PRU LearnR - Pedestrian to Novice Series

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Invalid Date

Table of contents

Preface		3
1	Test chapter	4
2	ggplot	5
	2.0.1 ggplot	5
	2.0.2 Basics	5
	2.0.3 Grouping	6

Preface

This quarto-book was developed with the help of many colleagues. It is also used to trial run the use of {webr} to allow for interactive content in online books.

This skeleton was setup for the {ggplot2} familiarisation and homework. Just awesome!

While this might be disappointing for a first interaction. This could be the basis for transferring all our sessions into this format and support future "pedestrians" to get achieve the "novice" level ... before embarking to become a "R/RStudio ecosystem ninja/jedi"!

May the forRce be with you!

1 Test chapter

just a test

```
# set a random seed and generate data
set.seed(123)
x <- rnorm(100)

# calculate mean
mean(x)</pre>
```

2 ggplot



Warning

Installing and loading ggplot2 on webR takes a little while. The install is happening in the background. Don't worry, once you've waited to load the package everything else will be quick.

2.0.1 ggplot

- Very popular plotting package
- Good plots quickly
- Declarative describe what you want not how to build it
- Contrasts w/Imperative how to build it step by step

2.0.2 Basics

• Load the package and some data

library(ggplot2)

• To build a plot using ggplot we start with the ggplot() function

ggplot()

- ggplot() creates a base ggplot object that we can then add things to like a blank
- We can also add optional arguments for information to be shared across different components of the plot
- The two main arguments we typically use here are
- data which is the name of the data frame we are working with, so acacia
- mapping which describes which columns of the data are used for different aspects of the plot

- We create a mapping by using the aes function, which stands for "aesthetic", and then linking columns to pieces of the plot
- We'll start with telling ggplot what value should be on the x and y axes
- Let's plot the relationship betwen the circumference of an acacia and its height

```
ggplot(data = mtcars, mapping = aes(x = mpg, y = hp))
```

- This still doesn't create a figure, it's just a blank canvas and some information on default values for data and mapping columns to pieces of the plot
- We can add data to the plot using layers
- We do this by adding a + after the the ggplot function and then adding something called a geom, which stands for geometry
- To make a scatter plot we use geom_point

```
ggplot(data = mtcars, mapping = aes(x = mpg, y = hp)) +
  geom_point()
```

- To change things about the layer we can pass additional arguments to the geom
- We can do things like change
 - the size of the points, we'll set it to 3
 - the color of the points, we'll set it to "blue"
 - the transparency of the points, which is called alpha, we'll set it to 0.5

```
ggplot(data = mtcars, mapping = aes(x = mpg, y = hp)) +
geom_point(size = 3, color = "blue", alpha = 0.5)
```

- Try changing these values to make the graph look like you want it to
- To add labels (like documentation for your graphs!) we use the labs function

2.0.3 Grouping

- Group on a single graph
- Look at influence of experimental treatment

```
ggplot(data = mtcars, mapping = aes(x = mpg, y = hp, color = cyl)) +
  geom_point(size = 3, alpha = 0.5)
```

- Try changing the above code to color based on the gear
- We can also split each group into different subplots (known as facets)

```
ggplot(data = mtcars, mapping = aes(x = mpg, y = hp)) +
  geom_point(size = 3, alpha = 0.5) +
  facet_wrap(~cyl)
```

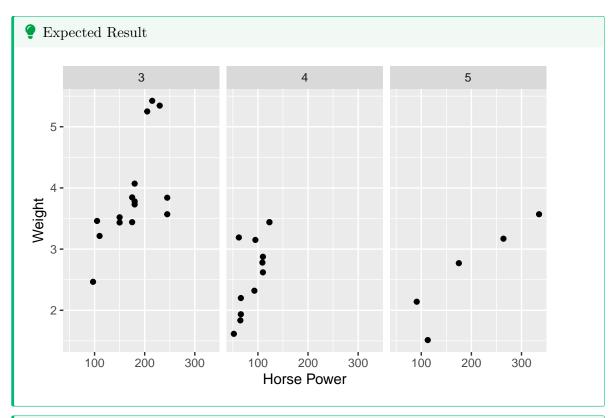
• Try changing this code to create a subplot for each value in vs with points of size 4

i Exercise

Make a scatter plot with hp on the x axis and wt on the y axis. Label the x axis "Horse Power" and the y axis "Weight". Make one subplot for each value in gear.

```
# Add you code here
```

Your result should look like the plot below



Solution Code library(ggplot2) ggplot(mtcars, aes(x = hp, y = wt)) + geom_point() + labs(x = "Horse Power", y = "Weight") + facet_wrap(~gear)