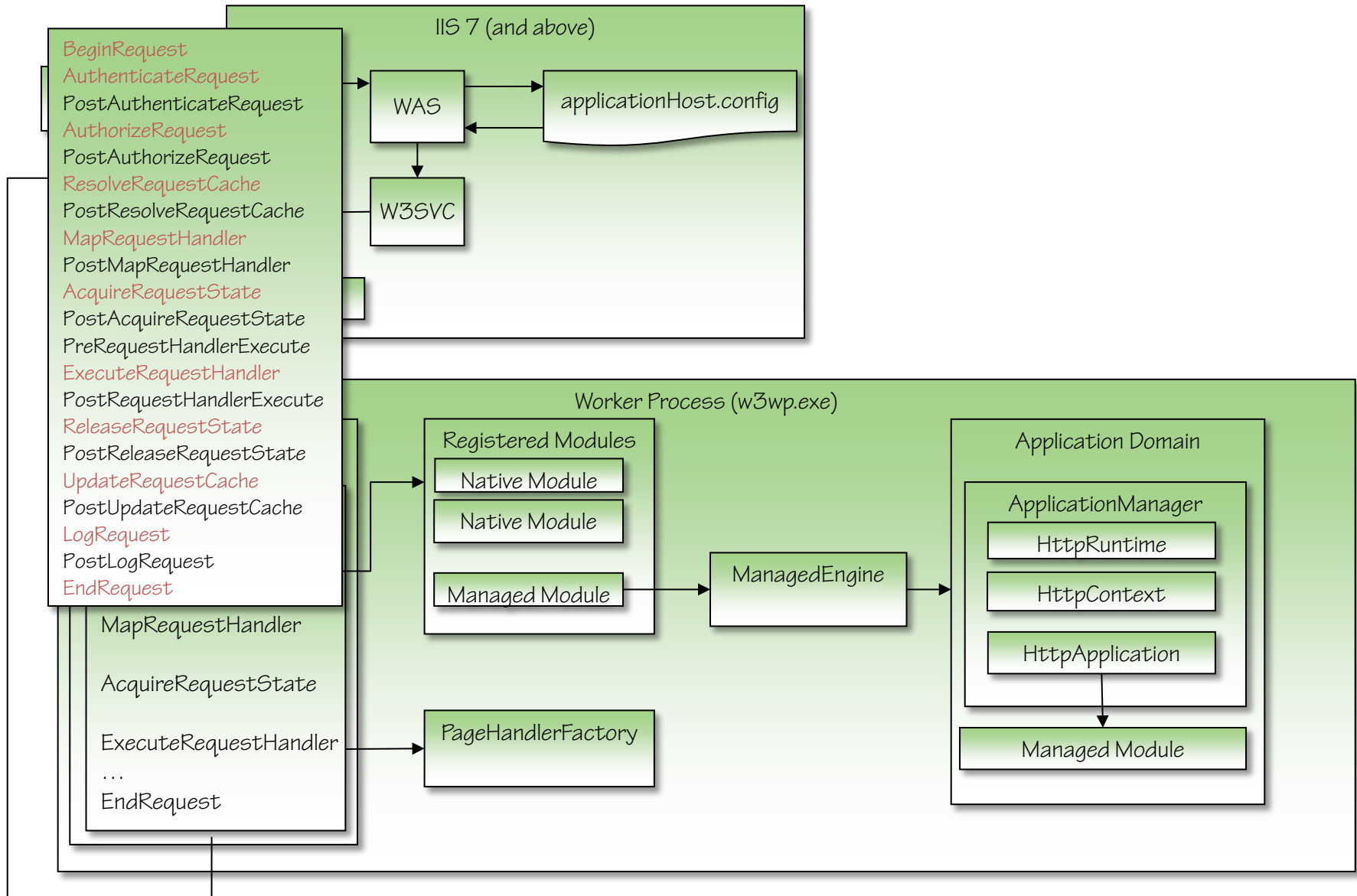
# Pre-Page Execution Architecture



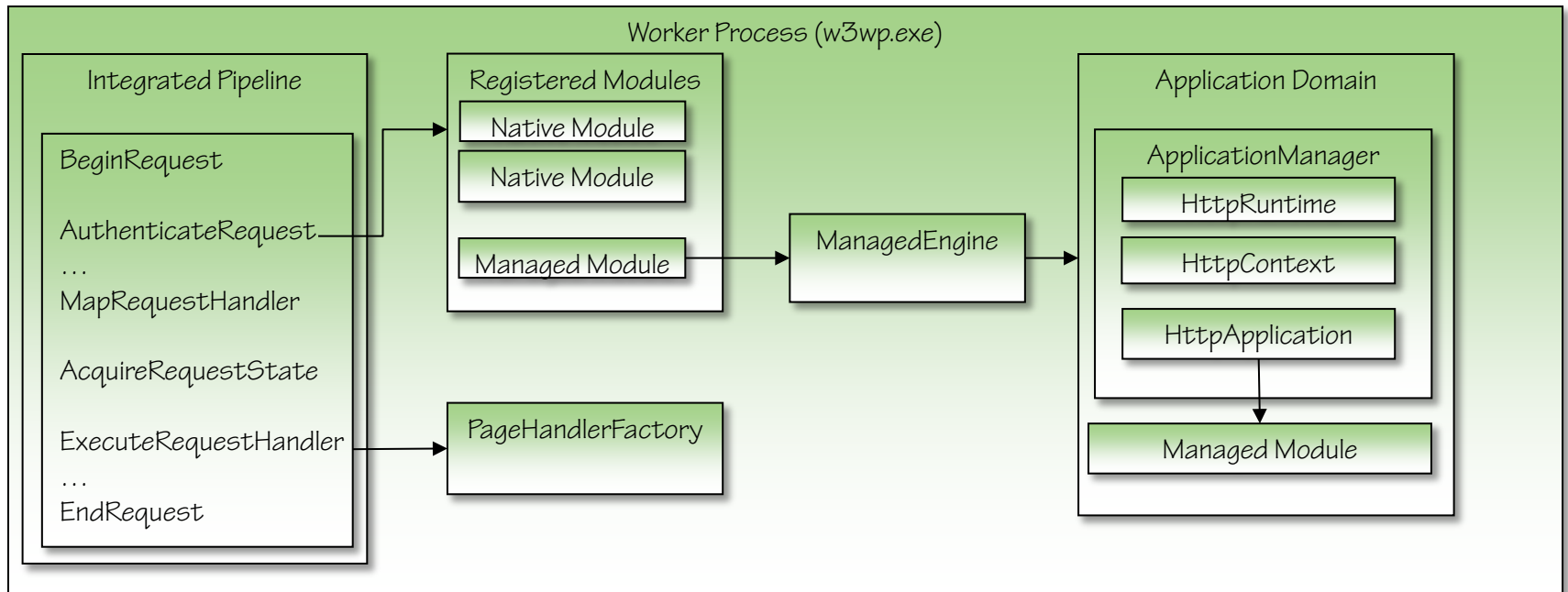
# A Request Hits IIS



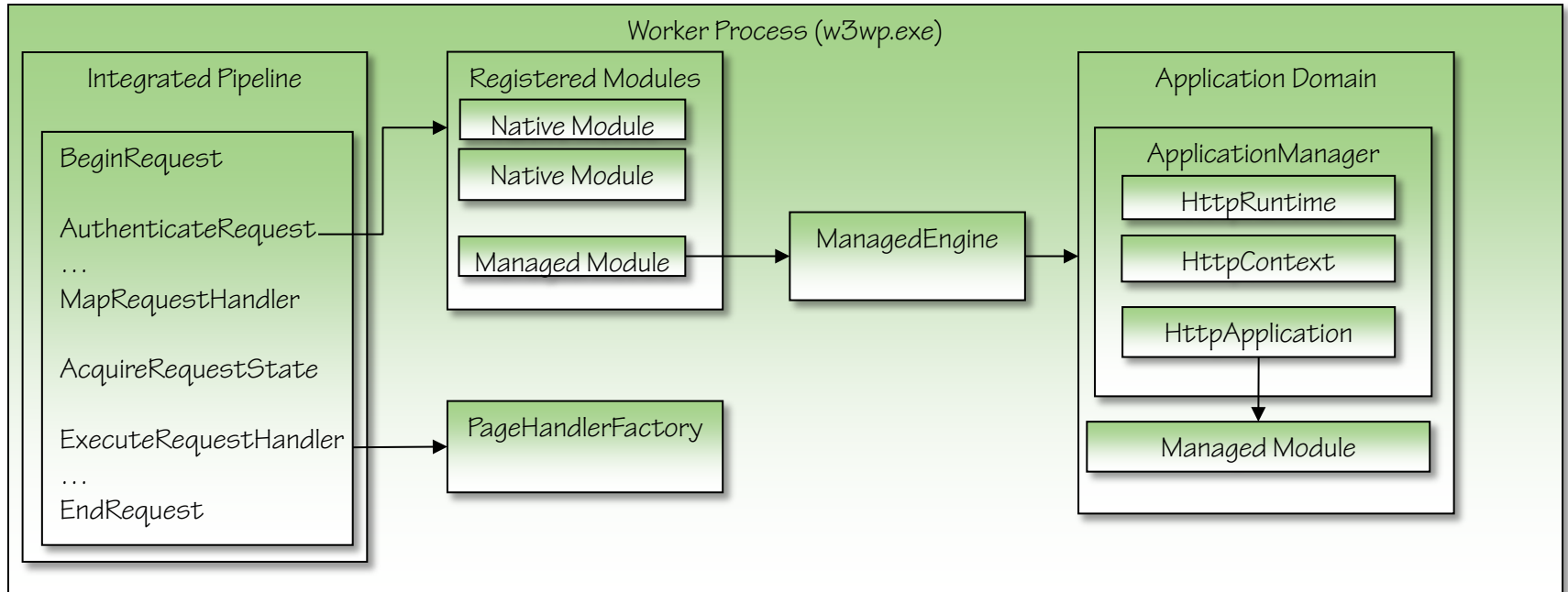
# Into the Integrated Pipeline



# Native and Managed Modules Kick In

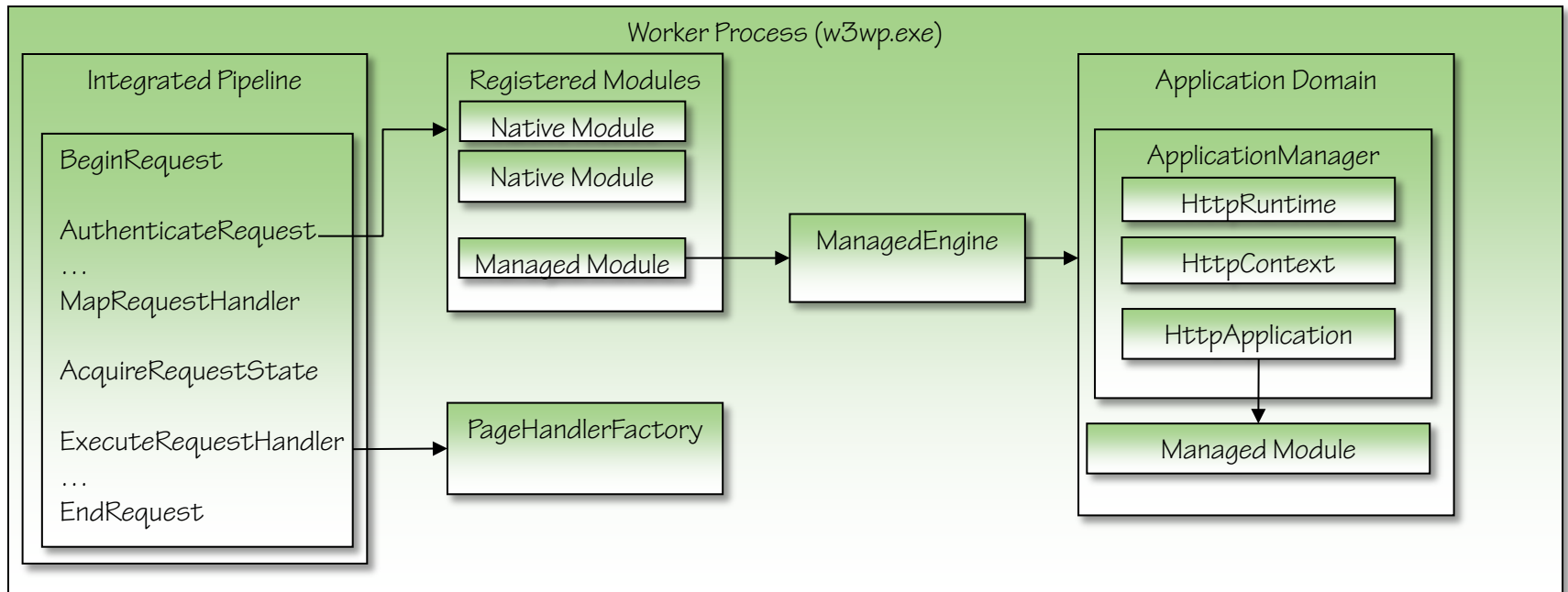


# The ManagedEngine Module Triggers ASP.NET Integration

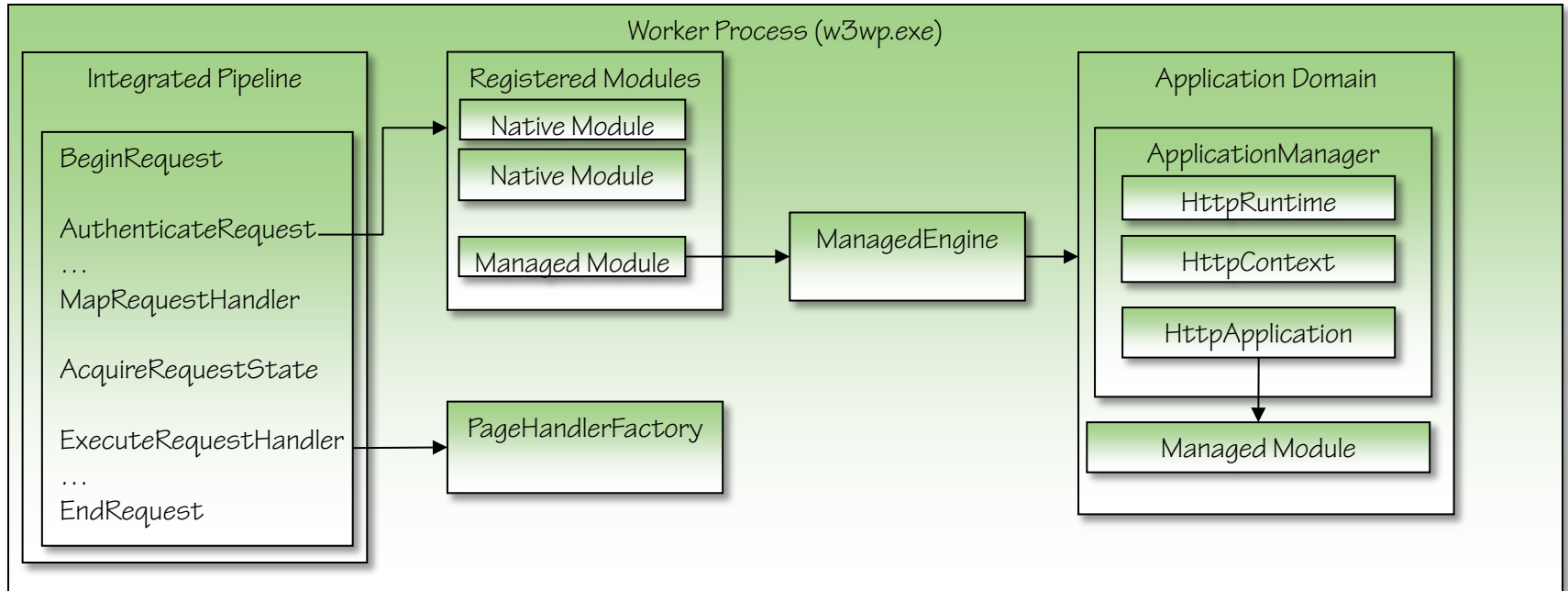




# The Application Domain is Created



# Request hits the Handler



## **...And the Page Execution Starts**

- **Finally! The Page Lifecycle beings**
- **This will be discussed in the next modules**

# The IIS Classic Mode (IIS 6.0)



## Application Pools

This page lets you view and manage application pools, which provide isolation among different applications.

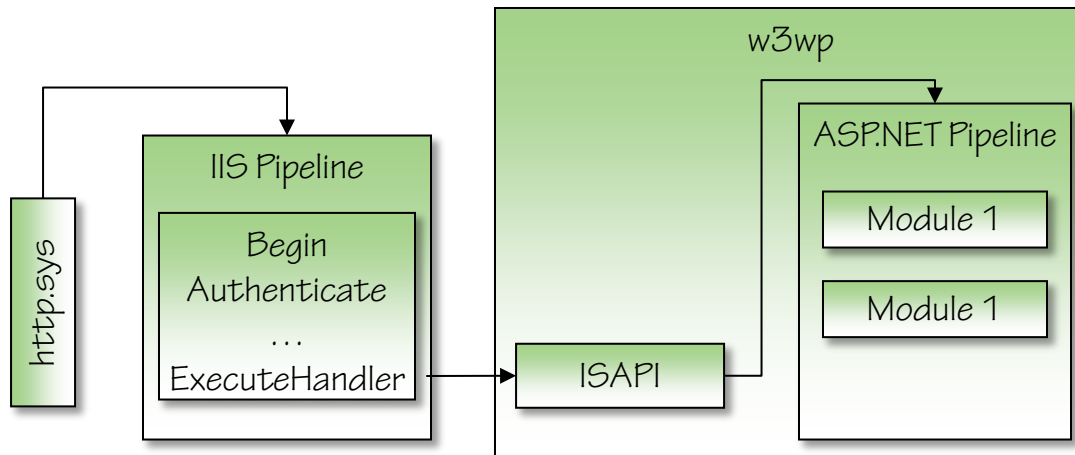
Filter:

Name	Status
DefaultAppPool	Started

Advanced Settings

(General)

.NET Framework Version	v4.0
Enable 32-Bit Applications	False
Managed Pipeline Mode	Integrated
Name	Integrated
Queue Length	Classic
Start Automatically	True



- **Advantages of the integrated mode:**
  - improved performance / no longer need to load the ISAPI extension to handle ASP.NET code
  - Managed Modules can be used to process non-ASP.NET files

# Recap and Takeaways

- **A request is picked up by http.sys, gets configured by W3SVC, WAS, and applicationHost.config**
  - Takeaway #1: svchost.exe is essential for ASP.NET operation
  - Takeaway #2: applicationHost.config holds important config info
- **Request reaches the integrated pipeline, which fires events. Native and Custom modules subscribe to these events**
  - Takeaway #3: treat module ordering with respect!
- **ManagedModule Engine handles ASP.NET integration. Managed modules are executed**
  - Takeaway #4: ManagedEngine native module is the most important module
  - Takeaway #5: HttpApplication manages the application
- **Requests hits the handler**
  - Takeaway #6: compiled aspx page is the actual handler
  - Takeaway #7: page lifecycle starts at this stage