

# An $(n-1)$ rounds Algo for Distributed Sorting on a line network

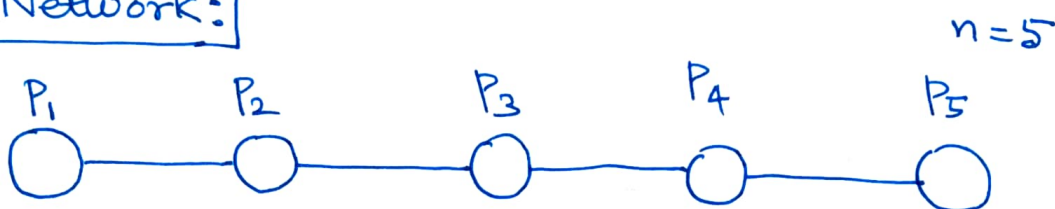
## Sasaki's Algo

odd-even Transposition<sup>Sorting</sup> Algo

—  $\boxed{n}$  rounds

↓  
( $n-1$ ) rounds (Sasaki's Algo)

## Line Network:



## Assumptions:

→  $n=5$

→ fault-free (No process or no channel will fail)  
networks

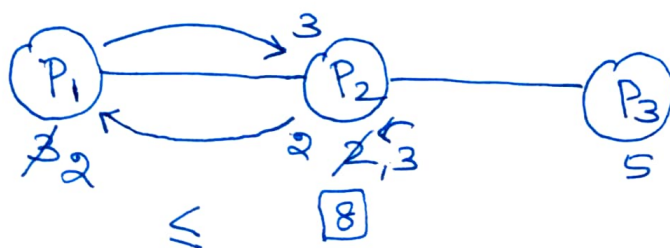
↳ No failures

↳ processes / channels are reliable

Q: Can we improve the dist. sorting Algo?

A: Yes.

How?

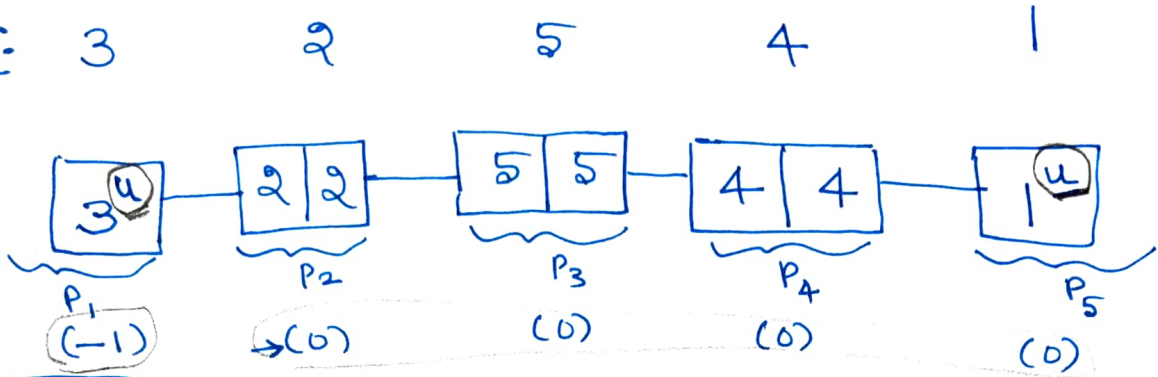


Perform Dist. Sorting in  $(n-1)$  rounds!!

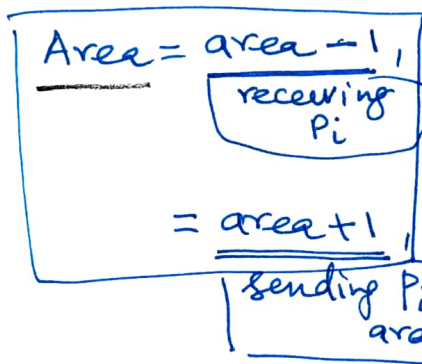


Initial:

Step  $\updownarrow$



Area  $\leftarrow$  update?

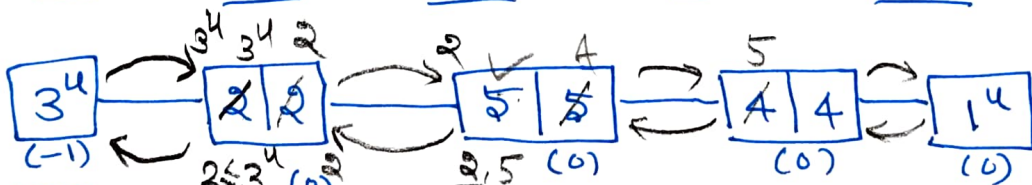


if the element marked as unique (u) moves from  $P_i$  to  $P_{i+1}$  (left to right)

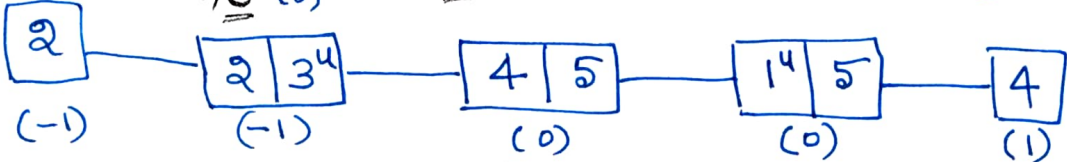
if the marked element moves from  $P_{i+1}$  to  $P_i$  (right to left)

steps:  $(\leq)$   $P_1 \quad P_2 \quad P_3 \quad P_4 \quad P_5$

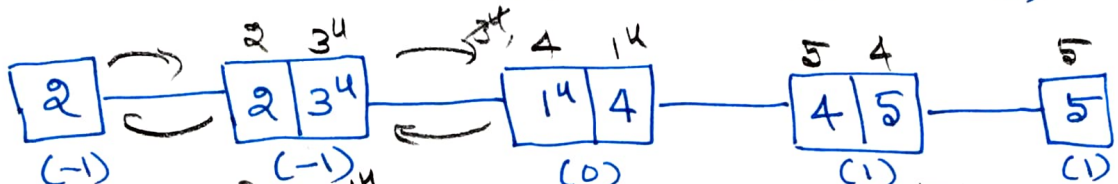
Initial (0):



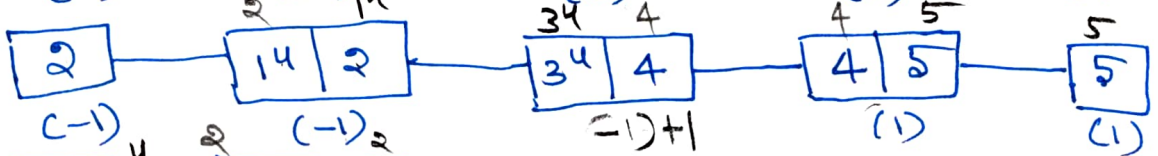
1



2



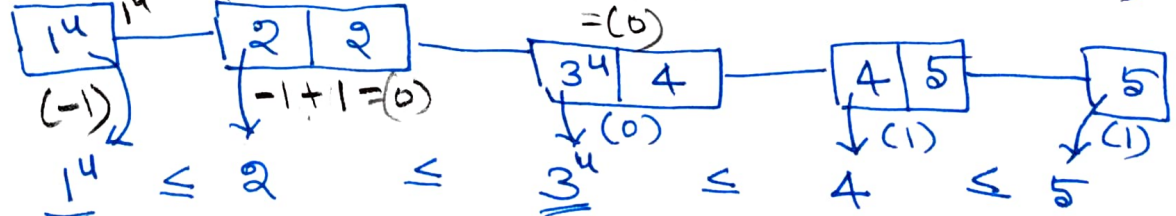
3

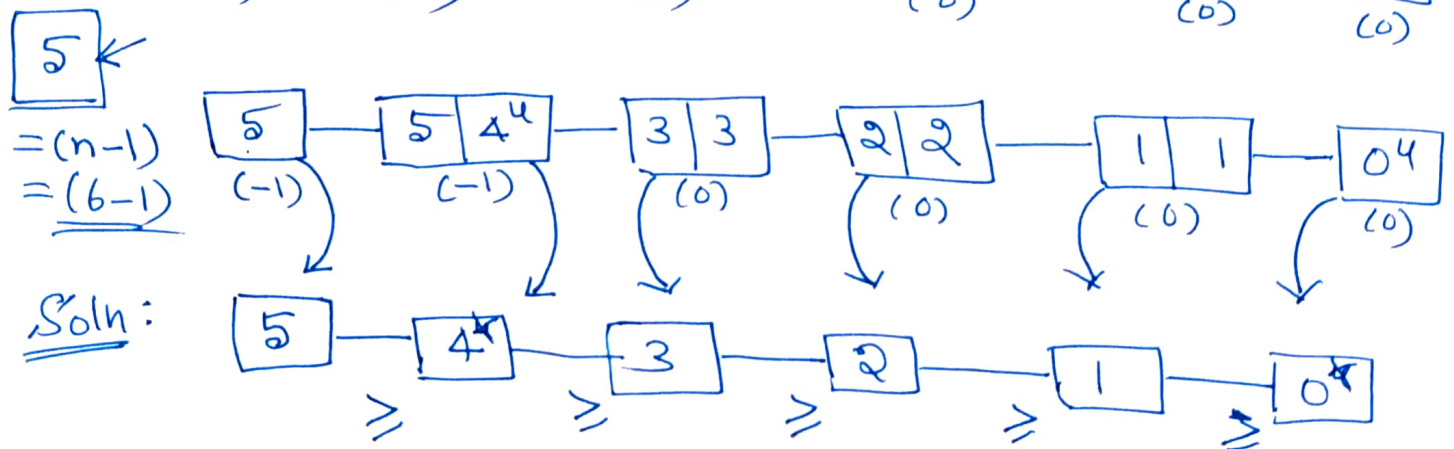
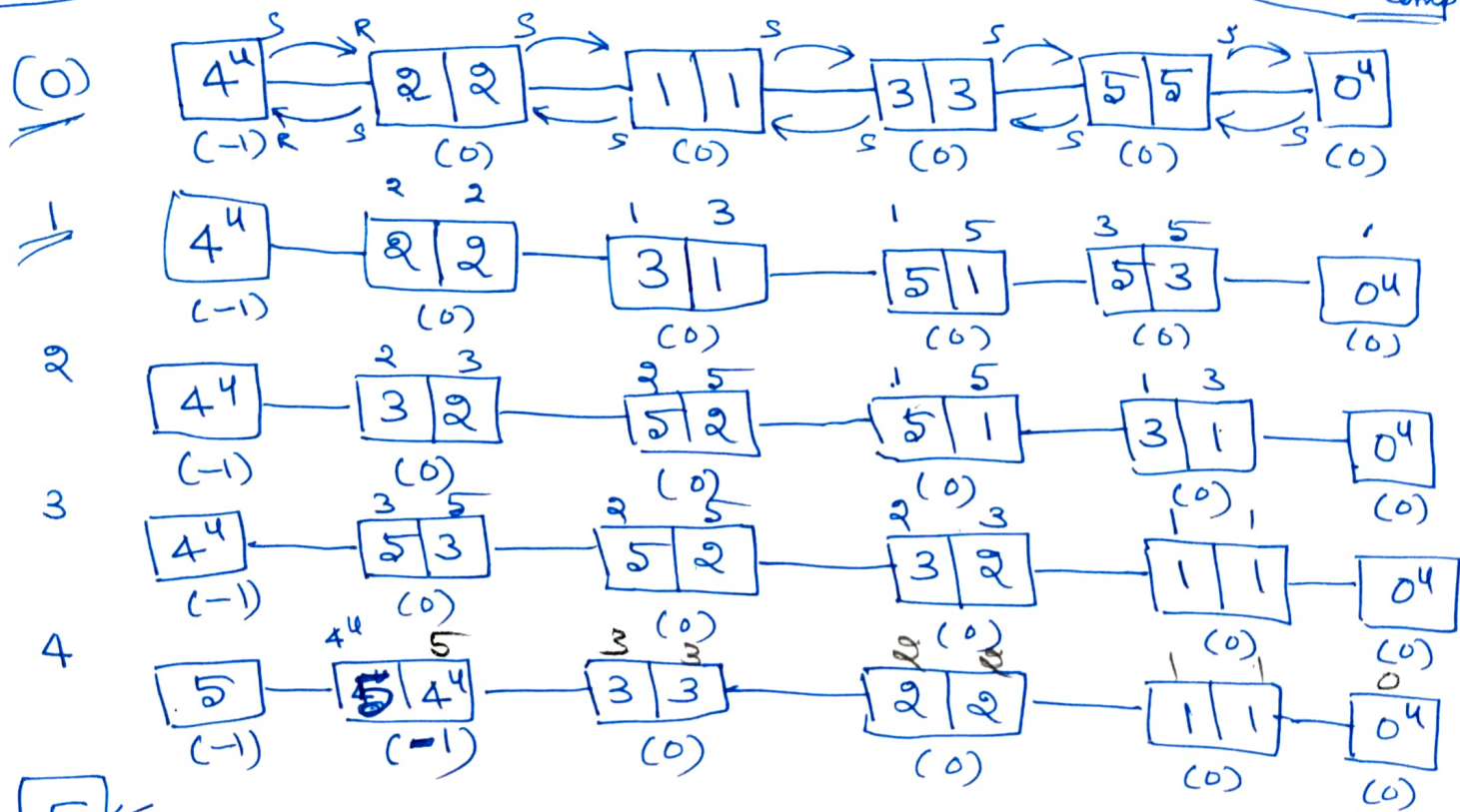
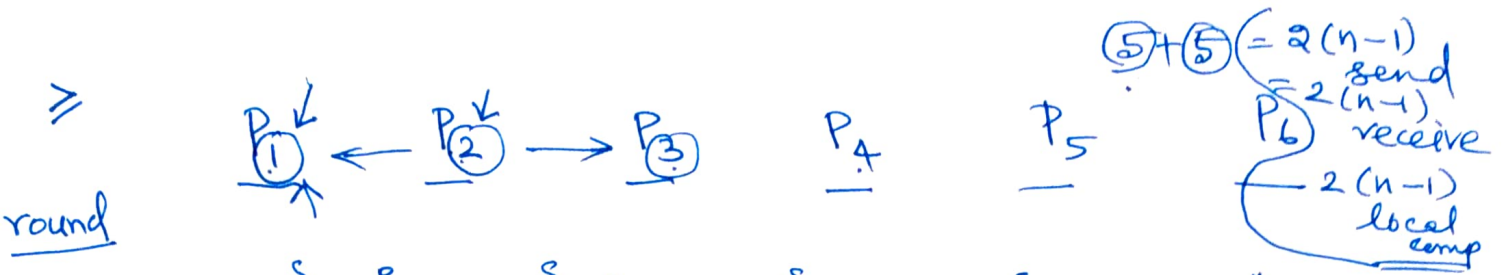


4

=  $(n-1)$

Soln:





$n$  rounds  $\rightarrow$   $(n-1)$  rounds (time-optimal)

Three types of inputs:

Adv

- 1)  $(n-1)$  rounds also (time-optimal)
  - 1) Sorted seq
  - 2) reversely sorted Seq
  - 3) random Sequence.
- 2) Processes IDs are not necessarily known.