57. Insert Interval

You are given an array of non-overlapping intervals <code>intervals</code> where <code>intervals[i] = [start_i, end_i] represent the start and the end of the <code>ith</code> interval and <code>intervals</code> is sorted in ascending order by <code>start_i</code>. You are also given an interval <code>newInterval = [start, end]</code> that represents the start and end of another interval.</code>

Insert newInterval into intervals such that intervals is still sorted in ascending order by start_i and intervals still does not have any overlapping intervals (merge overlapping intervals if necessary).

Return intervals after the insertion.

Example 1:

```
Input: intervals = [[1,3],[6,9]], newInterval = [2,5]
Output: [[1,5],[6,9]]
```

Example 2:

```
Input: intervals = [[1,2],[3,5],[6,7],[8,10],[12,16]], newInterval = [4,8] Output: [[1,2],[3,10],[12,16]]
Explanation: Because the new interval `[4,8]` overlaps with `[3,5],[6,7],[8,10]`.
```

Example 3:

```
Input: intervals = [], newInterval = [5,7]
Output: [[5,7]]
```

Example 4:

```
Input: intervals = [[1,5]], newInterval = [2,3]
Output: [[1,5]]
```

Example 5:

```
Input: intervals = [[1,5]], newInterval = [2,7]
Output: [[1,7]]
```

Constraints:

• 0 <= intervals.length <= 10⁴

```
• intervals[i].length == 2
```

- 0 <= start_i <= end_i <= 10⁵
- intervals is sorted by start(sub)i(/sub) in ascending order.
- newInterval.length == 2
- 0 <= start <= end <= 10⁵

```
class Solution:
    def insert(self, intervals: List[List[int]], newInterval: List[int]) ->
List[List[int]]:
        ans = []
        intervals.append(newInterval)
        intervals = sorted(intervals, key=lambda x:x[0])
        i = 0
        while i<len(intervals):</pre>
            if i==0:
                ans.append(intervals[i])
            else:
                if ans[-1][1]>=intervals[i][0]:
                     start = ans[-1][0]
                    temp = \max(ans[-1][1], intervals[i][1])
                    ans.pop()
                    ans.append([start,temp])
                else:
                    ans.append(intervals[i])
            i+=1
        return ans
```