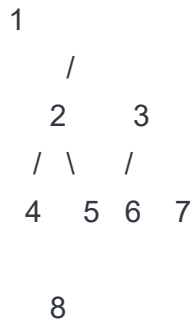


Right View of Binary Tree (GFG)

Given a Binary Tree, find **Right view** of it. Right view of a Binary Tree is set of nodes visible when tree is viewed from **right** side.

Right view of following tree is 1 3 7 8.



```
class Solution:
    #Function to return list containing elements of right view of binary
    tree.

    def rightView(self,root):

        # code here
        res=[]
        seen = set()
        helper(root,res,0,seen)
        return res

def helper(root,res,level,seen):
    if root is None:
        return
    if level not in seen:
        seen.add(level)
        res.append(root.data)
    helper(root.right,res,level+1,seen)
    helper(root.left,res,level+1,seen)
```

Second Approach:

```
def rightSideView(self, root):
    deque = collections.deque()
    if root:
        deque.append(root)
```

```

res = []
while deque:
    size, val = len(deque), 0
    for _ in range(size):
        node = deque.popleft()
        val = node.val # store last value in each level
        if node.left:
            deque.append(node.left)
        if node.right:
            deque.append(node.right)
    res.append(val)
return res

```

```

import queue
class Solution:
    #Function to return list containing elements of right view of binary tree.
    def rightView(self, root):

        # code here
        ans = []
        queue = deque()

        if root is None:
            return []
        queue.appendleft(root)

        while True:
            n = len(queue)
            if n==0:
                break
            count = 0
            while count<n:
                temp = queue.popleft()
                if count==n-1:
                    ans.append(temp.data)
                if temp.left:
                    queue.append(temp.left)
                if temp.right:
                    queue.append(temp.right)
                count = count+1
            return ans

```