

# Longest subarray with sum divisible by K

Given an array containing **N** integers and a positive integer **K**, find the length of the longest sub array with sum of the elements divisible by the given value **K**.

## Example 1:

```
Input: A[] = {2, 7, 6, 1, 4, 5}
K = 3
Output: 4
Explanation: The subarray is {7, 6, 1, 4}
with sum 18, which is divisible by 3.
```

## Example 2:

```
Input: A[] = {-2, 2, -5, 12, -11, -1, 7}
K = 3
Output: 5
Explanation: The subarray is {2, -5, 12, -11, -1} with
sum -3, which is divisible by 3.
```

## Your Task:

The input is already taken care of by the driver code. You only need to complete the function **longSubarrWthSumDivByK()** that takes an array (**arr**), sizeOfArray (**n**), positive integer **K**, and return the length of the longest subarray which has sum divisible by **K**. The driver code takes care of the printing.

**Expected Time Complexity:**  $O(N)$ .

**Expected Auxiliary Space:**  $O(N)$

```
class Solution:
    def longSubarrWthSumDivByK (self,nums, n, k) :
        #Complete the function
        freq = {}
        prefix = 0
        freq[0] = -1
        count = 0
        for i,ele in enumerate(nums):
            prefix+=ele
            rem = prefix%k
            if rem<0:
                rem = rem+k
```

```
#To make sure we deal with negative remainders.  
Like -3 is remainder then -3+7 is 4 and another  
occurences of 4 will result in an arr but if we  
look for -3 again that would mean we are wanting the sub-  
array whose sum is 0.  
if rem in freq:  
    count = max(count,i-freq[rem])  
else:  
    freq[rem] = i  
  
return count
```