Employee DB

Write a query that prints a list of employee names (i.e.: the *name* attribute) for employees in **Employee** having a salary greater than per month who have been employees for less than months. Sort your result by ascending *employee_id*.

Input Format

The **Employee** table containing employee data for a company is described as follows:

Column	Type
employee_id	Integer
name	String
months	Integer
salary	Integer

where *employee_id* is an employee's ID number, *name* is their name, *months* is the total number of months they've been working for the company, and *salary* is the their monthly salary.

Sample Input

employee_id	name	months	salary
12228	Rose	15	1968
33645	Angela	1	3443
45692	Frank	17	1608
56118	Patrick	7	1345
59725	Lisa	11	2330
74197	Kimberly	16	4372
78454	Bonnie	8	1771
83565	Michael	6	2017
98607	Todd	5	3396
99989	Joe	9	3573

Sample Output

```
Angela
Michael
Todd
Joe
```

Explanation

Angela has been an employee for month and earns per month.

Michael has been an employee for months and earns per month.

Todd has been an employee for months and earns per month.

Joe has been an employee for months and earns per month.

We order our output by ascending *employee_id*.

```sql
select name
from employee
where salary > 2000 and months < 10
order by employee_id asc
```