Prefix Evaluation And Conversions

- 1. You are given a prefix expression.
- 2. You are required to evaluate it and print it's value.
- 3. You are required to convert it to infix and print it.
- 4. You are required to convert it to postfix and print it.

Note -> Use brackets in infix expression for indicating precedence. Check sample input output for more details.

Input Format

Input is managed for you

Output Format

value, a number

infix

prefix

Constraints

- 1. Expression is a valid prefix expression
- *2. The only operators used are +, -, , /
- 3. All operands are single digit numbers.

Sample Input

*-+2/6483

Sample Output

2

```
((2+((6*4)/8))-3)
```

264*8/+3-

Bas isme logic yeh hai ki hume back se traverse karna hota hai hai and first pop is first element itself unlike in last 2 notations where first pop was

second element

```
def preToInPost(string):
    post = []
    infix = []

for i in range(len(string)-1,-1,-1):
        ch = string[i]
```

```
if ch in {'+','-','*','/'}:
    inv1 = infix.pop()
    inv2 = infix.pop()
    temp1 = '('+inv1+ch+inv2+')'
    infix.append(temp1)

pos1 = post.pop()
    pos2 = post.pop()
    temp2 = pos1+pos2+ch
    post.append(temp2)
else:
    post.append(ch)
    infix.append(ch)
    return post[-1],infix[-1]
string = '-+2/*6483'

print(preToInPost(string))
```