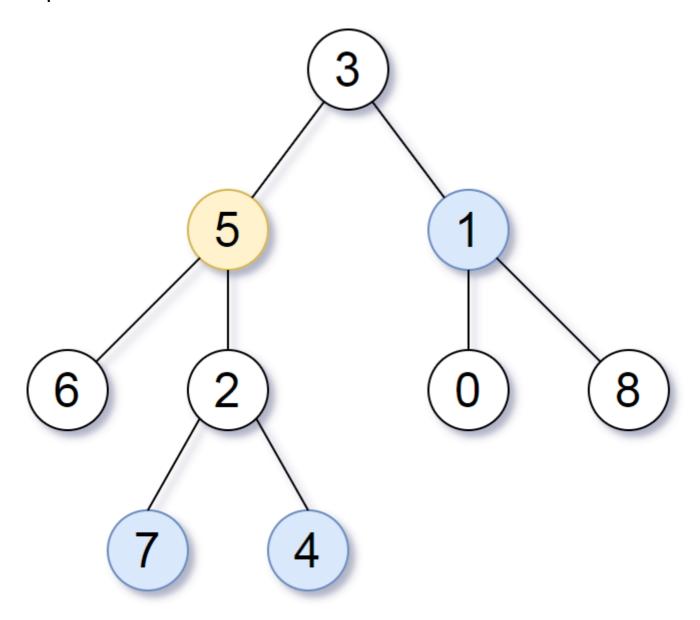
863. All Nodes Distance K in Binary Tree

Given the root of a binary tree, the value of a target node target, and an integer k, return an array of the values of all nodes that have a distance k from the target node.

You can return the answer in any order.

Example 1:



```
Input: root = [3,5,1,6,2,0,8,null,null,7,4], target = 5, k = 2
Output: [7,4,1]
Explanation: The nodes that are a distance 2 from the target node (with value 5) have values 7, 4, and 1.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: root = [1], target = 1, k = 3
Output: []
```

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree is in the range [1, 500].
- 0 <= Node.val <= 500
- All the values Node.val are unique.
- target is the value of one of the nodes in the tree.
- 0 <= k <= 1000

```
class Solution:
   def distanceK(self, root: TreeNode, target: TreeNode, k: int) ->
List[int]:
        if root is None:
           return []
        res = []
        self.nodeToRootPath(root, res, target)
        ans = []
        # print(res)
        while i <= k and i < len (res):
            temp = []
            refNode = None if i==0 else res[i-1]
            self.KdownNodes(res[i], refNode, k-i, temp)
            ans = ans + temp
            i+=1
        return ans
    def nodeToRootPath(self,root,res,target):
        if root is None:
            return False
        if root.val == target.val:
            res.append(root)
            return True
        if self.nodeToRootPath(root.left,res,target) or \
        self.nodeToRootPath(root.right, res, target):
            res.append(root)
            return True
        return False
```

```
def KdownNodes(self,root,refNode,k,res):
        if root is None or k<0 or root == refNode:
            return
        if k==0:
            res.append(root.val)
            return
        self.KdownNodes(root.left, refNode, k-1, res)
        self.KdownNodes(root.right, refNode, k-1, res)
# Definition for a binary tree node.
# class TreeNode:
# def init (self, x):
          self.val = x
         self.left = None
          self.right = None
class Solution:
   def distanceK(self, root: TreeNode, target: TreeNode, k: int) ->
List[int]:
       if root is None:
           return []
        ans = []
        self.distnceKHelper(root, target, k, ans)
        return ans
    def distnceKHelper(self,root,target,k,ans):
        if root is None:
           return -1
        if root.val==target.val:
            self.KdownNodes(root, None, k, ans)
            return 1
        ld = self.distnceKHelper(root.left, target, k, ans)
            self.KdownNodes(root, root.left, k-ld, ans)
            1d=1d+1
            return ld
        rd = self.distnceKHelper(root.right, target, k, ans)
            self.KdownNodes(root, root.right, k-rd, ans)
```

rd=rd+1 return rd

```
def KdownNodes(self,root,refNode,k,res):
    if root is None or k<0 or root == refNode:
        return
    if k==0:
        res.append(root.val)
        return
    self.KdownNodes(root.left,refNode,k-1,res)
    self.KdownNodes(root.right,refNode,k-1,res)</pre>
```