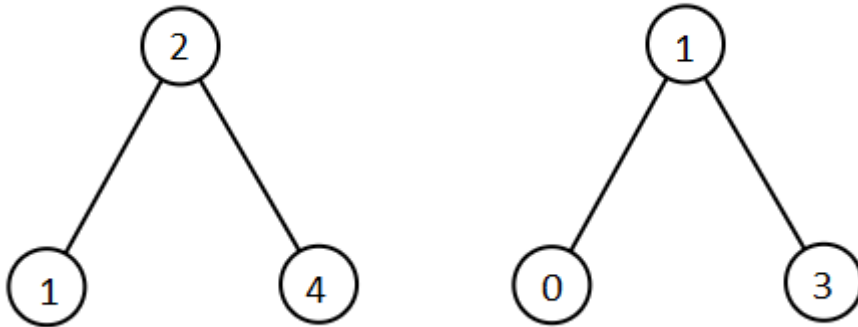


1305. All Elements in Two Binary Search Trees

Given two binary search trees `root1` and `root2`.

Return a list containing *all the integers* from *both trees* sorted in **ascending** order.

Example 1:



Input: `root1 = [2,1,4]`, `root2 = [1,0,3]`

Output: `[0,1,1,2,3,4]`

Example 2:

Input: `root1 = [0,-10,10]`, `root2 = [5,1,7,0,2]`

Output: `[-10,0,0,1,2,5,7,10]`

Example 3:

Input: `root1 = []`, `root2 = [5,1,7,0,2]`

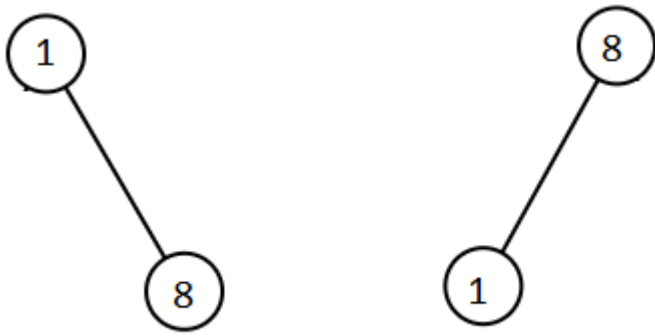
Output: `[0,1,2,5,7]`

Example 4:

Input: `root1 = [0,-10,10]`, `root2 = []`

Output: `[-10,0,10]`

Example 5:



Input: root1 = [1,null,8], root2 = [8,1]

Output: [1,1,8,8]

```
class Solution:
    def getAllElements(self, root1: TreeNode, root2: TreeNode) ->
List[int]:
    tree1 = self.helper(root1, [])
    tree2 = self.helper(root2, [])
    if tree1 is None:
        n = 0
    else:
        n = len(tree1)
    if tree2 is None:
        m = 0
    else:
        m = len(tree2)
    # m = len(tree2)
    res = [0]*(n+m)
    i = 0
    j = 0
    k = 0
    while k<len(res) and i<n and j<m:
        if tree1[i]<=tree2[j]:
            res[k] = tree1[i]
            i = i+1
        elif tree1[i]>tree2[j]:
            res[k] = tree2[j]
            j = j+1
        k = k+1
    while i<n:
        res[k] = tree1[i]
        k = k+1
        i = i+1
    while j<m:
```

```
        res[k] = tree2[j]
        k = k+1
        j = j+1
    return res
```

```
def helper(self, root, elements):
    if root is None:
        return
    self.helper(root.left, elements)
    elements.append(root.val)
    self.helper(root.right, elements)
    return elements
```