Collections

Set Interface

Set Interface

- doesn't allow duplicate entries
- implementations: HashSet, TreeSet
- HashSet stores (key, value) elements in hash table
 - key is hashCode(), value is Object
 - doesn't keep the order
 - adding each element takes the same time
- TreeSet stores elements in a sorted tree structure
 - keeps the order
 - adding each element takes more time as tree goes bigger

```
// HashSet example
Set<String> names = new HashSet<>();
System.out.println(names.add("John"));
                                                     true
System.out.println(names.add("George"));
                                                     true
System.out.println(names.add("John")); -
                                                     false
System.out.println(names.add("Ben")); —
                                                     true
                                                     [George, John, Ben]
System.out.println(names);
                                   arbitrary order!
```

```
// TreeSet example
Set<String> names = new TreeSet<>();
System.out.println(names.add("John"));
                                                      true
System.out.println(names.add("George"));
                                                      true
System.out.println(names.add("John")); --
                                                      false
System.out.println(names.add("Ben")); —
                                                       true
                                                       [Ben, George, John]
System.out.println(names);
                                   keeping the order!
                              (last added is first on the list)
```