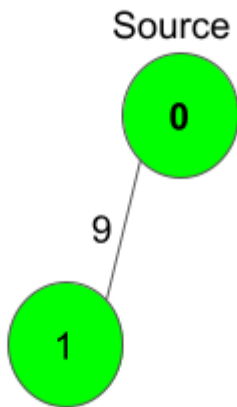


Dijkstra Algorithm

Given a weighted, undirected and connected graph of V vertices and E edges, Find the shortest distance of all the vertex's from the source vertex S .

Note: The Graph doesn't contain any negative weight cycle.



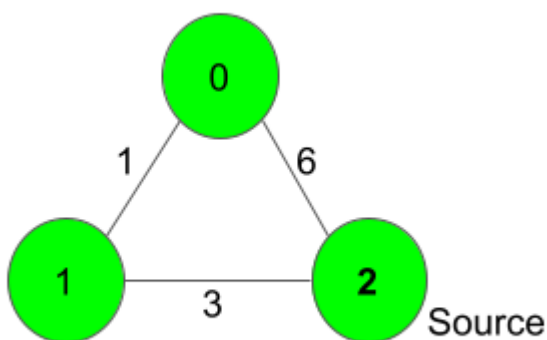
```
S = 0
```

```
Output:
```

```
0 9
```

```
Explanation:
```

```
Shortest distance of all nodes from  
source is printed.
```



```
Output:
```

```
4 3 0
```

```
Explanation:
```

```
For nodes 2 to 0, we can follow the path-  
2-1-0. This has a distance of 1+3 = 4,  
whereas the path 2-0 has a distance of 6. So,
```

the Shortest path from 2 to 0 is 4.

The other distances are pretty straight-forward.

```
``````Python
import heapq
class Solution:

 #Function to find the shortest distance of all the vertices
 #from the source vertex S.
 def dijkstra(self, V, adj, S):
 #code here
 visited = [False]*V
 heap = []
 cost = [0]*V
 heap.append((0,S))
 while len(heap):
 weigth,node = heapq.heappop(heap)
 if visited[node]==True:
 continue
 visited[node] = True
 cost[node] = weigth
 for nbr in adj[node]:
 tempNode,wt = nbr
 if visited[tempNode]==False:
 heapq.heappush(heap, (weigth+wt,tempNode))
 return cost
```