## 1099. Two Sum Less Than K

Given an array  $\mathbb A$  of integers and integer  $\mathbb K$ , return the maximum  $\mathbb S$  such that there exists  $\mathbb i < \mathbb j$  with  $\mathbb A[\mathbb i] + \mathbb A[\mathbb j] = \mathbb S$  and  $\mathbb S < \mathbb K$ . If no  $\mathbb i$ ,  $\mathbb j$  exist satisfying this equation, return -1.

## Example 1:

**Input:** A = [34,23,1,24,75,33,54,8], K = 60

Output: 58 Explanation:

We can use 34 and 24 to sum 58 which is less than 60.

## Example 2:

**Input:** A = [10,20,30], K = 15

Output: -1 Explanation:

In this case it's not possible to get a pair sum less that 15.

## Note:

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1. 1 <= A.length <= 100
2. \left[ 1 \le A[i] \le 1000 \right]
3. `` 1 <= K <= 2000 ````Python
  def sumlessThanK(arr,k):
  arr.sort()
  i=0
  j = len(arr)-1
  s = -1
  while i<j:
  temp = arr[i]+arr[j]
  if temp<k:
  s = max(s,temp)
  i = i+1
  else:
  j = j-1
  return s
```