

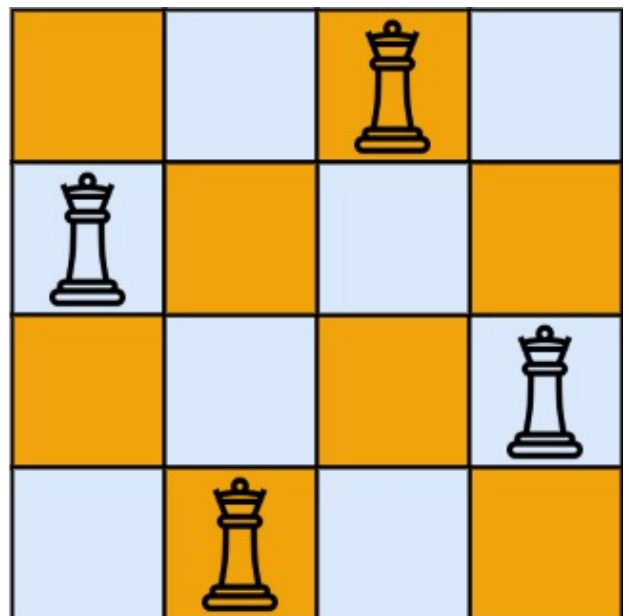
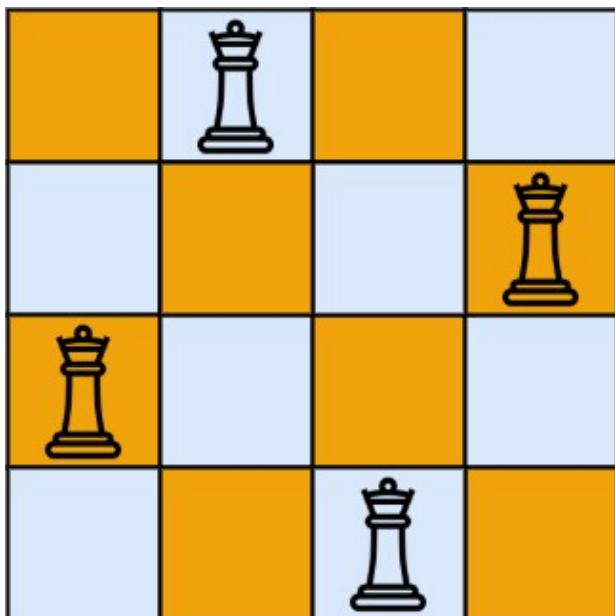
# 51. N-Queens

The **n-queens** puzzle is the problem of placing `n` queens on an `n x n` chessboard such that no two queens attack each other.

Given an integer `n`, return *all distinct solutions to the n-queens puzzle*. You may return the answer in **any order**.

Each solution contains a distinct board configuration of the n-queens' placement, where `'Q'` and `'.'` both indicate a queen and an empty space, respectively.

**Example 1:**



Input: `n = 4`

Output: `[[".Q..", "...Q", "Q...", "..Q."], ["..Q.", "Q...", "...Q", ".Q.."]]`

Explanation: There exist two **distinct** solutions to the 4-queens puzzle as shown above

**Example 2:**

Input: `n = 1`

Output: `[["Q"]]`

```
class Solution:
    def solveNQueens(self, n: int) -> List[List[str]]:
        chess = [[0]*n for i in range(n)]
        res = []
```

```

        self.placeQueen(chess, res, 0)
    return res

def placeQueen(self, chess, res, row):
    if row == len(chess):
        res2 = []
        for i in range(len(chess)):
            temp = ''
            for j in range(len(chess)):
                if chess[i][j] == 1:
                    temp = temp + 'Q'
                else:
                    temp = temp + '.'
            res2.append(temp)
        res.append(res2)
        return

    for col in range(len(chess)):
        if self.isSafe(chess, row, col) is True:
            chess[row][col] = 1
            self.placeQueen(chess, res, row + 1)
            chess[row][col] = 0

def isSafe(self, chess, row, col):
    #Vertically Upward
    i = row - 1
    while i >= 0:
        if chess[i][col] == 1:
            return False
        i = i - 1

    j = col - 1
    i = row - 1
    #Diagonal Left
    while i >= 0 and j >= 0:
        if chess[i][j] == 1:
            return False
        i = i - 1
        j = j - 1

```

```
#Diagonal Right
i = row-1
j = col+1
while i>=0 and j<len(chess):
    if chess[i][j]==1:
        return False
    i = i-1
    j = j+1
return True
```