### COMPLETE WORKING OF BOOK STORE PROJECT

FILE: frontend/app.jsx

ABOUT: setting up routes to different location

### **WORKING**

```
<BrowserRouter>
<Routes>
<Route path='/books/details/:id' element={<ShowBook />} />
```

NOTE: There are 5 components in frontend to take care off

- 4, CRUD operations
- 1, displaying all the data in home page

FILE: frontend/components/createPage.jsx

ABOUT: creates a new book by taking user input

#### **WORKING**

It solves 3 purpose

- Taking user input
- Save Button
- Sending it to server (axios)

TASK 1 (taking user input)

only this func can be used to change title sets default value of title





```
const [title, setTitle] = useState('');
```

What are react hooks?

- isolate the reusable part from a functional component
- can manage state or side-effects

<input type="text" onChange={(e) => setTitle(e.target.value)} />



event object: stores property of the text field

TASK 2 (sending data to backend)

axios: sends data to server asynchronously

```
const data = {title,author,publishYear,};
axios.post('http://localhost:5555/books', data)
```

C:post R:get U:put D:delete

FILE: backend/model/bookModel.js

ABOUT: to create a database schema in MongoDB

#### WORKING

mongoose helps us in doing that

### **NOTE**: collection, document in mongodb == table, record in mysql

creating a collection named Books using the schema and will be using it in code with name book

```
export const Book = mongoose.model('Books', bookSchema);
```

FILE: backend/index.js

ABOUT: main page for backend

**WORKING** 

It solves 3 purpose

- importing and using all important dependencies
- setting up surface level routes
- connecting to db

TASK 1(understanding the json input)

```
app.use(express.json());
```

TASK 2(setting up basic routes)

```
app.get('/', (request, response) => {
   return response.send('Welcome To MERN Stack Tutorial');
});
app.use('/books', booksRoute);
```

## TASK 3 (connecting to mongoDB)

```
mongoose
   .connect(mongoDBURL)
   .then(() => {
      console.log('App connected to database');
      app.listen(PORT, () => {
            console.log(`App is listening to port: ${PORT}`);
        });
    });
})
   .catch((error) => {
      console.log(error);
    });
```

FILE: backend/routes/createPageRoute.js (assume we have created different components)

ABOUT: interacts with backend with the frontend data

It solves 3 purpose

WORKING

- checking for null, empty, 0
- · retrieving data from user
- creating a new entry in DB

```
const newBook = {
    title: request.body.title,
    author: request.body.author,
    publishYear: request.body.publishYear,
};
```

```
const book = await Book.create(newBook);
return response.status(201).send(book);
}
//will catch error from Book.create(newBook);
catch (error) {
   console.log(error.message);
   response.status(500).send({ message: error.message });
}
});
```

At this point the book is created, now it's time for the frontend to show the books and its operations

FILE: frontend/components/Home.js

ABOUT: displays list of all the books along with its operations WORKING

It solves 2 purpose

- retrieves data from the backend
- show the data along with its operations(create, delete, etc)

TASK 1 (retrive the data from backend)

# What is **useEffect** hook?

The useEffect Hook allows you to perform side effects in your components.

```
1. No dependency passed:
  useEffect(() => {
   //Runs on every render
Example
2. An empty array:
 useEffect(() => {
   //Runs only on the first render
  }, []);
Example
3. Props or state values:
  useEffect(() => {
   //Runs on the first render
    //And any time any dependency value changes
  }, [prop, state]);
```

## FILE: backend/routes/home.js

```
router.get('/', async (request, response) => {
   try {
     const books = await Book.find({});
     return response.status(200).json({
        count: books.length,
        data: books,
     });
   } catch (error) {
     console.log(error.message);
     response.status(500).send({ message: error.message });
   }
});
```

## What is **Book.find({})**?

mongoose command for find the book with a particular parameter, if empty, it returns all the data found.

# Sample data stored in DB

```
_id: ObjectId('651f801765dba921256eddc6')
title: "asas"
author: "swqdqwas"
publishYear: 2002
createdAt: 2023-10-06T03:33:43.034+00:00
updatedAt: 2023-10-06T03:33:43.034+00:00
__v: 0
```

### TASK 2(displaying relevant data)

FILE: frontend/componets/home.js

# FILE: frontend/model/homemodel.js

```
{books.map((book, index) => (
 \{index + 1\}
   {book.title}
   {book.author}
   {book.publishYear}
   <div>
      <a href={`/books/details/${book._id}`}><button>Details</button></a>
      <a href={`/books/edit/${book._id}`}><button>Edit</button></a>
      <a href={`/books/delete/${book._id}`}><button>Delete</button></a>
    </div>
```

Now it's time to implement other 3 (RUD) operations

#### SHOW BOOK OPERATION

- to send the id of book from frontend to backend
- search for the book in db with "id" and send the response to frontend
- display the sent data

FILE: frontend/components/showBook.js

ABOUT: sending id as parameter and then displaying the data returned by server WORKING

TASK 1 - to extract id of the book from url

```
const { id } = useParams();
```

TASK 2 - sending the data to backend and receiving the data

NOTE: see how id was set in dependency array FORMAT OF URL

- www.xyz.com/books:3s5rfs6ssfsttsr (parameter format → :id)
- www.xyz.com/books?lol (query format → ?query)

### FILE: backend/routes/showBook.js

```
// Route for Get One Book from database by id
router.get('/:id', async (request, response) => {
   try{
        const { id } = request.params;
        const book = await Book.findById(id);
        return response.status(200).json(book);
   }
   catch (error) {
        console.log(error.message);
        response.status(500).send({ message: error.message });
   }
});
```

#### **EDIT BOOK**

comprises of 3 parts

- getting the data of that book from backend
- taking the new input from the user
- updating the book details with user value

# FILE: backend/routes/showBook.js

```
// Route for Get One Book from database by id
router.get('/:id', async (request, response) => {
    try{
        const { id } = request.params;
        const book = await Book.findById(id);
        return response.status(200).json(book);
    }
    catch (error) {
        console.log(error.message);
        response.status(500).send({ message: error.message });
    }
});
```