

647. Palindromic Substrings

Given a string `s`, return *the number of **palindromic substrings** in it*.

A string is a **palindrome** when it reads the same backward as forward.

A **substring** is a contiguous sequence of characters within the string.

Example 1:

Input: `s = "abc"`

Output: `3`

Explanation: Three palindromic strings: `"a"`, `"b"`, `"c"`.

Example 2:

Input: `s = "aaa"`

Output: `6`

Explanation: Six palindromic strings: `"a"`, `"a"`, `"a"`, `"aa"`, `"aa"`, `"aaa"`.

Constraints:

- `1 <= s.length <= 1000`
- `s` consists of lowercase English letters.

```
def countSubstrings(self, s: str) -> int:
    dp = [[False]*len(s) for _ in range(len(s))]
    count = 0
    for gap in range(len(s)):
        i = 0
        j = gap

        while j<len(s):
            if gap==0:
                dp[i][j] = True
            elif gap==1:
                dp[i][j] = s[i]==s[j]
            else:
                if s[i]==s[j] and dp[i+1][j-1]:
                    dp[i][j] = True
                else:
                    pass
            i += 1
            j += 1
    return count
```

```
        dp[i][j] = False
    if dp[i][j]==True:
        count =count+1
        i  = i+1
        j  = j+1
return count
```