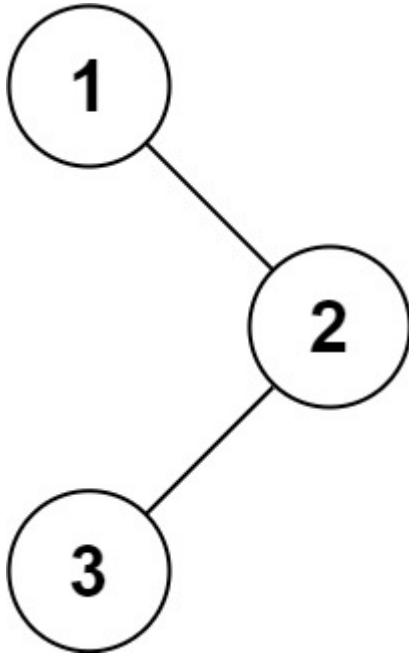


144. Binary Tree Preorder Traversal

Given the `root` of a binary tree, return *the preorder traversal of its nodes' values*.

Example 1:



Input: `root = [1,null,2,3]`

Output: `[1,2,3]`

Ex2:

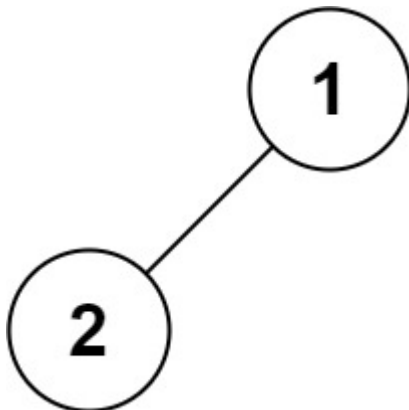
Input: `root = []`

Output: `[]`

ex3:

Input: `root = [1]`

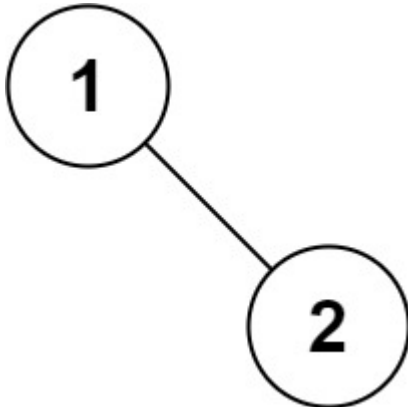
Output: `[1]`



Input: root = [1,2]

Output: [1,2]

Example 5:



Input: root = [1,null,2]

Output: [1,2]

```
class Pair:
    def __init__(self,node,state):
        self.node = node
        self.state = state
class Solution:
    def preorderTraversal(self, root: TreeNode) -> List[int]:
        if root is None:
            return
        pair = Pair(root,1)
        stack = [pair]
        res = []
        while len(stack)>0:
            temp= stack[-1]
            if temp.state==1:
                res.append(temp.node.val)
                temp.state = temp.state +1
                if temp.node.left:
                    stack.append(Pair(temp.node.left,1))
            elif temp.state==2:
                temp.state = temp.state +1
                if temp.node.right:
                    stack.append(Pair(temp.node.right,1))
            else:
                stack.pop()
        return res
```

```
def preorderTraversal(self, root):  
    """  
    :type root: TreeNode  
    :rtype: List[int]  
    """  
    if not root: []  
    res, stack = [], [root]  
    while stack:  
        node = stack.pop()  
        if node:  
            res.append(node.val)  
            stack.append(node.right)  
            stack.append(node.left)  
    return res
```