

1372. Longest ZigZag Path in a Binary Tree

You are given the `root` of a binary tree.

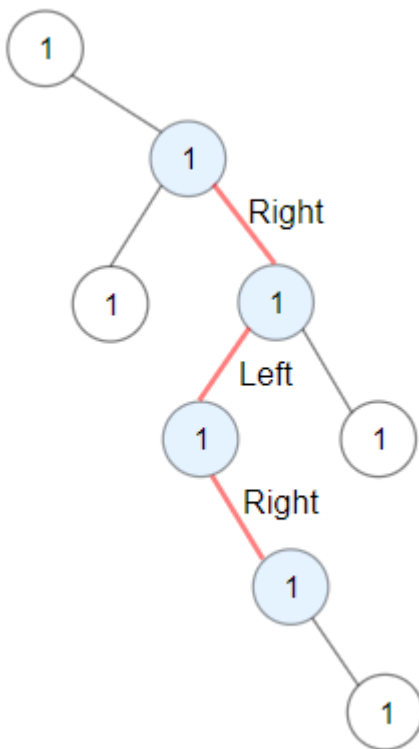
A ZigZag path for a binary tree is defined as follow:

- Choose **any** node in the binary tree and a direction (right or left).
- If the current direction is right, move to the right child of the current node; otherwise, move to the left child.
- Change the direction from right to left or from left to right.
- Repeat the second and third steps until you can't move in the tree.

Zigzag length is defined as the number of nodes visited - 1. (A single node has a length of 0).

Return *the longest **ZigZag** path contained in that tree.*

Example 1:

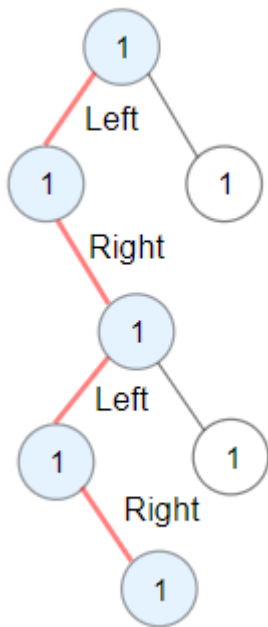


Input: `root = [1,null,1,1,1,null,null,1,1,null,1,null,null,null,1,null,1]`

Output: `3`

Explanation: Longest ZigZag path in blue nodes (right -> left -> right).

Example 2:



Input: root = [1,1,1,null,1,null,null,1,1,null,1]

Output: 4

Explanation: Longest ZigZag path in blue nodes (left -> right -> left -> right).

Example 3:

Input: root = [1]

Output: 0

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range [1, 5 * 10⁴].
- 1 <= Node.val <= 100

```
class Status:
    def __init__(self,a,b,c):
        self.forwardSlope = a
        self.backwardSlope = b
        self.maxLen = c
class Solution:
    def longestZigZag(self, root: Optional[TreeNode]) -> int:
        if root is None:
            return 0
        ans = self.longestZigZagHelper(root)
        return ans.maxLen

    def longestZigZagHelper(self,root):
```

```
    if root is None:
        return Status(-1,-1,0)
    leftStatus = self.longestZigZagHelper(root.left)
    rightStatus = self.longestZigZagHelper(root.right)
    maxLength =
max(max(leftStatus.maxLen, rightStatus.maxLen), max(leftStatus.backwardSlope, r
ightStatus.forwardSlope)+1)
    forward = leftStatus.backwardSlope+1
    backward = rightStatus.forwardSlope+1
    return Status(forward,backward,maxLength)
```