

# Count the number of possible triangles

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Given an unsorted array **arr[]** of **n** positive integers. Find the number of triangles that can be formed with three different array elements as lengths of three sides of triangles.

## Example 1:

```
Input:
n = 3
arr[] = {3, 5, 4}
Output:
1
Explanation:
A triangle is possible
with all the elements 5, 3 and 4.
```

## Example 2:

```
Input:
n = 5
arr[] = {6, 4, 9, 7, 8}
Output:
10
Explanation:
There are 10 triangles
possible with the given elements like
(6,4,9), (6,7,8),...
```

## Your Task:

This is a function problem. You only need to complete the function **findNumberOfTriangles\*\*()** that takes **arr[]** and **n** as input parameters and returns the count of total possible triangles.

**Expected Time Complexity:**  $O(n^2)$ .

**Expected Space Complexity:**  $O(1)$ .

## Constraints:

$3 \leq n \leq 10^3$

$1 \leq arr[i] \leq 10^3$

```
class Solution:
    #Function to count the number of possible triangles.
    def findNumberOfTriangles(self, arr, n):
        #code here
        arr.sort(reverse = True)
```

```
count = 0
n = len(arr)-1
for i in range(len(arr)):
    target = arr[i]
    j = i+1
    k = n
    while j<k:
        temp = arr[j]+arr[k]
        if temp>target:
            count+=k-j
            j = j+1
        else:
            k-=1

return count
```