# maximum sum such that no 2 elements are adjacent

Stickler the thief wants to loot money from a society having **n** houses in a single line. He is a weird person and follows a certain **rule** when looting the houses. According to the rule, he will **never loot two consecutive houses**. At the same time, he wants to **maximize** the amount he **loots**. The thief knows which house has what amount of money but is unable to come up with an optimal looting strategy. He asks for your help to **find the maximum money he can get** if he strictly **follows** the **rule**. Each house has **a[i]**\*\* amount of money\*\* present in it.

## Example 1:

Input: n = 6

 $a[] = \{5,5,10,100,10,5\}$ 

**Output:** 110 **Explanation:** 5+100+5=110

### Example 2:

**Input:** n = 3 a[] =  $\{1,2,3\}$ 

Output: 4 Explanation: 1+3=4

# Your Task:

Complete the function \*\*FindMaxSum() \*\*which takes an array **arr[]** and **n** as input which returns the maximum money he can get following the rules

**Expected Time Complexity:** O(N). **Expected Space Complexity:** O(N).

### Constraints:

```
1 <= n <= 104
1 <= a[i] <= 104
```

```
def FindMaxSum(self,arr, n):
    # code here
    if n<3:
        return max(arr)
    dp = [0]*(n+1)
    dp[0] = 0
    dp[1] = arr[0]</pre>
```

```
dp[2] = max(arr[0], arr[1])
for i in range(3, n+1):
    dp[i] = max(arr[i-1]+max(dp[i-2], dp[i-3]), dp[i-1])
return dp[n]
```