Indefinite Pronouns

Indefinite Pronoun

Definition

a pronoun that refers to a person or a thing without being specific

Examples









Complete the sentences with the expressions f	rom the box (d	rag and drop):
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everybody	something	anybody	nothing	everything	
somebody	anything	nobody			

- 1) I saw at the bus stop, but I don't know who it was.
- 2) It's raining heavily and is at home. The streets are empty.
- 3) wanted to go to the cinema with me, so I went on my own.
- 4) "Do you remember from the History lesson last week?"

 "No, I don't. I forgot"
- 5) "I've got in my tea." "Yes, you have. I think it's a leaf from the tree we are sitting under."
- 6) "Did go to the concert with you last night?" No, I went on my own."
- 7) There is in the fridge. We have to do some shopping.

Circle the correct words.

I live in a seaside town. In the summer, ¹ everyone / everything / everywhere wants to come here. But in the winter, there's ² no one / nothing / nowhere to do.

³ Nothing / Everywhere / Everybody is closed and ⁴ nobody / nowhere / nothing comes to visit. ⁵ Everywhere / Everybody / Everything stays at home. It's really boring!

Complete the text with indefinite pronouns.

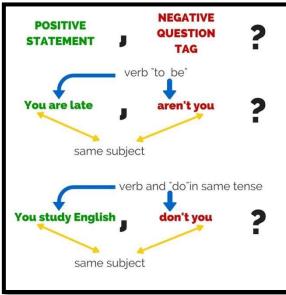


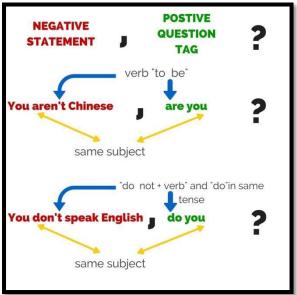
There are classrooms, but 1		is inside. There's a cafe	teria, but
2	is eating there. T	here are corridors, but ³	is walking
there. I'm	looking 4	_, but I can't find any people. W	hy is it so quiet? Why is
it so emp	ty? Oh! It's because it's th	ne school vacation, and ⁵	is at home!

	People	Things	Places
some-	someone somebody	something	somewhere
any-	anyone anybody	anything	anywhere
no-	no one nobody	nothing	nowhere
every-	everyone everybody	everything	everywhere

NEW TOWNS Tag Questions











Comp	lete the conversations with tag q	uest	tions.	
Alice	You're from Tokyo, 1	?		
Mai	Yes, I am.			
Alice	That's a very modern city, 2		?	
Mai	Yes, it is.			
Tom	Your dad has a new job, ³		_?	
Sam	Yes, he does.			
Tom	You won't move to another town, 4_	enin	es alo	_?
Sam	No, we won't.			
Olivia	You don't like fish, ⁵ ?			
Ada	No, I don't.			
Olivia	But you will eat some meat, 6		?	
Ada	Yes, I will.		NISCON	uélé i

Order of Adjectives

A. Encircle the correct answer.

	1. Jack hid in the box.		5. Mrs. Jones is an lady.
4	a. big brown square		a. arrogant old English
	b. brown square big	-	b. old arrogant English
	c. big square brown		c. English old arrogant
<i>3</i>	2. The cook is using knife.		6. The gardener uses a can.
400	a. a sharp long metal		a. big useful orange watering
	b. a long metal sharp	1398	b. useful big orange watering
	c. a long sharp metal		c. orange big useful watering
	3. It's a jar full of coins.		7. The bunnies are playing
103544	a. many golden round bright	(The	outside.
VO.	b. many bright round golden	die C	a. cute small two white
	c. bright many golden round		b. two small cute white
			c. two cute small white
	4. Your cousin is a boy.		8. She is wearing a/an ring.
Como S	a. little nice blond		a. diamond expensive big
	b. nice little blond	200	b. big expensive diamond
	c. nice blond little		c. expensive big diamond



Put the words in the correct order.



1.	an / silver / mirror / expensive / antique -
2.	car / old / Italian / beautiful -
3.	basketball players / tall / young / American / -
4.	cute / a / brown / little / dog -
5.	purple / summer / a / dress / silk -
6.	a / table / new / nice / wooden / brown -
7.	metal / box / a / black / small -
8.	painting / an / old / interesting / French -

ORDERING ADJECTIVES

9. yellow / big / sun / umbrella / a - [

rectangular

circular

round



red green white yellow blue

ORIGIN

American leather ceramic plastic

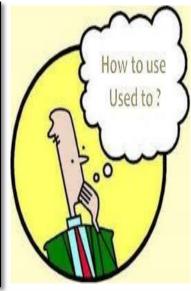


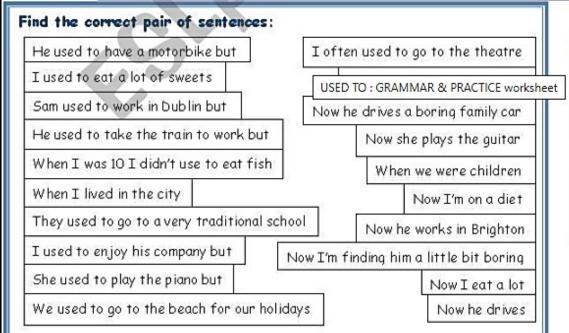


Check the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences. 1 Felix wants to be a doctor. He wants to work in a big, modern hospital. He wants to wear a nice, cotton, green coat. 3 He loves doing interesting, new experiments at home. 4 His parents bought him a huge, old microscope. 5 He likes growing yellow, ugly mold in petri dishes. Complete the sentences about children who entered a science competition. Use the adjectives in parentheses. 1 Felix grew some _____ mold. (green / interesting) 2 Irene built a robot. (tiny / fantastic / silver) 3 Sam created a ______bag. You can use it again and again. (green / large / plastic) idea about space. (new / fascinating) 4 Mara wrote a 5 Amy designed a ______lab coat. It glows in the dark. (cotton / large / pink

BEING HEALTHY Used To

Compl in pare	ete the conversation wentheses.	rith use to, didn't use to, or used to and the ver	bs
Carlos	Did you ¹	(like) school?	
Dad	Yes, I did. I ²	(have) a great time with my friends.	
Carlos	Did you ³	(enjoy) the lessons?	
Dad	Well, I 4	(not like) history because I wasn't very good	
When	at it. But I ⁵	(love) science. I ⁶ (hay	re)
	a brilliant science teache		
Carlos	What did you 7	(learn) about?	
Dad	We ⁸	(learn) about all kinds of things, like space and	
	medicine. It was great!	- A PROCESSOR AND THE PROGRAM PROPERTY SHARE THE PROGRAM AND THE STATE OF THE STATE	







You He She It We They	used t	to swin	n.	I You He She It We They		tuse to	swin	m.		
Did	l you he she it we they	use to	swim?	Yes	di	No l you he d. she it we the	5	didn"	t.	
Re-wr										nool.
<u>l</u> (month, I ro <u>uSed</u> ears ago, e, I didn't	to r	ide v 1 Japane	ny l ise. No	<i>v.</i> I don'	le to	scl	100	l.	
Last r Ten y Before Last y	u sed ears ago,	to r I studie do exerc	ide v d Japane dise. Nov e didn't s	ny (se. No w. I do e tudy ha	v. I don' exercise.	le to	SCI apanes es har	100 e. d.	l.	h.e.

MUST VS. HAVE TO - MEANING



You must rest for two weeks.

test-english geom

I have to rest for two weeks.



MUST

Obligation that comes from the speaker. The speaker thinks it's necessary.

MANAGER: You must be here at 7. SMOKER*: I must stop smoking.

*The obligation comes from the smoker. The smoker thinks it's necessary.

HAVE TO

External obligation.

Another person thinks it's necessary.

WORKER: I have to be there at 7.

SMOKER*: I have to stop smoking.

*The obligation comes from the doctor. The doctor thinks it's necessary.

MUSTN'T

Prohibition. You can't do something. It's necessary that you don't do it.

You mustn't wait here.

You can't wait here. It's not allowed.

He mustn't call her at work.

He can't call her at work. It's necessary
that he doesn't call her at work.

DON'T HAVE TO

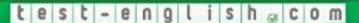
No obligation. You can do something but you don't need to do it. Not necessary.

You don't have to wait here.

You don't need to wait here. Not necessary.

He doesn't have to call her at work.

He doesn't need to call her if he doesn't want to do it. It's not necessary.





B. Encircle the correct answers.
II leave early because I wasn't feeling well. a. had to b. must c. have to
2You do something to solve this problem. a. have to b. 've to c. must
I don't like these clothes, but I wear them at work. a. must b. 've to c. have to
4Teacher: 'You arrive on time for class.' a. must b. mustn't c. have to
We didn't have money, so we to find a cash dispenser. a. must b. had to c. have to
6You tell anyone; it's a secret.
a. don't have to b. haven't to c. mustn't
7 pay for the car repair or did the insurance cover it? a. Did you have to b. Had you to c. Did you must

8We _____ leave now; it's 10 and the conference doesn't start until 12.

- a. don't have to b. haven't to c. mustn't
- 9We had an accident, but it was OK, we ____ go to the hospital.
 - a. didn't have to b. hadn't to c. didn't must
- The doctor has put me on a strict diet. I ____ eat more fruit and vegetables and do more exercise.
 - a. must
- b. have to
- c. 've to



READ THE NEWS

Present Perfect

tne	e verbs in brackets	5.
1.	She	the photo . (see)
2.	Paul	the floor. (clean)
3.	The flowers	a lot. (not grow)
4.	l	_ Ernie about it. (tell)
5.	She	her homework. (not do)
6.	We	lunch. (have)
7.	David	us. (not see)
8.	We	! (win)
9.	The film	(not start)
10.	He	his name. (change)

A. Complete the sentences with the present perfect. Use

Present Perfect Questions and Short Answers

Present Perfect with Ever and Never

A. Write questions and short answers.



Example: they / close / the door? (X)

Have they closed the door? No, they haven't.

1. he / pick / some flowers? (/)	
 3. they / win / the match? (X)	
 5. she / bring / an umbrella? (X)	

Choose the correct words to complete the questions.

1	Have you	first-aid before	?	
	a do	b did	c	done
2	Have you	been outside i	n a sto	rm?
	a never	b ever	c	yet
3	Have you	someone in ho	ospital	before?
	a visited	b visit	c	visiting
4	Have you hear	d about the earthqu	iake	?
	a just	b yet	c	already
5	Have you seen	the new hospital dr	ama _	?
	a yet	b already	c	just



Match the answers a-f to the questions in exercise A.

b spoke

a No, I haven't. I don't like TV programs like that.

6 Have you ever ______ to a paramedic?

b Yes, I have. I was in a park.

a speak

- c No, I haven't. What happened? Is everyone ok?
- d No, I haven't. I've never been in an ambulance.
- e Yes, I have. I took a course at school.
- f Yes, I have. My grandmother was there for two days.



c spoken

Complete the questions with <u>ever</u> or <u>never</u> .
1. Have you eaten lobster?
2. I have been to France.
3. I think I have really known you.
4. That's the smallest car I have driven.
5. If you have questions, please don't hesitate to contact me personally.
6. She is probably the most fascinating woman I have met.
7. If you have felt or known real love, you know it is well worth the wait.
8. Have your children had Turkish Delight or chocolate-covered pistachios?

9. You h	nave no right to say what the greatest movie is if you
have	seen "Citizen Kane."
10.	have I suggested that a test should replace a teacher!



Write the sentences and questions. Use the present perfect and the word	s
in parentheses.	

- 1 I / not see / the news / . (yet)
- 2 the storm / start / ? (yet)
- 3 the rain / begin / . (just)
- 4 we/not hear/thunder/.(yet)
- 5 my brother / lose / his umbrella / . (already)
- 6 I/see/lightning/.(just)

Fill in the blanks using just, already, and yet.

1. Do you hear the noise? The train has arrived.
2. No. Your cousin hasn't come to the party
3. Can you open the door? Oh, it is open.
4. Your daughter has returned home. You don't
have to worry anymore.
5. Haven't you finished your food? No, I am still
eating mom.
6. Are you going to meet me at the shop? Yes, I am
there.
7. I have realized how beautiful you are.
8. Would you like to have dinner with us? No thanks, I
have had dinner.

PRESENT PERFECT with JUST, ALREADY, YET

Present perfect with	just, already and yet
a Match the questions and answer	rs.
 1	 a Yes, I've just spoken to her. b I've already emailed him, c She's just gone out. She'll be back soon. d I'm afraid I haven't read it yet. e No, thanks. I've already been out f We haven't seen it yet. g No, thanks. I've already had lunch. h Not yet. I've just finished the introduction.
b Put the words in the correct orde	er to make sentences or questions
1 they / have / us / yet? / paid Have they paid us yet?	
2 already / I've / money / all / spent /	The same and the s
3 arrived / our visitors / have / just	
4 shops / I / yet / haven't / to / the / t	peen
5 raining / just / started / it / has	<u> </u>

6 he / yet? / any / has / money / saved

Present Perfect with For and Since Present Perfect with How long...?



Complete the sentences with since or for.

1.	ľve	known R	van	three	months.
			<i>)</i>		

- 2. Have you had that book ____ you were eight?
- 3. We've been here ____ five minutes.
- 4. She's worked there ____ ten years.
- 5. I haven't seen you ____ August.
- 6. He's been ill ____ a long time.
- 7. She's played tennis ____ 2009.
- 8. They've been very happy____ they got married.
- 9. You've lost weight ____ last month.
- 10. I've had this cold ____ Monday.

perfect Sentences.
I've had this car years.
2We've known each other we were in school.
3 haven't eaten anything this morning.
4She hasn't slept two days.
5 have wanted to be a writer I was a child.
6We've been together over ten years.
7I haven't seen John last July.
8It hasn't rained a long time.
9She's worked in this bank 25 years.

Choose for or since to complete the following present

10She's worked in this bank _____ it first opened.



A: How long have you played the violin?B: I have played the violin for five years.

Write questions and answers using present perfect with how long.

- How long / you / have / your bag?How long have you had your bag?
- 1. How long / you / have / that pen?
 _______2.
 How long / you / be / at this school?
 _______3.
 How long / you / know / your best friend?

	4.
How long / you / study / English?	
	5.
How long / you / live / in your house?	
	_
ARTIFICIAL NATURE	

Choose the correct present perfect or past simple forms to complete the dialogues below.

A: I (have seen / saw) Peter last night.

B: Oh really. I (didn't see / haven't seen) him since summer. Is he OK?

A: (Did you see / Have you seen) this film before?

B: Yes, actually I (saw / have seen) it last night.

A: What (have you done / did you do) last weekend?

B: I (have stayed / stayed) at home all weekend.

A: So, Tom is your best friend. (Have you met / Did you meet) Tom when you were in school?

B: Yes, we ('ve been friends / were friends) over 30 years. A: (Did you ever run / Have you ever run) a marathon? B: Yes, last year I (ran / have run) the Boston marathon. Choose the correct present perfect or past simple form to complete each sentence. ___ John yet? a. Have you called b.Did you call c.Do you call ²Emily's not here. She ____ to the shops. a.'s gone b.'s been c.'s went 3A: Where's Tom? B: He ____ . a.just went out b.'s just gone out

c.did just go out

He in London for three years and now he lives in Dublin. a.'s lived b.lives c.lived
the door when you left? a.Did you lock b.Did you locked c.Have you locked
A: 'Where's Tom?' B: 'He ten minutes ago.' a.'s gone out b.'s been out c.went out
7A: ' breakfast yet?' B: Yes, I breakfast at 7:30.' a.Have you had / had b.Have you had / 've had c.Did you have / had
A: ' their homework?' B: 'Yes, they it when they arrived from school.' a.Have the kids done / did b.Did the kids do / did

c.Did the kids do / 've done

2l ____ with Jake last Tuesday and he says you ____ him for months.
a.'ve talked / haven't visited
b.talked / haven't visited
c.'ve talked / didn't visit

10A: 'We ____ yesterday, and you?' B: 'We ____ here since last week.'
a.arrived / 've been
b.have arrived / were
c.'ve arrived / "ve been