# Token sepreationi:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX LINES 100
#define MAX LENGTH 256
// Structure to hold variable information
typedef struct {
   char name[20];
    char value[20];
    int used; // Flag to indicate if the variable is used
} Variable;
// Global variables
Variable variables[MAX LINES];
int var count = 0;
int findVariable(char *name) {
    for (int i = 0; i < var count; i++) {
        if (strcmp(variables[i].name, name) == 0) {
            return i;
    return -1;
// Function to add or update a variable
void addOrUpdateVariable(char *name, char *value) {
    int index = findVariable(name);
    if (index !=-1) {
        strcpy(variables[index].value, value);
        variables[index].used = 1; // Mark as used
        strcpy(variables[var_count].name, name);
        strcpy(variables[var count].value, value);
```

```
variables[var count].used = 1; // Mark as used
       var count++;
/ Function to eliminate dead code
void deadCodeElimination() {
   printf("\nDead Code Elimination:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < var count; i++) {
        if (!variables[i].used) {
            printf("Removing unused variable: %s\n", variables[i].name);
        } else {
            printf("%s = %s\n", variables[i].name, variables[i].value);
// Function to perform common subexpression elimination
void commonSubexpressionElimination() {
   printf("\nCommon Subexpression Elimination:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < var count; i++) {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < var count; j++) {
            if (strcmp(variables[i].value, variables[j].value) == 0) {
                printf("Replacing %s with %s\n", variables[j].name,
variables[i].name);
                strcpy(variables[j].value, variables[i].name); // Replace
with common expression
void strengthReduction() {
   printf("\nStrength Reduction:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < var count; i++) {
        if (strstr(variables[i].value, "* 2") != NULL) { // Example of
strength reduction
            printf("Reducing: %s = %s\n", variables[i].name,
variables[i].value);
```

```
strcpy(variables[i].value, "shift_left"); // Replace
            printf("Strength Reduced: %s = %s\n", variables[i].name,
variables[i].value);
int main() {
    char line[MAX LENGTH];
   printf("Enter a simple C-like program (type 'END' to finish):\n");
   while (1) {
        fgets(line, sizeof(line), stdin);
        if (strcmp(line, "END\n") == 0) break;
       char var_name[20], op[3], value[20];
        // Example input: "a = b + c"
        if (sscanf(line, "%s %s %s", var name, op, value) == 3 \& \&
strcmp(op, "=") == 0) {
            addOrUpdateVariable(var name, value); // Add or update
variable with its value
    // Perform optimizations
    commonSubexpressionElimination();
    deadCodeElimination();
    strengthReduction();
```

## Symboltable:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include <ctype.h>
#define MAX SYMBOLS 100
#define MAX LINE LENGTH 256
typedef struct Symbol {
   char name[50];
   int address;
   char dataType[20]; // Data type of the identifier (e.g., int, float)
                        // Index for array-like structures
   int index;
   char value[50];
                        // Current value of the identifier
   char nextUse[50];
                        // Next use of the identifier
                        // Status (alive or dead)
   char status[10];
                        // Size of the identifier
   int size;
} Symbol;
Symbol symbolTable[MAX SYMBOLS];
int symbolCount = 0;
// Function to initialize the symbol table
void initializeSymbolTable() {
   symbolCount = 0;
// Function to insert a new symbol into the symbol table
int insertSymbol(char *name, char *dataType, int address, int index, char
*status, int size) {
   if (symbolCount >= MAX SYMBOLS) {
       printf("Error: Symbol table is full.\n");
       return -1;
   // Check for duplicate symbols
    for (int i = 0; i < symbolCount; i++) {</pre>
        if (strcmp(symbolTable[i].name, name) == 0) {
```

```
// Add new symbol
    strcpy(symbolTable[symbolCount].name, name);
    symbolTable[symbolCount].address = address;
    strcpy(symbolTable[symbolCount].dataType, dataType);
    symbolTable[symbolCount].index = index;
    strcpy(symbolTable[symbolCount].value, "undefined");
    strcpy(symbolTable[symbolCount].nextUse, "none");
    strcpy(symbolTable[symbolCount].status, status);
    symbolTable[symbolCount].size = size;
    symbolCount++;
    return 0;
// Function to display the symbol table
void displaySymbolTable() {
    printf("\nSymbol Table:\n");
printf("Name\t\tAddress\tDataType\tIndex\tValue\tNextUse\tStatus\tSize\n")
    for (int i = 0; i < symbolCount; i++) {</pre>
        printf("%s\t%d\t%s\t%d\t%s\t%s\t%s\t%d\n",
               symbolTable[i].name,
               symbolTable[i].address,
               symbolTable[i].dataType,
               symbolTable[i].index,
               symbolTable[i].value,
               symbolTable[i].nextUse,
               symbolTable[i].status,
               symbolTable[i].size);
// Function to parse the input C program and populate the symbol table
void parseCProgram(char *program) {
    char *line = strtok(program, "\n");
    int address = 0;
    while (line != NULL) {
```

```
char dataType[20];
       char name[50];
        int index = -1;
       char status[10] = "alive";
        int size = 0;
        if (line[0] == '#') {
            line = strtok(NULL, "\n");
            continue;
        // Check for variable declarations
        if (strstr(line, "int") != NULL || strstr(line, "float") != NULL
|| strstr(line, "char") != NULL) {
            sscanf(line, "%s %s", dataType, name);
            if (strstr(name, "[") != NULL) {
                char *arrayName = strtok(name, "[");
                char *sizeStr = strtok(NULL, "]");
                if (sizeStr != NULL) {
                    index = atoi(sizeStr); // Get the size of the array
                    insertSymbol(arrayName, dataType, address++, index,
"alive", index * sizeof(int)); // Assuming int size
                    line = strtok(NULL, "\n"); // Move to the next line
                    continue;
            insertSymbol(name, dataType, address++, index, "alive",
sizeof(int)); // Assuming int size for simplicity
       // Move to the next line
       line = strtok(NULL, "\n");
```

```
int main() {
    initializeSymbolTable();
    // Read C program input from the user
   char program[1024] = ""; // Initialize to empty string
    printf("Enter a C program (end with 'END'):\n");
    char line[MAX LINE LENGTH];
    while (1) {
        fgets(line, sizeof(line), stdin);
       if (strcmp(line, "END\n") == 0) {
           break;
       strcat(program, line);
   parseCProgram(program);
    displaySymbolTable();
    return 0;
}
```

# Sr parse:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <string.h>

#define MAX 100

char stack[MAX];
char input[MAX];
int top = -1;
int inputIndex = 0;
```

```
void push(char c) {
    if (top < MAX - 1) {
        stack[++top] = c;
    }
char pop() {
    if (top >= 0) {
        return stack[top--];
   return '\0';
void printStack() {
   printf("22bce0174\n");
   printf("$");
    for (int i = 0; i <= top; i++) {
        printf("%c", stack[i]);
    }
   printf("\t");
void shift() {
   printf("22bce0174\n");
   printf("SHIFT\t");
   push(input[inputIndex++]);
void reduce(char *rule) {
   printf("22bce0174\n");
   printf("REDUCE TO %s\t", rule);
    if (strcmp(rule, "E \rightarrow E + T") == 0) {
        pop(); // pop T
        pop(); // pop +
        pop(); // pop E
        push('E'); // push E
    } else if (strcmp(rule, "E \rightarrow T") == 0) {
        pop(); // pop T
        push('E'); // push E
```

```
} else if (strcmp(rule, "T \rightarrow T * F") == 0) {
        pop(); // pop F
        pop(); // pop *
        pop(); // pop T
        push('T'); // push T
    } else if (strcmp(rule, "T -> F") == 0) {
        pop(); // pop F
        push('T'); // push T
    } else if (strcmp(rule, "F -> id") == 0) {
        pop(); // pop id
        push('F'); // push F
    }
int parse() {
    while (1) {
       printStack();
        if (inputIndex < strlen(input)) {</pre>
            shift();
        } else if (top >= 2 && stack[top] == 'T' && stack[top - 1] == '+'
&& stack[top - 2] == 'E') {
            reduce("E -> E + T");
        } else if (top >= 1 && stack[top] == 'T') {
            reduce("E -> T");
        } else if (top >= 2 && stack[top] == 'F' && stack[top - 1] == '*'
&& stack[top - 2] == 'T') {
            reduce("T -> T * F");
        } else if (top >= 0 && stack[top] == 'F') {
            reduce("T -> F");
        } else if (top >= 0 && stack[top] == 'a') { // Assuming 'id' is
represented as 'a'
            reduce("F -> id");
        } else if (top >= 0 && stack[top] == 'b') { // Assuming 'id' is
represented as 'b'
            reduce("F -> id");
        } else if (top == 0 && stack[top] == 'E' && inputIndex >=
strlen(input)) {
            printStack();
            printf("22bce0174\nACCEPT\n");
```

```
return 1;
} else {
    printStack();
    printf("22bce0174\nERROR\n");
    return 0;
}
}
int main() {
    printf("Enter the input string: ");
    fgets(input, sizeof(input), stdin);
    input[strcspn(input, "\n")] = '\0'; // Remove newline character
    parse();
    return 0;
}
```

## Left recursion:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

#define MAX_PRODUCTIONS 10
#define MAX_LENGTH 100

typedef struct {
    char non_terminal;
    char productions[MAX_PRODUCTIONS][MAX_LENGTH];
    int production_count;
} Grammar;

// Function to remove left recursion
void remove_left_recursion(Grammar *grammar) {
    printf("Removing left recursion for grammar:\n");
    char new_non_terminal = grammar->non_terminal + '\'';
    int found_recursion = 0;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < grammar->production count; i++) {
        if (grammar->productions[i][0] == grammar->non terminal) {
            found recursion = 1;
            break;
    if (found recursion) {
       printf("Productions for %c:\n", grammar->non terminal);
        for (int i = 0; i < grammar->production count; i++) {
            if (grammar->productions[i][0] != grammar->non terminal) {
                printf("%s%c\n", grammar->productions[i],
new non terminal);
        printf("%c -> ", new non terminal);
        for (int i = 0; i < grammar->production count; i++) {
            if (grammar->productions[i][0] == grammar->non terminal) {
                printf("%s ", grammar->productions[i] + 1); // Skip the
left non-terminal
       printf("| \epsilon \setminus n");
    } else {
        printf("No left recursion found for %c.\n", grammar-
>non terminal);
int main() {
    Grammar grammar;
   printf("Enter the non-terminal symbol: ");
    scanf(" %c", &grammar.non terminal);
    printf("Enter the number of productions for %c: ",
grammar.non terminal);
    scanf("%d", &grammar.production count);
```

```
// Input each production
printf("Enter the productions (one per line):\n");
for (int i = 0; i < grammar.production_count; i++) {
    scanf("%s", grammar.productions[i]);
}

// Remove left recursion
remove_left_recursion(&grammar);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

# Left factoring:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX PRODUCTIONS 10
#define MAX LENGTH 100
typedef struct {
   char non terminal;
   char productions[MAX PRODUCTIONS][MAX LENGTH];
   int production count;
} Grammar;
void left factoring(Grammar *grammar) {
   printf("Performing left factoring for grammar:\n");
   char new non terminal = grammar->non terminal + '\'';
   int found factoring = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < grammar->production count; i++) {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < grammar -> production count; <math>j++) {
            if (grammar->productions[i][0] == grammar->productions[j][0])
                found factoring = 1;
```

```
printf("%c -> %c%c\n", grammar->non terminal, grammar-
>productions[i][0], new non terminal);
                printf("%c -> ", new_non_terminal);
                printf("%s | %s\n", grammar->productions[i] + 1, grammar-
>productions[j] + 1);
    if (!found factoring) {
       printf("No left factoring needed for %c.\n", grammar-
>non terminal);
int main() {
   Grammar grammar;
   // User input for non-terminal
    printf("Enter the non-terminal symbol: ");
    scanf(" %c", &grammar.non terminal);
    // User input for productions
    printf("Enter the number of productions for %c: ",
grammar.non terminal);
    scanf("%d", &grammar.production count);
    printf("Enter the productions (one per line):\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < grammar.production count; i++) {</pre>
        scanf("%s", grammar.productions[i]);
    // Perform left factoring
    left factoring(&grammar);
```

Parse tree:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define MAX 100
typedef struct Node {
   char data;
   struct Node* left;
   struct Node* right;
} Node;
// Function to create a new tree node
Node* createNode(char data) {
   Node* newNode = (Node*) malloc(sizeof(Node));
   newNode->data = data;
   newNode->left = NULL;
   newNode->right = NULL;
   return newNode;
void printTree(Node* root, int space) {
    if (root == NULL)
       return;
    space += 10; // Increase distance between levels
   printTree(root->right, space); // Process right child first
   printf("\n");
    for (int i = 10; i < space; i++)
        printf(" "); // Print spaces for formatting
    printf("%c\n", root->data); // Print current node's data
   printTree(root->left, space); // Process left child
```

```
Function to check if the character is an operator
int isOperator(char c) {
    return (c == '+' || c == '-' || c == '*' || c == '/');
/ Function to construct a parse tree from infix expression
Node* constructInfixTree(char* expr) {
   // Stack for operators
    char opStack[MAX];
    int opTop = -1;
    Node* nodeStack[MAX];
    int nodeTop = -1;
    for (int i = 0; expr[i]; i++) {
        if (isspace(expr[i])) continue; // Ignore spaces
        if (isalnum(expr[i])) { // If operand, create a node and push to
            Node* newNode = createNode(expr[i]);
            nodeStack[++nodeTop] = newNode;
        } else if (expr[i] == '(') { // Push '(' to operator stack
            opStack[++opTop] = expr[i];
        } else if (expr[i] == ')') { // Pop until '(' and create nodes
            while (opTop != -1 && opStack[opTop] != '(') {
                char op = opStack[opTop--];
                Node* right = nodeStack[nodeTop--];
                Node* left = nodeStack[nodeTop--];
                Node* newNode = createNode(op);
                newNode->left = left;
                newNode->right = right;
                nodeStack[++nodeTop] = newNode;
            opTop--; // Pop '('
        } else if (isOperator(expr[i])) { // Operator encountered
            while (opTop != -1 && isOperator(opStack[opTop])) {
                char op = opStack[opTop--];
                Node* right = nodeStack[nodeTop--];
                Node* left = nodeStack[nodeTop--];
```

```
Node* newNode = createNode(op);
                newNode->left = left;
                newNode->right = right;
                nodeStack[++nodeTop] = newNode;
            opStack[++opTop] = expr[i]; // Push current operator
    while (opTop != −1) { // Pop remaining operators
        char op = opStack[opTop--];
        Node* right = nodeStack[nodeTop--];
        Node* left = nodeStack[nodeTop--];
        Node* newNode = createNode(op);
        newNode->left = left;
        newNode->right = right;
       nodeStack[++nodeTop] = newNode;
    return nodeStack[nodeTop]; // Return root of the parse tree
Node* constructPrefixTree(char* expr) {
   Node* stack[MAX];
    int top = -1;
    for (int i = strlen(expr) - 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
        if (isspace(expr[i])) continue; // Ignore spaces
        if (isalnum(expr[i])) { // If operand, create a node and push to
stack
            stack[++top] = createNode(expr[i]);
        } else if (isOperator(expr[i])) { // Operator encountered
            Node* newNode = createNode(expr[i]);
            newNode->left = stack[top--]; // Pop two operands for the
operator
            newNode->right = stack[top--];
            stack[++top] = newNode; // Push back the subtree
```

```
return stack[top]; // Return root of the parse tree
Node* constructPostfixTree(char* expr) {
   Node* stack[MAX];
    int top = -1;
    for (int i = 0; expr[i]; i++) {
        if (isspace(expr[i])) continue; // Ignore spaces
        if (isalnum(expr[i])) { // If operand, create a node and push to
stack
            stack[++top] = createNode(expr[i]);
        } else if (isOperator(expr[i])) { // Operator encountered
            Node* newNode = createNode(expr[i]);
            newNode->right = stack[top--]; // Pop two operands for the
operator
            newNode->left = stack[top--];
            stack[++top] = newNode; // Push back the subtree
    return stack[top]; // Return root of the parse tree
int main() {
    char infixExpr[MAX], prefixExpr[MAX], postfixExpr[MAX];
    printf("Enter infix expression: ");
    fgets(infixExpr, sizeof(infixExpr), stdin);
   printf("Enter prefix expression: ");
    fgets(prefixExpr, sizeof(prefixExpr), stdin);
    printf("Enter postfix expression: ");
    fgets(postfixExpr, sizeof(postfixExpr), stdin);
```

```
printf("\nConstructing Parse Tree from Infix Expression:\n");
Node* infixTreeRoot = constructInfixTree(infixExpr);
printTree(infixTreeRoot, 0);

printf("\nConstructing Parse Tree from Prefix Expression:\n");
Node* prefixTreeRoot = constructPrefixTree(prefixExpr);
printTree(prefixTreeRoot, 0);

printf("\nConstructing Parse Tree from Postfix Expression:\n");
Node* postfixTreeRoot = constructPostfixTree(postfixExpr);
printTree(postfixTreeRoot, 0);

return 0;
}
```

## **Recursive decent:-**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define SUCCESS 1
#define FAILED 0
int E(), E prime(), T(), T prime(), F();
const char *cursor;
char string[64];
int main()
   puts("Enter the string: ");
   scanf("%s", string);
   cursor = string;
   puts("");
   puts("Input Action");
   puts ("----");
   if (E() && *cursor == '\0') {
      puts("------:);
      puts("String is successfully parsed");
      return 0;
   } else {
```

```
puts ("-----
       puts("Error in parsing String");
       return 1;
int E()
   printf("%-16s E -> T E'\n", cursor);
   if (T()) {
       return E prime(); // Explicitly call E' after parsing T
   } else
       return FAILED;
int E prime()
   if (*cursor == '+') {
       printf("%-16s E' -> + T E'\n", cursor);
       cursor++; // Move past '+'
       if (T()) {
            return E prime(); // Recursively handle additional '+'
operators
       } else
           return FAILED;
   return SUCCESS;
int T()
   printf("%-16s T -> F T'\n", cursor);
   if (F()) {
       return T_prime(); // Explicitly call T' after parsing F
    } else
       return FAILED;
```

```
int T prime()
   if (*cursor == '*') { // Corrected condition to check for '*'
       printf("%-16s T' -> * F T'\n", cursor);
       cursor++; // Move past '*'
       if (F()) {
           return T prime(); // Recursively handle additional '*'
operators
       } else
           return FAILED;
   return SUCCESS;
int F()
   if (*cursor == '(') {
       printf("%-16s F -> ( E )\n", cursor);
       cursor++; // Move past '('
       if (E()) {
            if (*cursor == ')') {
               cursor++; // Move past ')'
               return SUCCESS;
               return FAILED;
            return FAILED;
    } else if (*cursor == 'i') { // Identifier
       printf("%-16s F \rightarrow i\n", cursor);
       cursor++; // Move past 'i'
       return SUCCESS;
    } else
       return FAILED;
```

ddfaone:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX SYMBOLS 10
#define MAX STRING LENGTH 100
char *productions[] = {
   "S -> A B",
    "B -> b"
};
char first[MAX SYMBOLS][MAX STRING LENGTH];
char last[MAX SYMBOLS][MAX STRING LENGTH];
char follow[MAX SYMBOLS][MAX STRING LENGTH];
int numSymbols = 3; // Number of symbols
int charToIndex(char symbol) {
    switch (symbol) {
        case 'S': return 0;
        case 'B': return 2;
void addToSet(char *set, char symbol) {
    if (strchr(set, symbol) == NULL) {
        size t len = strlen(set);
        if (len + 1 < MAX STRING LENGTH) {
            set[len] = symbol;
            set[len + 1] = ' \0';
```

```
void findFirst(char symbol) {
   int index = charToIndex(symbol);
   if (index == -1) return;
   first[index][0] = '\0';
   for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(productions) / sizeof(productions[0]); i++)</pre>
        if (productions[i][0] == symbol) {
            char *prod = strchr(productions[i], '>') + 2; // Get the
production part
            if (prod[0] != '\0') {
                addToSet(first[index], prod[0]);
void findLast(char symbol) {
   int index = charToIndex(symbol);
   if (index == -1) return;
   // Clear previous contents
   last[index][0] = '\0';
    for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(productions) / sizeof(productions[0]); i++)</pre>
        if (productions[i][0] == symbol) {
            char *prod = strchr(productions[i], '>') + 2; // Get the
            int len = strlen(prod);
            if (len > 0) {
                addToSet(last[index], prod[len-1]);
```

```
void findFollow(char symbol) {
    int index = charToIndex(symbol);
    if (index == -1) return;
    follow[index][0] = ' \setminus 0';
    if (symbol == 'S') {
        addToSet(follow[index], '$');
    for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(productions) / sizeof(productions[0]); i++)</pre>
        char *prod = strchr(productions[i], '>') + 2; // Get the
production part
        char *pos = strchr(prod, symbol);
        while (pos != NULL) {
            // Check if symbol is not the last symbol in production
            if (*(pos + 1) != ' \setminus 0') {
                addToSet(follow[index], *(pos + 1));
            } else {
                if (productions[i][0] != symbol) {
                    int nonTerminalIndex = charToIndex(productions[i][0]);
                    if (nonTerminalIndex != -1) {
                         strcat(follow[index], follow[nonTerminalIndex]);
            pos = strchr(pos + 1, symbol);
```

```
int main() {
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX SYMBOLS; i++) {</pre>
        first[i][0] = '\0';
       last[i][0] = ' \ 0';
       follow[i][0] = ' \setminus 0';
    // Calculate First sets
    findFirst('S');
    findFirst('A');
    findFirst('B');
    // Calculate Last sets
    findLast('S');
    findLast('A');
    findLast('B');
    // Calculate Follow sets
    findFollow('S');
    findFollow('A');
    findFollow('B');
    printf("First Sets:\n");
    printf("First(S) = { %s }\n", first[charToIndex('S')]);
    printf("First(A) = { %s }\n", first[charToIndex('A')]);
    printf("First(B) = { %s }\n", first[charToIndex('B')]);
    printf("\nLast Sets:\n");
    printf("Last(S) = { %s }\n", last[charToIndex('S')]);
    printf("Last(A) = { %s }\n", last[charToIndex('A')]);
    printf("Last(B) = { %s }\n", last[charToIndex('B')]);
    printf("\nFollow Sets:\n");
    printf("Follow(S) = { %s }\n", follow[charToIndex('S')]);
    printf("Follow(A) = { %s }\n", follow[charToIndex('A')]);
    printf("Follow(B) = { %s }\n", follow[charToIndex('B')]);
```

```
return 0;
}
```

### **Ddfatwo:-**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX STATES 10
#define MAX SYMBOLS 2
#define MAX PRODUCTIONS 10
// Production rules
char productions[MAX PRODUCTIONS][10] = {
    "S->aA",
    "A->aA",
    "A->b",
    "B->b"
};
// Function to find the next state
int getNextState(char currentState, char inputSymbol) {
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX PRODUCTIONS; i++) {</pre>
       char leftSide[10];
       char rightSide[10];
        sscanf(productions[i], "%[^->]->%s", leftSide, rightSide);
       if (leftSide[0] == currentState) {
            if (rightSide[0] == inputSymbol) {
                if (strlen(rightSide) > 1) {
                    return rightSide[1];
                } else {
                    return rightSide[0];
    return -1; // Error: no transition found
```

```
void constructTransitionTable(int transitionTable[][MAX SYMBOLS], char
states[]) {
    int numStates = strlen(states);
    for (int i = 0; i < numStates; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < MAX SYMBOLS; j++) {
            char inputSymbol = (j == 0) ? 'a' : 'b';
            int nextState = getNextState(states[i], inputSymbol);
            if (nextState != -1) {
                for (int k = 0; k < numStates; k++) {
                    if (states[k] == nextState) {
                        transitionTable[i][j] = k;
                        break;
            } else {
                transitionTable[i][j] = -1; // Error: no transition found
void printTransitionTable(int transitionTable[][MAX SYMBOLS], char
states[]) {
    int numStates = strlen(states);
    printf("DFA Transition Table:\n");
    printf(" | a | b \n");
    for (int i = 0; i < numStates; i++) {</pre>
        printf("q%d |", i);
        for (int j = 0; j < MAX SYMBOLS; j++) {
            if (transitionTable[i][j] != -1) {
                printf(" q%d |", transitionTable[i][j]);
                printf(" - |");
        printf("\n");
```

```
int main() {
    char states[] = "SAB"; // Define the states
    int transitionTable[MAX_STATES][MAX_SYMBOLS];
    constructTransitionTable(transitionTable, states);
    printTransitionTable(transitionTable, states);
    return 0;
}
```

# **Operator precedence:-**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX 100
char stack[MAX];
char input[MAX];
int top = -1;
int i = 0; // Input index
// Precedence table
char precedence[8][8] = {
   /* + */ {'>', '<', '<', '<', '>', '<', '>'},
   /* - */ {'>', '>', '<', '<', '<', '>', '<', '>'},
   /* * */ {'>', '>', '>', '<', '>', '<', '>', '<', '>'},
   /* / */ {'>', '>', '>', '>', '<', '>', '<', '>', '<', '>'},
   /* i */ {'<', '<', '<', '<', '=', '<', '>'},
   /* ( */ {'<', '<', '<', '<', '<', '<', '=', 'e'},
};
// Function to get index of terminal symbols
int getIndex(char c) {
   switch (c) {
       case '+': return 0;
       case '-': return 1;
       case '*': return 2;
       case '/': return 3;
```

```
case '^': return 4;
       case 'i': return 5; // Identifier
       case '(' : return 6;
       case ')' : return 7;
       default: return -1; // Invalid character
// Function to shift operation
void shift() {
   stack[++top] = input[i++];
// Function to reduce operation
int reduce() {
   if (top >= 2 && stack[top] == ')' && stack[top - 1] == '(') {
       top -= 2; // Pop ( and )
       stack[++top] = 'E'; // Replace with non-terminal E
       return 1; // Successful reduction
void displayState() {
   printf("Stack: ");
   for (int j = 0; j \le top; j++) {
       printf("%c ", stack[j]);
   printf("\tInput: ");
   for (int j = i; j < strlen(input); j++) {
       printf("%c ", input[j]);
   printf("\n");
```

```
int main() {
    printf("Enter an expression (use identifiers as 'i' and operators +, -
  *, /, ^): ");
    scanf("%s", input);
    strcat(input, "$"); // Append end marker
    stack[top++] = '$'; // Initialize stack with end marker
    printf("\nSTACK\t\tINPUT\t\tACTION\n");
    while (i <= strlen(input)) {</pre>
        displayState(); // Display current state
       // Shift operation
        shift();
       printf("Shift\n");
        while (1) { // Check for reductions
            int indexStack = getIndex(stack[top - 1]);
            int indexInput = getIndex(input[i]);
            if (indexStack == -1 || indexInput == -1) {
                break; // Invalid character, exit loop
            if (precedence[indexStack][indexInput] == '>') {
                while (reduce()) { // Perform reduction if possible
                    printf("Reduce\n");
                    displayState(); // Display current state after
reduction
            } else if (precedence[indexStack][indexInput] == '=') {
                break; // Acceptable state, exit loop
            } else if (precedence[indexStack][indexInput] == '<') {</pre>
                break; // Shift or wait for further action
            } else {
                printf("Error: Unexpected symbol.\n");
                return 1; // Exit with error
```

```
}

if (strcmp(stack, "$E$") == 0) { // Check for acceptance condition
    printf("Accepted\n");
    break;
}

if (i > strlen(input)) {
    printf("Not Accepted\n");
    break;
}

return 0;
}
```

### Treeadress:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define MAX 100
// Structure to hold a three-address code entry
typedef struct {
   char op[10];  // Operator
   char arg1[10]; // First argument
   char arg2[10]; // Second argument
   char result[10]; // Result variable
} TAC;
// Global variables
TAC tac[MAX];
int tac count = 0;
void generateTAC(char *op, char *arg1, char *arg2, char *result) {
    strcpy(tac[tac count].op, op);
    strcpy(tac[tac count].arg1, arg1);
```

```
strcpy(tac[tac count].arg2, arg2);
   strcpy(tac[tac count].result, result);
    tac count++;
void printTAC() {
   printf("\nThree Address Code (TAC):\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < tac count; i++) {
       printf("%s %s %s -> %s\n", tac[i].op, tac[i].arg1, tac[i].arg2,
tac[i].result);
// Function to generate quadruples
void printQuadruples() {
   printf("\nQuadruples:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < tac count; i++) {
        printf("(%s, %s, %s, %s)\n", tac[i].op, tac[i].arg1, tac[i].arg2,
tac[i].result);
// Function to generate triples
void printTriples() {
   printf("\nTriples:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < tac count; i++) {
       printf("(%d, %s, %s)\n", i + 1, tac[i].op, tac[i].arg1);
       if (strlen(tac[i].arg2) > 0) {
            printf("(%d, %s)\n", i + 1, tac[i].arg2);
       printf("-> %s\n", tac[i].result);
// Function to parse an expression and generate TAC
void parseExpression(char *expression) {
   char stack[MAX][10]; // Stack for operators and operands
   int top = -1;
```

```
char temp var[10];
    int temp count = 1;
   for (int i = 0; expression[i] != '\setminus 0'; i++) {
        if (isspace(expression[i])) continue;
        if (isalnum(expression[i])) { // If operand (variable or number)
            stack[++top][0] = expression[i];
            stack[top][1] = '\0';
            char arg2[10], arg1[10];
            strcpy(arg2, stack[top--]); // Get second operand
            strcpy(arg1, stack[top--]); // Get first operand
            sprintf(temp var, "t%d", temp count++); // Create a new
            generateTAC(&expression[i], arg1, arg2, temp var); // Generate
TAC
            strcpy(stack[++top], temp var);
int main() {
   char expression[MAX];
   printf("Enter an arithmetic expression: ");
   fgets(expression, sizeof(expression), stdin);
   size t len = strlen(expression);
   if (len > 0 \&\& expression[len - 1] == '\n') {
       expression[len - 1] = ' \setminus 0';
   parseExpression(expression); // Parse the input expression
```

### Common:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX LINES 100
#define MAX LENGTH 256
// Structure to hold variable information
typedef struct {
   char name[20];
   char value[20];
    int used; // Flag to indicate if the variable is used
} Variable;
// Global variables
Variable variables[MAX LINES];
int var count = 0;
int findVariable(char *name) {
    for (int i = 0; i < var count; i++) {
        if (strcmp(variables[i].name, name) == 0) {
            return i;
    return -1;
// Function to add or update a variable
void addOrUpdateVariable(char *name, char *value) {
    int index = findVariable(name);
    if (index != -1) {
        strcpy(variables[index].value, value);
```

```
variables[index].used = 1; // Mark as used
        strcpy(variables[var count].name, name);
        strcpy(variables[var count].value, value);
        variables[var count].used = 1; // Mark as used
        var count++;
 / Function to eliminate dead code
void deadCodeElimination() {
   printf("\nDead Code Elimination:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < var count; i++) {
        if (!variables[i].used) {
            printf("Removing unused variable: %s\n", variables[i].name);
            printf("%s = %s\n", variables[i].name, variables[i].value);
// Function to perform common subexpression elimination
void commonSubexpressionElimination() {
   printf("\nCommon Subexpression Elimination:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < var count; i++) {
        for (int j = i + 1; j < var count; j++) {
            if (strcmp(variables[i].value, variables[j].value) == 0) {
                printf("Replacing %s with %s\n", variables[j].name,
variables[i].name);
                strcpy(variables[j].value, variables[i].name); // Replace
void strengthReduction() {
   printf("\nStrength Reduction:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < var count; i++) {
```

```
if (strstr(variables[i].value, "* 2") != NULL) { // Example of
strength reduction
            printf("Reducing: %s = %s\n", variables[i].name,
variables[i].value);
            strcpy(variables[i].value, "shift_left"); // Replace
            printf("Strength Reduced: %s = %s\n", variables[i].name,
variables[i].value);
int main() {
   char line[MAX LENGTH];
   printf("Enter a simple C-like program (type 'END' to finish):\n");
   while (1) {
        fgets(line, sizeof(line), stdin);
       if (strcmp(line, "END\n") == 0) break;
       char var name[20], op[3], value[20];
        if (sscanf(line, "%s %s %s", var name, op, value) == 3 &&
strcmp(op, "=") == 0) {
            addOrUpdateVariable(var name, value); // Add or update
   // Perform optimizations
   commonSubexpressionElimination();
   deadCodeElimination();
   strengthReduction();
    return 0;
```

Predictive:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define MAX PRODUCTIONS 10
#define MAX LENGTH 100
#define MAX TERMINALS 10
// Structure to hold grammar information
typedef struct {
    char non terminal;
    char productions[MAX PRODUCTIONS][MAX LENGTH];
    int production count;
} Grammar;
// Global variables for parsing table
char parsingTable[MAX PRODUCTIONS][MAX TERMINALS][MAX LENGTH];
char terminals[MAX TERMINALS];
int terminal count = 0;
// Function to initialize the parsing table
void initializeParsingTable() {
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX PRODUCTIONS; i++) {</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < MAX TERMINALS; j++) {</pre>
            strcpy(parsingTable[i][j], ""); // Initialize with empty
strings
    }
// Function to find the index of a terminal in the terminals array
int findTerminalIndex(char terminal) {
    for (int i = 0; i < terminal count; i++) {</pre>
        if (terminals[i] == terminal) {
            return i;
        }
    }
    return -1;
```

```
// Function to compute FIRST set for a given production
void computeFirst(Grammar *grammar) {
    // Simple implementation of FIRST set computation
    for (int i = 0; i < grammar->production count; i++) {
        char *production = grammar->productions[i];
        if (isalpha(production[0])) { // If it starts with a terminal
            strncat(first[i], &production[0], 1);
        } else if (isupper(production[0])) { // If it starts with a non-
terminal
            // For simplicity, let's assume it directly maps to the first
character.
            strncat(first[i], &production[0], 1);
    }
// Function to construct the parsing table using FIRST sets
void constructParsingTable(Grammar *grammar) {
    for (int i = 0; i < grammar->production count; i++) {
        char *production = grammar->productions[i];
        int firstIndex = findTerminalIndex(production[0]); // Assume first
character is terminal
        if (firstIndex != -1) {
            strcpy(parsingTable[i][firstIndex], production);
        }
        // Handle epsilon productions and follow sets here...
    }
// Function to print the parsing table
void printParsingTable() {
   printf("Parsing Table:\n");
   printf("Non-Terminal | ");
    for (int j = 0; j < terminal count; j++) {</pre>
       printf("%-10c ", terminals[j]);
    printf("\n");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < MAX PRODUCTIONS; i++) {</pre>
                              | ", 'A' + i); // Assuming non-terminals are
        printf("%c
A, B, C...
        for (int j = 0; j < terminal count; j++) {</pre>
            printf("%-10s ", parsingTable[i][j]);
       printf("\n");
    }
// Function to parse input string using the constructed parsing table
void parseInputString(char *input, Grammar *grammar) {
    char stack[MAX LENGTH];
    int top = -1;
    stack[++top] = '$'; // End marker
    stack[++top] = grammar->non_terminal; // Start symbol
    int index = 0;
    while (top !=-1) {
        char topSymbol = stack[top--];
        if (topSymbol == input[index]) { // Match terminal
            index++;
            continue;
        } else if (isupper(topSymbol)) { // Non-terminal
            int ruleIndex = topSymbol - 'A'; // Assuming A=0, B=1,...
            int terminalIndex = findTerminalIndex(input[index]);
            if (terminalIndex != -1 &&
strcmp(parsingTable[ruleIndex][terminalIndex], "") != 0) {
                // Push production onto stack in reverse order
                char *production = parsingTable[ruleIndex][terminalIndex];
                for (int j = strlen(production) - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
                    stack[++top] = production[j]; // Push each symbol onto
stack
                }
            } else {
```

```
printf("Error: No matching production for %c\n",
topSymbol);
                return;
            }
        } else { // Error case: unexpected symbol
            printf("Error: Unexpected symbol %c\n", topSymbol);
            return;
        }
        // Print current state of the stack and input index
        printf("Current Stack: ");
        for (int k = top; k >= 0; k--) {
            printf("%c ", stack[k]);
        printf(" | Input Index: %d\n", index);
    }
    if (input[index] == '$') { // Successfully parsed input string
        printf("Input string successfully parsed.\n");
    } else {
        printf("Error: Input string not fully consumed.\n");
int main() {
    Grammar grammar;
    // Define a sample grammar directly in code.
    grammar.non terminal = 'E'; // Starting non-terminal
    // Sample productions for E -> T E' | \epsilon, E' -> + T E' | \epsilon, T -> id | (
E )
    grammar.production count = 5;
    strcpy(grammar.productions[0], "E->T E'");
    strcpy(grammar.productions[1], "E'->+ T E'");
    strcpy (grammar.productions[2], "E' \rightarrow \epsilon");
    strcpy(grammar.productions[3], "T->id");
    strcpy(grammar.productions[4], "T->( E )");
```

```
// Extract terminals from productions and fill terminals array
    terminals[terminal count++] = 'id'; // Assuming 'id' is treated as a
single terminal.
    terminals[terminal count++] = '+' ;
    terminals[terminal count++] = '(' ;
    terminals[terminal count++] = ')' ;
  initializeParsingTable(); // Initialize parsing table
  computeFirst(&grammar); // Compute FIRST sets.
  constructParsingTable(&grammar); // Construct the parsing table.
  printParsingTable();  // Print the constructed parsing table.
  char input[MAX LENGTH];
  printf("Enter input string to parse: ");
  scanf("%s", input);
  parseInputString(input, &grammar); // Parse the input string.
  return 0;
```