

# TIPS: Assignment - 1

27  
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2-3PM

## ① Use Socket Programming.

- Fork / child (Parent - process table)

↳ create a process  
(exec) (Concurrent)

## ② Deitel & Deitel

- "How to Program JAVA"

Peer-to-peer / Multithreading architecture

## ③ Open MPI

(Message ~~passing~~ Interfaces)

→ Process / task (exec)

( $n=10$ )

→ Socket  
→ bind()  
→ listen()  
→ accept  
→ compute  
→ close

Some Constructs.

for (n rounds)

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{I/P} \\ \text{S.I} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right\}$   
↓ ↑  
↔  
 $\left\{ \text{---} \right\}$   
←

## ④ Apply DA in Sequential exec

Odd-even  
 $i=1$



$P_1 - P_2$

send( m, f, t, r, flag );  
Receive( m, t, f, r, flag );  
compute  
Send ( )  
receive ( )

Initial

odd-even

round

$P_1 (=0)$

$P_2 (=0)$

$P_3 (=0)$

$P_4 (=0) \dots$

5  $\longleftrightarrow$  2

3  $\longleftrightarrow$  1

$\dots$

0

send (5, ~~2~~, 1, 1) ~~(0)~~

receive (5, 2, 1, 1);

@  $P_2$ : (2), (5)

find min:  $2 \leq 5$  ?  $\swarrow$  update

min = 2; val( $P_2$ ) = 5 (max)

count<sub>2</sub> ++;

send (min, 2, 1, 1);

receive (min, 1, 2, 1);

@  $P_1$ : val( $P_1$ ) = 5; received = min;

val( $P_1$ ) = received;

count<sub>1</sub> ++;

( $P_1 - P_2$ )

( $P_2 - P_3$ )

send (3, 3, 4, 1)

receive (3, 4, 3, 1)

@  $P_4$ : val( $P_4$ ) = 1, received = 3.

find min(1, 3)  $\Rightarrow$

min = 1, max = 3.

count<sub>4</sub> = count<sub>4</sub> + 1;

val( $P_4$ ) = max;

send (min, 4, 3, 1);

receive (min, 3, 4, 1)

@  $P_3$ : val( $P_3$ ) = received;

count<sub>3</sub> ++;

if (count == N) stop

Print val ( ————— )

$n$  is known  
 $n$  is odd

①  $\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor$  pairs

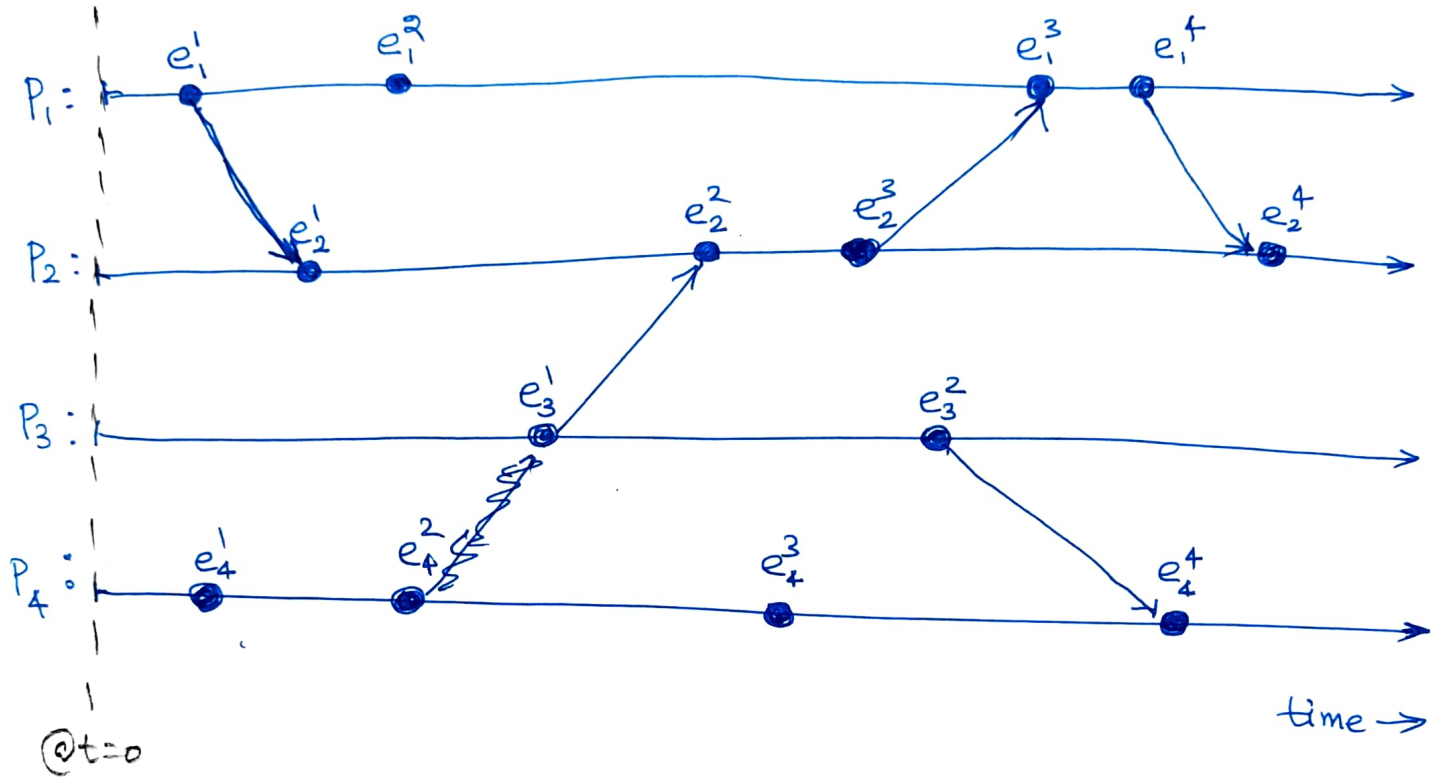
$n$  is even  
 $\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor$  pairs.

②

# Order of Events:

$$H = \bigcup_i h_i$$

send  $(P_i)$   $\xrightarrow{\text{msg}}$  receive  $(P_j)$



⑤ send / ⑤ receive / all other are local events.

Causal Precedence.

$e_i^x \rightarrow e_j^y$  iff

- $\underline{e_i^x} \rightarrow_i \underline{e_j^y} \quad (\underline{i=j}) \wedge (x < y)$  (Same  $P_i$ )
- (or)  $e_i^x \xrightarrow{\text{msg}} e_j^y \rightarrow$  across  $P_i$ 's ( $i \neq j$ )
- (or)  $\exists e_k^z \in H : e_i^x \rightarrow e_k^z \wedge e_k^z \rightarrow e_j^y$  either on  $P_i$  or across  $P_i$ 's.

$e_i^x$  "happend before"  $e_j^y$