132. Palindrome Partitioning II

Given a string s, partition s such that every substring of the partition is a palindrome.

Return the minimum cuts needed for a palindrome partitioning of s.

Example 1:

```
Input: s = "aab"
Output: 1
Explanation: The palindrome partitioning ["aa", "b"] could be produced
using 1 cut.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: s = "a"
Output: 0
```

Example 3:

```
Input: s = "ab"
Output: 1
```

Constraints:

- 1 <= s.length <= 2000
- s consists of lower-case English letters only. cg

The below method is O(N³)

```
import sys
def palindromicPartition(s):
    dp = [[False] * len(s) for _ in range(len(s))]
    for gap in range(len(s)):
        i = 0
        j = gap
        while j < len(s):
            if gap == 0:
                dp[i][j] = True
        elif gap == 1:
                dp[i][j] = s[i] == s[j]</pre>
```

```
else:
            if s[i] == s[j] and dp[i + 1][j - 1]:
                dp[i][j] = True
        i = i+1
        j = j+1
storage = [[0] * len(s) for in range(len(s))]
for gap in range(len(s)):
    i = 0
    j = gap
    while j < len(s):</pre>
        if gap == 0:
            storage[i][j] = 0
        elif gap == 1:
            if s[i] == s[j]:
                storage[i][j] = 0
            else:
                storage[i][j] = 1
        else:
            if s[i] == s[j] and dp[i + 1][j - 1]:
                storage[i][j] = 0
            else:
                if dp[i][j]:
                    storage[i][j] = 0
                else:
                    temp = sys.maxsize
                     for k in range(i,j):
                         left = storage[i][k]
                         right = storage[k+1][j]
                         temp = min(temp,left+right+1)
                    storage[i][j] = temp
        i = i+1
        j = j+1
return storage[0][-1]
```

Below is O(N^2) method

```
import sys
```

```
def palindromicPartition(s):
    dp = [[False] * len(s) for in range(len(s))]
    for gap in range(len(s)):
        i = 0
        j = gap
        while j < len(s):
            if gap == 0:
                dp[i][j] = True
            elif gap == 1:
                dp[i][j] = s[i] == s[j]
                if s[i] == s[j] and dp[i + 1][j - 1]:
                dp[i][j] = True
            i = i + 1
            j = j + 1
    storage = [0] * len(s)
    storage[0] = 0
    for j in range(1, len(s)):
        if dp[0][j]:
           storage[j] = 0
        else:
           temp = sys.maxsize
            for i in range(j, 0, -1):
                if dp[i][j]:
                   temp = min(temp, storage[i - 1])
            storage[j] = temp + 1
   return storage[-1]
    # print(storage)
s = "abccbc"
print(palindromicPartition(s))
```