

LAB 8

Fractional Knapsack Problem

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SCREENSHOT :

```
rahthap@rahthap-Inspiron-3521:~/Desktop/Lab8$ subl lab8.c
rahthap@rahthap-Inspiron-3521:~/Desktop/Lab8$ gcc lab8.c -o lab8
rahthap@rahthap-Inspiron-3521:~/Desktop/Lab8$ ./lab8

Implementation of Fractional Knapsack Problem
=====

Number of objects : 6
COST of each object - 12 1 2 1 4 10
PROFIT on each corresponding object - 4 2 2 1 10 15
Total Weight of the BAG : 15

Object Added : 5      VALUE : 10      PROFIT : 4      Space Left : 11
Object Added : 2      VALUE : 2       PROFIT : 1      Space Left : 10
Object Added : 6      VALUE : 15      PROFIT : 10     Space Left : 0

Final VALUE in the bag : 27.00.

rahthap@rahthap-Inspiron-3521:~/Desktop/Lab8$
```

CODE:

/*

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Problem : Implement Fractional Knapsack Problem

Algorithm

item

1. Calculate DENSITY(PROFIT) : value per weight for each
2. Sort the items as per the value density in descending

order

3. Take as much item as possible not already taken in the knapsack

```
*/
#include <stdio.h>

int n;
int cost[50];
int value[50];
int W;
int q;

void knapsack_fill() {
    int current_weight;
    float total_value;
    int i, maximum_i;
    int used[10];

    for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        used[i] = 0;

    current_weight = W;

    while (current_weight > 0) { // While the bag is NOT full :
add

        // Find the suitable object to ADD

        maximum_i = -1;

        for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)

            if ((used[i] == 0) &&((maximum_i == -1) ||
((float)value[i]/cost[i]
>
(float)value[maximum_i]/cost[maximum_i])))
                maximum_i = i;

        used[maximum_i] = 1; // Maximum value used
        current_weight -= cost[maximum_i];
        total_value += value[maximum_i];

        if (current_weight >= 0)
```



```
printf("\n\n");  
knapsack_fill();  
return 0;
```

```
}
```