

UNIVERSAL HEALTH INTERNATIONAL GROUP HOLDING LIMITED 大健康國際集團控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)
Stock Code 股份代號: 2211







COMPANY PROFILE 公司簡介

Universal Health International Group Holding Limited (Stock code: 2211) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") aims at huge market opportunities in the universal health industry, strives to be international brand operator of universal health and become a leading practitioner of the strategy of "Internet + Universal Health" as well as a pioneer of the development of ecology in the industry chain by way of finance and capital.

The Company is one of the leading pharmaceutical retailers and distributors in the Northeast of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC" or "China"). The Group has distinguished pharmaceutical retail chain network in the Northeast China and it is also the largest privately operated pharmaceutical distributor in the Northeast China. As of the date of this annual report, the Group operated 845 retail pharmacies, mainly located in the Northeast China, and had approximately 2,270 active distributors and 5,586 full-time staff. In addition, the Group has set up five large-scale logistics storage centers in Shijiazhuang, Shenyang, Changchun, Harbin and Jiamusi, and has established a high- quality distribution system across the country and covering the northeastern region of the PRC.

As a basic business segment, the Group's main product categories for pharmaceutical retail and distribution (including import and export trade) include prescribed drugs, non-prescribed drugs (Chinese patent medicines, chemical preparations, antibiotics and biochemical drugs), traditional Chinese medicine decoction pieces, biological products, protein assimilation preparations, peptide hormones, blood products, disinfection products, medical equipment, family planning supplies (contraceptives and utensils), prepackaged foods, dairy products (including infant formula milk powder), nutritional foods, health care products, stereotyped packaging cosmetics, daily necessities, etc.

大健康國際集團控股有限公司(「本公司」及 其附屬公司(「本集團」或「集團」),股份代 號:2211),瞄準大健康領域巨大的市場機 會,傾力打造國際大健康品牌運營商,並成 為「互聯網+大健康」戰略的領先實踐者,和 憑藉金融與資本的方式發展產業鏈生態圈的 行業倡領者。

本公司是中華人民共和國(「中國」)東北地區領先的醫藥零售商及分銷商之一。集團擁有中國東北地區卓越的醫藥零售連鎖網路,為中國東北地區最大的民營醫藥分銷商之一。截至本年報日期,集團擁有845家零售藥店,主要位於中國東北地區,在全國擁有約2,270名活躍分銷客戶,在職員工5,586名,並於石家莊、瀋陽、長春、哈爾濱及佳木斯設置了五個較大規模的物流儲運中心,構建了輻射全國和覆蓋中國東北地區的優質配送體系。

作為基礎業務板塊,集團的醫藥零售及分銷 (含進出口貿易)的主要經營產品種類,包括 處方藥、非處方藥(中成藥、化學藥製劑、 抗生素、生化藥品)、傳統中藥飲片、生物 製品、蛋白同化製劑、肽類激素、血液製 品、消毒用品、醫療器械、計生用品(避孕 藥品和用具)、預包裝食品、乳製品(含嬰幼 兒配方乳粉)、保健食品、保健用品、定型 包裝化妝品及日用百貨等。 The Group will continue leveraging on the core advantages of branded products, expanding the scope of cooperation on branded products, leveraging on business institute training, and providing more value-added service to employees, customers and consumers. The Group also enriches the product mix by introducing more health care products based on the expertise in pharmaceutical retail and distribution, so as to promote the concept of the universal health industry. Meanwhile, the Group actively explores upstream ecological chain, covering the construction for Chinese herbal medicines base and the production of botanical capsule.

集團繼續發揮品牌產品的核心優勢,擴大品牌產品合作範圍,借助商學院的課程培訓,為員工、客戶及消費者提供更多的增值服務,致力於藥品零售及分銷的專業基礎上,使更多健康類產品進入銷售管道,推行大健康行業理念。同時,集團積極拓展上游生態鏈,延伸到中藥材種植基地建設和植物膠囊生產領域。

The Group actively explores online pharmacies, cross-border e-commerce, Influencer marketing and other "Internet" areas, and advocates the concept of "Specialization" and introduces the development concept of "Platform". Furthermore, the Group maintains upstream and downstream ecosystem leveraging on industry advantage to cope with the situation of "New Norm" in real economy, and takes the lead in upgrading and digitalized transformation of the industry.

集團在網路藥店、跨境電商、網紅引流及其他「互聯網+」領域作積極探索,並倡導「專業+」理念,引進「平台+」發展理念,借助行業優勢維護上下游生態圈,應對實體經濟「新常態」,在行業中率先實行產業升級及數字化轉型。

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors:

Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman)

(Resigned as chief executive officer on 1 August 2021)

Mr. Jin Dongkun (Vice chairman)

Mr. Chu Chuanfu (Appointed as executive director, chief executive officer and chief operation officer on

1 August 2021)

Mr. Zhao Zehua

Mr. Sun Libo (Resigned as executive director on

1 August 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

Mr. Zou Haiyan

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Zou Haiyan (Chairman)

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing (Chairman)

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

Mr. Jin Dongkun

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman)

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Ge Junming

Mr. Zhao Zehua

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ge Junming

REGISTERED OFFICE

PO Box 309

Ugland House

Grand Cayman, KY1-1104

Cayman Islands

董事會

執行董事:

金東濤先生(主席)

(於二零二一年八月一日辭任首席執行官)

金東昆先生(副主席)

初川富先生(於二零二一年八月一日獲委任 為執行董事,首席執行官及首席營運官)

趙澤華先生

孫立波先生(於二零二一年八月一日辭任 執行董事)

獨立非執行董事:

鄭雙慶先生

江素惠女士

鄒海燕先生

審核委員會

鄒海燕先生(主任)

鄭雙慶先生

江素惠女士

薪酬委員會

鄭雙慶先生(主任)

江素惠女士

金東昆先生

提名委員會

金東濤先生(主任)

鄭雙慶先生

江素惠女士

授權代表

葛俊明先生

趙澤華先生

公司秘書

葛俊明先生

註冊辦事處

PO Box 309

Ugland House

Grand Cayman, KY1-1104

Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS

No. 14-1 Bei Yi Zhong Road Tiexi District Shenyang City Liaoning Province, PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

2404, 24th Floor World-Wide House 19 Des Voeux Road Central Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited

PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Shops 1712-1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Mazars CPA Limited

STOCK CODE

The Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 2211

INVESTOR RELATIONS

ir@uhi-group.com

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.uhighl.com

總部

中國遼寧省 瀋陽市 鐵西區 北一中路 14-1號

香港主要營業地點

香港 中環 德輔道中19號 環球大廈24樓 2404室

主要股份過戶登記處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited

PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓 1712-1716號舗

核數師

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

股份代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司主板: 2211

投資者關係

ir@uhi-group.com

公司網站

www.uhighl.com

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

For the year ended 30 June
截至六月三十日止年度

		Unit 單位	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	Change 變動
	III. V				
Revenue	收益	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	1,185.2	1,510.1	-21.5%
Gross profit	毛利潤	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	156.9	188.5	-16.8%
Operating loss	經營虧損	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	(663.4)	(510.5)	-152.9 RMB million 人民幣百萬元
Loss for the year	年度虧損	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	(676.0)	(493.5)	-182.5 RMB million 人民幣百萬元
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	息税折舊及攤銷前利潤⑪	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	(335.9)	(455.0)	119.1 RMB million 人民幣百萬元
				(Restated)	
				(經重列)	
Basic loss per share ⁽²⁾	每股基本虧損⑵	RMB cents 人民幣分	(174.83)	(127.45)	-47.38 RMB cents 人民幣分
Gross margin	毛利率	%	13.2	12.5	+0.7 pp 個百分點
Operating loss margin	經營虧損率	%	(56.0)	(33.8)	-22.2 pp 個百分點
Net loss margin	淨虧損率	%	(57.0)	(32.7)	-24.3 pp 個百分點

As at 30 June

		於六月三十日			
		Unit 單位	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	Change 變動
Current ratio ⁽³⁾	流動比率(3)	times 倍	1.3	2.8	-1.5
Trade receivables turnover ⁽⁴⁾	應收賬款週轉天數(4)	days 天	30.3	38.9	-8.6
Inventory turnover ⁽⁵⁾	存貨週轉天數(5)	days 天	103.8	84.9	+18.9
Trade payables turnover ⁽⁶⁾	應付賬款週轉天數(6)	days 天	68.3	39.5	+28.8
Return on equity ⁽⁷⁾	股本回報率(7)	%	(117.5)	(39.5)	-78.0 pp 個百分點
Return on total assets ⁽⁸⁾	資產總值回報率®	%	(70.6)	(33.0)	-37.6 pp 個百分點

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

Notes:

- EBITDA is calculated by adjusting loss before interests, tax, depreciation and amortisation, excluding the effect of share of post-tax results of joint ventures, share of post-tax results of an associate, impairment loss or, if applicable, its reversal on intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and investment in an associate.
- Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing loss attributable to owners of the Company by weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2021 was 386,313,445, versus 385,561,300 for the year ended 30 June 2020).
- 3. Current ratio is calculated by dividing current assets by current liabilities.
- Trade receivables turnover days are calculated by using the average of beginning and ending balances on trade receivables for the year, divided by revenue for the year, multiplied by the number of days for the year.
- Inventory turnover days are calculated by using the average of beginning and ending balances on inventory for the year, divided by cost of sales for the year, multiplied by the number of days for the year.
- Trade payables turnover days are calculated by using the average of beginning and ending balances on trade payables for the year, divided by cost of sales for the year, multiplied by the number of days for the year.
- Return on equity is calculated by dividing loss attributable to owners of the Company by equity attributable to owners of the Company.
- 8. Return on total assets is calculated by dividing loss for the year by total assets.

附註:

- 息税折舊及攤銷前利潤乃按扣除利息、税項、折舊及攤 銷前經調整虧損計算,不包括分佔合營公司除税後業 續、分佔聯營公司除稅後業績、無形資產、物業、廠房 及設備、使用權資產及聯營公司投資減值虧損或(如適 用)其撥回的影響。
- 每股基本虧損乃按本公司擁有人應佔虧損除以已發行普通股加權平均股數(二零二一年六月三十日止年度的已發行普通股加權平均股數為386,313,445股,而二零二零年六月三十日止年度為385,561,300股)計算。
- 3. 流動比率乃按流動資產除以流動負債計算。
- 4. 應收賬款週轉天數乃按年初及年末應收賬款結餘的平均 值除以年度收益再乘以年內天數計算。
- 5. 存貨週轉天數乃按年初及年末存貨結餘的平均值除以年 度銷售成本再乘以年內天數計算。
- 6. 應付賬款週轉天數乃按年初及年末應付賬款結餘的平均 值除以年度銷售成本再乘以年內天數計算。
- 7. 股本回報率乃按本公司擁有人應佔虧損除以本公司擁有 人應佔權益計算。
- 8. 資產總值回報率乃按年度虧損除以資產總值計算。





Focus, concentrate on universal health 聚焦[,]專注大健康 Live broadcast, new channel experience 直播[,]渠道新體驗

Dear Shareholders,

I, on behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of the Company, am glad to express my sincere gratitude to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholder(s)") and all who give strong support, understanding and encouragement to the Company. I would like to take this opportunity to present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2021 (the "Year").

尊敬的各位股東:

本人謹代表本公司董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)誠摯感謝各位本公司股東 (「股東」)和社會各界人士對本公司的支持、理解與鼓勵。亦謹此提呈本集 團截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度(「本年度」)的報告。





Distribution 分銷

MACRO ENVIRONMENT

The year 2021 marks the first year of the implementation of the "14th Five-Year Plan" of China, and is a new strategic starting point for the "Two Centenaries (兩個一百年)". Under the "Outline of the 14th Five-Year Plan for National Economic and Social Development of the People's Republic of China and the Long-Range Objectives Through the Year 2035", China has made strategic deployment for the construction of "Healthy China" and the response to the trend of aging. In this regard, new situations are brewing in medical service, scientific and technological innovation, universal health, major consumption and other aspects, and the universal health industry will usher in new development opportunities.

Although the novel coronavirus disease 2019 (the "COVID-19") epidemic (the "Epidemic") has posed a severe blow to the global economy, it has led to the rise of the new business model in pharmaceutical industry and the increase in its concentration, and has an impact on international industrial transfer, vaccine, prevention and control, and accelerated development of testing related industries. With the promotion of COVID-19 vaccination, the world economy has gradually restarted and recovered. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) predicts that the global economy is expected to grow by 6%, developed economies by 5.1%, and emerging markets and developing economies by 6.7% in 2021. Affected by the uneven distribution of vaccines in the world, the global economic recovery is still uncertain.

China's economy still shows high resilience. Confronting the Epidemic between winter and spring and the uncertainty of the external environment, all regions and departments in China conscientiously implemented the decision-making arrangements of the CPC Central Committee and the State Council, consolidated and expanded the achievements of Epidemic containment and economic and social development, scientifically and accurately implemented macro policies, and the economic operation gained steady growth, with excellent economic performance in the first half of 2021.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Under the Epidemic, the Company's business developed steadily. Among several major business segments of the Group, pharmaceutical chain and pharmaceutical wholesale have restrained the sharp decline. The capsule manufacturers, however, have been greatly affected by the second waive of the

宏觀局勢

二零二一年既是中國「十四五規劃」開局之年,又是「兩個一百年」邁向新征程的戰略新起點。在《中華人民共和國國民經濟和社會發展第十四個五年規劃和二零三五年遠景目標綱要》中,國家對健康中國的建設和應對老齡化等方面做出了戰略部署,暨此,醫療服務、科技創新、大健康、大消費等方面都在醞釀著新局勢,大健康產業將迎來新的發展機遇。

雖然本次2019冠狀病毒病(「新冠肺炎」)疫情(「疫情」)對全球經濟帶來嚴重打擊,但卻令到醫藥產業新商業模式崛起、集中度提高、國際產業轉移,以及對疫苗、防控、檢測相關產業加速發展等多方面都產生影響。隨著新冠疫苗接種的推進,世界經濟逐漸重啟、復甦。國際貨幣基金組織(IMF)預測制定零二一年全球經濟增長6%,發達經濟體增長5.1%,新興市場和發展中經濟體增長6.7%。受到全球疫苗分配不均的影響,全球經濟復甦力度仍存在較大的不確定性。

中國經濟仍表現了較強的韌性。面對冬春疫情考驗和外部環境的不確定性,中國各地區、各部門認真貫徹落實黨中央、國務院決策部署,鞏固拓展疫情防控和經濟社會發展成果,科學精準實施宏觀政策,經濟運行穩中向好,二零二一年上半年經濟表現優異。

業績回顧

公司業務在疫情的影響下企穩發展。集團幾 大業務板塊中,醫藥連鎖和醫藥批銷抑制了 大幅下滑,但膠囊生產企業等受到二波疫情 反覆的重大影響,效益不及預期。公司啟動 移動互聯網在線宣傳和營銷,提前佈局網紅 Epidemic, and the benefits are less than expected. The Company launched online publicity and marketing on the mobile Internet, and initiated marketing by Internet celebrities, online pharmacies and cooperation with third-party online service organizations in some areas in advance, thereby laying a business foundation for the country to further open up the new trend of online retailing, and providing basic support for the Company to explore the supply-side strategic transformation. The Company's total revenue for the Year was RMB1,185.2 million.

引流、網絡藥店和部分地區與第三方線上服務機構的合作,為迎接國家進一步開放網絡零售的新趨勢奠定了業務基礎,為公司探求供給側戰略轉型提供基礎支撐。公司本年度收益總額人民幣1,185.2百萬元。

OUTLOOK AND STRATEGIES

With the launch of the "14th Five-Year Plan" of China, the constant advancement of medical reform and the evolution of the global aging, China's basic investment in the field of wellness will continue to increase, and the living standards of residents will improve in a steady manner. In addition, with people's wellness being enhanced and the consumption in the pharmaceutical field being a rigid demand, the pharmaceutical industry still has increasing expectations.

Also, the fast growth of China's network economy has brought great room for reform to the pharmaceutical retail industry. The increasing concentration of physical stores and the increasing online share will bring new challenges and opportunities for the Company's operations. The Company will seize the momentum, cultivate talents and reach new growth poles.

The Group continues to follow the existing development strategies, focus on the pharmaceutical industry, and concentrate on the universal health field. It will take internal and external factors as the point of departure to actively respond to the adverse situation. The first is to improve the operational quality of retail chain stores and strengthen medical service capabilities; the second is to expand the value-added service items of stores to meet various needs of consumers; and the third is to vigorously strengthen the linking capability of Internet to physical stores to promote the online and offline connectivity and integration. At the same time, through the optimization and adjustment of the regional layout of the chain system and distribution system, resources will be gathered in regions with advantages, and continuous competitiveness will be formed through innovation and cooperation.

展望與戰略

隨著國家「十四五規劃」的開啟和醫療改革的 持續推進,以及全球老齡化趨勢的演進,中 國在大健康領域的基礎投入將不斷加大,居 民生活水平的穩步提高,加之民眾健康意識 的增強和醫藥領域的消費屬於剛性需求,醫 藥行業仍具有不斷增長的預期。

同時,中國網絡經濟的飛速發展,給醫藥零售行業帶來巨大變革的空間,實體門店的集中度提高和網上份額的不斷提升,將為公司經營帶來新的挑戰和機遇,公司將順勢而為,培育人才,打造新的增長極。

本集團延續既有發展戰略,聚焦醫藥行業,專注大健康領域,從內部要素和外部要素入手,積極應對不利局面。首先是提高零售連鎖門店的運營素質,加強醫學服務能力;費是拓展門店的增值服務項目,滿足消費實力,次是拓展門店的增值服務項目,滿足消費實體內方面需求;再次是大力加強互聯網對實體門店的鏈接能力,促進線上線下貫通及融合發展。同時,通過對連鎖體系和分銷體系區域佈局的優化調整,將資源向優勢地區聚集,通過創新與合作形成持續的競爭力。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

The Chinese government has determined the timetable for "carbon peak" in 2030 and "carbon neutralization" in 2060. "Lucid waters and lush mountains are invaluable assets" has become an important concept in China's environmental protection and sustainable economic development, which embodies the dialectical relationship between environment and economy. The environment, society and governance are also the basis for the Group to develop in a sustainable way and perform social responsibility, and are taken seriously by senior management. We will make efforts in aspects such as environment, employees, customers, supply chain, anti-corruption and even community participation, while creating economic value for each stakeholder, to both improve governance and take into account the maintenance of the natural environment and the social competitive environment, so as to adapt to the global trend of coordinated economic and social development.

I would like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere gratitude to the Board, management members and all staff for their dedication and support to our Group's strategies and business development.

員工衷心致意,感謝他們竭誠工作及支援、 配合集團的策略及業務發展。

在此, 謹向董事會同仁、管理層成員和所有

Jin Dongtao Chairman

Hong Kong 28 September 2021

環境、社會與管治

中國政府已經明確二零三零年「碳達峰」和二零六零年「碳中和」的努力時間表。「綠水青山就是金山銀山」已經成為中國保護環境和經濟可持續發展的重要理念,很好體現了環境與經濟的辯證關係。環境、社會與管治海。是本集團持續發展、踐行社會責任的工,各戶、供應鏈、反貪污以至社區參與實值的時,通過管治提升而兼顧自然環境與社會協爭環境的維護,適應經濟社會協調發展的全球趨勢。

主席 金東濤

香港 二零二一年九月二十八日

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The Epidemic has significantly impacted on global economy, including the pharmaceutical industry. However, in fact, China's pharmaceutical market maintained a growth rate faster than that of the global market prior to the Epidemic. From 2016 to 2020, the market size of China's pharmaceutical industry increased from RMB1,329.4 billion to RMB1,791.9 billion. Due to the effective control of the Epidemic in China, its pharmaceutical industry has gradually recovered since the second quarter of 2020. The market prosperity and profitability have steadily improved. Benefiting from the accelerated aging population worldwide and the increasing health awareness of the general public, it is expected that the medical industry characterized by inelastic demand will gradually recover, at least, to the level before the Epidemic. According to the forecast of AskCl Consulting Co., Ltd. (中商產業研究院), China's pharmaceutical market will continue to grow in 2021, and the market size of China's pharmaceutical industry will reach RMB1,885.8 billion in 2021.

行業概覽

疫情對全球經濟,包括醫藥行業,帶來重大的影響,然而事實上在疫情之前,中國醫藥市場保持著超過全球醫藥市場的增速增長,二零一六年至二零二零年中國醫藥行場人民幣13,294億元增長至人民幣17,919億元。由於國內疫情的良好控制,門國醫藥行業從二零二零年第二季度以及屬利能力穩力,對於全球老齡化加劇、居民健康計學、對於復至少致疫情前的水平。中商產業會與投資至少致疫情前的水平。中商產業會與人民幣18,858億元。





According to data from the National Bureau of Statistics, as of May 2021, the pharmaceutical manufacturing industry realized a cumulative operating income of RMB1,116.23 billion, a year-on-year increase of 27.6%; and cumulative profit of RMB224.48 billion in total, a year-on-year increase of 81.7%. The pharmaceutical manufacturing industry maintained stable as a whole. In the first half of 2020, affected by the Epidemic, the revenue and profit declined slightly year-on-year, and grew after the third quarter, with the profit recovering faster than the revenue.

In terms of retail pharmacies, the market size has increased steadily and the industry has continued to concentrate. Leading pharmacies are expected to grow vigorously through internal and external means. In the long run, the trend of prescription outflow will bring more room for the retail pharmacy industry to develop. The consumption of traditional Chinese medicines remains policyimmunized. Enterprises engaged in traditional Chinese medicine consumption have strong variety and brand strength, thereby having a long-term space for both quantity and price to rise.

In terms of policies, China's medical reform has now entered a new era. Policies regarding bulk purchases of chemical and generic drugs, centralized purchases of high-priced consumables, and negotiation on medical insurance catalogue are advanced consistently. The progress and intensity of such policies exceed expectations. The central idea of this round of medical reform is to encourage innovation, improve the quality of medicines and equipment, and transform unreasonable expenditures on medical insurance into effective ones.

根據國家統計局數據,截至二零二一年五月,醫藥製造業累計實現營業收入人民幣11,162.3億元,同比增長27.6%;累計實現利潤總額人民幣2,244.8億元,同比增長81.7%。醫藥製造業整體趨勢平穩,二零二零年上半年受疫情影響,收入端和利潤端同比小幅下滑,第三季度後重新恢復增長,利潤端比收入端增速修復更快。

零售藥店方面,市場規模穩健增長,行業集中度持續提升,龍頭藥店有望通過內生和外延的方式實現快速增長,長期看來,處方外流的趨勢為零售藥店行業帶來較大增量空間。相關的中藥領域消費保持政策免疫,中藥消費企業具有強品種力和品牌力,長期存在量價齊升空間。

政策方面,目前中國醫改也已經進入新時代,化藥仿製藥帶量採購、高值耗材集採、 醫保目錄談判等政策持續加速推進,政策進度及強度不斷超預期。本輪醫改的中心思想 是鼓勵創新,提高藥品、器械質量,醫保的 不合理支出向有效支出轉變。





In recent years, the State has paid more and more attention to the burden of medical expenses, and has introduced policies to reduce the burden of medicines and increase people's livelihood and well-being. On 15 January 2021, the State Council executive meeting once again focused on the drug issues. This meeting required that in accordance with the medical reform deployment, adhere to the three-medicine linkage, and promote the normalization and institutionalization of centralized drug procurement. The promotion of this measure will squeeze out the earnings in the purchase of medicines. On the one hand, it is necessary to select pharmaceutical companies, drugs and consumables through fair competition in quality and price, so that medical institutions can ensure that the selected drugs are used first, and the purchase volume should be increased as much as possible according to demand. On the other hand, it is necessary to strengthen the supervision of the entire chain of drug production, circulation and use. As a pharmaceutical company, it is necessary to promote product innovation and upgrade, improve drug efficiency, and benefit patients, drug reform "reduces burden", and health dividend "benefits people's livelihood".

According to the trend, the prospects of the pharmaceutical industry are promising as in recent years, China has implemented the China's new fertility policy, aging of the population structure has accelerated, the economy has grown sustainably, the per capita disposable income has been increasing, and people have improved their health concepts. On the other hand, China's pharmaceutical industry still faces many challenges such as pressure of transformation, intensified international homogeneous competition, and insufficient innovation and R&D capabilities.

從趨勢看來,近年中國新生育政策的實行、 人口結構老齡化趨勢加快、經濟持續增長及 人均可支配收入不斷增長以及人們健康觀念 的提升,醫藥行業發展前景一片大好。但另 一方面,中國醫藥行業仍面臨轉型壓力,國 際同質化競爭加劇以及創新研發能力不足等 諸多挑戰。

BUSINESS REVIEW

Under the leadership of Mr. Jin Dongtao, the chairman (the "Chairman") of the Board, and with the efforts of all employees, the Group anchors in and focuses on the pharmaceutical healthcare field, and has been actively promoting the development of traditional physical retail chain stores and distribution network while facing more intensive competition. Therefore, the Group has to look for new opportunities and explore new way of business and will make efforts in costs reduction and control in coming years. The employees of the Group's retail chain stores stand fast on their posts to provide medicine sales services to local people. In some areas, telephone ordering for home delivery of medicine and/or mobile internet reservation for products were carried out to maintain business continuity and form a complementary online and offline operation model.

The Golden Rules (王道哲學)

The Golden Rules, an operation philosophy with strategic vision, is put forward by Mr. Jin Dongtao, the Chairman, of which " \pm " is embodied as "1+1=1, 1+1=11, 1+1=101, $1+1=\pm$, $1+1=\pm$ ". The Golden Rules advocates "Team-work" cooperation spirit, "Platform" for multilateral cooperation, "Empathy" at multi-level and multi-dimension, "Sharing" win-win cooperation strategy and "Partnership" of seeking common development.

Chain Retail Business

During the Year, in order to minimise the impact on performance caused by the Epidemic, the Group had started to change its pricing strategies with a view to maintaining earnings of the Group. In the meantime, the Group has strengthened the construction of its O2O platform and formed an online and offline interactive operation system. At the end of the Year, the Group had a total of 845 chain stores (2020: 849 stores). However, the Group's retail business is still suffering from the continuous downturn of regional real economy within the northeastern region of the PRC and the impact of the Epidemic. The Group recorded sales revenue for retail business of RMB519.8 million for the Year (2020: RMB714.4 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 27.2%.

業務回顧

在董事會主席(「**主席**」)金東濤先生的領導及全體員工的努力下,錨定和聚焦醫藥大健康領域,在更激烈競爭中積極推進傳統實體的零售連鎖門店及分銷網絡的發展。因此,本集團必須尋找新的機會及探索新的業務,並將於未來幾年努力降低及控制成民眾,並將於未來幾年努力降低及控制成眾眾本集團連鎖零售店舗員工堅持為當地民眾眾供藥品銷售服務,部分地區開展了電話聯繫送藥到家方式及/或產品移動互聯網預定方式,以保持營業的連續性,並形成線上線下互補的經營模式。

王道哲學

王道哲學是主席金東濤先生提出的具有 戰略遠見的經營理念,其中[王]體現為 [1+1=1,1+1=11,1+1=101,1+1=王, 1+1=田];王道哲學包含著精誠團結的[團 隊]思維,多邊合作的[平台]思維,多層次 多維度的[置換]思維,以及合作共贏的[分 田]思維,共謀發展的[合夥人]思維。

連鎖零售業務

本年度,為了減少因疫情造成的業績影響,本集團開始改變定價策略,以維持本集團的收益。同時加強O2O平台建設,形成線上線下互動運營。本集團年末合共連鎖店舖845家(二零二零年:849家)。但是本集團的零售業務仍受著中國東北地域實體經濟持續下滑及疫情的衝擊,本集團零售業務銷售收益本年度錄得人民幣519.8百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣714.4百萬元),同比下降27.2%。

Nationwide Distribution Business

During the Year, the Group has approximately 2,270 distribution customers and 5 large-scale distribution logistics centers. The Group made appropriate promotion in its distribution system, continued to optimise screening and maintaining of high-quality customers. However, in this circumstance, the Group's distribution business recorded sales revenue of RMB665.4 million (2020: RMB795.7 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 16.4%.

Direct-supply and Sales Model

The Group's direct-supply model effectively addressed the issue of traditional heavily overlapped sales process, as well as simplified the supply chain to improve sales efficiency and profitability and provided a higher profit margin from the high-margin products of the Group. Meanwhile, the marketing model advanced to accord with the "Two Invoices System" carried out by the Chinese government so as to reduce the effect of the policy change of the Group. During the Year, the Group's management took all necessary actions to safeguard the direct supply of branded products, and its direct-supply model covered 29 provinces in China.

Branded Products Operation

The Group continued to maintain the operational pattern of the original branded products and adjusted the brand structure according to actual operational requirements to eliminate certain non-applicable products and add new products, so as to maintain the competitiveness of the original branded products, on the other hand, increase the influence of new branded products. During the Year, a net increase of 2 branded products was recorded. Hence, there were 679 branded products in total in operation for the benefit of the Group at the end of the Year.

全國分銷業務

本年度,本集團擁有分銷客戶約2,270家, 具有規模的分銷物流中心5個。本集團適量 進行分銷體系的宣傳推廣投入,繼續優化篩 選和維護優質客戶。然而,在此環境下,本 集團分銷業務錄得銷售收益人民幣665.4百 萬元(二零二零年:人民幣795.7百萬元), 同比下降16.4%。

直供銷售模式

本集團的直供模式有效解決了傳統上繁複重疊的銷售環節,簡化供應鏈,從而提高銷售效率及盈利能力,為本集團的高邊際利潤產品提供可觀的利潤率。同時,契合中國政府推行的「兩票制」管理體制,減少本集團受到政策變化影響,具有行銷模式的先進性。本年度,本集團管理層積極維護品牌產品的直供能力,該直供模式覆蓋中國29個省。

品牌產品運營

本集團繼續維持原有品牌產品的運營格局,並根據實際經營需要進行品牌結構調整,淘汰部份不適用產品,補充新型產品,吐舊納新,一方面保持原有品牌產品的競爭力,另一方面增加新的品牌產品的影響力。本年度,錄得淨增加品牌產品2種。因此,本集團年末合共運營679種品牌產品為本集團的利益效力。

Intelligent Warehouse Construction

The Group has set up five large-scale logistics distribution centers in Shijiazhuang, Shenyang, Changchun, Harbin and Jiamusi, and has established a high-quality distribution system radiating across the whole country and covering the northeastern region. During the Year, continuously leveraging on Warehouse Management Software System, an intelligent sorting software system, the Group has improved the labor productivity. At the same time, the Group has improved the working environment, the work feelings of employees and customers have been improved, which helps the Group's image upgrade, and lays a solid foundation for planning of the industrial upgrading and intelligent transformation of the logistics park.

Brand Image Promotion

With traditional advantages in continuous brand promotion and marketing, the Group strengthened the influence and competitiveness of the Company and mitigated the further decline in operating performance. During the Year, the Group cut down on traditional media, including televisions, broadcasts, newspapers, vehicle advertisement, billboards and leaflets; adopted new media platforms including the internet, WeChat and internet live broadcast for promotional activities for product brands and enterprise brands, which significantly saved advertising costs. In addition, the Group has participated in the public charity. Especially during the Epidemic period, it carried out activities of free distribution of anti-epidemic supplies and specific donation as a way to enhance the reputation of the Company and practice its corporate social responsibilities.

Institute Training

According to the characteristics of new era, new economy, new technology and new retail, the Group continued to optimise the training activities of the institute and made best use of the business institute on the Group's business development, talent nurturing and public welfare promotion. Moreover, the Group took the advantage of the lead in establishing business institute in the industry to strengthen its cohesion as well as enhance the thinking of employees and help to adapt the new requirement of the transformation and upgrade of the business. During the Year, 49 online video internal trainings in total had been held by the Company due to anti-epidemic.

倉儲智能化建設

本集團在中國內地設置了石家莊、瀋陽、長春、哈爾濱、佳木斯五個較大規模的物流配送中心,構建了輻射全國和覆蓋東北地區的優質配送體系。本年度,繼續利用智能分揀軟件系統提升勞動生產率,同時由於本集團的工作環境改善,提高員工及客戶的業務工作感受,促進形象升級,為規劃物流園的產業升級及智能化轉型奠定堅實基礎。

品牌形象推廣

本集團具有持續進行品牌宣傳和行銷推廣的 傳統優勢,藉以強化本公司的影響力和競爭力,減低經營業績進一步下滑的幅度。 度,本集團裁減傳統媒介,如電視、廣播等 報紙、車體、路牌及傳單等;採取新媒體 報紙、車體、路牌及傳單等;採取新媒體 如互聯網、微信自媒體、網紅直播等,宣傳 產品品牌及企業品牌,大幅節省廣告宣傳費 用。此外,本集團參與公益慈善,特別是項 情期間,開展免費發放防疫用品以及專項 時期間,提升本公司的美譽度,實踐企業社 會責任。

商學院培訓

本集團根據新時代、新經濟、新科技、新零售等特徵,繼續優化商學院培訓內容,發揮企業商學院對本集團業務發展、人才培養、公益宣傳等方面的重要作用。此外,本集團利用在行業內率先成立企業商學院之優勢,提升企業凝聚力,促進員工思想提高及對業務轉型升級等新要求的適應性有所幫助。本年度,由於防疫,本公司舉辦了線上視頻形式內部培訓合共49場。

Membership Service

During the Year, the Group had provided follow-up services and promotion benefits for approximately 1.6 million offline members, enhancing the sense of affiliation and positivity of members while boosting their loyalty, and thus promoting a healthy image of the Company. Meanwhile, the Group provided social value-added services in various aspects such as the provision of public toilets, cold shelters, lost children service centres and epidemic prevented stations for couriers and continued to launch the public welfare activities such as "Love China", with a view to building up its positive corporate image.

Industry Alliance

The Company had proactively participated in the alliance activities, with the Chairman and vice chairman, chief operating officer on behalf of the Company attended the tours and forums organised by the alliance, to seize the theme of era development, keep abreast of the industry information, promote development of branded products, strengthen the Company's interaction and exchange with industry alliance and constantly enhance the Group's influence. Meanwhile, leveraging on the China's national strategic guidances of "Healthy China (健康中國)", "Beautiful China (美麗中國)", "Belt and Road (一帶一路)", "Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area (粵港澳大灣區)"and "Hainan Free Trade Port (海南自由貿易港)", the Company gathered industry experience and focused on the technological innovation to seek further transformation and upgrade of the Company's business.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group recorded revenue of RMB1,185.2 million for the Year (2020: RMB1,510.1 million). Loss attributable to owners of the Company was RMB675.4 million for the Year (2020: RMB491.4 million). Loss per share for the Year was RMB174.83 cents (2020: Restated at RMB127.45 cents). The increase in loss attributable to owners of the Company was mainly due to:

(i) the Group has made an analysis on the impact of the macro and industrial economic environment and performed an impairment assessment on investment in an associate and non-current assets. Attributable to the unfavourable actual performance of an associate, an impairment provision of RMB210.4 million was made for investment in an associate. Besides, an impairment provision of RMB8.2 million was made for non-current assets (including intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets); and

會員服務

本年度,本集團對所屬約160萬的線下會員 提供跟進服務及促銷優惠,以便提高會員的 認同感和積極性,增加會員的忠誠度,提升 本公司企業健康的形象。同時,本集團在開 放洗手間、嚴冬提供避寒場所、走失兒童服 務中心、快遞小哥防疫驛站等多方面進行社 會增值服務,繼續開展「愛心中國」等公益活 動,樹立良好的企業形象。

行業聯盟

本公司積極參加聯盟活動,以主席及副主席、首席運營官等為代表參與聯盟組織的考察、論壇,把握時代發展主題,掌握行業資訊,促進品牌產品建設,加強本公司與行實聯盟的互動與交流,不斷提升影響力。同時,借助中國的「健康中國」、「美麗中國」、「專港澳大灣區」及「海南自留易港」等國家戰略導向,吸收行業經驗的聚焦科技創新,探索本公司業務轉型升級的進一步推進。

財務回顧

本年度,本集團錄得收益人民幣1,185.2百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣1,510.1百萬元)。 本年度,本公司擁有人應佔虧損為人民幣 675.4百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣491.4百萬元)。本年度,每股虧損為人民幣174.83 分(二零二零年:經重列人民幣127.45分)。 本公司擁有人應佔虧損增加,主要由於下列 因素所致:

(i) 本集團已就宏觀及行業經濟環境受到的 影響進行分析,並對聯營公司投資及 非流動資產進行減值評估。由於聯營公 司的實際業績表現不理想,將就聯營公 司投資作出減值撥備人民幣210.4百萬 元。此外,亦將就非流動資產(包括無 形資產、物業、廠房及設備和使用權資 產)作出減值撥備人民幣8.2百萬元;及

- (ii) decrease in revenue mainly resulting from the Epidemic and increasing competition in the north-eastern region of China. The Epidemic resulted in prolonged strict control over the activities in the region, which includes travel restriction.
- (ii) 收益減少乃主要由於中國東北地區疫情的不穩定並且競爭加劇。疫情導致該地區的活動受到長期嚴格管控,包括旅行限制。

Revenue

For the Year, the Group recorded revenue of RMB1,185.2 million (2020: RMB1,510.1 million). The Group originally adhered to the principle of small profits but quick turnover and striving for customer resources, but the results was not as good as expected due to the influence of the market economy environment and national policies. The Group started to change the pricing strategies and then gradually increase the price level of products.

Analysis of revenue by business segment

收益

本年度,本集團錄得收益人民幣1,185.2百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣1,510.1百萬元)。本集團原先本著薄利多銷,爭取客戶資源的原則,但是受市場經濟環境及國家政策的影響效果不似預期。本集團開始改變定價方針並逐步提高產品的價格水平。

按業務分部劃分的收益分析

Percentage (%) of total revenue
Year ended 30 June
佔總收益百分比(%)
都至六月三十月止年度

		截至六月三	截至六月三十日止年度		截至六月三十日止年度		
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	Change 變動	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	Change 變動
Retails	零售	519.8	714.4	-27.2%	43.9	47.3	-3.4pp 個百分點
Distributions	分銷	665.4	795.7	-16.4%	56.1	52.7	+3.4pp 個百分點
		1,185.2	1,510.1		100.0	100.0	

Revenue (RMB million)

Year ended 30 June

收益(人民幣百萬元)

Retail Business Segment

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had 845 (2020: 849) retail pharmacies in total, of which 650 (2020: 654) located in Heilongjiang, 127 (2020: 127) in Liaoning, 67 (2020: 67) in Jilin and 1 (2020: 1) self-operated retail pharmacy in Hong Kong. In addition, the Group had 1 (2020: 1) supermarket in Shenyang as at 30 June 2021, mainly for selling healthcare products and consumer goods.

零售業務分部

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團的零售藥店總數達845家(二零二零年:849家),其中650家(二零二零年:654家)位於黑龍江,127家(二零二零年:127家)位於遼寧,67家(二零二零年:67家)位於吉林及1家(二零二零年:1家)自營零售藥店位於香港。此外,於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團在瀋陽設有1家(二零二零年:1家)超市,主要銷售保健品及消費品。

Distribution Business Segment

The Group adopted a prudent approach in running the distribution business and took appropriate actions to mitigate credit risks by strengthening the credit management of sales and minimising trade receivables in order to lower the risk of bad debts.

During the Year, the Group had a nationwide distribution network covering approximately 2,270 active customers (2020: 3,050), among which, approximately 1,410 pharmaceutical retailers, hospitals and clinics (2020: 2,020) and approximately 860 distributors (2020: 1,030).

Gross profit

Retails

Distributions

Gross profit of the Group for the Year was RMB156.9 million (2020: RMB188.5 million). Overall gross margin increase from 12.5% to 13.2%. The increase in gross margin was mainly due to the decrease in promotion activities for offering discounts to customers and the increase in product prices.

Analysis of gross profit by business segment

零售

分銷

Gross profit (RMB million)
Year ended 30 June
毛利潤(人民幣百萬元)
截至六月三十日止年度

2020

零二零年

2021

二零二一年

107.0 149.3 **49.9** 39.2

156.9 188.5

分銷業務分部

本集團採納審慎措施經營分銷業務並採取適 當行動,透過加強銷售信貸管理降低信貸風 險,並減少貿易應收款項,以降低壞賬風 險。

本年度,本集團全國性分銷網絡覆蓋約2,270名活躍客戶(二零二零年:3,050名), 其中約1,410名為醫藥零售商、醫院及診所 (二零二零年:2,020名)及約860名為分銷商 (二零二零年:1,030名)。

毛利潤

本年度,本集團毛利潤為人民幣156.9百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣188.5百萬元)。整體毛利率由12.5%上升13.2%。毛利率增加主要是由於提供折扣給客戶的促銷活動減少,導致產品價格上漲。

按業務分部劃分的毛利潤分析

Gross margin (%) Year ended 30 June 毛利率(%) 截至六月三十日止年度

	既上ハハー	THETIX	
Change	2021	2020	Change
變動	二零二一年	二零二零年	變動
-28.3%	20.6	20.9	-0.3pp 個百分點
+27.3%	7.5	4.9	+2.6pp 個百分點

Selling and marketing expenses

Selling and marketing expenses for the Year was RMB533.8 million (2020: RMB617.3 million) and accounted for 45.0% (2020: 40.9%) of the Group's revenue. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses was mainly due to the decrease in advertising and other marketing but partially offset by the increase in depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses for the Year was RMB66.6 million (2020: RMB75.3 million) and accounted for 5.6% (2020: 5.0%) of the Group's revenue. The decrease in administrative expenses was mainly due to the decrease in donation during the Year.

Finance costs - net

Net finance costs for the Year was RMB10.6 million (2020: Net finance income RMB7.4 million). The increase in net finance costs was mainly due to the increase in exchange losses and the decrease in interest income.

Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses for the Year was RMB5.2 million (2020: RMB1.2 million). Increase in income tax expenses mainly due to reversal of deferred tax assets recognised in prior years. The effective income tax rate for the Year was 0.8% (2020: 0.3%).

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's treasury function formulated financial risk management procedures, which are also subject to periodic review by the senior management of the Company.

This treasury function operates as a centralized service for managing financial risks, including interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, reallocating surplus financial resources within the Group, procuring cost-efficient funding and targeting yield enhancement opportunities. The treasury function regularly and closely monitors its overall cash and debt positions, proactively reviews its funding costs and maturity profiles to facilitate timely refinancing, if appropriate.

銷售及營銷開支

本年度,銷售及營銷開支為人民幣533.8 百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣617.3百萬元),佔本集團收益的45.0%(二零二零年:40.9%)。銷售及營銷開支減少主要由於廣告及宣傳費用減少所致,但部分減幅被物業、廠房及設備折舊費增加所抵銷。

行政開支

本年度,行政開支為人民幣66.6百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣75.3百萬元),佔本集團收益的5.6%(二零二零年:5.0%)。行政開支減少主要是由於本年度捐款減少。

財務成本-淨額

本年度,財務成本淨額為人民幣10.6百萬元 (二零二零年:財務收入淨額人民幣7.4百萬 元)。財務成本淨額上升主要由於匯兑虧損 增加及利息收入減少所致。

所得税開支

本年度,所得税開支為人民幣5.2百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣1.2百萬元)。所得税開支增加主要由於以前年度確認的遞延所得税資產撥回所致。本年度實際所得税税率為0.8%(二零二零年:0.3%)。

流動資金及資本資源

本公司之庫務部門制定財務風險管理程序, 亦由本公司高級管理層定期審閱。

該庫務部門集中管理包括利率及匯率風險在 內之財務風險、重新分配本集團之財務資源 盈餘及爭取有成本效益之資金,並抓緊提高 收益之機遇。庫務部門定期及密切監察其整 體現金及債務狀況、積極檢討其融資成本及 到期情況以方便於適當情況下及時再融資。

As at 30 June 2021, the Group's unpledged cash and cash equivalents were RMB33.1 million in aggregate (2020: RMB131.3 million), and the Group's net current assets were RMB103.7 million (2020: RMB434.0 million).

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團之無抵押 現金及現金等價物合共為人民幣33.1百萬元 (二零二零年:人民幣131.3百萬元),及本 集團之流動資產淨值為人民幣103.7百萬元 (二零二零年:人民幣434.0百萬元)。

During the Year, net cash flows used in operating activities amounted to RMB107.7 million (2020: RMB408.3 million). The decrease in cash flows used in operating activities was mainly attributable to the decrease in the Group's working capital.

本年度,經營活動所用的現金流量淨額為 人民幣107.7百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣 408.3百萬元)。有關經營活動所用現金流量 的下降主要因本集團營運資金減少所致。

During the Year, the Group had capital expenditure of RMB1.9 million (2020: RMB95.7 million).

本年度,本集團的資本開支為人民幣1.9百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣95.7百萬元)。

Having considered the cash flow from operating activities and existing financial gearing, the management believes that the Group would replenish liquidity in a timely basis to fund its day-to-day operations, capital expenditures and prospective business development projects. The Board will continuously and closely monitor the Group's liquidity position and financial performance and implement measures to improve the Group's cash flows.

經考慮經營活動之現金流量及現有財務槓桿,管理層認為,本集團需要適時補充流動資金,為日常業務營運、資本開支及未來業務發展項目提供資金。董事會將持續及密切監控本集團流動資金狀況及財務表現以及實行措施以改善本集團的現金流量。

The Group mainly operates in the PRC, with most of its transactions denominated and settled in Renminbi. The Group's currency risk is insignificant and mainly arises from certain bank deposits that are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars. As at 30 June 2021, the Group had cash and bank balances of RMB33.1 million, of which the equivalent of RMB0.2 million was denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars.

本集團主要在中國經營業務,大部分交易以人民幣計值及結算。本集團的貨幣風險並不重大和主要來自以港元及美元計值的部分銀行存款。於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團的現金及銀行結餘為人民幣33.1百萬元,其中以港元及美元計值的款項相等於人民幣0.2百萬元。

The Group did not use financial instruments for financial hedging purpose during the Year.

本年度,本集團並無使用金融工具作金融對 沖用途。

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

In the annual general meeting held on 10 December 2020, the resolution approving the share consolidation of every ten (10) issued and unissued shares with par value of US\$0.001 each in the share capital of the Company into one (1) consolidated share with par value of US\$0.01 (the "Share Consolidation") was passed and it took effect on 14 December 2020.

Upon the Share Consolidation became effective, the authorised share capital of the Company was US\$10,000,000 divided into 1,000,000,000 consolidated shares with par value of US\$0.01 each. As at 30 June 2021, 386,313,445 ordinary shares of US\$0.01 each (the "Shares") were issued by the Company. Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had no interest-bearing bank borrowings and no bank borrowings carried annual interest rates (2020: Nil).

The gearing ratio of the Group as at 30 June 2021, calculated as net debt divided by sum of total equity and net debt, was N/A (2020: N/A).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2020: Nil).

As at 30 June 2021, notes payable of the Group was secured by the time deposits of the Group with net aggregate booking value of RMB34.7 million (2020: RMB45.2 million).

資本結構

於二零二零年十二月十日舉行的股東週年大會,通過決議批准每十(10)股本公司股本中每股面值0.001美元之已發行及未發行股份合併為一(1)股每股面值0.01美元之合併股份之建議股份合併(「**股份合併**」),並於二零二零年十二月十四日生效。

於股份合併生效後,本公司法定股本為10,000,000美元(分為1,000,000,000股每股面值0.01美元之合併股份)。於二零二一年六月三十日,本公司已發行386,313,445股每股面值0.01美元之普通股(「股份」)。有關本年度本公司股本之變動詳情載於合併財務報表附註21。

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團並無任何 計息銀行借款及無銀行借款年利率(二零二 零年:無)。

本集團於二零二一年六月三十日的資本負債 比率(以債務淨額除以權益總額與債務淨額 之和計算)為不適用(二零二零年:不適用)。

或然負債及資產質押

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團並無任何 重大或然負債(二零二零年:無)。

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團的應付票據由本集團總賬面淨額人民幣34.7百萬元 (二零二零年:人民幣45.2百萬元)的定期存款作抵押。

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had 5,586 (2020: 5,612) full-time employees with total employee benefit expenses amounted to RMB316.5 million for the Year (2020: RMB276.0 million). Employees are paid according to their positions, performance, experience and prevailing market practices, and are provided with management and professional training. The Group has implemented a number of initiatives to enhance the productivity of its employees. In particular, the Group conducts periodic performance reviews on most of the employees, and their compensation is tied to their performance. Further, the Group's compensation structure is designed to incentivize its employees to perform well by linking a portion of their compensation to their performance and the overall performance of the Group. The performance-based compensation partly depends on the employee's job function and seniority. Employees in Hong Kong are provided with retirement benefits under the Mandatory Provident Fund scheme, as well as life insurance and medical insurance. Employees in the PRC are provided with basic social insurance and housing fund in compliance with the requirements of the laws of China. Meanwhile, the Group endeavours to provide its employees with a safe workplace and structured training programs.

人力資源

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團擁有 5,586名(二零二零年:5,612名)全職僱員, 本年度,僱員福利總開支為人民幣316.5百 萬元(二零二零年:人民幣276.0百萬元)。 本集團根據僱員的職位、表現、經驗及當前 市場慣例向僱員支付薪酬,並提供管理及專 業培訓。本集團已實施一系列舉措以提高員 工的生產力。尤其是,本集團對大多數的員 工進行週期性績效評估,他們的薪酬與績效 掛鈎。此外,本集團的薪酬結構旨在通過將 部分薪酬與個人績效和本集團的整體業績掛 鈎,激勵員工取得良好表現。基於業績的薪 酬部分取決於員工的崗位職能和資深程度。 本集團根據強制性公積金計劃為香港僱員提 供退休福利,以及人壽保險及醫療保險。本 集團根據中國法律規定向中國內地僱員提供 基本社會保險及住房公積金。此外,本集團 竭力為僱員提供安全之工作環境及提供有系 統之培訓課程。

FUTURE PLAN

Following the leadership of the Chairman in strategic plan and taking the Golden Rules as its guidelines, the management of the Group will adapt to the new situation, concentrate on universal health, focus on the pharmaceutical industry, and deeply cultivate the industry chain. On the basis of stabilizing and optimising the existing retail chain network and distribution system, it will further explore the structural transformation and digital upgrading of the "supply-side" reform with focus on the development of the following areas:

Firstly, "Specialization" strategy is adopted to strengthen the service professionalism and improve the Company's operation quality. Taking licensed pharmacists as the core and leveraging on the advantages of the business institute, the Group aims to train employees of the new era, and improve the level of pharmacy services for the public from the aspects of corporate culture, pharmaceutical knowledge, service skills, new marketing methods, or introducing famous doctors, as a way to win customers and develop markets with professionalism, and to shape professional brands in retail chain pharmacies and distribution field.

Secondly, "Platform+" strategy is adopted to expand the value-added service items of stores to meet the growing demand of consumers. With the change in living environment, people pay more attention to health, resulting in increasing demand for prevention and treatment. In particular, the Epidemic outbreak has further reminded the public of the importance of health care and immunity. The Group will adopt new technological methods according to the new situation, such as introducing AI intelligent diagnostic medical equipment, or introducing resources in the field of universal health in the form of partners, to enhance the service capabilities of terminal stores and with alert marketing model, implement franchise store promotion model as to adapt to the market needs in the new situation.

未來規劃

本集團在主席的戰略規劃引領下,管理層將 以王道思維為指導方針,適應新形勢,專注 大健康,聚焦醫藥行業,深耕產業鏈條。在 穩定和優化現有零售連鎖網絡及分銷體系基 礎上,進一步探索「供給側」方面的結構性轉 型和數字化升級,主要在以下幾個方面進行 拓展:

一是「專業+」策略。強化服務專業程度,提高公司運營素質。以執業藥師為核心,依託商學院優勢,培養新時代員工,從企業文化、醫藥知識、服務技巧、新行銷手段等多方面,或引進名醫坐堂,提高為民眾藥學服務水平,以專業性贏得顧客及開發市場,塑造零售連鎖藥房及分銷領域的專業品牌。

二是「平台+」策略。拓展店舗的增值服務項目,滿足消費者日益增長的消費需求。隨著人們生活環境的變化,對健康的關注更為調,預防和治療需求不斷增加。尤其是疫情的突現,進一步提示民眾保健和免疫的重要性。本集團將根據新形勢採用新科技手段,或以合夥人形式引進大健康領域資源,增強終端店舗服務能力,並及時開展管理模式,適應新形勢的市場需求。

Thirdly, "Internet*" strategy is adopted to strengthen the linking capability of internet to physical stores, and promote online and offline connectivity and integration. According to the development trend of technology and the internet, the Group will make full use of the new situation of the popularization of mobile internet terminals, including development of applets, use of short videos and live commerce, moments promotion, group development and bonding members, to develop a network for physical stores, explore a new marketing ecosystem integrating "new business, new retail, and new technology", and build a dynamic and leading competitiveness.

三是「互聯網+」策略。加強互聯網對實體門店的鏈接能力,促進線上線下貫通及融合發展。本集團將根據科技及互聯網發展趨勢,充分利用移動互聯網終端普及應用的新情況,開發小程序、利用短視頻及直播帶貨、朋友圈宣傳、群組開發及粘合會員等多種新方式,打通實體店舖的空中網絡,探索「新商業、新零售、新科技」相融合的新營銷生態系統,構建動態領先的競爭力。

Therefore, by leveraging the network layout advantages of traditional industries and grafting the new economic model, introducing to partnership model, the Group will make efforts to facilitate the optimization and digital transformation of the Group's operation structure, and make plans for a new development cycle with the wing of new engine for the Company, so as to maintain the Group as one of the industrial leaders in terms of the construction of industrial chain ecosystem and operation channel innovation.

這樣,通過借助公司傳統行業網絡佈局優勢,嫁接新經濟模式,開展加盟方式變革,努力促進本集團經營結構優化和數字化轉型,為本公司發展謀定新週期,插上新翅膀及構架新引擎,使本集團在產業鏈生態系統建設和運營渠道創新等方面繼續走在行業的前端。

EVENTS AFTER THE YEAR

Mr. Jin Dongtao, the Chairman and an executive Director, has resigned as the chief executive officer of the Company, and Mr. Chu Chuanfu has been appointed as the chief executive officer, with effect from 1 August 2021 for the sake of corporate governance of the Group; and Mr. Sun Libo has resigned as an executive Director with effect from 1 August 2021 but will remain as an executive affairs officer (行政外事主任) of the Group so as to enable him to focus on executive work of the Group.

For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 30 July 2021.

本年度期後事項

金東濤先生,主席及執行董事,因本集團的 企業管治已辭任本公司首席執行官,及初川 富先生已獲委任為首席執行官,自二零二一 年八月一日起生效;及孫立波先生已辭任執 行董事,自二零二一年八月一日起生效,但 仍擔任本集團行政外事主任,以便其專注於 本集團的行政工作。

具體請見本公司日期為二零二一年七月三十 日之公告。

With reference to its own experience, the Company primarily adopts the principles and basis of Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") as its standards, with an aim to establish a sound environmental, social and governance structure.

本公司主要採納香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄 二十七所載《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之 原則及基準作為本公司的標準,同時結合自 身經驗,旨在構建良好的環境、社會及管治 架構。

The Group is principally engaged in the distributions and retails of drugs and other pharmaceutical products in the northeastern region of the PRC. The Group employs the Direct-supply Model in the sales and promotion of its high-margin products including licensed products and the products with exclusive distribution rights. The Group employs Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEM) and does not directly participate in the production process, therefore, there is no emission of waste gas and greenhouse gas, water and land pollution and the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, etc. in respect to production process. This report elaborates the Group's performance in fulfilling its corporate social responsibility arisen from operations in the mainland China and Hong Kong of the PRC during the Year.

本集團主要在中國東北地區從事藥品及其他。 醫藥產品的分銷及零售業務兩個業務類型。 本集團實行直供模式以銷售推廣本集團的高 邊際利潤產品,其中包括授權品牌產品及取 得獨家分銷權的產品。本集團採用構建原設 備製造商(OEM)代工,並不直接參與生產過 程,因此並無有關生產過程產生的廢氣及 室氣體排放、用水及土地的排污、有害及無 害廢棄物的產生等。本報告整體上闡述了本 集團本年度內於中國內地及中國香港營運所 產生的企業社會責任之表現。

The Group understands that corporate actions are not only critical to the future of the business, but also need to respond to global collective concerns and be consistent with sustainable development goals. We implement more ambitious measures to address the impact on the climate and enhance overall sustainability practices, including setting environmental goals. Responsibility and transparency will drive us to achieve our goals and environmental, social and governance (ESG) vision.

本集團深明企業的行動不但對業務的未來尤關重要,同時亦需回應全球性的集體關注,並與可持續發展目標保持一致。我們實施更遠大的舉措,以解決對氣候的影響並增強整體可持續性實踐,當中包括制定環境目標。責任承擔及透明度將推動我們實現目標和環境,社會及管治(ESG)的願景。

The Group is committed to creating values for stakeholders and the community by a responsible mode of operation, and its major objectives are to maintain the sustainable development of the following factors: (I) environmental aspect; (II) working environment; (III) operational management; and (IV) community participation/public welfare.

本集團致力以負責任的經營方式為持份者及 社區創造價值,維護以下因素的持續發展成 為本集團重要目標:(一)環境方面;(二)工 作環境;(三)運營管理;及(四)社區參與/ 社會公益。

Stakeholders 持份者	Issues of concern 關注事宜	Communication channels 溝通渠道
Government and market regulators 政府及市場規管機構	 Compliance operation 合規經營 Tax payment 繳納税項 Promote regional economic development and employment 推動地區經濟發展及就業 	 On-site inspections and checks 實地視察及檢查 Work reports preparation and submission for approval 編製並提交工作報告作審批 Annual, interim reports and other published information 年報、中期報告及其他已刊發資料
Shareholders and investors 股東及投資者	 Return on investment 投資回報 Information disclosure and transparency 資料之披露及透明度 Protect of shareholders' interests 保障股東權益 	 Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings 股東週年大會及其他股東大會 Annual, interim reports and other published information 年報、中期報告及其他已刊發資料 The Company's website 本公司網站 The Company's contact information 本公司聯絡方式
Employees 僱員	 Career development opportunities 事業發展機會 Health and safety 健康與安全 	 Training and incentive scheme 培訓及激勵計劃 Health guidelines 安全指引
Peer/industry associations 同業/行業協會	 Experience sharing and co-operations 經驗分享及合作 	 Industry alliance 行業聯盟 Industry conference and seminars 行業大型會議及研討會
Suppliers/partners 供應商/合作夥伴	 Long-term partnership 長遠夥伴關係 Honest co-operation 真誠合作 Fair and open 公平及公開 Risk reduction 降低風險 	 Tendering process 招標過程 Regular meeting 定期會議 Strategic cooperation 策略合作 Synergetic development 協同發展

Stakeholders 持份者	Issues of concern 關注事宜	Communication channels 溝通渠道
Customers 客戶	 Safe and high-quality products 安全及高品質之產品 Business ethics 商業道德 Member activities 會員活動 	 Customer service hotline 客戶服務熱線 After-sales service 售後服務
Public and communities 公眾及社區	 Social responsibilities 社會責任 Community involvement 社區參與 	 Various charity projects 各類公益慈善項目 Concern on environmental impact 關注環境影響 The public welfare brand "Love China" of the Group 本集團「愛心中國」的公益品牌

(I) ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT

The Group only sells and markets our licensed products under our Direct-supply Model. The Group believes that our Direct-supply Model enables us to streamline our distribution and supply chain by eliminating or reducing intermediaries and enhance distribution efficiency and profitability, as well as reducing environmental emissions in sale process. The Group does not directly participate in manufacturing drugs, and there is no productive resource consumption for the Group. The Group actively responds to environmental issues and is committed to reducing the impact of business on the environment in its day-to-day operations through a series of policies and measures. The following are the main policies and measures of the Group for the implementation of environmental protection.

(一)環境方面

本集團僅以直供模式銷售及推廣授權品 牌產品。本集團相信直供模式可通過消 除或縮短中間環節,簡化分銷及供應 鏈,提高分銷效率及盈利能力,並減少 銷售過程產生的環境排放物。本集團不 參與直接製造藥品,不存在生產性資源 消耗。集團積極響應環保議題,通過制 定一系列的政策和措施在日常營運中致 力減少業務對環境的影響。以下為本集 團對執行環保的主要政策和措施。

Reduce Emission

In respect of drug storage, the Group abides by Good Supplying Practice ("GSP") as required by competent authority of China, the primary productive consumption is limited to the use of electricity. In terms of transportation, the Group mainly relies on third party transportation agencies in the process of purchase. Under the conditions permitting, the Group will give priority to cooperation with local suppliers to reduce the energy consumption of the transportation process. Only ordinary office work and storage and delivery of goods will involve usage and consumption of resources of the Group with a small portion of use of its own vehicles.

The pollutant emission generated by use of vehicles of the Group

減少排放物

藥物儲存方面,本集團遵循中國主管機關的《藥品經營質量管理規範》(「GSP」),主要產生的消耗僅限於電力的使用;運輸方面,本集團的產品採購主要依賴於第三方運輸機構,本集團在條件許可下,會優先考慮與本地供應商合作,以減少運輸過程的能源消耗。本集團的資源使用僅限於一般的辦公、倉儲及少量使用自有車輛來運送貨物。

本集團使用車輛而產生的污染物排放 情況

Emission indicators (emission/revenue RMB million)

排放量指標 (排放量/收益人民幣百萬元)

		Emission during the	During	ended 30 June
Reporting items	Emission types	Year	the Year	2020 截至二零二零年
報告事項	排放物種類	本年度排放量	本年度	六月三十日止年度
Vehicle travelling 車輛行駛	Nitrogen oxides 氮氧化物(NOx)	1,394.5 kg 千克	1.117	1.112
Vehicle travelling 車輛行駛	Particulate matter 顆粒物	115,598.1 pcs 粒	98	96
Automotive fuel 車輛燃料	Sulphur oxides 硫氧化物(SOx)	2.4 kg 千克	0.002	0.002
Automotive fuel 車輛燃料	Carbon dioxide 二氧化碳(CO ₂)	385,412.5 kg 千克	325.2	369.7

Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emission

Reduction of business trips

The Group understands that long travelling for business trips will increase energy consumption and lead to an increase in greenhouse gas emissions. Consequently, the Group actively reduces the number of business trips and alternatively uses other effective means of communication by teleconference or video conference to replace meetings and trainings which need long travelling.

• Promotion of Environmental Protection Education to Stakeholders

At present, the Group engages various manufacturers of pharmaceutical products and health care products to manufacture our licensed products according to the design and packing requirements specified by the Group. The Group is committed to promoting the importance of energy-saving and emission reduction to its manufacturers and, therefore, the requirements on the manufacturers should comply with national environmental protection regulations and to use environmental friendly material on packaging to the greatest extent. Among which, the manufacturers of the licensed products have obtained all necessary licenses, permits and certification.

The Group raises employees' awareness of environmental protection through induction training and slogan. Moreover, training procedures are formulated to incorporate the concept of environmental protection into the employee's annual training program, which ensures effective implementation of the relevant energy-saving and emission reduction measures.

減少溫室氣體排放

減少商務差旅

本集團了解商業差旅長途交通會增加能源消耗,繼而增加溫室氣體排放,因此本集團積極減少商務差旅次數,改用其他有效的溝通方法,透過電話會議或視頻會議取代長途的見面會議及培訓。

• 向持份者推廣環保教育

本集團現時聘請多家醫藥產品及保 健品製造商按照本集團訂明的設計 及包裝要求製造授權品牌產品,本 集團致力向製造商推廣節能減排的 重要性,所以在採購單條款會註明 要求製造商遵守國家環保法規及包 裝儘量運用環保的材料。其中,授 權品牌產品製造商均已獲得所有所 需的許可證、許可及認證。

本集團通過入職培訓,張貼宣傳標語等提升員工的環保意識,並且制定培訓程序,將環境保護概念納入員工的年度培訓計劃中,確保有效實踐有關節能減排的措施。

Resource Usage

Save electricity and water

The Group actively advocates the concept of "green office" and implements a series of measures to save energy in the office, including cultivating the energy-saving awareness of employees and encouraging them to save electricity and water voluntarily such as turning off the power immediately after use and setting a reasonable temperature of air conditioner, and reduce wastage.

Save paper

In daily operation, the Group actively promotes the electronic use of documents, uses computer archives instead of paper documents, and implements paperless office as much as possible to reduce the use of paper office supplies. The Company encourages shareholders to support environmental protection by receiving the corporate communication in electronic form of the Company in the future. Meanwhile, the Group requires employees to use double-sided printing and recycle used paper that has been used on one side.

The management has regularly reviewed resource use policies and usage, and does not find violations of waste.

The resources usage on operation of the Group

資源使用

• 節約用電、用水

本集團積極倡導綠色辦公,通過一系列措施努力實現辦公室能源節約,包括培養員工節約意識,推動員工自覺省電、節水,例如使用後隨即關閉電源,合理設置空調溫度,減少浪費。

• 節約用紙

本集團在日常營運中積極提倡文件 電子化,使用電腦存檔代替紙質文 件,盡量實行無紙化辦公,以減 少紙質辦公用品的使用。本公司鼓 勵股東選擇收取所有日後公司通 訊之網上版本來支持環境保護。 同時,集團要求員工採用雙面列 印,將單面用過的紙張回收再次使 用。

管理層定期審視資源使用政策及使用情況,沒發現違規的浪費情況。

本集團營運期間資源使用情況

Resources usage amount indicators (Usage amount/revenue RMB million) 資源使用量指標

(使用量/收益人民幣百萬元)

Resources usage 資源使用	Usage amount during the Year 本年度使用量	During the Year 本年度	For the year ended 30 June 2020 截至二零二零年 六月三十日止年度
Electricity 電	917,937 degree 度	774.5	573.5
Petrol 燃油	163,310 litre 公升	137.8	156.7
Water 水	9,176 m³ 立方米	7.7	4.9

The Environment and Natural Resources

The Company acknowledges that climate change and resource shortages pose a major threat to human survival and development. As an enterprise relying on the raw material supply chain, the Company is fully aware of the need to understand and manage the impact of these risks on operations.

The Company supports the transition to a low-carbon economy. The Company is working hard to understand and reduce our environmental impact and carbon footprint, which means cutting down the demand for energy and water resources, reducing waste and improving operations.

The Company formulated series of policies for energy and water conservation, which offer more specific advice and measures on management to employees.

環境及天然資源

本公司承認,氣候變化及資源短缺對人 類生存和發展構成了重大威脅。作為依 賴原料供應鏈的企業,本公司充分意識 到有必要了解及管理這些風險對營運的 影響。

本公司支持向低碳經濟轉型,本公司正 努力了解並減少我們的環境影響及碳足 跡,這意味著減少對能源和水資源的需 求、減少浪費及改善營運。

本公司訂立了一系列的節約能源及水資 源政策,為員工提供了更具體管理建議 及措施。

Measure 措施名稱	Measure details 措施內容
Green office 綠色辦公室	 Encouraging paperless office for electronic documentation 鼓勵無紙化辦公,利用電子文檔 Setting air conditioners to keep the temperature at 25℃ 設定空調溫度為攝氏25度 Turning off unused equipment or lighting system 關掉未有使用的設備或照明系統
Green operation 綠色營運	 For the non-hazardous solid waste, such as domestic waste and waste packaging, etc., the Group will deliver them to Health Authority for handling to prevent environmental pollution upon collection 本集團對產生無害固體的廢棄物而言,例如生活垃圾及廢棄包裝物等,將交由衛生部門處理,防止收集時污染環境 Some unqualified products found in product test and the obsolete drugs produced during the storage are destroyed under the supervision of the quality department 對產品檢測中發現一些不合格品及儲存時產生的過期藥品而言,在質量部門的監督下處理銷毀
Promoting environmental protection to manufacturers and green purchase 向製造商推廣環保及綠色採購	

Measure 措施名稱

Measure details 措施內容

Providing environmental protection • training to employees 向員工提供環保培訓 •

- Providing environmental protection training for new joiners 均會為新入職的員工提供環保培訓
- Actively reducing the number of business trips and encouraging employees to use teleconferences or video conferences instead of meetings which need long travelling
 - 積極減少商務差旅次數,鼓勵員工透過電話會議或視頻會議取代長途的見面 會議
- Encouraging employees to reduce the use of vehicles 鼓勵員工減少使用車輛

Warehouse Construction

The Group builds a logistics warehouse to analyze information through modern system management, and realize the generalizable, controllable, intelligent and informative logistics, on the one hand, to improve the turnover rate and accuracy of warehouse; on the other hand, to reduce logistics cost and improve operation efficiency, so as to reduce environmental pressure as a whole, improve corporate profits and realize more abundant social values. These infrastructure, management experience and expertise will be fully opened to partners, enabling partners to reduce logistics costs.

倉儲建設

本集團建設物流倉儲,通過現代化系統管理分析資訊,實現物流的可類化、可控化、智慧化、資料化,一方面提高 房的周轉率及準確性,另一方面降低物流成本及提升運作效率,整體上降低對環境造成的壓力、提高企業利潤,實現更豐富的社會價值。這些基礎設施、實理經驗、專業技術將會向合作夥伴全面開放,賦能合作夥伴,降低物流成本。



(II) WORKING ENVIRONMENT

Employee and Labor Standards

As of 30 June 2021, the Group had 5,586 employees, of which 99.8% located in mainland China.

The Group is in strict compliance with local employment laws and regulations, including but not limited to Chapter 57 Employment Ordinance in Hong Kong, and Labor Law of the PRC, Labor Contract Law of the PRC, Law of the PRC on Protection of Minors, Regulations on Prohibiting Use of Child Labor (State Council Order No. 364) and Special Provisions on Labor Protection of Females (State Council Order No. 619):

- 1 labor wages, overtime pay and related benefits in compliance with the requirement of local minimum wage;
- 2 holiday and legal holiday in compliance with the provisions of the state;
- 3 equal treatment to every employee, without influence of employee's nationality, race, nationality, gender, religion, age, sexual orientation, political parties, marital status and other social identity on employment, payment, promotion, etc; and
- 4 implementation of integrated computation man-hour in compliance with the requirements of labor law.

(二)工作環境

僱員及勞工準則

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團有 5,586名員工,所聘用的員工99.8%位於 中國內地。

本集團嚴謹遵從本地僱傭法律及法規,包括但不限於香港法例第57章《僱傭條例》及《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》、《中華人民共和國未成年人保護法》、《禁止使用童工規定》(國務院令第364號)、《女職工勞動保護特別規定》(國務院令第619號)等:

- 勞工工資、加班費及相關福利均依 據當地最低工資支付;
- 2 假期及法定有薪假期均遵從國家規定;
- 3 平等對待每一位員工,不因員工 的民族、種族、國籍、性別、宗 教、年齡、性取向、政治派別、 婚姻狀況等社會身份而影響其錄 用、待遇、晉升等;及
- 4 參考勞動法的要求實行綜合計算工 時工作制。

The working hours applied to the staff of the Group are in compliance with the relevant requirements of the employment laws and regulations. The Group's all businesses are prohibited from employing child labor or forced labor. The Group has complied with relevant laws and regulations of prevention of child and compulsory labor. We perform strict examination in the process of recruitment to avoid hiring child labor in any workplace. Furthermore, we will hold regular meeting with management of all departments to review whether there exists forced labor and also understand the situation from the employees. Any detected employment of child labor or forced labor will be dealt with seriously, such as stopping the work of child labor, criticism and reduction of wages or bonus of the person in charge of the recruitment, as the case may be, with respect to related department and even dismissal in severe cases.

本集團員工之工作時間符合僱傭法律及 法規的有關要求。本集團所有業務均禁 止僱傭童工或強制勞工。本集團已遵守 防止僱用童工及強制勞工之相關法律, 在招聘過程便進行嚴格審核, 容許招聘童工在任何工作場所工持有解 程定期與各部門管理層開會檢討了處 在強制勞工的情況,亦從員工處的 在強制勞工的情況,亦從員工處所 在強制勞工的情況,亦從員工處所 在強制勞工的情況,亦從員工處所 在強制勞工的情況,亦從 是工處 一旦發現聘用童工或強制工工資 本集團一定嚴格處理,停止童工工資或 數 並對相關部門進行譴責、扣減工資或 金,嚴重情況予以開除。

The Group has established and implemented a set of human resources management policies and procedures in place with the aim to provide ideal working environment to its staff. Further, the Group's compensation structure is designed to incentivize its employees to perform well by linking a portion of their compensation to their performance and the overall performance of the Group. The Group has adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of enhancing cohesion and maintaining competitiveness.

本集團已制定並實施一套人力資源管理 政策及程序,以提供理想的工作環境予 僱員。此外,本集團的薪酬結構旨在通 過將部分薪酬與個人業績和本集團的整 體業績掛鈎,激勵員工取得良好表現。 本集團實施了購股權計劃(「購股權計 劃」),以增強凝聚力,保持競爭力。

按性別、僱員類型及年齡組別劃分的僱 Total number of employees by gender, category and age 員總數 group Age group Number at Number at Gender Category (years old) 30 June 2021 30 June 2020 於二零二一年 於二零二零年 六月三十日 六月三十日 年齡組別(歲) 性別 類型 人數 人數 Female Management 50 or above 女性 管理人員 50或以上 43 42 40-49 94 96 30-39 56 57 18-29 11 13 General staff 50 or above 一般員工 50或以上 286 272 40-49 1,505 1,542 30-39 1,935 1,951 18-29 775 827 Male Management 50 or above 男性 管理人員 50或以上 41 41 40-49 60 63 30-39 54 54 18-29 10 10 General staff 50 or above 一般員工 50或以上 32 43 40-49 234 221 30-39 345 357 18-29 57 71

> Total 總數

5,586

5,612

Employee turnover rate by gender, category and age group

按性別、僱員類型及年齡組別劃分的僱 員流失比率

Gender	Category	Age group (years old)	Employee turnover rate for the Year (%)	Employee turnover rate for the year ended 30 June 2020 (%) 截至 二零二零年 六月三十日	
性別	類型	年齡組別(歲)	本年度 流失比率(%)	止年度 流失比率(%)	
Female	Management	50 or above			
女性	管理人員	50或以上	0.0	0.0	
		40-49	2.1	0.0	
		30-39	1.8	5.1	
		18-29	16.7	14.3	
	General staff	50 or above			
	一般員工	50或以上	0.0	0.0	
		40-49	0.0	0.0	
		30-39	0.8	0.0	
		18-29	6.5	6.7	
Male	Management	50 or above			
男性	管理人員	50或以上	0.0	0.0	
		40-49	3.3	0.0	
		30-39	0.0	1.8	
		18-29	0.0	9.5	
	General staff	50 or above			
	一般員工	50或以上	0.0	6.1	
		40-49	0.0	0.0	
		30-39	3.4	0.0	
		18-29	21.9	20.3	
			0.5	1.5	

Health and Safety

The Group establishes management policies and procedures for human resources, formulates system of occupational health and safety and takes various steps, aiming to provide the employees with an ideal and safe working environment. For this purpose, the Group also persists in putting resources on improving occupational safety and environmental protection awareness as well as employee development. Our Code of Business Conduct, available in the staff handbook, communicates to our employees the Group's emphasis on ethical business conduct. The Code of Business Conduct applies to all employees and covers areas including, among other things, health, safety and financial integrity, etc.

Working Environment

The Group assesses safety of working environment. The Group implements relevant national regulations on occupational safety and social insurance and formulates corresponding operating rules to manage and control the health and safety hazards posed to the employees, and also formulates relevant contingency and precautionary measures. For example, in business premises and offices, the Group provides relevant staff with necessary labor protection resources, white gowns for salesperson and the necessary education on computer operation and water and electricity safety. Moreover, the Group regularly monitors the compliance status including firefighting equipment and regular cleaning of the air conditioning system and replacement of relevant components to ensure good in-door air quality for protection of employees' health. The Group should report and supervise rectification in event of non-compliant situation. In terms of labor insurance, the Group provides social insurance for employees, including employment injury insurance. In terms of commercial insurance, Directors and senior management are insured of liability insurance.

健康及安全

本集團制定了人力資源管理政策和程序,制定了職業健康與安全的制度,採取各措施旨在為員工提供理想及安全的工作環境,為此,本集團亦堅持投放資源以提升職業安全及環保意識與員工等則中之商業行為守則向僱員 傳達本集團對道德商業行為之重視。商業行為守則適用於所有僱員並涵蓋不同領域,包括健康、安全及財務誠信等。

工作環境

本集團評估工作環境的安全,貫徹執行 國家有關職業安全和社會保險等規範, 制定相應的操作守則以管控員工的健康 與安全風險,並設有相關的應變及預防 措施。例如:在營業場所和辦公室,本 集團為相關職員提供必要的勞動保護資 源及營業員白袍,提供電腦操作及用 電、用水安全教育的知識。此外,集團 定期監控合規狀況,包括消防設備,及 安排定期清洗空調系統及更換相關零 件,確保室內空氣質素良好,保障員工 的健康。當有不合規情況出現時,對 糾正措施作出滙報及監督。勞動保險方 面,本集團為員工繳納社會保險,包括 工傷保險。商業保險方面,本集團為董 事及高級管理人員投保責任保險。



Work-Life Balance

The Group is not just concerned with the occupational health and safety of the employees; it is also concerned with the psychological well-being and need of private life of the employees. Hence, the Group devises various categories of leaves relating to an employee's family life, and makes provision for early leave, flexible vacation, etc. to align with the roles of an employee in his/her family. In addition, the Group will arrange a variety of activities to ease the employees' pressure and enrich employees' life outside of work, such as arrangement of festival celebration activities, sport competitions, etc.

During the Year, no work-related death or injury occurred with respect to any employees within the Group.

Development and Training

The Group has implemented a number of initiatives to enhance the productivity of our employees. Among which, Jintian Institute is an internal training institution first set up in the industry, and subsequently introduced to China Business School Education Group Limited, which established in Hong Kong and is also our training institution.

工作與生活的平衡

本集團不單關注員工的在職健康與安全,更加關顧員工的心理健康及私人生活的需要,故制定各類與家庭崗位有關的假期,並配合員工家庭崗位所需給予早退、彈性休假等。另外,集團會安排各種活動舒緩員工的壓力及充實同事在工作以外的生活,例如安排節日慶祝活動、運動比賽等。

本年度,本集團並沒有員工因工作關係 而死亡及受傷的個案。

發展及培訓

本集團實施一系列舉措以提高員工生產力。其中,金天商學院是行業內率先成立的內部培訓機構,之後引入於香港設立的中華商學院教育集團有限公司,其亦是本集團培訓機構。

Jintian Institute (also named as "Jintian School")

Jintian Institute is an in-house training and development centre, providing systematic and comprehensive training to our employees as well as our important distribution customers periodically. These training courses focus on the promotion of employee's sales skills and deepening the understanding of enterprise culture of the Group. Jintian Institute provides certain training programmes and courses covering various aspects of business operations of the Group, including but not limited to, medical and nutrition knowledge, store operations and procedures, sales and marketing techniques, customer interaction and service skills. Jintian Institute also provides training to our management team in areas such as business process and planning, leadership development, effective communication and management skills. Another key function of the Jintian Institute is to organise events and seminars to promote corporate values of the Group: goal- orientation, teamwork and collectivism. In the meanwhile, the Group also provides continuous training for Directors and senior management on relevant laws and regulatory update as well as business matters related to the Group, to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

These trainings include seminars and workshop on leadership development, corporate governance practices as well as regulatory development and requirements. Through these training programmes, our employees are able to master standard operating procedures of the Group, communicate effectively with customers and acquire a better understanding of customers' preferences. Jintian Institute also helps us to build an experienced, loyal and focused workforce.

During the Year, the Group provided 49 sessions of training to employees through Jintian Institute with up to 3,229 participants, with an aim to make active efforts for improving staff quality and management performance, and adapt to the new norm of the economic development.

金天商學院(亦稱「金天學堂」)

金天商學院為一所內部培訓及發展中 心,定期向僱員及重要分銷客戶提供系 統而全面的培訓。此等培訓課程專注於 提升僱員的銷售技巧及加深對本集團企 業文化的認識。金天商學院提供一些培 訓計劃及課程,涵蓋本集團業務營運的 各個方面,包括但不限於以下方面:醫 療及營養知識、門店營運及程序、銷售 及行銷技巧、客戶互動及服務技能。金 天商學院亦在業務流程及規劃、領導力 培育、有效溝通及管理技能等領域向我 們的管理團隊提供培訓。金天商學院的 另一個關鍵職能是組織活動及研討會以 提升本集團的企業價值,即堅持以目標 為導向、團隊合作及集體主義。同時, 本集團亦對董事及高級管理層就相關法 律及監管更新及有關本集團業務事宜進 行持續培訓,以增進及補充彼等之知識 及技能。

有關訓練包括研討會及工作坊,題材涉及領導力發展、企業管治常規以及監管發展及要求。通過此等培訓課程,本集團的僱員能掌握本集團的標準營運程序、與客戶有效溝通,以及更了解客戶的喜好。金天商學院亦協助本集團建立一支經驗豐富、忠誠及專注的團隊。

本年度,本集團通過金天商學院向僱員提供49場培訓,參與人次達3,229人,積極努力提升員工質素和管理績效,並適應經濟發展新常態。

Details for employees receiving training from Jintian Institute

僱員接受金天商學院培訓情況表

Category	Participants during the Year	Participants during the year ended 30 June 2020
		截至二零二零年
	本年度	六月三十日止年度
類別	受訓人次	受訓人次
Senior Management Personnel 高級管理人員	24	45
Middle Management Personnel 中級管理人員	130	101
Salespersons 營業人員	3,075	6,510
Total 合計	3,229	6,656

Encouragement for External Learning

While conducting internal training actively, the Group also encourages its employees to participate in exams for external higher education and professional qualification. By sharing the resource of the Jintian Institute, we organize employees to participate in the exams of licensed pharmacists, undergraduate and postgraduate etc., encourage employees to promote themselves from different aspects, and improve business skills and comprehensive quality, etc.

Peer/Industry Associations

China Medical Pharmaceutical Material Association (中國醫藥物資協會) was established in 1989, which was a national, non-profit making social entities Class I corporate organization approved to be registered by the Ministry of Civil Affairs of the PRC (中國民政部). Business supervisory unit is State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of The State Council. The Chairman, Mr. Jin Dongtao is vice chairman of the China Medical Pharmaceutical Material Association. The Group's senior management and employees participate in the training and offline activities of the association on an irregular basis.

鼓勵外部學習

本集團在積極開展內部培訓的同時,亦 鼓勵員工參加外部高等教育及職業資格 的考試。通過金天商學院的資源分享, 我們組織員工參加執業藥師、大學本 科、碩士研究生等多方面的考試,促使 僱員多角度提升自己,在業務技能和綜 合素質等方面進行有益提高。

同業/行業協會

中國醫藥物資協會成立於一九八九年,是經中國民政部登記註冊的全國性、非牟利社會團體一級法人組織,業務主管單位為國務院國有資產監督管理委員會。主席金東濤先生為中國醫藥物資協會副會長,本集團高管及僱員不定期參與協會培訓及線下活動。

(III) OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT

Supply Chain Management

In order to enhance operation and management, the Group works on simplifying the supply chain management; as well as diversifying supplier channels to reduce purchase cost and building a structure that combines upstream and downstream through mergers and acquisitions. Out of all the Group's suppliers, 349 are manufacturers and 638 are distributors. For the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020, 27.5% and 30.9% products were purchased directly from the manufacturers respectively.

Product Quality and Safety

For the responsibility in product sales, the Group pays attention to the quality management, complaint handling and customer privacy protection.

At present, the Group engages several manufacturers of pharmaceutical products and health care products to manufacture our licensed products according to the design and packing requirements specified by us. All the manufacturers of the licensed products have obtained all necessary licenses, permits and certification, including Good Manufacturing Practice Certification. The Group also requires suppliers to meet the national Good Manufacturing Practice.

(三)運營管理

供應鏈管理

為提升運營管理,本集團著力於簡化供應鏈管理,擴大供應商渠道,以降低採購成本及通過併購以構建上下游一體化格局。本集團擁有349家製造供應商及638家分銷供應商。截至二零二一年和二零二零年六月三十日止年度,分別有27.5%及30.9%的產品是直接從製造商處採購。

產品質量及安全

對於產品銷售責任方面,本集團重視質 量管理,投訴處理和客戶隱私保護。

本集團現時聘請多家醫藥產品及保健品 製造商按照本集團訂明的設計及包裝要 求製造授權品牌產品。本集團的授權品 牌產品製造商均已獲得所有所需的許可 證、許可及認證,包括藥品生產質量管 理規則認證。本集團亦要求供應商達到 國家藥品生產質量管理規範。

The Group strictly implemented the national GSP in the storage and transportation of products, assigned special personnel to supervise temperature and humidity and established effective period warning mechanism for the purpose of strengthening quality control. The Group strengthened the maintenance and protection of intellectual property rights. In the procurement procedures, we strictly follow the requirements of GSP and require suppliers to avoid infringement of intellectual property rights of third parties; otherwise, the liability for tort shall be borne by the relevant supplier. The Group also strengthened quality controls, promptly notify the supplier of any breakage or other fault of products found during acceptance check and require relevant supplier or transportation operator to make compensation after distinguishing their respective liabilities. The Group strengthened the management of product circulation, in case quality issues with products were found, the Group will take down from shelves and recall those products in time according to the notice of competent authority and notify the supplier to make compensation as agreed. In addition, we strictly protect the privacy of consumer, all of the members and consumers data will be under computer encryption process. The Group also requires allied unit of different industry (if any) to protect consumer privacy. In case of adverse drug reaction, the Group will report to competent authority of the industry upon receipt of any feedback from customers.

本集團在產品的儲運中,嚴格執行國 家GSP,設立專人進行溫度、濕度等監 管,並建立有效期警報機制,加強質 量管理。本集團加強維護及保障知識產 權,在採購環節按GSP要求嚴格把關, 要求供應商嚴謹避免侵犯第三方知識產 權,否則由供應商承擔相應侵權責任。 本集團亦加強品質驗收管理,對驗收產 品出現破損等情況,及時通知供應商, 區分責任由供應商或運輸商進行補償。 本集團加強產品流向管理,如果銷售的 產品出現品質問題,將按國家機關的通 知及時下架和召回,通知供應商按協約 進行補償。另外,我們嚴格保護消費者 隱私,對會員資料和消費者資料進行電 腦加密處理,如有異業聯盟單位,也同 時約定該單位需要保護消費者隱私。如 果出現藥品不良反應的消費者回饋,須 及時上報行業主管部門。

Anti-corruption

The Group is committed to promoting ethical business practices and full compliance with the law wherever we do business. There are strict internal guidelines within the Group which prohibit the employees' involvement in illegal activities, such as bribery, extortion, money laundering and fraud. The Group often participates in the training plans provided through Jintian Institute, which allows our employees to possess rich experiences in many aspects of Direct-supply Model, such as medical product manufacturing, purchasing and quality control, pharmacy operation and marketing.

反貪污

本集團致力提倡道德商業行為,並全面 遵守業務地區之法律。本集團有嚴格的 內部指引禁止員工參與賄賂、勒索、洗 黑錢及欺詐等非法活動,並經常透過金 天商學院舉辦的培訓計劃,讓僱員在直 供模式的許多方面均有經驗,如醫藥產 品製造、採購及品質控制、藥店營運及 行銷。

The Group has in place a "whistle-blowing" policy and system for our employees to report suspected criminal acts including corruption, money laundering and fraud. During the Year, there is no corruption case reported, or legal case regarding corrupt practices or money laundering brought against the Group.

本集團為僱員設置了「舉報」政策及制度,報告涉嫌犯罪行為,包括貪污、洗 黑錢及欺詐。本年度,本集團並無貪污 案件的發生或僱員呈報有關貪污行為或 洗黑錢之法律訴訟。

(IV) COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION/PUBLIC WELFARE

In order to increase the participation in social activities, the Group endeavors to launch more activities for community members and promote the development of public welfare brand "Love China". At the same time, the Group strives to strengthen corporate governance and integrate its corporate development with public welfare philosophy.

The Group is committed to creating sustainable development value in economic, social and environmental aspects to fulfil its corporate social responsibility and achieve long-term sustainable growth of shareholder value. The management of the Group reviews the policy implementation, monitors and measures the progress from time to time to ensure its stated goals achieved in an effective manner.

In order to expand membership base, we propagandize membership programme through a variety of marketing campaigns and also plans to strengthen the analysis of members' consumption patterns and preferences so as to optimize the retail marketing strategy. At the same time, we continue to increase the number of online members through smart platforms such as applets. We will continue to provide members with diversified incremental services, for example, free drug delivery, and free consultation provided to community through the Business Institute, free testing provided to community residents by medical team, etc., and constantly improve the service level.

(四)社區參與/社會公益

為加強參與社會活動,本集團努力推出 更多社區會員活動和推動「愛心中國」 公益品牌發展。同時,本集團努力加強 企業管治,相互融合企業發展與公益理 念。

本集團致力於經濟、環境和社會方面創造可持續發展價值,履行企業社會責任,實現長遠可持續增長的股東價值。 本集團管理層不時審視政策實行,監督和計量進度,並確保有效實現既定目標。

為擴大會員基礎,我們通過各種行銷動推廣會員計劃,還計劃加強會員消費模式及喜好的分析,以優化零售行銷策略,同時透過小程序等智能平台不斷增加線上會員數量。我們將繼續向會員提供多樣化的增值服務,比如免費送藥,和通過商學院為社區民眾提供免費諮詢、通過醫療小組為社區居民提供免費檢測等,並不斷提高服務水平。

Member Activities

During the Year, the branches of the Group intensified member activities, including ongoing member discounts and festival activities, provision of cold shelters in winter, provision of shelter and other support for the lost child as well as other social value-added services, which further improved the cohesion of the members and their willingness to consume. As of 30 June 2021, we had approximately 1.6 million offline members, the average consumption of members reached RMB158 and the Group held 784 sessions of membership activities in total.

Love China Public Welfare Activities (愛心中國公益活動)

Aixin Chuanbo (Beijing) Wenhua Fazhan Zhongxin* (愛心傳播(比京)文化發展中心) was established in 2011 for welfare activities "Love + Health", which was the nationwide fitness and Love program under the name of "Love" and composed of a series of commonweal undertakings, such as "Nationwide Fitness Programme" of body building exercise, "Support and Assist Students and Teachers Programme" caring for the next generation, and "Programme of Army Wife Employment Base" aim at supporting national defense, all of which were designed to pass on China's five thousand years of culture, carry forward the spirit of love Party and patriotism, advocate healthy philosophy of charity and spread healthy culture of

定 FUNNEL SINISTENS 全天 美 人

會員活動

本年度,本集團的分店加強舉行會員活動及節日活動等持續進行會員優惠和獎勵,並從嚴冬提供避寒場所、為迷路小童提供避難支援等方面進行社會增值服務,進一步提高會員的凝聚力和消費意欲。於二零二一年六月三十日,我們有約160萬線下會員,會員平均消費達到人民幣158元,本集團本年度共組織784場會員活動。

愛心中國公益活動

於二零一一年,愛心傳播(北京)文化發展中心為「愛心+健康」公益活動設立立,是以「愛心」命名的全民健身愛心活動,實穿著愛心健身操的「全民健身工程」、關心下一代的「支學助教工程」、支援國防的「軍嫂就業基地工程」等一系列。強事項,旨在傳承中國五千年文化的資黨愛國精神,用愛心引導健康的愛心理念,傳播健康的愛心文化、媒體、愛心組織間互動溝通的平台,發展公益,面向社會,凝聚愛心,讓大家健



caring others. Love China activities are committed to building the platform for the interaction and communication among government, media, enterprises and charities, through which we develop public welfare undertaking, converge love, promote physical and mental health in the society and forge Love China and Love World. The public welfare brand "Love China" constitutes the best platform for the Group to fulfill its social responsibility.

身健心,打造愛心中國、愛心世界。 「愛心中國」的公益品牌是本集團踐行社 會責任的最佳平台。

During the Year, the Group made some medication donations.

In conclusion, the Group has been always adhered to the environmental protection concept of environment caring and sustainable development; while the management strengthening corporate governance to achieve the best operating practices with the combination of governance and efficiency, actively assuming community responsibilities and building the public welfare brand "Love China" as the best platform for fulfillment of social responsibilities.

於本年度,本集團作出若干藥品捐助。

總結,本集團一貫堅持關愛環境和可持續發展的環保理念;同時,管理層加強企業管治,使本集團的運營在治理與效率的結合中發揮最佳實踐,積極擔負社區責任,並將「愛心中國」建立為踐行社會責任的最佳平台。

The Board has pleasure in presenting the Report of the Directors and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

董事會欣然提呈董事會報告及本集團於本年度的經審核合併財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the Group is principally engaged in the distribution and retail of drugs and other pharmaceutical products in the northeastern region of the PRC. Analysis of the principal activities of the Group during the Year is set out in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 119 to 120 of this annual report.

KEY FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The key financial performance indicators of the Group for the Year are set out in the sections of "Financial Summary" and "Financial Highlights" of this annual report.

RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

During the Year, the Group has maintained a good relationship with its stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, banks, regulators and shareholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

PRINCIPAL RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES THE GROUP FACING

The principal risk and uncertainties the Group facing are set out in the sections of "Chairman's Statement", "Management Discussion and Analysis" and Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

主要業務

本公司主要從事投資控股,本集團主要在中國東北地區從事分銷及零售藥物及其他醫藥產品。有關本集團於本年度的主要業務分析載於合併財務報表附註10。

業績

本集團於本年度的業績載於本年報第119至 120頁的合併綜合收益表。

主要財務運營數據

本集團於本年度主要財務運營數據載於本年 報「財務資料概要」及「財務摘要」章節內。

與利益相關者關係

於本年度,本集團與其利益相關者,包括僱 員、客戶、供應商、銀行、監管機構及股東 維持良好關係。本集團將繼續確保與其主要 利益相關者有效溝通及維持良好關係。

本集團面對的主要風險及不確定性

本集團面對的主要風險及不確定性載於本年報「主席報告」、「管理層討論及分析」章節及合併財務報表附註3。

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the Year (2020: Nil).

DIVIDEND POLICY

The declaration, form, frequency and amount of any dividend payout of the Company must be in accordance with relevant laws, rules and regulations and subject to the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association"). Provided there are distributable profits and without affecting the operations of the Group, the Company may consider declaring and paying dividends to the Shareholders. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, included but not limited to: (i) the general financial condition of the Group; (ii) working capital and debt level of the Group; (iii) future cash requirements and availability for business operations, business strategies and future development needs; (iv) any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders; (v) the general market conditions; and (vi) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate. The payment of the dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

The business review and outlook of the Group for the Year is set out in the sections of "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

One of the fundamental tasks of the senior management of the Group is leading the Group to protect the environment. The Group, as a corporate citizen, fulfills social responsibility, strengthens corporate governance, promotes healthy and orderly development of the Group, and further creates economic value and social benefits for clients, upstream suppliers, downstream distributors, Shareholders, potential investors, management, employees, communities and even the environment and other stakeholders.

末期股息

董事會不建議派付本年度之任何末期股息 (二零二零年:無)。

股息政策

本公司必須根據相關法律、規則及規例以及受限於本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則)制定股息宣派、形式、頻率及金額。倘有任何可分派溢利且不影響本集團的營運。於釐定是否建議派付股息及釐定股息金額時息。於董事會需考慮(包括但不限於):(i)本集團的營運資金及時,的一般財務狀況:(ii)本集團的營運資金及可動用現金、業務策略及未來發展需求:(iv)本集團的貸款人就派付股息可能施加的任何限制完。本公司派付股息亦須受開長。

業務回顧及展望

本集團本年度之業務回顧及展望載於本年報 「主席報告」及「管理層討論及分析」章節內。

環境政策及表現

引領本集團關注環保一直為集團高級管理層之基本任務之一。本集團(作為企業公民)履行社會責任、加強企業管治、推動本集團健康有序地發展;並為客戶、上游供應商、下游分銷商、股東、潛在投資者、管理層、僱員、社區、甚至是環境等利益相關者創造更多經濟價值及社會效益。

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Board is aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group.

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 6 December 2021, to Thursday, 9 December 2021, both days inclusive, in order to determine the identity of the Shareholders who are entitled to attend the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Thursday, 9 December 2021. All transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 3 December 2021.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years are set out on pages 263 to 264 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Year, the purchase from the Group's five largest suppliers contributed 9.4% of the total cost of sales and the sale to the Group's five largest customers contributed 2.6% of the total revenue.

Save as disclosed hereinafter, none of the Directors or any of their respective close associates or, so far as the Directors were aware, any Shareholder who owned 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company as at 30 June 2021, had any interest in any of our five largest suppliers or customers for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

遵守法律法規

據董事會所悉,本集團已在重大方面遵守對 本集團之業務及營運有重大影響之相關法律 法規。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司將於二零二一年十二月六日(星期一) 至二零二一年十二月九日(星期四)期間(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續, 以釐定有權出席本公司於二零二一年十二月 九日(星期四)即將召開的股東週年大會的本 公司股東身份。所有股份過戶文件連同相關 股票及過戶表格須於二零二一年十二月三日 (星期五)下午四時三十分前送交本公司的香 港股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記有限 公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合 和中心17樓1712-1716號舖。

財務資料概要

本集團過去五個財政年度的業績以及資產及 負債概要載於本年報第263至264頁。該概 要並不構成經審核合併財務報表的一部分。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,本集團五大供應商採購金額佔總銷售成本的9.4%,本集團五大客戶銷售額佔總收益的2.6%。

除其後所披露者外,董事或彼等各自的任何緊密聯繫人或任何股東(就董事所知於二零二一年六月三十日擁有本公司5%已發行股份數目)於截至二零二一年和二零二零年六月三十日止年度概無於任何五大供應商或客戶中擁有任何權益。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the Year are set out on page 121 and in Note 36(a) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 30 June 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of Companies Law of the Cayman Island, amounted to approximately RMB549.2 million (2020: RMB972.0 million).

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度的物業、廠房及設備變動詳 情載於合併財務報表附註7。

股本

本公司於本年度的股本變動詳情載於合併財 務報表附註21。

儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度的儲備變動詳情分別載於合併財務報表第121頁及附註36(a)。

可分派儲備

於二零二一年六月三十日,本公司的可分派儲備(根據開曼群島公司法條文計算)約為人民幣549.2百萬元(二零二零年:人民幣972.0百萬元)。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman)

(Resigned as chief executive officer on 1 August 2021)

Mr. Jin Dongkun (Vice chairman)

Mr. Chu Chuanfu (Appointed as executive Director, chief executive officer and chief operation officer on 1 August 2021)

Mr. Zhao Zehua

Mr. Sun Libo (Resigned as executive Director on 1 August 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

Mr. Zou Haiyan

In accordance with Article 16.2 of the Article of Association, any director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall be eligible for re-election at that meeting; and in accordance with Article 16.18 of the Articles of Association, at every annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM"), one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Accordingly, Mr. Chu Chuanfu, Mr. Jin Dongtao, Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing and Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie shall retire by rotation and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election at the 2021 AGM.

董事

於本年度直至本報告日期,董事名單如下:

執行董事:

金東濤先生(主席)

(於二零二一年八月一日辭任首席執行官) 金東昆先生*(副主席)*

初川富先生(於二零二一年八月一日獲委任 為執行董事,首席執行官及首席營運官)

趙澤華先生

孫立波先生(於二零二一年八月一日辭任 執行董事)

獨立非執行董事:

鄭雙慶先生

江素惠女士

鄒海燕先生

根據組織章程細則第16.2條,任何被委任以 填補臨時空缺的董事將一直留任,直至本公 司下屆股東大會為止,並且屆時符合資格於 會議上膺選連任;及根據組織章程細則第 16.18條,於本公司每屆股東週年大會(「**股** 東週年大會」)上,當時三分之一的董事(倘 董事人數不是三人或不是三的倍數,則須為 最接近但不少於三分之一的董事人數)須輪 席退任,惟每位董事(包括有特定任期的董 事)須最少每三年輪流退任一次。

因此初川富先生,金東濤先生、鄭雙慶先生 及江素惠女士將輪席告退,並符合資格及願 意於二零二一年股東週年大會上鷹選連任。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 93 to 102 of this annual report.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules from each of the independent non-executive Directors and the Company considers such Directors are independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTERS OF APPOINTMENT

Executive Directors

Each of the executive Directors, namely Mr. Jin Dongtao, Mr. Jin Dongkun, Mr. Zhao Zehua and Mr. Chu Chuanfu, has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for an initial term of three years from 18 November 2013, 18 November 2013, 16 June 2015 and 1 August 2021 respectively. The appointment letters continue after the initial terms until termination by either party giving notice in writing to the other party.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Each of the independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing, Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie and Mr. Zou Haiyan, has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of three years from 18 November 2013, 18 November 2013 and 20 July 2017 respectively, which continues thereafter until termination by either party giving notice in writing to the other party.

董事會及高級管理層

本集團董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本 年報第93至102頁。

獨立非執行董事的獨立性確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條發出的年度獨立性確認書,並認為該等董事屬獨立人士。

董事的服務合約及委任函

執行董事

各執行董事(即金東濤先生、金東昆先生、 趙澤華先生及初川富先生)已與本公司簽訂 委任函,初步任期分別為自二零一三年十一 月十八日、二零一三年十一月十八日、二零 一五年六月十六日及二零二一年八月一日起 三年。初步任期後委任函將繼續,直至任何 一方向另一方發出書面通知終止。

獨立非執行董事

各獨立非執行董事(即鄭雙慶先生、江素惠女士及鄒海燕先生)已與本公司簽訂委任函,初步任期分別為自二零一三年十一月十八日、二零一三年十一月十八日及二零一七年七月二十日起三年,此後委任將繼續,直至任何一方向另一方發出書面通知終止。

Each of the Directors is subject to the provisions for retirement by rotation and re-election at AGM in accordance with the Articles of Association. Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has service contract or letter of appointment which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

根據組織章程細則,各董事均須遵守於股東 週年大會上輪席退任及膺選連任之規定。除 上文所披露者外,董事概無訂立本集團於一 年內終止而毋須支付補償(法定補償除外)的 服務合約或委任函。

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there was no contract of significance between the Company or its holding company or any of its subsidiaries and any controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries for the Year.

During the Year, none of the Company or any of its subsidiaries has entered into any contract of significance for the provision of services by any controlling shareholders or any of its subsidiaries.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its subsidiaries, its fellow subsidiaries or its holding companies was a party or were parties and in which a Director or any entities connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the Year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the Year.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") was set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance of the Directors and senior management and comparable market practices.

控股股東於合約之權益

除本年報所披露者外,於本年度,本公司或 其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無與任何控 股股東或其任何附屬公司訂立任何重大合 約。

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂 立由任何控股股東或其任何附屬公司提供服 務的任何重大合約。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約的權益

本公司、其附屬公司、其同系附屬公司或其 控股公司概無訂立董事或與董事有關連的任 何實體直接或間接於當中擁有重大權益且對 本集團之業務重大且於年末或本年度任何時 間存續的交易、安排或合約。

管理合約

於本年度,並無訂立或存在任何與本集團全 部或任何主要部分業務的管理及行政有關的 合約。

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」)已告成立,以根據本集團的經營業績、董事及高級管理層的個人表現以及可資比較市場慣例,審閱本集團的薪酬政策以及本集團董事及高級管理層的所有酬金架構。

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and five highest paid individuals are set out in Note 35 and Note 27(a) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

No Director has waived or has agreed to waive any emolument during the Year.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes of the information of the Directors are as follows:

Mr. Jin Dongtao, the Chairman and an executive Director, resigned as the chief executive officer and Mr. Chu Chuanfu was appointed as the chief executive officer, with effect from 1 August 2021; and

Mr. Sun Libo resigned as an executive Director with effect from 1 August 2021.He remains as an executive affairs officer (行政外事主任) of the Group.

During the Year, save as disclosed above, there was no change in information of the Directors which is required to be disclosed pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register maintained by the Company, or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules were as follows:

董事及五名最高薪酬人士的酬金

董事及五名最高薪酬人士的酬金詳情分別載 於合併財務報表附註35及附註27(a)。

於本年度,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金。

董事資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,董事資料變動載列如下:

金東濤先生,主席及執行董事,辭任本公司 首席執行官,及初川富先生已獲委任為首席 執行官,自二零二一年八月一日起生效;及

孫立波先生辭任執行董事,自二零二一年八 月一日起生效。他仍擔任本集團行政外事主 任。

除上文披露者外,於本年度,根據上市規則 第13.51(2)條第(a)至(e)及(g)段須予披露的資 料並無變動。

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

於二零二一年六月三十日,董事及本公司最高行政人員在本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券與期貨條例(「證券與期貨條例」)第 XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有(i)根據證券與期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括包據證券與期貨條例的有關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉),或(ii)根據證券與期貨條例第352條須於本公司存置的登記冊登記的權益及淡倉,或(iii)根據上市規則附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

Name of Director	Nature of Interest	Number and class of Shares/ underlying Shares*	Approximate percentage of shareholding	
董事姓名	權益性質	股份/相關股份 數目及類別	概約持股 百分比	
Jin Dongtao	Founder of a discretionary trust (Note 2)	90,701,495	23.48%	
		(Long Position)		
金東濤	酌情信託的成立人(附註2)	(好倉)		
	Beneficial owner (Notes 1 & 3)	7,166,801	1.86%	
		(Long Position)		
	實益擁有人(附註1及3)	(好倉)		
	Interest of spouse (Notes 1 & 4)	723,400	0.19%	
		(Long Position)		
	配偶權益(附註1及4)	(好倉)		
Zhao Zehua	Beneficial owner (Notes 1 & 5)	723,400	0.19%	
		(Long Position)		
趙澤華	實益擁有人(附註1及5)	(好倉)		
Jin Dongkun	Beneficial owner (Notes 1 & 6)	580,000	0.15%	
		(Long Position)		
金東昆	實益擁有人(附註1及6)	(好倉)		
Sun Libo	Beneficial owner (Notes 1 & 6)	580,000	0.15%	
		(Long Position)		
孫立波	實益擁有人(附註1及6)	(好倉)		
Cheng Sheung Hing	Beneficial owner (Notes 1 & 7)	50,000	0.01%	
		(Long Position)		
鄭雙慶	實益擁有人(附註1及7)	(好倉)		
Chiang Su Hui Susie	Beneficial owner (Notes 1 & 7)	50,000	0.01%	
		(Long Position)		
江素惠	實益擁有人(附註1及7)	(好倉)		
Zou Haiyan	Beneficial owner (Notes 1 & 8)	50,000	0.01%	
		(Long Position)		
鄒海燕	實益擁有人(附註1及8)	(好倉)		

^{*} The number of Shares has been adjusted as a result of the Share Consolidation.

^{*} 股份數目已因應股份合併而調整。

Notes:

1) In September 2017, the Company granted a total of 20,000,000 share options (the "Share Options 2017") to 20 eligible participants which include 4 executive Directors and an associate (as defined under Rule 17.06A of the Listing Rules) of an executive Director. All the Share Options 2017 were accepted by the grantees under the rules of the Share Option Scheme.

In March 2019, the Company granted a total of 30,000,000 share options (the "Share Options 2019") to 50 eligible participants which include 7 Directors and an associate (as defined under Rule 17.06A of the Listing Rules) of an executive Director. All the Share Options 2019 were accepted by the grantees under the rules of the Share Option Scheme.

- 2) Mr. Jin Dongtao is the settlor, protector and a beneficiary of a discretionary trust pursuant to a trust deed dated 6 November 2013 with Credit Suisse Trust Limited acting as trustee (the "Family Trust"), which holds the entire issued share capital of Global Health Century International Group Limited ("Global Health") through 1969 JT Limited. Global Health holds the entire issued share capital of Asia Health Century International Inc. ("Asia Health"), which held 90,701,495 Shares.
- 3) Mr. Jin Dongtao beneficially owned 6,886,800 Shares and was the grantee of 280,000 Share Options 2017 under the Share Option Scheme. Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, 280,000 Shares will be issued upon exercise of such Share Options.
- 4) Ms. Chen Xiaoyan, the spouse of Mr. Jin Dongtao, beneficially owned 443,400 Shares and was the grantee of 280,000 Share Options 2017 under the Share Option Scheme. Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, 280,000 Shares will be issued upon exercise of such Share Options. Accordingly, Mr. Jin Dongtao was deemed to be interested in such 723,400 Shares.
- 5) Mr. Zhao Zehua beneficially owned 443,400 Shares and was the grantee of 280,000 Share Options 2017 under the Share Option Scheme. Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, 280,000 Shares will be issued upon exercise of such Share Options.
- 6) Both Mr. Jin Dongkun and Mr. Sun Libo beneficially owned 300,000 Shares and each of them was granted 280,000 Share Options 2017 under the Share Option Scheme. Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, each of them is entitled to subscribe for 280,000 Shares upon exercise of such Share Options.
- Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing and Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie were each granted 50,000 Share Options 2019 under the Share Option Scheme. Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, each of them is entitled to subscribe for 50,000 Shares upon exercise of such Share Options 2019.
- Mr. Zou Haiyan beneficially owned 50,000 Shares which were exercised from the Share Options 2019 under the Share Option Scheme.

附註:

1) 於二零一七年九月,本公司已向20名合資格參與者(其中 包括4位執行董事及一位執行董事的一位聯繫人,定義見 上市規則第17.06A條)合共授出20,000,000份購股權(「二 零一七年購股權」)。所有二零一七年購股權已根據購股 權計劃規則獲承授人接納。

於二零一九年三月,本公司已向50名合資格參與者(其中包括7位董事及一位執行董事的一位聯繫人,定義見上市規則第17.06A條)合共授出30,000,000份購股權(「二零一九年購股權]。所有二零一九年購股權已根據購股權計劃規則獲承授人接納。

- 2) 金東濤先生為根據日期為二零一三年十一月六日的信託契約(以Credit Suisse Trust Limited為受託人)所設立的酌情信託(「家族信託」)的成立人、保護人及受益人,該信託通過1969 JT Limited持有Global Health Century International Group Limited (「Global Health」)全部已發行股本。Global Health持有Asia Health Century International Inc. (「Asia Health」)全部已發行股本,而Asia Health則持有90,701,495股股份。
- 3) 金東濤先生實益擁有6,886,800股股份,並作為根據購股權計劃授出的280,000份二零一七年購股權的承授人。根據購股權計劃,280,000股股份將於行使購股權時發行。
- 4) 金東濤先生的配偶陳笑妍女士實益擁有443,400股股份,並作為根據購股權計劃授出的280,000份二零一七年購股權的承授人。根據購股權計劃,280,000股股份將於行使購股權時發行。因此,金東濤先生被視為於該等723,400股股份中擁有權益。
- 5) 趙澤華先生實益擁有443,400股股份,並作為根據購股權 計劃授出的280,000份二零一七年購股權的承授人。根據 購股權計劃,280,000股股份將於行使購股權時發行。
- 6) 金東昆先生和孫立波先生均實益擁有300,000股股份及各 自為根據購股權計劃授出的280,000份二零一七年購股權 的承授人。根據購股權計劃,彼等各自有權於行使購股 權時認購280,000股股份。
- 7) 鄭雙慶先生及江素惠女士各自為根據購股權計劃獲授出 50,000份二零一九年購股權,根據購股權計劃,彼等各自 有權於行使二零一九年購股權時認購50,000股股份。
- 8) 鄒海燕先生實益擁有50,000股股份·乃根據購股權計劃, 行使二零一九年購股權時所得。

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2021, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年六月三十日,概無董事及本公司最高行政人員在本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券與期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或視為擁有須於本公司根據證券與期貨條例第352條存置的登記冊登記的任何權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則須另行知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's existing Share Option Scheme was approved for adoption pursuant to a written resolution of the then sole shareholder passed on 18 November 2013 and amended on 20 December 2018 for the purpose of attracting skilled and experienced personnel, to incentivize them to remain with the Group and to motivate them to contribute for the future development and expansion of the Group by providing them with the opportunity to acquire equity interests in the Company, as well as for such other purposes as the Board may approve from time to time. The Share Option Scheme remains in force for a period of 10 years until 17 November 2023.

The refreshed maximum number of shares that can be allotted and issued upon the exercise of share options which may be granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme is 38,631,344, being 10% of the total number of issued Shares as at the date of passing of the resolution approving the said refreshment at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 December 2020. Together with the total of 22,470,000 outstanding share options granted in September 2017 and in March 2019, representing approximately 5.82% of the total number of issued Shares, the Company will be allowed to allot and issue a maximum of 61,101,344 Shares (representing approximately 15.82% of the issued shares as at the date of this annual report), upon the exercise of share option which may be/have been granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme.

購股權計劃

本公司現有購股權計劃根據於二零一三年十一月十八日通過的當時唯一股東的書面決議案獲準採納,並於二零一八年十二月二十日修改,旨在通過提供獲取本公司股本權益的機會吸引有技能和經驗的人員,激勵彼等留任本集團,鼓勵彼等為本集團的未來發展及擴展而努力,及就董事會可能不時批准之其他目的。購股權計劃有效期直至二零二三年十一月十七日,為期十年。

本公司根據購股權計劃可授出的購股權獲行使後,可予配發及發行的股份數目經更新後的上限為38,631,344股,即本公司於二零二零年十二月十日舉行的股東週年大會上通過批准上述更新決議案日期的已發行股份總數的10%。連同於二零一七年九月及二零一九年三月向承授人授出合共22,470,000份未行使購股權,佔已發行股份總數約5.82%,本公司將獲允許於本公司根據購股權計劃可能已經授出的購股權獲行使後,配發及發行最多61,101,344股股份(佔於本年報日期已發行股份的約15.82%)。

The Share Options 2019 were granted to 50 eligible participants which include 7 Directors and an associate (as defined in the Listing Rules) of an executive Director on 4 March 2019 exercisable from 4 April 2019 to 3 April 2029. 275,300,000 options under the Share Options 2019 have been exercised, remaining 24,700,000 options outstanding. Rule 17.03(5) of the Listing Rules requires that the exercise period of option must not be more than 10 years from the date of the grant instead of the commencement date of the exercise period. The resolution approving the shortening of exercise period (from 3 April 2029 to 3 March 2029) has been passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 December 2020, such that the term of the Share Options 2019 complies with the Listing Rules.

Besides, in order to encourage long-term commitment to the Company and to align the interests of Directors and certain employees with the Company's development, the resolution approving the extension of exercise period (from 11 October 2020 to 11 September 2027) has been passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 December 2020, such that the term of the Share Options 2017 aligns with that of the Share Options 2019.

Save as disclosed in this annual report, all principal terms of the Share Option Scheme remain unchanged and are set out in Appendix V to the prospectus of the Company dated 2 December 2013. 於二零一九年三月四日,我們已向50名合資格參與者(其中包括7位董事及一位執行董事的一位聯繫人(定義見上市規則))授出二零一九年購股權,可於二零一九年四月四日至二零二九年四月三日行使。二零一九年購股權項下275,300,000份購股權已獲行使,餘下24,700,000份購股權尚未行使。根據上市規則第17.03(5)條要求,購股權行使期不得超過自授出日起計(而非自行使期開始之日起計)10年。於二零二零年十二月十日召開的股東週年大會上,縮短所有未行使之二零一九年購股權行使期的到期日由二零二九年四月三日至二零二九年三月三日的決議案已獲通過,從而使二零一九年購股權的年期遵守上市規則。

此外,為鼓勵董事及若干僱員對本公司作出 長期貢獻,以及將彼等的利益與本公司的發 展掛鈎,於二零二零年十二月十日召開的股 東週年大會上,延長所有未行使二零一七年 購股權的行使期到期日由二零二零年十月十 一日至二零二七年九月十一日的決議案已獲 通過,致使二零一七年購股權的年期與二零 一九年購股權相同。

除本年報所披露者外,購股權計劃之所有主要條款維持不變,並載於本公司日期為二零 一三年十二月二日之招股章程附錄五內。 Particulars of Share Options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme at the beginning and at the end of the Year and Share Options granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled under the Share Option Scheme during the Year are as follows:

The number of Shares has been adjusted as a result of the Share Consolidation.

於年初及年末根據購股權計劃尚未行使的購 股權及於本年度根據購股權計劃授出、行 使、失效或註銷的購股權詳情如下:

						Numb	per of Share Op 購股權數目*		
Grantees	Date of grant	Closing price per share (Note 1) 每股股份	Exercise price per option	Exercise period	Outstanding as at 1/7/2020	Granted during the Year	Exercised during the Year	Lapsed/ cancelled during the Year 於本年度	Outstanding as at 30/6/2021 於二零二一年
承授人	授出日期	收市價 (附註1) HKD 港元	每份購股權之 行使價 HKD <i>港元</i>	行使期間	於二零二零年 七月一日尚未行使	於本年度 授出	於本年度 已行使	已失效/ 註銷	六月三十日 尚未行使
Director & substantial 董事及主要股東	shareholder								
Jin Dongtao 金東濤	12/9/2017 二零一七年九月十二日	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 - 11/9/2027 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日	280,000	-	-	-	280,000
Directors 董事									
Jin Dongkun 金東昆	12/9/2017 二零一七年九月十二日	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 - 11/9/2027 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日	280,000	-	-	-	280,000
Zhao Zehua 趙澤華	12/9/2017 二零一七年九月十二日	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 - 11/9/2027 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日	280,000	-	-	-	280,000
Sun Libo 孫立波	12/9/2017 二零一七年九月十二日	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 - 11/9/2027 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日	280,000	-	-	-	280,000
Cheng Sheung Hing 鄭雙慶	4/3/2019 二零一九年三月四日	0.83	0.74	4/4/2019 - 3/3/2029 二零一九年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Chiang Su Hui Susie 江素惠	4/3/2019 二零一九年三月四日	0.83	0.74	4/4/2019 - 3/3/2029 二零一九年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日	50,000	-	-	-	50,000

股份數目已因應股份合併而調整。

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						Numb	er of Share Op	tions*	
Grantees	Date of grant	Closing price per share (Note 1) 每股股份	·	Exercise period	Outstanding as at 1/7/2020	Granted during the Year	購股權數目* Exercised during the Year	Lapsed/ cancelled during the Year 於本年度	Outstanding as at 30/6/2021 於二零二一年
承授人	授出日期	收市價 (附註1)	每份購股權之 行使價	行使期間	於二零二零年 七月一日尚未行使	於本年度 授出	於本年度 已行使	已失效/ 註銷	六月三十日 尚未行使
		HKD 港元	HKD 港元						
Associate of Director 董事之聯繫人									
Chen Xiaoyan (the spouse of Jin Dongtao)	12/9/2017	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 - 11/9/2027	280,000			<u></u>	280,000
陳笑妍(金東濤之配偶)	二零一七年九月十二日			二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日					
Continuous contract employees	12/9/2017	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 – 11/9/2027	18,600,000	-	-	-	18,600,000
長期合約僱員	二零一七年九月十二日			二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日					
	4/3/2019 二零一九年三月四日	0.83	0.74	4/4/2019 - 3/3/2029 二零一九年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日	2,350,000	-	-	-	2,350,000
Others 其他	4/3/2019 二零一九年三月四日	0.83	0.74	4/4/2019 - 3/3/2029 二零一九年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日	200,000	-	-	-	200,000
Total 總計					22,470,000	-	-	_	22,470,000

The numbers of options, the closing price per Share and the exercise price per option have been retrospectively adjusted for the share consolidation on 14 December 2020.

The expiring dates of exercise periods of share options have been amended and approved at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 December 2020.

Notes:

- The closing price per Share refers to the closing price of the Share as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date immediately before the date on which the Share Options were granted.
- * The number of Shares has been adjusted as a result of the Share Consolidation.

購股權數目、每股股份收市價及每份購股權 之行使價已就二零二零年十二月十四日之股 份合併作出追溯調整。

購股權行使期的屆滿日期在本公司於二零二 零年十二月十日舉行的股東週年大會上獲通 過修改。

附註:

- 每股股份收市價指於緊接授出購股權日期前當日在聯交 所發佈日報表所載之股份收市價。
- 股份數目已因應股份合併而調整。

SHARE AWARD PLAN

The Company adopted the share award plan (the "Share Award Plan") on 23 April 2014. The purposes of the Share Award Plan are to recognize the contributions by eligible persons to the Group and provide them with incentives in order to retain them for continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group.

Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board, the Share Award Plan shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing from 23 April 2014. With a view to saving costs, it was resolved by the Board to terminate the Share Award Scheme with effect from 21 December 2020.

The Share Award Plan shall be subject to the administration of the Board or the administration committee or the trustee of the Share Award Plan in accordance with its terms. The Board or the Remuneration Committee may select any eligible person for participation in the Share Award Plan and determine the number of awarded shares to be awarded to the selected person(s), subject to any condition(s).

The Company has initially paid the trustee up to HKD50 million to enable the Share Award Plan to operate. The Company may at its discretion make further arrangements to fund the trustee for acquisition of further shares. Subject to the instruction of the Company, the trustee can use the money paid to it to buy shares in advance in respect of which the Company can make awards under the Share Award Plan.

股份獎勵計劃

本公司於二零一四年四月二十三日採納股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」)。股份獎勵計劃旨在認可合資格人士對本集團作出的貢獻並給予獎勵,以挽留彼等繼續為本集團的持續營運及發展效力,並吸引合適人員加入推動本集團進一步發展。

股份獎勵計劃由二零一四年四月二十三日起 生效,有效期為十年,惟董事會可決定提前 終止。為節省成本,董事會議決終止股份獎 勵計劃,生效日期為二零二零年十二月二十 一日。

股份獎勵計劃會依據股份獎勵計劃的條款,由董事會或行政管理委員會或股份獎勵計劃 受託人管理。董事會或薪酬委員會可甄選任 何合資格人士參與股份獎勵計劃,並釐定獎 勵予經甄選人士的獎勵股份數目(可就此施 加任何條件)。

本公司已初步向受託人支付最多50百萬港元,以使股份獎勵計劃運作。本公司可酌情作出其他安排為受託人提供進一步收購股份所需的資金。在本公司指示下,受託人可動用向其支付的款項,提前購買本公司可根據股份獎勵計劃作出獎勵的相關股份。

The Board shall not make any further award of shares under the Share Award Plan which will result in the nominal value of the shares awarded exceeding 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 23 April 2014. The maximum number of shares which may be awarded to a selected person under the Share Award Plan in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. Based on the 2,000,000,000 shares in issue as at 23 April 2014, the maximum number of awarded shares under the Share Award Plan would be 200,000,000 shares. As retrospectively adjusted for the share consolidation on 14 December 2020, the maximum number of awarded shares under the Share Award Plan would be 20,000,000.

An aggregate of 1,699,300 shares has been granted without consideration to an aggregate of 13 grantees under the Share Award Plan since its inception. As at 30 June 2021, the trustee of the Share Award Plan did not hold any shares under the Share Award Plan, and no share has been granted during the Year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity linked agreements were entered by the Company or existed during the Year.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as otherwise disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the Year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

董事會不得根據股份獎勵計劃進一步授出任何獎勵股份,致使授出的股份面值超過本公司於二零一四年四月二十三日已發行股本的10%。於任何12個月期間內根據股份獎勵計劃可獎勵予一位經甄選人士的股份數目最多不得超過本公司不時已發行2,000,000,000股股份計算,根據股份獎勵計劃可授出的獎勵股份數目上限為200,000,000股股份。於二零二零年十二月十四日經股份合併後作出追溯調整,根據股份獎勵計劃可授出的獎勵股份數目為20,000,000股股份。

根據股份獎勵計劃,自其成立起,合共 1,699,300股股份已無償授予合共十三名承 授人。於二零二一年六月三十日,股份獎勵 計劃之受託人並未根據股份獎勵計劃持有任 何股份,且於本年度並未授出任何股份。

股票掛鈎協議

本公司於本年度並無訂立股票掛鈎協議,且 於本年度亦不存在有關協議。

董事收購股份或債權證的權利

除了本年報另作披露者外,於本年度任何時候,概無授出任何權利予任何董事或彼等各自的配偶或未滿18歲的子女,以透過收購本公司股份或債權證而獲利,彼等亦無行使任何該等權利;本公司或其任何附屬公司亦無訂立任何安排,以令董事或彼等各自的配偶或未滿18歲的子女於任何其他法人團體獲得該等權利。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2021, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益及 淡倉

就董事所深知,於二零二一年六月三十日,以下人士(並非董事或本公司最高行政人員)於股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券與期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司及聯交所披露且須於本公司根據證券與期貨條例第336條存置的登記冊登記的權益或淡倉:

Name	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number and class of Shares/ underlying Shares* 股份/相關股份	Approximate percentage of shareholding 概約持股
姓名/名稱	身份/權益性質	數目及類別*	百分比
Chen Xiaoyan	Interest of spouse (Note 1)	97,868,295 (Long Position)	25.33%
陳笑妍	配偶權益(附註1)	(好倉)	
	Beneficial owner	723,400 (Long Position)	0.19%
	實益擁有人	(好倉)	
Asia Health Century International Inc.	Beneficial owner (Note 1)	90,701,495 (Long Position)	23.48%
	實益擁有人(附註1)	(好倉)	
Global Health Century International Group Limited	Interest of corporation controlled by the substantial shareholder (Note 1) 受主要股東控制法團權益(附註1)	90,701,495 (Long Position) (好倉)	23.48%
1969 JT Limited	Interest of corporation controlled by the substantial shareholder (Note 1) 受主要股東控制法團權益(附註1)	90,701,495 (Long Position) (好倉)	23.48%
Tenby Nominees Limited	Nominee (Note 1)	90,701,495 (Long Position)	23.48%
	代名人(附註1)	(好倉)	

Name	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number and class of Shares/underlying Shares*	Approximate percentage of shareholding
姓名/名稱	身份/權益性質	股份/相關股份 數目及類別*	概約持股 百分比
Brock Nominees Limited	Nominee (Note 1)	90,701,495 (Long Position)	23.48%
	代名人(附註1)	(好倉)	
Credit Suisse Trust Limited	Trustee (Note 1)	90,701,495	23.48%
	受託人(附註1)	(Long Position) (好倉)	
Lee Funglun	Beneficial owner (Note 2)	24,240,518 (Long Position)	6.27%
李豐麟	實益擁有人(附註2)	(好倉)	

Notes:

- Mr. Jin Dongtao is the settlor, protector and a beneficiary of the Family Trust, which holds the entire issued share capital of Global Health through 1969 JT Limited. Ms. Chen Xiaoyan, who is Mr. Jin Dongtao's spouse, is also a beneficiary of the Family Trust. Global Health holds the entire issued share capital of Asia Health, which holds 90,701,495 Shares in the Company.
- As confirmed by Mr. Lee Funglun, the 24,240,518 Shares in the Company held by him was bought from Zhongrong International Alternative Asset Management Limited on 26 February 2019.
- * The number of Shares has been adjusted as a result of the Share Consolidation.

附註

- 1) 金東濤先生為家族信託的創立人、保護人及受益人,該信託通過1969 JT Limited持有Global Health全部已發行股本。金東濤先生的配偶陳笑妍女士亦為家族信託的受益人。Global Health持有Asia Health全部已發行股本,而Asia Health則持有本公司90,701,495股股份。
- 2) 誠如李豐麟先生確認,其所持有本公司24,240,518股股份,乃於二零一九年二月二十六日購自中融國際另類資產管理有限公司。
- * 股份數目已因應股份合併而調整。

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2021, the Directors were not aware of any persons (who were not Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which would be required, pursuant to section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年六月三十日,董事並不知悉任何人士(並非董事或本公司最高行政人員)於股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券與期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司及聯交所披露的權益或淡倉,或根據證券與期貨條例第336條須於該條所述登記冊登記的權益或淡倉。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands where the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

Each of the controlling Shareholders has confirmed to the Company of his/her/its compliance with the non-competition undertakings provided to the Company under a deed of non-competition (the "Deed of Non-Competition").

Pursuant to the Deed of Non-Competition, the independent non-executive Directors are responsible for reviewing and considering whether exercising any option and/or pre-emptive right (where applicable), as well as entitled to conduct annual review of implementation of the Deed of Non-Competition on behalf of the Company. The controlling Shareholders have confirmed in writing to the Company of their compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition for disclosure in this annual report for the Year. During the Year, the independent non-executive Directors have also reviewed the implementation of the Deed of Non-Competition, and confirmed that the controlling Shareholders have fully abided by the Deed of Non-Competition without any breach of the Deed of Non-Competition.

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島(本公司註冊成立地)法例第22章公司法(一九六一年第3號法例,經綜合及修訂)項下並無載有優先購買權條文而規定本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

不競爭承諾

各控股股東已向本公司確認,其已遵守根據 不競爭契據(「**不競爭契據**」)向本公司作出之 不競爭承諾。

根據不競爭契據,獨立非執行董事負責檢討 及考慮是否行使該購股權及/或優先購買權 (倘適用),並有權代表本公司對不競爭契據 的執行情況進行年度檢討。控股股東已向本 公司書面確認,於本年度彼等已遵守不競爭 契據,以供於本年報披露。本年度,獨立非 執行董事亦已檢討不競爭契據的執行情況, 並確認控股股東已完全遵守不競爭契據而無 任何違反不競爭契據行為。

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Save as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors or their respective associates has engaged in or has any interest in any business which competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as the related parties transactions disclosed in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements, there were no contract of significance to which the Company, its holding companies and any of its subsidiaries, was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Directors confirm that the Group had not entered into any connected transactions or continuing connected transactions for the Year which are required to be disclosed in this annual report pursuant to the Listing Rules. A summary of significant related party transactions, which do not constitute connected transactions, made during the Year is disclosed in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the Year, the Group made some medication donations.

During the Year, the Group continued to perform its social responsibility by constantly organizing innovative caring projects, such as Love China Charity Award Ceremony, Charity In Action, Love China Medical Support, Love China Education Aid Program and Love China Square Dance, so as to enhance its recognition and reputation through charity activities.

SIGNIFICANT LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

During the Year, the Company was not engaged in any litigation or arbitration of material importance and no litigation or claim of material importance is known to the Directors to be pending or threatened against the Company.

董事於競爭業務的權益

除本報告所披露者外,概無董事或彼等各自 的聯繫人從事與本集團業務直接或間接構成 或可能構成競爭的任何業務,或於有關業務 中擁有任何權益。

董事於重大合約之權益

除合併財務報表附註34所披露之關聯方交易外,於本年度末或本年度任何時候,本公司、其控股公司及其任何附屬公司並無訂立董事直接或間接於其擁有重大權益之重大合約。

關連交易

董事確認,本集團於本年度並無訂立上市規則規定須於本年報披露的任何關連交易或持續關連交易。本年度訂立的重大關聯方交易(並不構成關連交易)概要於合併財務報表附計34披露。

本公司確認已符合上市規則第14A章的披露 規定。

慈善捐贈

於本年度,本集團作出若干藥品捐助。

本年度,本集團繼續履行社會責任,持續舉辦愛心中國公益盛典、愛心行動我參加、愛心中國醫藥援助、愛心中國支學助教及愛心中國廣場舞等創新的愛心項目,透過慈善活動不斷擴大公益知名度和美譽。

重大法律訴訟

本年度,本公司概無涉及任何重大訴訟或仲裁,且就董事所知,本公司亦無尚未了結或 面臨威脅的任何重大訴訟或申索。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, each Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted. The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for the Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee (the "Audit Committee") comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Zou Haiyan (chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing and Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie. The main duties of the Audit Committee are to examine, review and monitor the financial data and financial reporting procedure of the Group, and overseeing the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee had reviewed the audited annual results of the Group for the Year.

CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules. Specific enquiry has been made to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they had complied with such code of conduct throughout the Year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has complied with all applicable code provisions under the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") throughout the Year, except for deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. The Company will continue to review and enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

獲准許的彌償條文

根據組織章程細則,各董事就其作為董事進行民事或刑事訴訟(勝訴或無罪釋放)辯護產生或持續遭受的所有損失或負債有權以本公司資產作為彌償。本公司已安排適當的責任保險以彌償董事因從事企業活動而產生的責任。

審核委員會

審核委員會(「審核委員會」)由三名獨立非執行董事組成,包括鄒海燕先生(審核委員會主任)、鄭雙慶先生及江素惠女士。審核委員會的主要職責為檢察、檢討及監督本集團財務數據及財務匯報程序以及監督本集團財務申報系統、風險管理及內部監控系統。審核委員會已審閱本集團本年度經審核之全年業績。

董事進行證券交易的行為守則

本公司已採納董事進行證券交易的行為守 則,其條款不遜於上市規則所載標準守則規 定的準則。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後, 董事確認彼等於本年度已遵守該行為守則。

企業管治

本公司致力維持高水準的企業管治以保障股東利益,並提升企業價值及應有責任。於本年度,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載《企業管治守則》及《企業管治報告》(「企業管治守則」)項下的所有適用守則條文,惟偏離企業管治守則條文第A.2.1條。本公司將繼續審閱及提升其企業管治常規,以確保遵守企業管治守則。

Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 71 to 92 of this annual report. 本公司所採納企業管治常規的資料載於本年報第71至92頁的企業管治報告內。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information publicly available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital, the prescribed minimum percentage of public float approved by the Stock Exchange and permitted under the Listing Rules, are held by the public at all times as of the date of this report.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the 2021 AGM to re-appoint Mazars CPA Limited ("Mazars"), Certified Public Accountants, as the auditor of the Company.

SHARE ISSUED

Details of the Company's shares issued during the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

DEBENTURES ISSUED

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had issued any of the Company's listed securities.

On behalf of the Board

Jin Dongtao Chairman

Hong Kong 28 September 2021

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得的資料及就董事所知,截至本報告日期,本公司已發行股本總數的公眾持有量一直維持在不低於25%,即聯交所批准及上市規則許可的規定最低公眾持股百分比。

核數師

於二零二一年股東週年大會上,將提呈重新 委任執業會計師中審眾環(香港)會計師事務 所有限公司(「中審眾環」)為本公司核數師之 決議案。

已發行股份

有關本公司於本年度已發行股份之詳情載於 合併權益變動表及合併財務報表附註21。

已發行債權證

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無發 行本公司任何上市證券。

代表董事會

主席 **金東濤**

香港

二零二一年九月二十八日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report in the annual report of the Company for the Year. 董事會欣然呈列本公司於本年度的年報所載 本企業管治報告。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted the CG Code as its own code and complied with all applicable code provisions under the CG Code throughout the Year, except for deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. The Company will continue to review and enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, oversees the Group's strategic decisions and monitors business and performance. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") (together, the "Board Committees"). The Board has delegated to the Board Committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

All Directors shall ensure that they carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders at all times.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify the Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

企業管治常規

本公司致力維持高水準的企業管治以保障股東利益,並提升企業價值及應有責任。於本年度,本公司已採納企業管治守則作為其自身之守則,並一直遵守企業管治守則項下的所有適用守則條文,惟偏離企業管治守則第A.2.1條之守則條文。本公司將繼續審閱及提升其企業管治常規,以確保遵守企業管治守則。

董事會

職責

董事會負責本集團的整體領導,監督本集團的策略性決定及監察業務及表現。本集團高級管理人員獲董事會轉授有關本集團日常管理及營運的權力及責任。為監督本公司事務的特定方面,董事會已成立三個董事委員會及提名委員會(「提名委員會」)(統稱「董事委員會」)。董事會向董事委員會授出多項責任,有關責任載於其各自的職權範圍。

全體董事須確保彼等在履行職責時以真誠態 度行事、遵守適用法例及法規並一直符合本 公司及其股東利益。

本公司已安排適當的責任保險以彌償董事因 從事企業活動而產生的責任。保險的保障範 圍每年將予以檢討。

Board Composition

The Board currently comprises four executive Directors, namely Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman), Mr. Jin Dongkun (vice chairman), Mr. Zhao Zehua and Mr. Chu Chuanfu (chief executive officer and chief operation officer), and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing, Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie and Mr. Zou Haiyan. The biographies of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

For the Year, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Rules 3.10(1), 3.10A and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise and the number of independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of his/her independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report, none of the Directors has any personal relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship), with any other Director and the chief executive.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

As regards the CG Code provision requiring directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments as well as the identities of the public companies or organisations and the time involved, Directors have agreed to disclose such commitments (if any) to the Company in a timely manner.

董事會組成

董事會現時由四名執行董事(即金東濤先生(主席)、金東昆先生(副主席)、趙澤華先生及初川富先生(首席執行官及首席營運官)及三名獨立非執行董事(即鄭雙慶先生、江素惠女士及鄒海燕先生)組成。董事的履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節。

本年度,董事會一直遵守上市規則第3.10(1)、3.10A及3.10(2)條規定,內容有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,而最少一名獨立非執行董事具備合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長且獨立非執行董事至少佔董事會人數三分之一。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則規定發出的年度獨立性確認書。根據上市規則所載的獨立指引,本公司認為全體獨立 非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

除本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節所披露 者外,概無董事與任何其他董事及最高行政 人員之間存在任何私人關係,包括財務、業 務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均為董事會 帶來各種不同的寶貴業務經驗、知識及專業 技術,使董事會有效及高效運作。獨立非執 行董事獲邀加入審核委員會、薪酬委員會及 提名委員會。

就企業管治守則條文要求董事披露於公眾公司或組織出任職務的數目與性質及其他重大 承擔以及涉及公眾公司或組織的職務及時間 而言,董事已同意及時向本公司披露相關承 擔(如有)。

Induction and Continuous Professional Development

Each newly appointed Director is provided with necessary induction training and information to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his/her responsibilities under relevant statues, laws, rules and regulations. The Company also arranges regular seminars to provide Directors with updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The Directors are also provided with regular updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. During the Year, all Directors participated in various continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company's external lawyers had facilitated directors' training by the provision of presentations, briefings and materials for the Directors primarily relating to the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company. All the Directors have received such training.

The Company maintains records of training attended by the Directors. The training attended by the Directors during the Year is as follows:

入職及持續專業發展

每名新委任的董事均獲提供必要的入職培訓 及資料,確保其對本公司的營運及業務以及 其於相關法規、法例、規則及條例下的責任 有適當程度的了解。本公司亦定期安排簡報 會,以不時為董事提供有關上市規則以及其 他相關法律及監管規定的最新發展及修訂的 最新資料。董事亦定期獲提供有關本公司表 現、狀況及前景的更新資料,以便董事會整 體及各董事履行其職責。

本公司鼓勵董事參與持續專業發展,以發掘並更新彼等的知識及技能。本年度,全體董事參與各種持續專業發展,以發掘並更新彼等的知識及技能。本公司的外聘律師為董事提供主要有關上市公司董事的職務、職能及職責的陳述、簡報及材料,有利於董事培訓。全體董事均已受過此項培訓。

本公司保存董事參加培訓的記錄。本年度董 事參加培訓的情況如下:

> Internal training 內部培訓

Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Jin Dongtao	金東濤先生	\checkmark
Mr. Jin Dongkun	金東昆先生	\checkmark
Mr. Zhao Zehua	趙澤華先生	\checkmark
Mr. Sun Libo (Resigned on 1 August 2021)	孫立波先生 <i>(已於二零二一年八月一日辭任)</i>	\checkmark
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	\checkmark
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	\checkmark
Mr. Zou Haiyan	鄒海燕先生	✓

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the CG Code throughout the Year except for a deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code.

Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The positions of chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company have been held by Mr. Jin Dongtao during the Year. The Board believes that despite the responsibilities of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company vested by same person, all major decisions were made in consultation with the Board.

For the sake of corporate governance of the Group, Mr. Jin Dongtao has resigned as the chief executive officer and Mr. Chu Chuanfu has been appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company with effective from 1 August 2021.

The Company has complied with all code provisions as set out in the CG Code since 1 August 2021 and, where appropriate, the applicable recommended best practices of the CG Code.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

All the Directors have signed an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years.

Mr. Jin Dongtao has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 28 November 2019, and may be terminated in accordance with the terms of the appointment letter.

Mr. Chu Chuanfu has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 1 August 2021, and may be terminated in accordance with the terms of the appointment letter.

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie has entered into an appointment letter with the Company as an independent non-executive Director for a term of three years commencing from 28 November 2019, and may be terminated in accordance with the terms of the appointment letter.

主席及首席執行官

本年度,本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載之 守則條文,惟偏離企業管治守則之守則條文 第A.2.1條。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條, 主席及首席執行官之角色應有所區分且不應 由同一人士擔任。於本年度,本公司主席及 首席執行官職位均由金東濤先生擔任。董事 會相信儘管本公司主席及首席執行官之職責 由同一人擔任,惟所有重大決定乃經諮詢董 事會後作出。

由於本集團企業管治的考慮,金東濤先生已 辭任本公司首席執行官,而初川富先生已獲 委任為本公司首席執行官,自二零二一年八 月一日起生效。

本公司於二零二一年八月一日起已遵守企業 管治守則所載的全部守則條文以及(如適用) 企業管治守則的適用建議最佳常規。

委任及重選董事

所有董事均已與本公司簽訂為期三年 委任函。

金東濤先生已與本公司簽訂委任函,自二零 一九年十一月二十八日起為期三年,可根據 委任函有關條款予以終止。

初川富先生已與本公司簽訂委任函,自二零 二一年八月一日起為期三年,可根據委任函 有關條款予以終止。

江素惠女士已與本公司簽訂委任函,擔任獨 立非執行董事,自二零一九年十一月二十八 日起為期三年,可根據委任函有關條款予以 終止。 None of the Directors has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

概無董事與本集團訂立在一年內若不支付補 償(法定補償除外)則不能終止的服務合約。

In accordance with the Articles of Association, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Director appointed to fill a causal vacancy shall submit himself/herself for election by Shareholders at the first general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment and new Director appointed as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by Shareholders at the next general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment.

根據組織章程細則,全體董事最少每三年輪 值退任一次,且任何因填補臨時職位空缺而 獲委任的新任董事須在接受委任後的本公司 首次股東大會上提請其本身供股東進行選 舉,而作為董事會新增成員而獲委任的新任 董事須在接受委任後的本公司下屆股東大會 上提請其本身供股東進行重選。

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Articles of Association. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-election of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

有關董事委任、重選及罷免的程序及流程乃 載於組織章程細則。提名委員會負責檢討董 事會組成,並就董事的委任、重選及繼任計 劃向董事會提供推薦意見。

Board Meetings

董事會會議

The Company adopts the practice of holding Board meetings regularly, at least four times a year, and at approximately quarterly intervals. Notices of not less than fourteen days are given for all regular Board meetings to provide all Directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for a regular meeting. For other Board and Board committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. The agenda and accompanying Board papers are dispatched to the Directors or Board committee members at least three days before the meetings to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the papers and be adequately prepared for the meetings. When Directors or Board committee members are unable to attend a meeting, they will be advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the Chairman prior to the meeting. Minutes of meetings are kept by the company secretary with copies circulated to all Directors for information and records.

本公司採納定期舉行董事會會議的慣例,即會有至少舉行四次會議及大致按季度之會議。所有董事會例行會議通知會於會會議通知會於席會議通知會於席會議議程內人會議議程內人有關,並於會議議程內人有關,與會會,就其他董事會人有與會會,就其他董事會人為一個人。 一般會發出一般會會,與一個人。 一般會致性,與一個人。 一般會致性,與一個人。 一般會致性,與一個人。 一般會致性,與一個人。 一般會致性,與一個人。 一般會致性,與一個人。 一般會大學,一個人。 一般會一個人。 一般的一個人。 一個人。 一個

Minutes of the Board meetings and Board committee meetings are recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and the Board committees and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the Directors. Draft minutes of each Board meeting and Board committee meeting are sent to the Directors for comments within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held. The minutes of the Board meetings are open for inspection by Directors.

董事會會議及董事委員會會議的會議記錄會詳盡記錄董事會及董事委員會所考慮的事宜及所達致的決定,包括董事提出的任何問題。各董事會會議及董事委員會會議的會議記錄草擬本將於會議舉行當日後的合理時間內寄發給董事,以供彼等提出意見。董事會 會議的會議記錄可供董事查閱。

For the Year, 4 Board meetings and 1 general meeting were held and the attendance of the individual Directors at these meetings is set out in the table below:

本年度,董事會曾舉行4次董事會會議及1次 股東大會,各董事出席該等會議的情況載於 下表:

Directors	董事	Attended/Eligible to attend 已出席次數/可出席次數	
		Board Meetings 董事會會議	General Meeting 股東大會
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman)	金東濤先生 (主席)	4/4	1/1
Mr. Jin Dongkun	金東昆先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Zhao Zehua	趙澤華先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Sun Libo (Resigned on 1 August 2021)	孫立波先生 (已於二零二一年 八月一日辭任)	4/4	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	4/4	1/1
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	4/4	1/1
Mr. Zou Haiyan	鄒海燕先生	4/4	1/1

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiries has been made with all the Directors and each of the Directors has confirmed that he/she has complied with the Model Code throughout the Year.

During the Year, the Company had also adopted its own code of conduct regarding employees' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the standard set out in the Model Code for the compliance by its relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company in respect of their dealings in the Company's securities.

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則,作為董事進行證券 交易的行為守則。經向所有董事作出特定查 詢後,董事各自已確認,彼於本年度一直遵 守標準守則。

於本年度,本公司亦已採納一套其條款不遜 於標準守則所訂標準的僱員證券交易的自身 行為守則,以供可能掌握本公司的未公開內 幕消息的有關僱員遵照規定買賣本公司證 券。

Delegation by the Board

The Board reserves for its decision on all major matters of the Company, including approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, risk management and internal control systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters. Directors could have recourse to seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense and are encouraged to access and to consult with the Company's senior management independently.

The daily management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the senior management.

Corporate Governance Function

The Board recognizes that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of Directors and they are responsible for the corporate governance duties. The Audit Committee will develop and review the policies and procedures on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board. The aforesaid duties include:

- (a) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors;
- (d) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board and report to the Board on matters;
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report; and
- (f) to review and monitor the Company's compliance with the Company's whistleblowing policy.

董事會的授權

董事會對本公司所有重大事宜保留決策權,包括批准及監督一切政策事宜、整體策略及預算、風險管理及內部監控制度、重大交易(特別是可能牽涉利益衝突者)、財務資料、委任董事及其他主要財務及營運事宜。董事於履行職責時可尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔,本公司鼓勵董事向其高級管理人員進行獨立諮詢。

本集團的日常管理、行政及營運授權予高級 管理人員負責。授權職能及職責由董事會定 期檢討。高級管理層進行任何重大交易前須 取得董事會批准。

企業管治職能

董事會確認企業管治乃董事的共同責任,彼 等負責企業管治職責。審核委員會將制定及 檢討企業管治政策及程序,以及向董事會提 供推薦意見。上述職責包括:

- (a) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規 定方面的政策及常規:
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- (c) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事所適用的 行為守則及合規手冊:
- (d) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常 規,向董事會提出建議,並就相關事宜 向董事會作出報告;
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及 於企業管治報告內作出的披露;及
- (f) 檢討及監察本公司遵守其舉報政策的情 況。

During the Year, the Company has updated the compliance manuals on notifiable transactions and inside information in accordance with the Listing Rules as guideline for its employees to report unpublished inside information to the Company to ensure consistent and timely disclosure and fulfillment of the Company's continuous disclosure obligations.

本年度,本公司已根據上市規則更新須予披露交易及內幕消息的合規手冊,作為僱員向本公司匯報未公開內幕消息的指引,以確保作出貫徹和適時的披露及履行本公司的持續披露責任。

BOARD COMMITTEES

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee currently comprises three members, namely Mr. Jin Dongtao (executive Director), Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing (independent non-executive Director) and Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie (independent non-executive Director), the majority of them are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Jin Dongtao serves as the chairman.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include the following:

- To review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) required of the Board and make recommendations regarding any proposed changes;
- To identify suitable candidates for appointment as Directors;
- To make recommendations to the Board on appointment or re-appointment of and succession planning for Directors; and
- To assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee will assess the candidate or incumbent on criteria such as integrity, experience, skill and ability to commit time and effort to carry out the duties and responsibilities. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee will then be put to the Board for decision. Their written terms of reference are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

董事委員會

提名委員會

提名委員會現時由三名成員組成:金東濤先生(執行董事)、鄭雙慶先生(獨立非執行董事)及江素惠女士(獨立非執行董事),其中多數為獨立非執行董事。金東濤先生擔任主任。

提名委員會的主要職責包括下列各項:

- 審視董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括 技能、知識及經驗)及就任何建議變動 提供推薦意見;
- 物色適合聘任為董事的候選人;
- 就董事聘任或續聘及繼任計劃向董事會 提供推薦意見;及
- 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

提名委員會將按誠信、經驗、技能及履行職 責及責任時所能投入的時間和精力等標準評 估候選人或在職者。隨後提名委員會將有關 推薦意見提交董事會以作決定。有關書面職 權範圍於聯交所及本公司網站可供查閱。 During the Year, 1 meeting of the Nomination Committee was held and the attendance record of the Nomination Committee members is set out in the table below: 本年度,提名委員會已舉行1次會議,提名 委員會各成員的出席記錄載於下表:

Directors	董事	Attended/Eligible to attend 已出席次數/可出席次數
Mr. Jin Dongtao	金東濤先生	1/1
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	1/1
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	1/1

During the meeting, the Nomination Committee assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors, considered the re-election of the retiring Directors and reviewed the time commitment required from the independent non-executive Directors. The Nomination Committee has reviewed the board diversity policy to ensure its effectiveness and is of the view that the board diversity policy is appropriate.

會議上,提名委員會已評估獨立非執行董事 的獨立性,並已考慮重選退任董事事宜及審 視獨立非執行董事所需投入的時間。提名委 員會已檢討董事會成員多元化政策,以確保 其行之有效,並認為本集團之董事會成員多 元化政策適當。

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

Pursuant to the code provision A.5.6 of the CG Code, listed issuers are required to adopt a board diversity policy. The Board has adopted the board diversity policy and summary of the board diversity policy is set out below:

The Nomination Committee is authorised to formulate nomination policy for the Board's consideration and implement the nomination procedures and the process and criteria adopted to select and recommend candidates for directorship. The objectives of the Board diversity policy are to ensure the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives which are appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. It also sets out that all Board members will be appointed based on merit basis with due consideration to the Board diversity. While selecting candidates for directorship, the committee has taken into account of a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience and qualification, skills and knowledge. Currently, the Board consists of 7 members having expertise in various aspects of professional knowledge and experience which include the familiarity with its business model, finance, accounting, taxation management and compliance, etc. For details, please refer to the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this report for brief biographies of the Directors.

董事會成員多元化政策

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.5.6條, 上市發行人須採納董事會成員多元化政策。 董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策,其概 要載列如下:

In reviewing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee shall give adequate consideration to the Board diversity policy. The committee believes that the current composition of the Board is balanced and diversified with the high-calibre members from different cultural backgrounds and possessing professional expertise of various industries, which indicates that the diversity policy has been well implemented. The main responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least once a year and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to implement the Company's corporate strategy, and identify individuals suitably qualified to become Directors and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships, the appointment or re-appointment and succession planning for the Directors. The committee is also responsible for assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

在審閱董事會組成時,提名委員會須充分考慮董事會成員多元化政策。委員會相信,事會現時組成人數平衡及具多樣化,成員為高質素人選,來自不同文化背景及擁有充分實施。提名委員會之主要職責為每年至少討一次董事會之架構、規模及組成(包括技能、知識和經驗),並提出有關董事企業對於選號,以實施本公司的人或重事人。委任董事以及董事繼任計劃向董事會提出發展,委員會亦負責評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises three members, namely Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing (independent non-executive Director), Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie (independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Jin Dongkun (executive Director), the majority of them are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing serves as the chairman.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations on and approving the remuneration policy and structure and remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and the senior management. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for establishing transparent procedures for formulating such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his/her close associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration, which remuneration will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions. It also makes recommendation to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors. Their written terms of reference are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會現時由三名成員組成:鄭雙慶先生(獨立非執行董事)、江素惠女士(獨立非執行董事)及金東昆先生(執行董事),其中大多數為獨立非執行董事。鄭雙慶先生擔任主任。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括就各執行董事及 高級管理人員的薪酬政策及結構以及薪酬組 合提供推薦意見,並就此授出批准。薪酬委 員會亦負責就制訂有關薪酬政策及結構設定 透明的程序,以確保概無董事或其任何緊 聯繫人將參與決定其本身薪酬,而有關薪酬 將經參考個人及本公司表現以及市場慣例及 情況後釐定。薪酬委員會亦就非執行董事薪 酬向董事會提供推薦意見。有關書面職權範 圍於聯交所及本公司網站可供查閱。 During the Year, 1 meeting of the Remuneration Committee was held and the attendance record of the Remuneration Committee members is set out in the table below: 本年度,薪酬委員會已舉行1次會議,薪酬 委員會各成員的出席記錄載於下表:

Directors	董事	Attended/Eligible to attend 已出席次數/可出席次數
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	1/1
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	1/1
Mr. Jin Dongkun	金東昆先生	1/1

During the meeting, the Remuneration Committee discussed and reviewed the remuneration policy for Directors and senior management of the Company, and made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, including adjustment on the remuneration of some senior management for the Year. The Board has adopted the recommendation from the Remuneration Committee and resolved to approve the aforesaid adjustment.

會議上,薪酬委員會已討論及審閱本公司董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策,並就各執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬組合向董事會提供推薦意見,包括調整部分高級管理人員於本年度的薪酬。董事會接納薪酬委員會的意見及已決議批准上述調整。

The remuneration of one senior management of the Company, whose biography is set out on pages 101 to 102 of this annual report, falls within the band from RMB0 million to RMB1.0 million for the Year.

本年度,本公司1名高級管理人員(其履歷載 於本年報第101至102頁)的薪酬範圍介乎人 民幣0百萬元至人民幣1.0百萬元。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee currently comprises three members, namely Mr. Zou Haiyan, Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing and Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie, all of them are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Zou Haiyan serves as the chairman.

審核委員會

審核委員會現時由三名成員組成:鄒海燕先生、鄭雙慶先生及江素惠女士,均為獨立非執行董事。鄒海燕先生擔任主任。

The main duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- To review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the Company's staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function, compliance officer or auditors before submission to the Board;
- To review the relationship with the external auditor by reference to the work performed by the auditor, its fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor;
- To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems and associated procedures, including the adequacy of the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function; and
- To review the Group's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems.

During the Year, 4 meetings of the Audit Committee were held and the attendance record of the Audit Committee members is set out in the table below:

審核委員會的主要職責包括下列各項:

- 審閱財務報表及報告,並於向董事會提 交有關文件前,考慮本公司負責會計及 財務申報職能的員工、合規主任或核數 師提出的任何重大或異常事項;
- 根據外部核數師所進行的工作、收費及 委聘條款檢討與核數師的關係,並就聘 任、續聘及解聘外部核數師向董事會提 供推薦意見;
- 檢討本公司財務申報系統、風險管理及 內部監控系統以及相關程序的充足性及 有效性,包括本集團在會計及財務申報 職能方面的資源、員工資歷和經驗、培 訓課程及預算是否充足;及
- 檢討本集團的財務控制、風險管理及內 部監控系統。

本年度,審核委員會已舉行4次會議,審核 委員會各成員的出席記錄載於下表:

Directors	董事	Attended/Eligible to attend 已出席次數/可出席次數
Mr. Zou Haiyan	鄒海燕先生	4/4
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	4/4
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	4/4

During the meetings, the Audit Committee reviewed the financial reporting system, compliance procedures, risk management and internal control systems (including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function) and processes and the re-appointment of the external auditor. The Board had accepted the recommendation given by the Audit Committee on the selection and re-appointment of external auditor.

會議上,審核委員會已檢討財務申報系統、 合規程序、風險管理及內部監控系統(包括 本集團在會計及財務申報職能方面的資源、 員工資歷和經驗、培訓課程及預算是否充 足)及程序,以及續聘外部核數師。董事會 接納審核委員會就甄選及續聘外部核數師方 面提出的任何建議。

The Audit Committee also reviewed the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year as well as the audit report prepared by the Auditors relating to accounting issues and major findings in course of audit. There are proper arrangements for employees, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control and risk management and other matters. Their written terms of reference are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

審核委員會亦已檢討本公司及其附屬公司於財政年度的末期業績,以及由核數師就有關會計事項及於審核過程中任何重大發現編製的審核報告。本公司為僱員作出適當安排,以便他們以保密方式就財務申報、內部監控及風險管理及其他事宜可能出現的不當行為提出疑問。有關書面職權範圍於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

董事就財務報表的財務申報責任

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the Year which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and the Group and of the Group's results and cash flows.

董事就編製本年度財務報表承擔責任,以真 實公平地反映本公司及本集團的事務狀況以 及本集團的業績及現金流量。

The senior management has provided to the Board such explanation and information as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial statements, which are put to the Board for approval.

高級管理層已向董事會提供必要的説明及資料,以便董事會對提呈予董事會批准的本公司財務報表進行知情的評估。

The Directors were not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. 董事並未注意到可能對本集團持續經營的能力產生重大疑問的事項或情況的任何重大不明期因素。

The statement by the independent auditor of the Company regarding its reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Company is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 103 to 116 of this annual report.

本公司獨立核數師就彼等對本公司合併財務 報表的申報責任的聲明載於本年報第103至 116頁的獨立核數師報告。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

Goals and objectives

The Board acknowledges that it is the responsibility of the Board to maintain an adequate risk management and internal control systems to safeguard the Shareholders' investments and the Company's assets, and review the effectiveness of such systems on an ongoing basis. Such risk management and internal control systems are designed for managing risks rather than eliminating the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has delegated its responsibilities (with relevant authorities) of risk management and internal controls to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems, and management has provided a confirmation to the Audit Committee and the Board on the effectiveness of these systems for the Year.

Main features of the risk management and internal control systems

The Group's risk governance structure and the main responsibilities of each level of the structure are summarised below:

Board

- Determine the business strategies and objectives of the Group, and evaluate and determine the nature and extent of risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives;
- Ensure that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems; and
- Oversee management in design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

風險管理及內部監控

方針及目標

董事會確認其有責任維持一個充分的風險管理及內部監控系統,以保障股東的投資及本公司資產,並持續檢討該等系統的有效性。該等風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理及內部監控系統旨在管理及內部監控系統旨在管理所述或損失而自然與一個人。董事會已將其風險管理及內部監控的職責(與相關權力)轉授予審核委員會。本年度,審核委員會(代表董事的設置,實施及監察,並且管理層向審核委員會及董事會確認該等系統的有效性。

風險管理及內部監控系統的主要特點

本集團之風險管治架構以及架構內各階層的 主要職責概述如下:

董事會

- 釐定本集團之業務策略與目標,及評估 並釐定本集團達成策略目標時所願意承 受的風險性質及程度;
- 確保本集團建立及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統;及
- 監督管理層對風險管理及內部監控系統 的設計、實施及監察。

Audit Committee

- Assist the Board to perform its responsibilities of risk management and internal control systems;
- Oversee the Group's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis;
- Review the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems at least annually, and such review should cover all material controls including financial, operational and compliance control;
- Ensure the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions; and
- Consider major findings on risk management and internal control matters, and report and make recommendations to the Board.

Management

- Review the risk management and internal control policy and measures and submit them for Audit Committee's approval;
- Design, implement and maintain appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems;
- Identify, evaluate and manage the risk that may potentially impact the major processes of the operations;
- Monitor risks and take measures to mitigate risks in day-today operations;
- Give prompt responses to and follow up the findings on risk management and internal control matters raised by the internal audit department; and
- Provide confirmation to the Board and Audit Committee on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

審核委員會

- 協助董事會執行其風險管理及內部監控 的職責;
- 持續監督本集團的風險管理及內部監控 系統;
- 最少每年檢討一次本集團的風險管理及 內部監控系統是否有效,有關檢討應涵 蓋所有重要的監控方面,包括財務、運 作及合規監控;
- 確保本集團在會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能方面有足夠的資源、員工資歷與經驗、培訓課程,以及有關預算;及
- 考慮有關風險管理及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果,並向董事會匯報及作出建議。

管理層

- 審閱風險管理及內部監控政策及措施, 並將其提交予審核委員會批准;
- 設計、實施及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統;
- 識別、評估及管理可能對運作之主要程序構成潛在影響之風險;
- 監察風險並採取措施降低日常營運風險;
- 對內部審核部門提出有關風險管理及內 部監控事宜的調查結果,作出及時的回 應及跟進;及
- 向董事會及審核委員會提供有關風險管 理及內部監控系統是否有效的確認。

Internal Audit Department

- Review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems; and
- Report to the Audit Committee the findings of the review and make recommendations to the Board and management to improve the material systems deficiencies or control weaknesses identified.

Supervisor and Staff

- Consider how to conduct their responsibilities in light of effectiveness of internal control; and
- Discuss with management for strengthening internal control.

Process used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks

The processes used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks by the Group are summarised as follows:

Risk Identification

- Develop risk management plan; and
- Identify risks that may potentially affect the Group's business and operations.

Risk Assessment

- Assess the risks identified by using the assessment criteria developed by the management; and
- Consider the impact on the business and the likelihood of their occurrence.

內部審核部門

- 審閱本集團風險管理及內部監控系統是 否足夠及有效;及
- 向審核委員會匯報審閱結果並向董事會 及管理層作出建議,以改善制度之重大 不足之處或所發現之監控缺失。

主管及員工

- 考慮如何根據內控制度的有效性來履行 職責:及
- 與管理層討論加強內部監控。

用於識別、評估及管理重大風險的程序

本集團用於識別、評估及管理重大風險的程 序概述如下:

風險識別

- 制定風險管理計劃;及
- 識別可能對本集團業務及營運構成潛在 影響之風險。

風險評估

- 使用管理層建立之評估標準,評估已識別之風險;及
- 考慮風險對業務之影響及出現之可能 性。

Risk Response

- Prioritise the risks by comparing the results of the risk assessment; and
- Determine the risk management strategies, contingency plans and internal control processes to prevent, avoid and mitigate the risks.

Risk Monitoring and Reporting

- Perform ongoing and periodic monitoring of the risk and ensure that appropriate internal control processes are in place;
- Revise the risk management strategies, contingency plans and internal control processes in case of any significant change of environment; and
- Report the results of risk monitoring to the management and the Board regularly.

During the Year, the Board, through the Audit Committee, reviewed all risk management functions and material internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance control. Based on its management experience, the Group further strengthened the establishment of internal audit system, outlined the internal control functions and enhanced risk management. The Group also formulated the "Guide on Internal Control and Risk Management – Hong Kong Branch"(《內部監控及風險管理手冊(香港分部)》) to continuously enhance the level of risk management and internal controls. The Board therefore considered that the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate during the Year. In addition, it has also reviewed and has satisfied with the adequacy of resources, staff qualification and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions.

風險應對

- 透過比較風險評估之結果,排列風險優 先次序;及
- 釐定風險管理策略、應急計劃及內部監 控程序,以防止、避免或降低風險。

風險監察及匯報

- 持續並定期監察有關風險,以及確保設 有適當的內部監控程序;
- 於環境出現任何重大變動時,修訂風險 管理策略及內部監控程序;及
- 向管理層及董事會定期匯報風險監察的 結果。

Internal Audit Function

The Group's internal audit function is performed by the Group's internal audit department, which reports directly to the Audit Committee. The Group's internal audit department plays a major role in the assessment of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reports directly to the Audit Committee on a regular basis.

The internal audit department conducts internal audit reviews on material controls and compliance with policies and procedures of the Group at both operational and corporate level. Plans and tools for corrective actions and control improvement are identified and communicated with operations management to address any issues, non-compliance or deficiencies identified. The internal audit department monitors the implementation of its recommendations by the operations management and reports the outcome to the Audit Committee.

Handling and dissemination of inside information

For the purpose of handling and disseminating inside information in accordance with the Listing Rules and the SFO, the Group has taken various procedures and measures, including arousing the awareness to preserve confidentiality of inside information with the Group, sending blackout period and securities dealing restrictions notification to the relevant directors and employees regularly, disseminating information to specified persons on a need-to-know basis and regarding closely to the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" issued by the Securities and Futures Commission in June 2012.

內部審核職能

本集團內部審核部門執行本集團內部審核職能,並直接向審核委員會匯報。本集團內部 審核部門於評估風險管理及內控系統的有效 性中具有重大作用,並定期直接向審核委員 會匯報。

內部審核部門從營運及管治水平兩個方面對本集團重大控制以及政策及程序合規進行內部審核檢討。確認整改措施及控制改進的計劃及工具,並與營運管理層討論以解決識別的任何問題、違規情況或缺陷。內部審核部門監督營運管理人員對其推薦建議的實施,並向審核委員會匯報結果。

處理及發佈內幕消息

就根據上市規則及證券與期貨條例處理及發 佈內幕消息而言,本集團已採取不同程序及 措施,包括提高本集團內幕消息的保密意 識、定期向有關董事和僱員發送禁售期和證 券交易限制的通知、在需要知情的基礎上向 指定人員傳播信息以及嚴格遵守證券與期貨 事務監察委員會於二零一二年六月頒佈的 「內幕消息披露指引」。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Mazars is the independent auditor of the Company. During the Year, the professional fees paid or payable to Mazars for services rendered are set out below:

核數師薪酬

中審眾環是本公司的獨立核數師。本年度, 就所提供服務已付或應付中審眾環的專業費 用載列如下:

> Fee paid/payable 已付/應付費用 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Audit services Non-audit services for interim report	審計服務 非審計服務—中期報告	1,647 457
Total	合計	2,104

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ge Junming, the sole company secretary of the Company, is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and ensuring that the Board policy and procedures, and the applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed.

During the Year, Mr. Ge Junming has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

公司秘書

本公司的唯一公司秘書葛俊明先生負責就企業管治事宜向董事會提出建議,並確保遵循董事會的政策及程序、適用法律、規則及法規。

本年度,葛俊明先生已接受不少於15小時的 相關專業培訓,符合上市規則第3.29條的規 定。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company considers that effective communication with Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and understanding of the Group's business, performance and strategies. The Company also recognizes the importance of timely and non-selective disclosure of information, which will enable Shareholders and investors to make the informed investment decisions.

AGM(s) provide opportunity for Shareholders to communicate directly with the Directors. The Chairman, the chairmen of the Board Committees will attend AGM to answer Shareholders' questions. The external auditor will also attend AGM to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

To promote effective communication, the Company adopts a shareholders' communication policy which aims at establishing a two-way relationship and communication between the Company and Shareholders and maintains a website at www.uhighl.com, where up-to-date information on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution will be proposed for each issue at Shareholders' meetings, including the election of individual Directors.

All resolutions put forward at Shareholders' meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each Shareholders' meeting.

與股東的溝通及投資者關係

本公司認為,與股東的有效溝通對加強投資 者關係及使投資者了解本集團的業務、表現 及策略非常重要。本公司亦確認及時與非選 擇性地披露資料以供股東及投資者作出知情 投資決策的重要性。

股東週年大會提供股東與董事直接溝通的機會。主席、各董事委員會主席將出席股東週年大會解答股東提問。外部核數師亦將出席股東週年大會,以解答有關審核、核數師報告的編製及內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性的提問。

為促進有效的溝通,本公司採納股東通訊政策,旨在建立本公司與其股東的相互關係及溝通,並設有網站(www.uhighl.com),刊登有關其業務營運及發展的最新資料、財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資料,以供公眾人士讀取。

股東權利

為保障股東的利益及權利,本公司會於股東 大會上就各項問題(包括選舉個別董事)提呈 獨立決議案。

於股東大會上提呈的所有決議案將根據上市 規則以投票表決,投票結果將於各股東大會 舉行後及時於本公司及聯交所網站刊登。

Convening of extraordinary general meeting and putting forward proposals

Under the Articles of Association, any two or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth (1/10) of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meeting, and any one Shareholder which is a recognized clearing house (or its nominee(s)) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth (1/10) of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meeting, can require an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") to be called and put forward proposals at the meeting. The procedures for Shareholders to convene and put forward proposals at an EGM are stated as follows:

- (1) The requisitionist(s) should sign a written request stating the objects of the meeting to be convened, and deposit the same at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong situated at 2404, 24th Floor, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary.
- (2) Where, within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the Directors do not proceed to convene an EGM, the requisitionists themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board, provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

As regards proposing a person for election as a Director, the procedures are available on the website of the Company.

召開股東特別大會及提呈議案

根據組織章程細則,任何兩名或以上於遞呈要求日期時持有不少於本公司繳足股本(附有於本公司股東大會上投票的權利)十分之一(1/10)的股東,以及任何一名於遞呈要求日期時持有不少於本公司繳足股本(附有於本公司股東大會上投票的權利)十分之一(1/10)的股東(為一間認可結算所(或其代理人)),均有權要求召開股東特別大會(「**股東特別大會**」)及於會上提出議案。股東召開股東特別大會及提出議案的程序如下:

- (1) 請求人須簽署書面請求(當中列明召開 大會的主要商議事項),並送達本公司 於香港的主要營業地點,地址為香港 中環德輔道中19號環球大廈24樓2404 室,抬頭致公司秘書。
- (2) 若在遞呈要求之日起計二十一日內,董事無按既定程序召開股東特別大會,請求人自身或代表彼等所持全部投票權50%以上的任何提出者可按盡量接近董事會召開大會的相同方式召開股東大會,惟按上述方式召開的任何大會不得於遞呈要求日期起計三個月屆滿後召開,而請求人因董事會不能召開股東大會而產生的合理成本應由本公司向請求人給予報銷。

關於建議某人參選董事的事宜,可於本公司網站查閱有關程序。

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders who intend to put forward their enquiries about the Company to the Board could send their enquiries to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at 2404, 24th Floor, World- Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong or to email address: ir@uhi-group.com.

CHANGE IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Year, there is no significant change in constitutional documents of the Company.

向董事會提出查詢

股東如欲向董事會提出有關本公司的查詢,可將有關查詢寄發至本公司於香港的主要營業地點(地址為香港中環德輔道中19號環球大廈24樓2404室)或電郵至ir@uhi-group.com。

更改憲章文件

本年度,本公司的憲章文件概無任何重大更 改。

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. JIN Dongtao (金東濤), aged 52, was appointed as the Chairman and an executive Director on 12 March 2012 and the chief executive officer of the Company on 23 March 2017. Mr. Jin has resigned from being the chief executive officer with effect from 1 August 2021. Mr. Jin is one of the co-founders of the Group and has been the Chairman since its inception in June 1998. He has substantial experience in the pharmaceutical retail and distribution sector and is responsible for setting the strategic vision, direction and goals of the Group.

Mr. Jin has over 27 years of experience in the pharmaceutical distribution industry and marketing.

Other experience:

- 2010 September 2014: chairman of the Heilongjiang Alliance of Pharmaceutical Retailers (黑龍江藥店聯盟)
- 2012 present: vice chairman of the China Medical Pharmaceutical Material Association (中國醫藥物資協會)

Education:

- July 1991: graduated from Jiamusi United Workers University (佳木斯聯合職工大學)
- December 2010: obtained a Master's degree in Business Administration in a programme run by United Business Institutes

Mr. Jin received the National Enterprise Management Specialist Award by the China National Management Specialist Centre (中華人民共和國人事部全國人才流動中心) in 2006. He is qualified as a practising pharmacist in China. He has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

Mr. Jin Dongtao is the elder brother of Mr. Jin Dongkun, an executive Director and vice chairman of the Board.

董事

執行董事

金東濤先生,52歲,於二零一二年三月十二日獲委任為主席及執行董事及於二零一七年三月二十三日獲委任為本公司首席執行官。金先生已辭任本公司首席執行官,自二零二一年八月一日起生效。金先生為本集團的創辦人之一,並自本集團於一九九八年六月成立以來一直擔任本集團主席。他於醫藥零售及分銷行業有豐富經驗,負責為本集團制訂策略性宗旨、方向及目標。

金先生於醫藥經銷行業及營銷方面擁有逾27 年經驗。

其他經驗:

- 二零一零年至二零一四年九月:黑龍江 藥店聯盟理事長
- 二零一二年至今:中國醫藥物資協會副 會長

教育背景:

- 一九九一年七月:畢業自佳木斯聯合職工大學
- 二零一零年十二月:取得比利時聯合商 學院(United Business Institutes)舉辦 的工商管理課程碩士學位

金先生於二零零六年獲得中華人民共和國人事部全國人才流動中心的全國企業管理特殊貢獻獎(National Enterprise Management Specialist Award)。他具備中國從業藥劑師資格。於過往三年內,他並未擔任任何其他上市公司的任何董事職務。

金東濤先生為執行董事兼董事會副主席金東昆先生的胞兄。

Mr. JIN Dongkun (金東昆), aged 48, was appointed as the vice chairman of the Board and an executive Director on 12 March 2012. He is one of the co-founders of the Group and has served as business manager, general manager and vice president of the Group since June 1998. He is responsible for overseeing the Group's external affairs and relationships.

金東昆先生,48歲,於二零一二年三月十二日獲委任為董事會副主席及執行董事。他為本集團的創辦人之一,自一九九八年六月起擔任本集團業務經理、總經理及副總裁。他負責監督本集團的對外事務及關係。

Mr. Jin Dongkun has over 22 years of experience in the pharmaceutical distribution industry and in marketing.

金東昆先生擁有逾22年從事醫藥分銷行業及 營銷經驗。

Other experience:

其他經驗:

- 2010 September 2014: vice chairman of the Heilongjiang Alliance of Pharmaceutical Retailers (黑龍江藥店聯盟)
- 二零一零年至二零一四年九月:黑龍江 藥店聯盟副理事長
- November 2014 present: vice chairman of the China Medical Pharmaceutical Material Association (中國醫藥物資協會)
- 二零一四年十一月至今:中國醫藥物資 協會副會長

Education:

教育背景:

- December 1994: graduated from Harbin Engineering University
 (哈爾濱工程大學) with a major in Electric Technology
- 一九九四年十二月:畢業自哈爾濱工程 大學電子技術專業
- July 2013: obtained a Master's degree in Business Management in a programme run by the Scandinavian Art and Business Institute
- 二零一三年七月:取得芬蘭斯納維亞商 學院(Scandinavian Art and Business Institute)舉辦的工商管理課程碩士學位

Mr. Jin Dongkun is qualified as a practising pharmacist and a senior economist in China. He has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

金東昆先生具備中國從業藥劑師資格及中國 高級經濟師資格。於過往三年內,他並未擔 任任何其他上市公司的任何董事職務。

Mr. Jin Dongkun is Mr. Jin Dongtao's brother.

金東昆先生為金東濤先生的胞弟。

Mr. CHU Chuanfu (初川富), aged 51, is the chief operation officer of the Group and has been appointed as an executive Director and the chief executive officer, with effect from 1 August 2021. He joined the Group in 1999.

初川富先生,51歲,現時為本集團首席營運官並已獲委任為執行董事及首席執行官,自二零二一年八月一日起生效。初先生於一九九年加入本集團。

Other experience:

- 1993 2005: Qiqihar Second Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (齊齊哈爾第二製藥有限公司) with the last position held as Department Head of Administration
- 2006 2010: Heilongjiang Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Distribution Co., Ltd. (黑龍江省金天愛心醫藥經銷有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, with the last position held as Deputy General Manager of the Administration Department

Education:

- 1993: graduated from the Harbin University of Civil Engineering and Architecture* (哈爾濱建築工程學院), China with a major in coal chemical engineering
- 2013: graduated from Scandinavian Art and Business Institute, Finland through distance learning with a Master of Business Administration

Mr. Chu has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

其他經驗:

- 一九九三年至二零零五年:於齊齊哈爾 第二製藥有限公司工作,最後的職位為 綜合業務部部長
- 二零零六年至二零一零年:於黑龍江省 金天愛心醫藥經銷有限公司(一間本公 司全資擁有的附屬公司)工作,離職前 擔任行政副總經理

教育背景:

- 一九九三年:畢業於中國哈爾濱建築工程學院取得煤化工專業本科畢業證書
- 二零一三年:畢業於芬蘭斯納威亞商 學院(Scandinavian Art and Business Institute),取得工商管理碩士學位

於過往三年內,初先生並未擔任任何其他上 市公司的任何董事職務。

Mr. ZHAO Zehua (趙澤華), aged 53, was appointed as the general manager of finance of the Group in October 2011 and was appointed as an executive Director on 16 June 2015. He joined the Group in January 2005 as financial controller and was promoted to his current position in October 2011. He is responsible for financial control and management. He has over 32 years of experience in financial management, with particular expertise in financial accounting, treasury and internal control.

趙澤華先生,53歲,於二零一一年十月獲委 任為本集團財務總經理及於二零一五年六月 十六日獲委任為執行董事。趙先生於二零零 五年一月加盟本集團時出任財務總監,並於 二零一一年十月晉升至現時職務。他負責財 務控制及管理。他擁有超過32年財務管理經 驗,尤其具備財會、資金管理及內部監控方 面的專業知識。

Other experience:

- August 1989 May 2001: head of finance at Hebei Chengde Tianyuan Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (河北省承德天原藥業有限 公司)
- June 2001 December 2004: manager of finance and deputy general manager of Hebei Chengde Tianyuan Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (河北省承德天原藥業有限公司)
- January 2003 December 2004: manager of finance and deputy general manager of Chengde Pharmaceutical Group Liuhe Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (承德藥業集團六合製藥有限責 任公司)

Education:

• July 1992: graduated from Hebei Radio and Television University (河北廣播電視大學) with a major in Finance and Accounting

Mr. Zhao is a qualified accountant in China. He has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

其他經驗:

- 一九八九年八月至二零零一年五月:河 北省承德天原藥業有限公司的財務主管
- 二零零一年六月至二零零四年十二月: 河北省承德天原藥業有限公司財務經理 及副總經理
- 二零零三年一月至二零零四年十二月: 承德藥業集團六合製藥有限責任公司財 務經理及副總經理

教育背景:

一九九二年七月:畢業自河北廣播電視 大學財會專業

趙先生具備中國會計師資格。於過往三年 內,趙先生並未擔任任何其他上市公司的任 何董事職務。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. CHENG Sheung Hing (鄭雙慶), aged 73, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 November 2013. Mr. Cheng is a senior economist of People's Bank of China with many years of experience in foreign exchange management and management of pharmaceutical companies and listed companies.

Other experience:

- 1982 1985: in charge of the foreign affairs of Beijing Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (北京市醫藥總公司) and stores for new drugs and specific drugs
- 1986 1995: deputy administrative officer of Non-trade Department and Inspection Department of the State Administration of Foreign Exchange (國家外匯管理局)

Directorships:

- 1995 2002: assistant to the general manager and assistant to board chairman of Wing On Travel (Holdings) Limited (永安旅遊(控股)有限公司), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 01189)
- 2003 2005: assistant to board chairman of Heng Fai Enterprises Limited (恒輝企業控股有限公司) (now known as ZH International Holdings Ltd. 正恒國際控股有限公司), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 00185)
- 2005 2013: independent non-executive director of National United Resources Holdings Limited (國家聯合資源控股有限公司) (formerly known as China Outdoor Media Group Limited 中國戶外媒體集團有限公司), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 00254)

Education:

• 1982: graduated from the formerly known as School of Economics of Peking University (北京經濟學院) (now known as Capital University of Economics and Business 首都經濟貿易大學) with a major in Trading Economics

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Cheng has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

獨立非執行董事

鄭雙慶先生,73歲,於二零一三年十一月十八日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。鄭先生為中國人民銀行高級經濟師,在外匯管理及醫藥公司和上市公司管理方面擁有多年經驗。

其他經驗:

- 一九八二年至一九八五年:負責北京市 醫藥總公司的外經處及新特藥商店
- 一九八六年至一九九五年:國家外匯管 理局非貿易處及檢查處辦公室副主任董 事

職務:

- 一九九五年至二零零二年:聯交所主板 上市公司永安旅遊(控股)有限公司(股份代號:01189)總經理助理及董事會 主席助理
- 二零零三年至二零零五年:聯交所主板 上市公司恒輝企業控股有限公司(現稱 「正恒國際控股有限公司」)(股份代號: 00185)的董事會主席助理
- 二零零五年至二零一三年:聯交所主板上市公司國家聯合資源控股有限公司 (前稱中國戶外媒體集團有限公司)(股份代號:00254)的獨立非執行董事

教育背景:

• 一九八二年:畢業自原北京經濟學院(School of Economics Peking University)(現為首都經濟貿易大學Capital University of Economics and Business),擁有貿易經濟學學士學位

除上文所披露者外,於過往三年內,鄭先生 並未擔任任何其他上市公司的任何董事職 務。

Ms. CHIANG Su Hui Susie (江素惠), aged 74, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 November 2013. Ms. Chiang has over 29 years of experience in governmental affairs, treasury and cross-straits relations.

江素惠女士,74歲,於二零一三年十一月十 八日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。江女士在政 府事務、財務及兩岸關係方面擁有逾29年經 驗。

Other experience:

- December 1991 March 1994: the representative of Government Information Office of the Executive Yuan of Taiwan (台灣行政院新聞局)
- March 1994 December 2004: in charge of the Taiwanese Kwang-hwa Information and Culture Centre (台灣光華新聞文 化中心)
- April 2002: established the C S Forum (香江論壇) and the C S Corp. Consultancy Limited (香江顧問有限公司) in Hong Kong with a goal of promoting cross-straits economic and trade communications

Current positions:

- member of the Hong Kong-Taiwan Cultural Co-operation Committee of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (香港特區政府港台文化合作委員會)
- chairwoman of the C S Culture Foundation (香江文化交流基金會)
- chairwoman of the C S Corp. Consultancy Limited (香江顧問有限公司)
- chairwoman of the C S Finance & Investment Company Limited (香江金融財務集團有限公司)
- honourary chairwoman of the Taiwan Business Association (Hong Kong) Limited (香港台灣工商協會)

Education:

 July 1969: graduated from the Taiwan National Chung Hsing University (台灣國立中興大學) with a major in laws

Ms. Chiang has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

其他經驗:

- 一九九一年十二月至一九九四年三月: 台灣行政院新聞局駐港代表
- 一九九四年三月至二零零四年十二月: 台灣光華新聞文化中心負責人
- 二零零二年四月:於香港成立香江論壇 及香江顧問有限公司,宗旨為促進海峽 兩岸的經貿交流

現時任職:

- 香港特區政府港台文化合作委員會會員
- 香江文化交流基金會主席
- 香江顧問有限公司主席
- 香江金融財務集團有限公司主席
- 香港台灣工商協會榮譽主席

教育背景:

一九六九年七月:畢業自台灣國立中興 大學法學專業

於過往三年內,江女士並未擔任任何其他上 市公司的任何董事職務。

Mr. ZOU Haiyan (鄒海燕), aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 July 2017. Mr. Zou has over 34 years of experience in the financial services industry. He has been a training instructor and guest lecturer of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants Hong Kong, International Institute of Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, HongKong Chinese Accountants Association, continuing education of Shanghai University of Finance and Economics Institute, Hainan Local Taxation Bureau, Huangshan Local Taxation Bureau, Qingdao Provincial SAT Office and Shenzhen Municipal SAT Office; and an associate professor of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

鄒海燕先生,56歲,於二零一七年七月二十日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。鄒先生於金融服務行業擁有逾34年經驗。彼曾於特許公認會計師公會香港分會、香港國際會計師公會、香港華人會計師公會、上海財經大學繼續教育學院、海南省地方稅務局、黃山地方稅務局、青島市國家稅務局及深圳市國家稅務局擔任培訓導師及客席講者:並於香港理工大學擔任副教授。

Other experience:

- July 2001 November 2003: certified public accountant of Guangdong Kangyuan Certified Public Accountants (廣東康 元會計師事務所)
- December 2003 August 2009: chief partner of Guangdong Gaowick Certified Public Accountants (廣東高域會計師事務所)
- March 2001 August 2018: managing director of China Tax and Business Consultants Company Limited (中國税務商務 顧問有限公司) (the company ceased business due to the overlapping of business)

其他經驗:

- 二零零一年七月至二零零三年十一月: 廣東康元會計師事務所註冊會計師
- 二零零三年十二月至二零零九年八月: 廣東高域會計師事務所首席合夥人
- 二零零一年三月至二零一八年八月: 中國稅務商務顧問有限公司董事總經理 (該公司因業務重疊而註銷營業)

Current positions:

- managing director of Kaowick Listing and Financial Services
 Company Limited (嘉域上市融資服務有限公司)
- partner of Shenzhen Guangshen Certified Public Accountants (深圳廣深會計師事務所)
- independent non-executive director of Shenzhen Asia Electricity Co., Ltd., a company listed on National Equities Exchange and Quotations in China (深圳亞洲電力股份有限公司)
- independent non-executive director and members of the audit committee of Anchorstone Holdings Limited (基石控股有限公司), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange

Education:

- July 1985: graduated from Guangdong Provincial Finance School in Taxation (廣東省財政學校)
- January 2015: graduated from University of Electronic Science and Technology in Human Resources Management (電子科技 大學)

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Zou has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

現時任職:

- 嘉域上市融資服務有限公司董事總經理
- 深圳廣深會計師事務所合夥人
- 深圳亞洲電力股份有限公司(一間於中國全國中小企業股份轉讓系統上市之公司)擔任獨立非執行董事
- 基石控股有限公司(一間於聯交所主板 上市公司)擔任獨立非執行董事及審核 委員會成員

教育背景:

- 一九八五年七月:廣東省財政學校稅務 專業大專畢業
- 二零一五年一月:電子科技大學人力資源管理專業大學畢業

除上文所披露者外,於過往三年內,鄒先生 並未擔任任何其他上市公司的任何董事職 務。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. GE Junming (葛俊明), aged 53, was appointed as a company secretary of the Company on 18 November 2013 and is currently the sole company secretary of the Company. He joined the Group in 1998. Mr. Ge has worked in various other capacities in the Group, including as an accountant, head of the planning department, chief secretary to the Chairman, head of the legal department, general secretary and director in various members in the Group.

Other experience:

- August 1988 May 1994: a materials accountant, costs accountant and head accountant of Jiamusi CNC Machine Tools Factory (佳木斯數控機床廠)
- June 1994 August 1995: head accountant of Jiamusi Import and Export Wood Products Company (佳木斯進出口木製品公司)
- September 1995 August 1996: chief of finance at Jiamusi Forging Equipment Factory (佳木斯鍛壓設備廠)
- September 1996 April 1998: financial inspector at Jiamusi Marketing Limited Company of the Sanzu Group (三株集團 佳木斯營銷有限公司)

高級管理人員

葛俊明先生,53歲,於二零一三年十一月 十八日獲委任為本公司公司秘書及現為本公司的唯一公司秘書。他於一九九八年加盟 集團。葛先生在本集團曾擔任過多個其他職 務,包括會計師、策劃部主管、主席首席秘 書、法律部主管、秘書長及本集團多家成員 公司的董事。

其他經驗:

- 一九八八年八月至一九九四年五月:佳 木斯數控機床廠的物料會計師、成本會 計師及主管會計
- 一九九四年六月至一九九五年八月:佳 木斯進出口木製品公司的主管會計
- 一九九五年九月至一九九六年八月:佳 木斯鍛壓設備廠的財務主管
- 一九九六年九月至一九九八年四月:三 株集團佳木斯營銷有限公司的財務督察

Education:

- July 1988: obtained a Secondary Professional Degree in Financial Accounting from Heilongjiang School of Machinery Manufacturing (黑龍江機械製造學校)
- July 1993: graduated from the School of Economics at Peking University (北京大學經濟學院) with a major in Financial Accounting, by way of distance learning
- December 2016: graduated and obtained a Bachelor Degree in Business Management (Business Administration) from Peking University (北京大學) by way of self-study
- December 2019: graduated from South China Agricultural University (華南農業大學) with Major in Regional Economic Development and Management by way of self-study

Mr. Ge is also a qualified senior accountant, senior planner, pharmacist and nutritionist in China. Mr. Ge is a Certified Internal Auditor, and has obtained qualification of practice in securities and funds.

Mr. Ge received the National Enterprise Management Specialist Award by the China National Management Specialist Centre (中華人民共和國人事部全國人才流動中心) in 2005.

Mr. Ge has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

教育背景:

- 一九八八年七月:取得黑龍江機械製造 學校財務會計的中等專業學位
- 一九九三年七月:以遠程學習方式畢業 自北京大學經濟學院財會專業
- 二零一六年十二月:以自學方式修畢 (北京大學)「商務管理(工商管理)」本科 專業,並獲得北京大學管理學學士學位
- 二零一九年十二月:以自學方式畢業自 華南農業大學,主修「區域經濟開發與 管理」專業

葛先生亦為中國合資格高級會計師、高級策劃師、藥劑師及營養師。並獲得國際註冊內部控制師認證:獲得中國證券從業資格、基金從業資格。

葛先生於二零零五年獲得中華人民共和國人事部全國人才流動中心的全國企業管理特殊 貢獻獎(National Enterprise Management Specialist Award)。

於過往三年內,葛先生並未擔任任何上市公司的任何董事職務。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

mazars

To the members of Universal Health International Group Holding Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Universal Health International Group Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 117 to 262, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2021, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2021, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

MAZARS CPA LIMITED 中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 42nd Floor, Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong 香港灣仔港灣道18號中環廣場42樓 Tel電話: (852) 2909 5555 Fax傳真: (852) 2810 0032 Email電郵:info@mazars.hk Website網址:www.mazars.hk

致大健康國際集團控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計大健康國際集團控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第117至262頁的合併財務報表,包括於二零二一年六月三十日的合併資產負債表,及截至該日止年度的合併綜合收益表、合併權益變動表及合併現金流量表,以及合併財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等合併財務報表已根據國際會計準則委員會頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二一年六月三十日的財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的財務表現及現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》之披露規定妥為擬備。

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs") issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

意見的基礎

我們已根據國際審計與鑒證準則理事會頒佈的《國際審計準則》(「國際審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任在本報告「核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任」章節中作進一步闡述。根據國際會計師專業操守理事會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「道德守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已根據道德守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本年度合併財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項在我們審計整體合併財務報表 及出具意見時進行處理,而我們不會對這些 事項提供單獨的意見。

Key Audit Matter

已分配至零售及分銷經營之現金產生單位

關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of certain intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets allocated to the cash-generating units of retail and distribution businesses

之若干無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及 使用權資產減值評估

Refer to notes 7, 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱合併財務報表附註7、8及9。

The carrying value of certain intangible assets, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (together the "Non-current Assets") allocated to the cash-generating units of the Group's retail and distribution businesses as at 30 June 2021 was approximately RMBNil, RMB44,695,000 and RMB12,467,000 respectively.

於二零二一年六月三十日,與 貴集團已 分配至零售及分銷經營之現金產生單位之 若干無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及使 用權資產(統稱為「非流動資產」)的賬面值 分別約為人民幣零元、人民幣44,695,000元 及人民幣12,467,000元。

The Group had reported a continued loss in the current year. Management considered this as an impairment indicator on the intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets and has performed an impairment assessment on these assets as at 30 June 2021 to determine their recoverable amount. Management has performed impairment tests with reference to a valuation performed by an independent and qualified professional valuer and the conclusion is based on the estimation of the recoverable amounts of the respective cash-generating units to which the respective Non-current Assets relate using the value-in-use calculation.

於本年度, 貴集團持續錄得虧損。管理層 認為無形資產、物業、廠房及設備以及使 用權資產出現減值跡象,並於二零二一年 六月三十日對該等資產進行減值評估,以 釐定其可收回金額。管理層已參照獨立及 合資格的專業估值師進行的評估進行減值 測試,該結論乃基於估計非流動資產相關的各現金產生單位的可收回金額,按使用價值計算而作出。

We identified this matter as a key audit matter because of the significance of the amounts involved and use of judgements and estimates in assessing the impairment of the assets. These key estimates include forecasted gross margins, forecasted growth rates and discount rates adopted in the value-in-use calculations based on discounted cash flow model.

由於評估資產減值時所涉金額及使用判斷 及估計的重要性,故我們將該事項識別為 關鍵審計事項。該等關鍵估計包括使用價 值計算時所採納的預測毛利率、預測增長 率及折現率及基於貼現現金流量模型。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

In addressing this matter, we had performed the following key procedures:

- a) We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the valuer:
- We performed procedures to understand the key processes and controls relating to the assessment of the recoverable amounts of CGUs supported by value-in-use calculations based on discounted cash flow model;
- c) We compared the cash flow projections used in valuein-use calculations to the financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period;
- d) We compared the future growth rates beyond the five-year period used by management against the long-term average growth rate for the businesses in which the respective CGUs operate based on the available data from the market;
- e) We evaluated the achievability of budgeted gross margins based on the Group's past and current performance, the management's business strategy and the expected market development;
- We evaluated the reasonableness of key parameters used by the management and the valuer for calculating discount rates, including the Group's cost of equity, gearing ratio and cost of debt. Such parameters were benchmarked against market available data;
- We tested mathematical accuracy of the value-in-use calculations used by the management and the valuer to determine the recoverable amounts of CGUs; and
- h) We considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosure in respect of the impairment assessment.

我們執行了下列主要審計程序以處理該事項:

- a) 我們評估了估值師的才能、能力及客 觀性:
- b) 我們執行程序以了解與現金產生單位 的可收回金額評估相關的關鍵流程和 控制,該評估所需的使用價值計算乃 基於貼現現金流量模型;
- c) 我們將使用價值計算中所用的現金流 預測和管理層審批的五年期財務預算 進行了對比;
- d) 我們根據市場可得數據將管理層所使 用的五年期以上的未來增長率和有關 現金產生單位營運業務的長期平均增 長率進行了對比:
- e) 我們依據 貴集團的歷史業績、目前 業績、管理層經營戰略和預期市場發 展對預期毛利率的可完成度進行了評 估:
- f) 我們對管理層及估值師計算折現率過程中用到的關鍵參數的合理性進行了評估,其中包括 貴集團的股本成本、資產負債比率和債務成本。以上參數均來源於市場公開資料;
- g) 我們檢查了管理層及估值師用以確定 現金產生單位可收回金額的使用價值 數學計算的準確性;及
- h) 我們考慮了 貴集團有關減值評估之 披露的充足性。

Key Audit Matter

Impairment assessment of a logistics building included in property, plant and equipment – Distribution segment

Refer to notes 4(c) and 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had a logistics building included in the property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of RMB197 million located in Jiamusi, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

During the year, the Group had utilised certain areas of the logistics building as warehouse for its distribution business and continued to seek out its opportunities to develop the logistics business. In view of the loss sustained by the distribution business and the current low usage rate as warehousing for the distribution segment, management considered that there were indicators of impairment of the logistics building existed at 30 June 2021 and performed an impairment assessment thereon.

Management performed an impairment assessment of the logistic building with reference to a valuation performed by an independent and qualified professional valuer by using the fair value less cost of disposal model and compared the carrying amount of the logistics building to determine the amount of impairment which should be recognised for the year. For the determination of the fair value less costs of disposal, management used the depreciated replacement cost method that reflects the cost to a market participant to construct assets of comparable utility and age, adjusted for obsolescence. Based on the results of the impairment assessment, management concluded that the recoverable amount of the logistics building was higher than its carrying amount and no impairment was required.

We identified this matter as a key audit matter because of the significance of the use of judgements and estimates in assessing the impairment of this significant asset. These key estimates include the estimated useful life and replacement costs adopted in the depreciated replacement cost calculations.

關鍵審計事項

計入物業、廠房及設備的物流倉儲中心的減值評估一分銷分部

請參閱合併財務報表附註4(c)及7。

於二零二一年六月三十日, 貴集團有一棟 位於中華人民共和國(「中國」) 佳木斯市的 物流倉儲中心計入物業、廠房及設備,賬 面值為人民幣197百萬元。

年內, 貴集團已使用物流倉儲中心的若干 區域作為其分銷業務的倉庫,並繼續尋求 發展物流業務的機會。鑒於分銷業務持續 錄得虧損以及現時作為分銷分部倉庫的低 使用率,管理層認為物流倉儲中心於二零 二一年六月三十日出現減值跡象,並就此 進行減值評估。

管理層已參照獨立及合資格的專業估值師進行的評估為物流倉儲中心進行減值師估,採用公允價值減出售成本模型並與物流倉儲中心賬面值進行比較,以至釐價值減出售成本而言,管理層運用折貨上數之一,管理層運用,資出售成本而言,管理層運用可資出的重大與大學與者建造可資產的成本,並就過時作出調整。根據減值評估的結果,管理層得出結論。物流倉儲中心的可收回金額高於其賬面金額,因此無需減值。

由於評估重大資產減值時使用判斷及估計的重要性,故我們將該事項識別為關鍵審計事項。該等關鍵估計包括估計可使用年期以及計算折舊重置成本時採用的重置成本。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

In addressing this matter, we had performed the following key procedures:

我們執行了下列主要審計程序以處理該事 項:

- a) We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the valuer;
- a) 我們評估了估值師的才能、能力及客 觀性:
- b) We evaluated the appropriateness of the methodology used and the reasonableness of the key assumptions applied in the depreciated replacement cost calculations such as the estimated useful life and replacement costs by referencing to available market data;
- b) 我們評估了所用方法的恰當性,以及 根據市場可得數據評估折舊重置成本 計算中所用的關鍵假設的合理性,例 如估計可使用年期及重置成本:
- We tested mathematical accuracy of the depreciated replacement cost calculations used by the management and the valuer to determine the recoverable amounts of the logistics buildings; and
- c) 我們檢查了管理層及估值師用以確定 物流倉儲中心可收回金額的折舊重置 成本數學計算的準確性;及
- d) We considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosure in respect of the impairment assessment.
- d) 我們考慮了 貴集團有關減值評估之 披露的充足性。

Key Audit Matter

Impairment assessment of investment in an associate

Refer to note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group held 43.78% equity interest in an associate, Jilin Jintian Universal Health Capsule Limited ("Jilin Jintian"), with a carrying amount of RMB111.1 million (including a goodwill with carrying amount of RMB32.4 million).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of the investment in an associate. The recoverable amount, being the higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal, has been determined by the Group's management with reference to a valuation report prepared by an independent and qualified professional valuer using price-to-earnings (P/E) multiple model, which is lower than the carrying amount of the investment and therefore an impairment loss of RMB210,373,000 was charged to profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Impairment assessment of the significant carrying amount of investment in an associate is highly judgmental and involves a high degree of estimation uncertainty. We therefore identified the impairment assessment as a key audit matter.

關鍵審計事項

聯營公司投資之減值評估

請參閱合併財務報表附註12。

於二零二一年六月三十日, 貴集團持有一間聯營公司吉林金天大健康集團膠囊有限公司(「吉林金天」) 43.78%股權,其賬面值為人民幣111.1百萬元(包括賬面值為人民幣32.4百萬元的商譽)。

於報告期末, 貴集團對聯營公司投資的可收回金額進行審查。可收回金額(即使用價值及公允價值減出售成本之較高者)由 貴集團管理層經參考獨立及合資格的專業估值師使用市盈率(市盈率)倍數模型編製之估值報告而釐定,該金額低於投資賬面值,因此,截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,減值虧損人民幣210,373,000元自損益扣除。

聯營公司投資重大賬面值之減值評估需要 作出大量判斷,並涉及高度的估計不確定 性。因此,我們將減值評估識別為關鍵審 計事項。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

In addressing this matter, we had performed the following key procedures:

edures: 項:

- a) We assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies used by the valuer and management to estimate the recoverable amount of the investment in an associate;
- b) We engaged an external valuer as auditor's expert to assist us in evaluating the reasonableness of the key inputs adopted by the management and the valuer by comparing to entity-specific information and market data;
- c) We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the valuer and the auditor's expert; and
- d) We considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosure in respect of the impairment assessment.

a) 我們評估了估值師及管理層使用該估值模型估計聯營公司投資之可收回金額的適當性:

我們執行了下列主要審計程序以處理該事

- b) 我們聘請一名外部估值師作為核數師 的專家,透過比較實體特定之資料及 市場數據,協助我們評估管理層及估 值師所採納之主要輸入數據之合理性;
- c) 我們評估了估值師及核數師的專家的 才能、能力及客觀性;及
- d) 我們考慮了 貴集團有關減值評估之 披露的充足性。

Key Audit Matter

Valuation of biological assets

生物資產之估值

關鍵審計事項

Refer to note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱合併財務報表附註14。

The Group acquired a forest land use right and the wild ginsengs planted in this forest land from an independent third party in June 2017. Upon completion of the acquisition, the forest land use right and wild ginsengs are accounted for as land use right and biological assets respectively. The wild ginsengs are measured at fair value less costs to sell.

於二零一七年六月, 貴集團自一名獨立第 三方收購了林地使用權及於該林地種植的 野生林下參。收購事項完成後,林地使用 權及野生林下參分別作為土地使用權及生 物資產入賬。野生林下參乃按公允價值減 銷售成本計量。

As at 30 June 2021, management estimated the fair value of wild ginsengs which was revalued at RMB97.8 million based on a valuation prepared by an independent and qualified professional valuer which took into consideration of factors related to the ginsengs as advised by ginsengs experts who were employed by the valuer. A gain on change in fair value of RMB90,000 was credited to profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2021.

於二零二一年六月三十日,管理層根據獨立及合資格的專業估值師編製之估值報告,重新估計野生林下參的公允價值為人民幣97.8百萬元,而該估值報告已考慮由估值師委聘的林下參專家所告知有關林下參的因素進行估計。截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度公允價值變動之收益人民幣90,000元計入損益。

We have identified the valuation of the biological assets as a key audit matter considering the significance of the balance and the extent of management's judgments and estimates used for the assessment of fair value of biological assets. The most significant assumptions and valuation parameters used in the valuation include the estimated quantities, grade and the related market prices of biological assets applied.

考慮到結餘的重要性及管理層用於生物資產公允價值評估的判斷及估計程度,我們已將生物資產之估值識別為關鍵審計事項。用於估值之最為重大的假設及估值參數包括估計數量、品級及適用於生物資產的相關市場價格。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

In addressing this matter, we had performed the following key procedures:

- a) We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the valuer and the ginsengs experts;
- b) We assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies used by the valuer and management to estimate the fair value of the biological assets;
- c) We engaged our own ginsengs expert to carry out physical inspection of the wild ginsengs forest and assist us in reviewing the reasonableness of the key assumptions and unobservable inputs applied to the valuation model; and
- d) We considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosure in respect of the fair value measurement of the biological assets.

我們執行了下列主要審計程序以處理該事項:

- a) 我們評估了估值師及林下參專家的才 能、能力及客觀性;
- b) 我們評估了估值師及管理層使用該估值模型估計生物資產之公允價值的適當性;
- c) 我們聘請了我們的林下參專家就野生 林下參森林進行實地考察,並協助我 們審閱應用於估值模型之關鍵假設及 不可觀察輸入數據的合理性:及
- d) 我們考慮了 貴集團有關生物資產公 允價值計量披露的充足性。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the 2020/21 annual report of the Company but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 貴公司二零二零年/二一年年報內的信息,但不包括合併財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對合併財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與合併財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及管治層就合併財務報表須承擔 的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的合併財務報表,並對其認為為使合併財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備合併財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標是對合併財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水準的保證,但不能保證按照 國際審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤 陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐 或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總 起來可能影響該等合併財務報表使用者依賴 合併財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關錯 誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據國際審計準則進行審計的至過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,為我們 的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論,根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意合併財務報表中的相關披露,假若有關披露不足,則我們應當發表有保留意見。我們的審計憑我們應當發表有保留意見。我們的審計憑是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證而得出。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及合併財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體的財務資料或業務活動獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對合併財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通了(其中包括)計劃的 審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現,包括 我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與 他們溝通可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立 性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情 況下,消除威脅所採取的行動及所應用的防 範措施。 From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

Mazars CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 28 September 2021

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is:

Law Lai Ting

Practising Certificate number: P07322

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

香港,二零二一年九月二十八日

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目董事為:

羅禮廷

執業證書編號: P07322

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 合併資產負債表

At 30 June 2021 於二零二一年六月三十日

			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	7	241,611	340,821
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	8	12,467	27,864
Intangible assets	無形資產	9		567
Investments in joint ventures	合營公司投資	11	_	9,349
Investment in an associate	聯營公司投資	12	111,139	318,301
Equity instruments designated as at fair value through other	指定為按公允價值計入 其他綜合收益的權益		,	0.0700.
comprehensive income	工具	13	9,265	15,474
Biological assets	生物資產	14	97,752	97,662
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	15	-	5,203
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		472,234	815,241
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	17	137,477	179,274
Income tax recoverable	可收回所得税		6,399	13,183
Inventories	存貨	18	273,916	310,858
Restricted cash	受限制現金	19	34,724	45,229
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	20	33,091	131,317
Total current assets	流動資產總額		485,607	679,861
Total assets	資產總額		957,841	1,495,102
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	21	24,833	24,833
Reserves	儲備	22	1,729,755	1,723,185
Accumulated loss	累計虧損		(1,179,616)	(504,220)
			574,972	1,243,798
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		945	1,556
Total equity	權益總額		575,917	1,245,354

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

合併資產負債表 At 30 June 2021

於二零二一年六月三十日

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8	-	3,930
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		-	3,930
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	24	377,994	235,607
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8	3,930	10,211
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		381,924	245,818
Total liabilities	負債總額		381,924	249,748
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		957,841	1,495,102

The notes on pages 125 to 262 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements on pages 117 to 262 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 September 2021 and signed on its behalf by

第125至262頁的附註為該等合併財務報表 不可分割的一部分。

載於第117至262頁的合併財務報表於二零 二一年九月二十八日經董事會批准及授權刊 發,並由下列董事代為簽署

Jin Dongtao 金東濤 Director 董事 Zhao Zehua 趙澤華 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 合併綜合收益表

Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

Selling and marketing expenses Administrative expenses	銷售及營銷開支 行政開支	26 26	(533,776) (66,583)	(617,318) (75,305)
Impairment loss on goodwill and other intangible assets	商譽及其他無形資產減值虧損	9, 26	(313)	(11,809)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備減值虧損	7, 26	(3,972)	
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損	8, 26	(3,893)	_
Impairment loss on investment in an associate	聯營公司投資減值虧損	12, 26	(210,373)	-
Other income	其他收入		2	1,930
Other losses – net	其他虧損-淨額	25	(1,495)	(533)
Change in fair value of biological assets	生物資產公允價值變動	14	90	4,041
Operating loss	經營虧損		(663,409)	(510,494)
Finance income	財務收入	28	1,253	9,586
Finance costs	財務成本	28	(11,868)	(2,198)
Finance (costs) income – net	財務(成本)收入一淨額	28	(10,615)	7,388
Share of post-tax results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司除税後業績	11	9	103
Share of post-tax results of an associate	分佔聯營公司除税後業績	12	3,211	10,777
			3,220	10,880
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損		(670,804)	(492,226)
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	29	(5,203)	(1,245)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

合併綜合收益表

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other comprehensive loss Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	其他綜合虧損 不會重新分類至損益的項目			
Fair value changes in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income	指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合 收益的權益工具之公允價值變 動	13	(5,066)	(8,579)
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	<u>已經或可能於往後期間重新分類</u> 至損益的項目			
Release of other reserves upon deregistration of subsidiaries Currency translation differences	註銷附屬公司時撥回其他儲備 外幣折算差額		1,862 9,774	– (4,712)
			11,636	(4,712)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	年度其他綜合收益(虧損)		6,570	(13,291)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度綜合虧損總額		(669,437)	(506,762)
Loss attributable to: - Owners of the Company - Non-controlling interests	下 列各方應佔虧損 : 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益		(675,396) (611)	(491,405) (2,066)
			(676,007)	(493,471)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: - Owners of the Company - Non-controlling interests	下列各方應佔綜合虧損總額: 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益		(668,826) (611)	(504,696) (2,066)
			(669,437)	(506,762)
				(Restated) (經重列)
Loss per share attributable to owners of the Company for the year (RMB cents) – Basic and diluted	年度本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損 <i>(人民幣分)</i> 一基本及攤薄	30	(174.83)	(127.45)

The notes on pages 125 to 262 are an integral part of these 第125至262頁的附註為該等合併財務報表 consolidated financial statements.

不可分割的一部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 合併權益變動表

Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 木小司維右人應比

					7	本公司擁有人應	ά .					
						Fair value reserve	Share-based				Non-	
		Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserves	Statutory reserves	(non- recycling)	compensation reserves	Other reserves	Accumulated loss	Total	controlling interests	Total equity
		,	'			公允價值儲備						,
		股本	股份溢價	資本儲備	法定儲備	(不可轉撥)	股份薪酬儲備	其他儲備	累計虧損	合計	非控股權益	權益總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(Note 21)	(Note 22(a))	(Note 22(b))	(Note 22(c))	(Note 22(d))	(Note 22(e))	(Note 22(f))				
		(附註21)	(附註22(a))	(附註22(b))	(附註22(c))	(附註22(d))	(附註22(e))	(附註22(f))				
Balance at 1 July 2020	於二零二零年七月一日											
	的結餘	24,833	1,817,387	(154,447)	64,149	(9,865)	22,366	(16,405)	(504,220)	1,243,798	1,556	1,245,354
Comprehensive loss Loss for the year	綜合虧損 年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(675,396)	(675,396)	(611)	(676,007)
Other comprehensive loss Fair value changes in equity instruments	其他綜合虧損 指定為按公允價值計入											
designated as at fair value through othe												
comprehensive income (Note 13)	益工具之公允價值											
Release of other reserve upon	變動 <i>(附註13)</i> 註銷附屬公司時撥回其	-	-	-	-	(5,066)	-	-	-	(5,066)	-	(5,066)
de-registration of subsidiaries Currency translation differences	他儲備 外幣折算差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,862 9,774	-	1,862 9,774	-	1,862 9,774
Total other comprehensive loss	其他綜合虧損總額	-	-	-	-	(5,066)	-	11,636	-	6,570	-	6,570
Total comprehensive loss	綜合虧損總額	-	-	-	-	(5,066)	-	11,636	(675,396)	(668,826)	(611)	(669,437)
Balance at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日											
	的結餘	24,833	1,817,387	(154,447)	64,149	(14,931)	22,366	(4,769)	(1,179,616)	574,972	945	575,917

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

合併權益變動表

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company

本公司擁有人應佔

				/-	公川俳 八	A					
					Fair value						
					reserve	Share-based				Non-	
		Share	Capital	Statutory	(non-	compensation		Accumulated		controlling	
	Share capital	premium	reserves	reserves	recycling)	reserves	Other reserves	loss	Total	interests	Total equity
					公允價值儲備						
	股本	股份溢價	資本儲備	法定儲備	(不可轉撥)	股份薪酬儲備	其他儲備	累計虧損	合計	非控股權益	權益總額
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	(Note 21)	(Note 22(a))	(Note 22(b))	(Note 22(c))	(Note 22(d))	(Note 22(e))	(Note 22(f))				
	(附註21)	(附註22(a))	(附註22(b))	(附註22(c))	(附註22(d))	(附註22(e))	(附註22(f))				
於一零一九年七月一日											
的結餘	22,942	1,791,375	(154,447)	64,149	(1,286)	31,946	(11,693)	(12,815)	1,730,171	3,622	1,733,793
綜合虧損 年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(491,405)	(491,405)	(2,066)	(493,471)
其他綜合虧損 指定為按公允價值計入											
變動 <i>(附註13)</i> 外幣折算差額	-	-	-	-	(8,579)	-	(4,712)	-	(8,579) (4,712)	-	(8,579) (4,712)
其他綜合虧損總額	-	-	-	_	(8,579)	-	(4,712)	_	(13,291)	-	(13,291)
綜合虧損總額	-	-	-	-	(8,579)	-	(4,712)	(491,405)	(504,696)	(2,066)	(506,762)
/ 與擁有人(以其作為擁有											
人之身份)交易											
	1 001	2/ 012				/O F00\			10 222		10 222
NX VJ (PY āī 2 1 (a) /	1,071	20,012				(7,380)	-		10,323		18,323
與擁有人(以其作為擁有											
人之身份)交易總額	1,891	26,012	-	-	-	(9,580)	-	-	18,323	-	18,323
於二零二零年六月三十日											
	综合虧損 年度虧損 其他綜合虧損 指定為性綜合收公分價值計 時期 其性結果 其性 與動所註13) 外幣折算差虧損總額 綜合虧損總額 線合虧損總額 (以其代為 服稅(以其代為 服稅(所註21(a)) 與擁有人(以其作為擁有 服務(所以其作為擁有	股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 21) (附註21) 於二零一九年七月一日 的結餘 22,942 綜合虧損 年度虧損 - 其他綜合虧損 指定為按公允價值計入 er 其他綜合數域的確 益工具之公允價值 變動(附註13) 小幣折剪差額 - 其他綜合虧損總額 - 以條合虧損總額 - 以條補除過數	RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000	RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 A足幣千元 人足幣千元 人足幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Note 22(a)) (Note 22(b)) (附註21) (附註22(a)) (附註22(b)) (附註21) (附註22(a)) (附註22(b)) (附註21) (附註23(a)) (附註24(b)) R	Share Capital Statutory reserves reserves RMB'000 RMB'000	Share Capital Statutory Chon- Share capital Premium Preserves Preserves	Share Capital Statutory (non-compensation Capital Statutory (non-compensation Capital Capital Statutory (non-compensation Capital Capi	Share Capital Statutory Fair value reserve Share-based (non-compensation Share capital premium reserves reserves reserves reserves reserves Other reserves 公允價 監備	Share	Share capital Premium reserves Fair value reserves Capital Statutory (non-compensation Accumulated Accumulated Premium reserves reserves responsible Robert Robe	Share capital premium reserves

The notes on pages 125 to 262 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第125至262頁的附註為該等合併財務報表 不可分割的一部分。

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 合併現金流量表

Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動			
Cash used in operations Interest paid Bank charges paid Income tax refunded	經營所用現金 已付利息 已付銀行費用 已退還所得税	32	(113,312) (1,065) (122) 6,784	(437,227) (2,017) (181) 31,099
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額		(107,715)	(408,326)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Change in restricted cash Interest received	受限制現金變動 已收利息		10,505 1,253	(7,171) 2,783
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of joint ventures	出售物業、廠房及設備所 得款項 出售合營公司所得款項	32(a) 11	- 8,975	46
Purchase of intangible assets Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買無形資產 購買物業、廠房及設備		(21)	(95,723)
Settlement of consideration receivables	應收代價結算		913	3,925
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	投資活動產生(所用)現金 淨額		19,722	(96,140)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Repayments of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	32(b)	(10,211)	(11,239)
Shares issued under share option scheme	根據購股權計劃發行的 股份		-	18,323
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	融資活動(所用)產生現金 淨額		(10,211)	7,084

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

合併現金流量表 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物減少 淨額		(98,204)	(497,382)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the reporting period	報告期初之現金及現金等 價物		131,317	628,525
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外幣匯率變動之影響		(22)	174
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the reporting period	報告期末之現金及現金等 價物	20	33,091	131,317

The notes on pages 125 to 262 are an integral part of these 第125至262頁的附註為該等合併財務報表 consolidated financial statements.

不可分割的一部分。

Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Universal Health International Group Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the distribution and retail of drugs, healthcare products and other pharmaceutical products in the northeastern region of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC" or "Mainland China").

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 12 March 2012, as an exempted company with limited liabilities under the Companies Law (2013 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1- 1104, Cayman Islands.

The Company's shares have been listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited since 12 December 2013.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Renminbi ("RMB'000"), unless otherwise stated.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to both periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

1. 一般資料

大健康國際集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)主要在中華人民共和國(「中國」或「中國內地」)東北地區從事藥物、保健產品及其他醫藥產品的分銷及零售業務。

本公司於二零一二年三月十二日根據開曼群島公司法(二零一三年修訂版)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處的地址為PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands。

本公司股份於二零一三年十二月十二日 在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。

除另有指明者外,該等合併財務報表乃 以人民幣千元(「**人民幣千元**」)呈列。

2. 主要會計政策概要

編製該等合併財務報表所應用的主要會 計政策載於下文。除另有説明外,此等 政策在兩個呈列期間內貫徹應用。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable IFRSs, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by International Accounting Standards Board and the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and biological assets which are measured at fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準

該等合併財務報表乃根據國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)(此統稱包括所有適用的國際財務報告準則、由國際會計準則委員會頒佈的國際會計準則(「國際會計準則」)及詮釋)及香港《公司條例》(第622章)之適用披露規定編製。該等合併財務報表亦符合香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則之適用披露條文。

誠如下列會計政策所述,該等合併財務報表乃依照歷史成本法編製,惟指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具(「按公允價值計入其他綜合收益」)及生物資產按公允價值計量除外。

編製符合國際財務報告準則的合併 財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估 計。此亦需要管理層在應用本集 團的會計政策過程中作出判斷。涉 及相對重大判斷或更為複雜的範 疇,或涉及對合併財務報表作出屬 重大的假設及估計的範疇,在附註 4披露。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2021
截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)
 - 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures
 - (a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The following new and amended standards have been adopted by the Group for the first time:

<u>Amendments to IASs 1 and 8: Definition of</u> Material

The amendments clarify the definition of material and align the definition used across IFRSs.

The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 3: Definition of a Business

The amendments, among others, revise the definition of a business and include new guidance to evaluate whether an acquired process is substantive.

The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - 2.1.1 會計政策的變更及披露
 - (a) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則

本集團首次採納以下新 訂及經修訂準則:

國際會計準則第1號(修 訂本)及國際會計準則第 8號(修訂本):重大之定 義

該等修訂本闡明重大的 定義,並與國際財務報 告準則使用的定義一致。

採納該等修訂本對合併 財務報表並無任何重大 影響。

國際財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本):業務之定義

該等修訂本(其中包括) 修訂業務之定義,並包 括評估收購程序是否具 有實質性的新指引。

採納該等修訂本對合併 財務報表並無任何重大 影響。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)
 - 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)
 - (a) New and amended standards adopted by the **Group** (continued)

Amendments to IFRS 16: COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions Beyond 30 June 2021

The amendments exempt lessees from having to consider individual lease contracts to determine whether rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the Epidemic are lease modifications and allow lessees to account for such rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications. It applies to COVID-19related rent concessions that reduce lease payments due on or before 30 June 2022. The amendments do not affect lessors. These amendments shall be applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 with earlier application permitted. The Group has elected to early adopt the amendments in the current year. The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - 2.1.1 會計政策的變更及披露(續)
 - (a) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第16 號(修訂本): 二零二一年 六月三十日之後的新冠 肺炎相關租金寬減

該等修訂本豁免承租人 考慮個別租賃合約以釐 定疫情直接導致的租金 寬減是否為租賃變更並 允許承租人將有關租金 寬減入賬,猶如並非租 賃變更。該等修訂本適 用於扣減在二零二二年 六月三十日或之前到期 的租賃付款的新冠肺炎 相關租金寬減。該等修 訂本並不影響出租人。 該等修訂本須應用於二 零二一年四月一日或之 後開始的年度期間,並 容許提前應用。本集團 選擇於本年度提前採納 該等修訂本。採納該等 修訂本並無對合併財務 報表造成任何重大影響。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)
 - 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)
 - (a) New and amended standards adopted by the **Group** (continued)

A number of new and amended standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. The Group will apply the new and amended standards when they become effective. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of the new and amended standards and does not expect that the adoption of these new and amended standards will result in any material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - 2.1.1 會計政策的變更及披露(續)
 - (a) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則(續)

多項新訂及經修訂準則 於二零二一年一月一日 或之後開始的年度期間 生效,而於編製該等合 併財務報表時並未予以 應用。本集團將於該等 新訂及經修訂準則生效 時應用該等準則。本集 團現正評估新訂及經修 訂準則的影響,並預期 採用該等新訂及經修訂 準則不會對本集團的合 併財務報表造成任何重 大影響。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)
 - 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)
 - (a) New and amended standards adopted by the **Group** (continued)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - 2.1.1 會計政策的變更及披露(續)
 - (a) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則(續)

Effective for annual years beginning on or after

於以下日期或之後 開始的年度生效

Amendments to IAS 39, IFRSs 4, 7, 9 and 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2	1 January 2021
國際會計準則第39號(修訂本)、國際財務報告準則第4號(修訂本)、國際財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)、國際財務報告準則第9號(修訂本) 及國際財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)	利率基準改革-第二階段	二零二一年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 16	Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
國際會計準則第16號(修訂本)	作擬定用途前的所得款項	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 37	Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
國際會計準則第37號(修訂本)	履行合約的成本	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
國際財務報告準則第3號(修訂本)	提述概念框架	二零二二年一月一日
Annual Improvements to IFRSs	2018-2020 Cycle	1 January 2022
國際財務報告準則年度改進	二零一八年至二零二零年週期	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)	負債分類為流動或非流動	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)	會計政策披露	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
國際會計準則第8號(修訂本)	會計估計的定義	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a single Transaction	1 January 2023
國際會計準則第12號(修訂本)	與單一交易產生的資產及負債有關的 遞延税項	二零二三年一月一日
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
國際財務報告準則第17號	保險合約	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined
國際財務報告準則第10號(修訂本)及國際會計準則第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間 的資產出售或出資	待釐定

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries

2.2.1 Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

(a) Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司

2.2.1 合併賬目

附屬公司為本集團於其中擁有控制權的實體(包括結構實體)。當本集團因參與有權的實體的營運而獲得或有權更有數學可變的權力影響上數學上數學上數學上數學上數學,本集團即對該實體的權力影響上數學上數學上數學,對於控制權終止當日起合併入賬。

(a) 業務合併

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(a) Business combinations (continued)

The Group recognises any non-controlling interests in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by IFRSs.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income as appropriate.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is an asset or liability is recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 合併賬目(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

本集團按逐項收購基準 確認於被收購方的任何 非控股權益。於被收購 方的非控股權益為現時 所有權權益且其持有人 於清盤時有權按比例獲 得該實體資產淨值者, 以公允價值或按所有權 權益現時所佔被收購方 可識別資產淨值已確認 金額的比例計量。所有 其他非控股權益的組成 部分以其於收購日期的 公允價值計量,除非國 際財務報告準則另行規 定其他計量基準。

收購相關成本於產生時 支銷。

倘業務合併分階段進 行,收購方先前結於 時方先權益於 購日期的股面值接收 時 日期的公允價值重 計 有關重新計量量 的任何收益或其他 統 對 並 中確認。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(a) Business combinations (continued)

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interests recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries would have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 合併賬目(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

(b) 控制權並無變動的附屬 公司所有權權益變動

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 合併賬目(續)

(c) 出售附屬公司

本集團失去控制權時, 於實體的任何保留權益 按失去控制權當日的公 允價值重新計量,有關 賬面值變動在損益中確 認。就其後入賬列作 聯營公司、合營公司或 金融資產的保留權益而 言,其公允價值為初步 賬面值。此外, 先前於 其他綜合收益確認與該 實體有關的任何金額按 猶如本集團已直接出售 相關資產或負債的方式 入賬。此可能意味先前 在其他綜合收益確認的 金額重新分類至損益。

2.2.2 獨立財務報表

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減 值入賬。成本亦包括投資的 直接應佔成本。附屬公司的 業績由本公司按已收及應收 股利入賬。

收到附屬公司投資的股息 後,若股息超過附屬公司在 宣派股息期間的綜合收益總 額,或若在獨立財務報表的 投資賬面值超過被投資方資 產淨值(包括商譽)在合併務 報表的賬面值時,則必須對 附屬公司投資進行減值測試。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.3 Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of 20% or more but less than 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investments in associates include goodwill identified on acquisition. Upon the acquisition of the ownership interest in an associate, any excess of the cost of the associate over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities represents goodwill which is included in the investment in an associate.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.3 聯營公司

如於聯營公司的所有權權益被削減 但仍保留重大影響力,只有按比例 將之前在其他綜合收益中確認的金 額重新分類至損益(如適用)。

本集團應佔收購後利潤或虧損於損益內確認,而分佔其收購後的其他綜合收益變動則於其他綜合收益於數則於其他綜合收益內確認,並相應調整投資賬司值。如本集團分佔一家聯營公司的虧損等於或超過其在該聯營公司的權益,包括任何其他無抵押應收款項,本集團不會確認進一步虧損,除非本集團已產生法律或推定債務或已代聯營公司作出付款。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.3 Associates (continued)

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the excess of the carrying value of the associate over its recoverable amount and recognises the amount to "impairment loss on investment in an associate" in profit or loss. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Gains or losses on dilution of equity interest in associates are recognised in profit or loss.

2.4 Joint arrangements

The Group has applied IFRS 11 to all joint arrangements. Under IFRS 11, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations entitled to each investor. The Group has assessed the nature of its joint arrangements and determined them to be joint ventures. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.3 聯營公司(續)

本集團在每個報告日期釐定是否有客觀證據證明聯營公司投資出現減值。如投資出現減值,本集團將計算減值,金額為聯營公司之賬面值超出其可收回金額的部份,並於資益內「聯營公司投資減值虧損」項目中確認。有關減值虧損的任何撥回於該項投資的可收回金額其後增加的情況下確認。

本集團與其聯營公司之間的上遊和下遊交易產生的利潤和虧損,在本集團的財務報表中確認,但僅限於無關聯投資者在聯營公司權益的金額。除非交易提供證據顯示所轉讓資產已減值,否則未變現虧損予以對銷。聯營公司的會計政策已按需要作出改變,以確保與本集團採用的政策一致。

聯營公司股權攤薄所產生的收益或虧損於損益中確認。

2.4 合營安排

本集團對所有合營安排應用國際財務報告準則第11號。根據國際財務報告準則第11號,在合營安排的投資必須分類為共同經營或合營公司,視乎每個投資者的合同權利和義務而定。本集團已評估其合營安排的性質並將其釐定為合營公司。合營公司按權益法入賬。.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 Joint arrangements (continued)

Under the equity method of accounting, interests in joint ventures are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interests in the joint ventures (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint ventures), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint ventures.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of the joint ventures have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

2.5 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 合營安排(續)

根據會計權益法,合營公司權益初步以成本確認,其後經調整以確認本集團分佔收購後利潤或虧損以及其他綜合收益變動。當本集團分佔某一合營公司的虧損相等於或超過其在該合營公司的權益(包括任何實質上構成本集團在該合營公司作出付款。

本集團與其合營公司之間的未變現 交易收益以本集團在該等合營公司 的權益為限予以對銷。未變現虧損 亦予以對銷,除非交易提供證據證 明所轉讓的資產出現減值。合營公 司會計政策已按需要作出改變,以 確保與本集團所採用之政策一致。

2.5 分部報告

經營分部按照與向主要經營決策者 提供的內部報告貫徹一致的方式報 告。負責分配資源及評估經營分部 表現的主要經營決策者已被確定為 作出戰略決策的董事會。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency
Items included in the financial information of each of
the Group's entities are measured using the currency
of the primary economic environment in which
the entity operates ("the functional currency").
The Group's consolidated financial statements
are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the
Company's functional currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at periodend exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務資料所 列項目均以該實體經營業務 所在的主要經濟環境的貨幣 計量(「功能貨幣」)。本集 團的合併財務報表以人民幣 (「人民幣」)呈列,人民幣為 本公司的功能貨幣。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易當日或項 目重新計量時估值當日的。 行匯率換算為功能貨幣。 算該等交易產生的外匯收益 及虧損以及以外幣計值的 整資產及負債按期末匯虧損 算產生的外匯收益及虧損在 損益中確認。

非貨幣性金融資產及負債(例如以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益的權益)的換算差額於損益確認為公允價值收益或虧損的一部份。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group's entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each consolidated statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

其功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同 的本集團所有實體(當中無惡 性通貨膨脹經濟的貨幣)的業 績及財務狀況按如下方法換 算為呈列貨幣:

- (i) 每份呈列的資產負債表 內的資產及負債按該資 產負債表日期的收市匯 率換算;
- (ii) 每份合併綜合收益表內 的收入及開支按平均匯 率換算(除非此平均匯率 並不代表交易日期現行 匯率的累計影響的合理 約數,在此情況下,收 入及開支按交易日期的 匯率換算);及
- (iii) 所有由此產生的匯兑差 額在其他綜合收益確認。

收購海外實體產生之商譽及 公允價值調整按該海外實體 之資產及負債處理,並按收 市匯率換算。由此產生的貨 幣換算差額於其他綜合收益 中確認。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment comprise mainly motor vehicles, furniture, office equipment and leasehold improvement are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Construction in progress is recognised at the percentage completion of contract cost.

Construction in progress ("CIP") represents buildings, plant and machinery under construction or pending installation and is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses (if any). Cost includes the costs of construction and acquisition and capitalised borrowing costs. No provision for depreciation is made on CIP until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. When the assets concerned are available for use, the costs are transferred to the respective categories of property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated below.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.7 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(主要包含車輛、家具、辦公設備及租賃裝修)按歷史成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。歷史成本包括收購該等項目直接應佔的支出及將該資產送至運作地點及達至原定用途之狀態而所佔的任何直接費用。在建工程按合約成本完工百分比確認。

在建工程(「在建工程」)指建設中或待安裝樓宇、廠房及設備,按成本減累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。成本包括建設成本以及收購及資資。 化借款成本。相關資產完成可供擬定用途前不會就在建工程作出折舊撥備。當有關資產可供使用,成本轉撥至物業、廠房及設備相關類別,並根據下文所載政策折舊。

後續成本只有在很可能為本集團帶來與該項目相關的未來經濟利益,而該項目的成本能可靠計量時,才計入資產的賬面值或確認為一項單獨資產(如適用)。已更換零件的賬面值已被終止確認。所有其他維修費用在產生的財政期間內於損益內支銷。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.7 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment other than CIP is calculated using the straight-line method to write down their cost less accumulated impairment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

– Buildings	20 years
– Motor vehicles	4-8 years
– Furniture and office equipment	3-5 years
 Leasehold improvements 	shorter of lease
	period and estimated
	useful life

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amounts.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Land use rights

Land use rights are up-front payments to acquire long-term interest in land accounted for as right-of-use assets since 1 July 2019.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.7 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)的折舊採用直線法計算,從而於估計可使用年期撇減其成本減累計減值至剩餘價值。物業、廠房及設備的估計可使用年期如下:

 -樓宇
 20年

 -車輛
 4年至8年

 -家具及辦公設備
 3年至5年

 -租賃裝修
 租賃期與估計可使

 用年期的較短者

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在每個報告期末進行檢討,並在適當時 作出調整。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回 金額,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回 金額。

處置的收益和虧損按所得款項與賬 面值的差額釐定,並在損益中確 認。

2.8 土地使用權

土地使用權為購入土地長期權益的 預付款項,自二零一九年七月一日 起,按使用權資產入賬。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING (POLICIES (continued)

2.9 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identified net assets acquired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment tests are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of the CGU containing the goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 無形資產

(a) 商譽

於收購附屬公司時所產生的商譽為轉讓代價、於被收購方任何非控股權益金額以及於被收購方任何之前股本權益於收購日的公允價值超出所收購可識別資產淨值的差額。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.9 Intangible assets (continued)

(b) Trademarks, licenses and brand loyalty
Separately acquired trademarks, licenses and brand
loyalty are shown at historical cost. Trademarks,
licenses and brand loyalty acquired in a business
combination are recognised at fair value at the
acquisition date. Trademarks, licenses and brand
loyalty have finite useful lives and are carried at
cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated
impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using
the straight-line method to write down the cost of
trademarks, licenses and brand loyalty over their
estimated useful lives of 5 to 20 years.

(c) Contractual supplier relationships Contractual supplier relationships acquired in a

business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. The contractual supplier relationships have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is provided to write down the cost over the expected life of supplier relationship of 10 years using the straight-line method.

(d) Computer software licenses

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 5 to 7 years.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 無形資產(續)

(c) 合約供應商關係

在業務合併中收購的合約供應商關係按收購日期的公允價值確認。合約供應商關係 具有有限的可使用年期,並 按成本減累計攤銷及累計減 值虧損列賬。攤銷以直線法 於預期供應商關係10年年期 內撇減成本計算。

(d) 電腦軟件許可證

所收購電腦軟件許可證按收 購特定軟件所產生的成本基 準而撥充資本。此等成本於 其估計可使用年期5至7年攤 銷。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.10 Biological Assets

Biological assets are the wild ginsengs that are measured at fair value less cost to sell, see Note 14 below for further information on determining the fair value.

Costs to sell include the incremental selling costs, including the labour costs to collect and process the wild ginsengs when harvested, the estimated costs of transportation to the market, etc.

The wild ginsengs are accounted for as biological assets until the point of harvest. Harvested wild ginsengs are transferred to inventory at fair value less costs to sell when harvested.

Changes in fair value of biological assets are recognised in profit or loss.

2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or intangible assets that are not ready to use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.10 生物資產

生物資產為野生林下參,乃按公允 價值減銷售成本計量,有關釐定公 允價值的進一步資料請參閱下文附 註14。

銷售成本包括遞增銷售成本,包括 於收割時採集及加工野生林下參的 勞工成本,以及預期運送至市場的 運輸成本等。

野生林下參入賬為生物資產,直至 收割。所收割的野生林下參於收割 時按公允價值減銷售成本轉撥為存 省。

生物資產公允價值之變動乃於損益內確認。.

2.11 非金融資產減值

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.12 Financial instruments

(a) Financial assets

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial asset is derecognised when and only when (i) the Group's contractual rights to future cash flows from the financial asset expire or (ii) the Group transfers the financial asset and either (a) it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or (b) it neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but it does not retain control of the financial asset.

Financial assets (except for trade receivables without a significant financing component) are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Such trade receivables are initially measured at their transaction price.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as (i) measured at amortised cost; (ii) debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("Mandatory FVOCI"); (iii) equity instruments designated as at FVOCI; or (iv) measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL").

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.12 金融工具

(a) 金融資產

確認及終止確認

金融資產於且僅於本集團成 為工具合約條文的訂約方時 確認。

除並無重大融資成分的貿易應收款項外,金融資產初始按公允價值另加(倘金融資產並非以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益)收購金融資產時直接應佔交易成本確認。該等貿易應收款項初始按交易價格計量。

初始確認時,金融資產分類 為(i)按攤銷成本計量:(ii)按公 允價值計入其他綜合收益的 債務工具(「強制按公允價值 計入其他綜合收益」);(iii)指 定為按公允價值計入其他綜 合收益的權益工具;或(iv)以 公允價值計量且其變動計入 損益(「以公允價值計量且其 變動計入損益」)。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.12 Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Financial assets (continued)

Recognition and derecognition (continued)

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing them, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first annual reporting period following the change in the business model.

Derivatives embedded in a hybrid contract in which a host is an asset within the scope of IFRS 9 are not separated from the host. Instead, the entire hybrid contract is assessed for classification.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVPL:

- (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.12 金融工具(續)

(a) 金融資產(續)

確認及終止確認(續)

於嵌入混合合約的衍生工具中,倘主約為國際財務報告準則第9號範圍內的資產,則不會與主約分開處理。反之,則對混合合約進行整體分類評估。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產

當金融資產同時符合以下條件,且並無指定以公允價值 計量且其變動計入損益,則 該金融資產按攤銷成本計量:

- (i) 該金融資產由一個旨在 通過持有金融資產收取 合約現金流量的業務模 式所持有:及
- (ii) 該金融資產的合約條款 於特定日期產生僅為支 付本金及未償還本金利 息的現金流量。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. POLICIES (continued)

2.12 Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets measured at amortised cost (continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses arising from impairment, derecognition or through the amortisation process are recognised in profit or loss.

The Group's financial assets at amortised cost include trade and other receivables, restricted cash and cash and cash equivalents.

Equity instruments designated as at FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of investment in equity instruments that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies in other comprehensive income. The classification is determined on an instruments-by-instruments basis.

These equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value and are not subject to impairment. Dividends are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Upon derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss is transferred directly to retained profits.

The Group's equity instruments designated as at FVOCI are further detailed in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.12 金融工具(續)

(a) 金融資產(續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 其後使用實際利率法計量, 並可能出現減值。減值、終 止確認或攤銷過程中產生的 收益和虧損在損益中確認。

本集團按攤銷成本計量的金 融資產包括貿易及其他應收 款項、受限制現金以及現金 及現金等價物。

指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具

於初始確認時,本集團可作 出不可撤回之選擇,將並非 持作買賣用途,或國際財務 報告準則第3號所適用之業務 合併收購方確認的或有代 之權益工具投資公允價值之 其後變動於其他綜合收益早 呈列。分類乃按逐項工具基 準釐定。

有關本集團指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具進一步詳情,載於合併財務報表附註13。

合併財務報表附註

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.12 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Financial liabilities

Recognition and derecognition

Financial liabilities are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial liability is derecognised when and only when the liability is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial liabilities not carried at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial liabilities.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables. All financial liabilities, except for financial liabilities at FVPL, are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting would be insignificant, in which case they are stated at cost.

2.13 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.12 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融負債

確認及終止確認

金融負債於且僅於本集團成 為工具合約條文的訂約方時 確認。

金融負債於且僅於負債終絕 時,即有關合約訂明的責任 獲解除、註銷或屆滿時方終 止確認。

分類與計量

金融負債初始按公允價值另加(倘金融負債並非以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益)發行金融負債時直接應佔交易成本確認。

本集團的金融負債包括貿易 及其他應付款項。除以公 價值計量且其變動計入最計 的金融負債外,所有金融 債初始按公允價值確認 後使用實際利率法按攤鎖 本計量,惟倘貼現影響並不 重大,則按成本列賬。

2.13 抵銷金融工具

當存在合法可執行權利抵銷已確認金額及當有意按淨額基準結算或同時變現資產與償付負債時,金融資產及負債予以抵銷,有關淨額則於合併資產負債表內呈報。合法可執行權利不得視乎未來事件而定對對不在一般業務過程中及在公司或破產的情況下須予強制執行。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.14 Impairment of financial assets and other items

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost to which the impairment requirements apply in accordance with IFRS 9. At each reporting date, the Group measures a loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial asset at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Measurement of ECL

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instruments.

For financial assets, a credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instruments while 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instruments that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 金融資產及其他項目減值

本集團就根據國際財務報告準則第9號適用減值要求之按攤銷信費不計量的金融資產的預期信貸虧損」)確認虧損人「預期信貸虧損」)確認虧損撥備。於各報告日期,倘金融資產的信貸風來集團按相等於整個存額計量金融資產的虧損撥備。倘金融資產的虧損撥備。倘金融資產的虧損撥備。 與自初始確認後未顯著增加,與自初始確認後未顯著增加,則負貨虧損的金額計量金融資產的虧損撥構。倘金融資產的虧損撥備。

預期信貸虧損計量

預期信貸虧損為金融工具預計年期 內信貸虧損的概率加權估計(即所 有現金短缺的現值)。

就金融資產而言,信貸虧損為應付 合約實體的合約現金流量與該實體 預期收取的現金流量之間差額的現 值。

整個存續期預期信貸虧損指金融工 具預計年期內所有可能的違約事件 產生的預期信貸虧損,而12個月 預期信貸虧損指於報告日期後12 個月內可能發生的金融工具違約事 件導致的整個存續期預期信貸虧損 一部分。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.14 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Measurement of ECL (continued)

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped on the following one or more shared credit risk characteristics:

- (i) past due information
- (ii) nature of instruments
- (iii) nature of collateral
- (iv) industry of debtors
- (v) geographical location of debtors
- (vi) external credit risk ratings

Loss allowance is remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instruments' credit risk and loss since initial recognition. The resulting changes in the loss allowance are recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial instruments, except in the case of Mandatory FVOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in fair value (recycling).

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that the Group may not receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full if the financial instruments that meets any of the following criteria.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

預期信貸虧損計量(續)

當預期信貸虧損按共同基準計量,則金融工具按以下一個或多個 共同信貸風險特徵分組:

- (i) 逾期信息
- (ii) 工具性質
- (iii) 抵押品性質
- (iv) 債務人的行業
- (v) 債務人地理位置
- (vi) 外部信貸風險評級

虧損撥備於各報告日期重新計量,以反映自初始確認以來金融工具的信貸風險及虧損變動。所產生的虧損撥備變動於損益內確認為減值收益或虧損,並相應調整金融工具的賬面值,除強制按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的情況外,虧損撥備乃於其他綜合收益中確認並於公允價值(轉撥)中累計。

違約之定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信貸風 險管理而言構成違約事件,此乃由 於過往經驗顯示,在金融工具符合 下列任何一項條件時,本集團可能 無法收回全部未償還合約款項。

合併財務報表附註
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截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.14 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Definition of default (continued)

- (i) information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group); or
- (ii) there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty.

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instruments has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instruments as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instruments as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. In particular, the following information is taken into account in the assessment:

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

違約之定義(續)

- (i) 內部產生或自外部來源獲取 的資料表明,債務人不太可 能向債權人(包括本集團)全 額還款(未計及本集團持有的 任何抵押品);或
- (ii) 對手方違反財務契諾。

無論上述分析結果如何,倘金融資產逾期超過90日,則本集團認為發生違約事件,除非本集團具有説明更寬鬆的違約標準更為合適的合理可靠資料,則作別論。

信貸風險顯著增加之評估 於評估自初始確認後金融工具的信 貸風險是否顯著增加時,本集團將 於報告日期金融工具發生違約的 風險與初始確認日期金融工具發生 違約的風險進行比較可靠的 定性資料,包括無需付出不 定性資料。具體而言,進行該評估 時會考慮下列資料:

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Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.14 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk (continued)

- the debtor's failure to make payments of principal or interest on the due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instruments' external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- actual or expected changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have or may have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instruments are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加之評估(續)

- 債務人未能於到期日支付本 金或利息;
- 金融工具外部或內部信貸評級(如有)的實際或預期出現 重大惡化;
- 債務人之經營業績實際或預 期出現重大惡化;及
- 技術、市場、經濟或法律環境有實際或預期的變動,對債務人履行對本集團責任的能力構成或可能構成重大不利影響。

無論上述評估結果如何,本集團均假設合約付款逾期超過30日的金融工具信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著增加。

儘管如此,倘一項金融工具於報告 日期被確定為低信貸風險,則本集 團假設該項金融工具的信貸風險自 初始確認後並無顯著增加。

合併財務報表附註
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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (continued)

2.14 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Low credit risk

A financial instrument is determined to have low credit

- (i) it has a low risk of default;
- (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

Other receivables and bank balances are considered to be low credit risk when they have a low risk of default and the counter party has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term (Note 3.1(b)).

Simplified approach of ECL

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL. The Group recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

低信貸風險

倘屬以下情況,金融工具釐定為具 有低信貸風險:

- (i) 違約風險較低;
- (ii) 借款人有強大能力在短期內 履行合約現金流量責任;及
- (iii) 長期經濟和商業條件的不利 變化可能但不一定會削減借 款人履行其合約現金流量責 任的能力。

其他應收款項及銀行結餘具有低違約風險且對方具有較強的能力在短期內履行合約現金流量責任(附註3.1(b))時,將被視為具有低信貸風險。

預期信貸虧損簡化方法

本集團就貿易應收款項採用簡化方 法計算預期信貸虧損。本集團根據 各報告日期的整個存續期預期信貸 虧損確認虧損撥備,其乃根據其歷 史信貸虧損經驗,並針對債務人及 經濟環境的前瞻性因素維行調整。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.14Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower.
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event.
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider.
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (f) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

信貸減值金融資產

當發生對金融資產的估計未來現金 流量產生不利影響的一件或多件事 件時,該金融資產即出現信貸減 值。金融資產信貸減值的證據包括 以下事件的可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行人或借款人陷入嚴重財 務困難。
- (b) 違反合約,如違約或逾期事 件。
- (c) 借款人的貸款人出於與借款 人財務困難相關的經濟或合 約原因,而向借款人授予貸 款人原本不會考慮的寬免。
- (d) 借款人很有可能宣告破產或 進行其他財務重組。
- (e) 因財務困難而導致該項金融 資產失去活躍市場。
- (f) 以大幅折扣購買或產生金融 資產,反映已產生的信貸虧 損。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.14 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Write-off

The Group writes off a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount when the financial asset is 1 year past due based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due, taking into account legal advice if appropriate. Any subsequent recovery made is recognised in profit or loss.

2.15 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average cost method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.16 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at transaction price or fair value as appropriate and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

撇銷

當本集團合理預期金融資產之合約現金流量無法全部或部分收回時,會對金融資產進行撇銷。本集團已制定政策,根據類似資產的一年時主銷賬面總值。本集團預期從內容額並不重大。然,已對金融資產仍可根據本集團之收回到期金額程序實施強制執行。任何後續作出的收回於損益中確認。

2.15 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者間的 較低者列賬。成本使用加權平均成 本法釐定。可變現淨值按日常業務 過程中的估計售價減適用浮動銷售 開支計算。

2.16 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項是於日常業務過程中 向客戶銷售商品或提供服務而應收 的款項。若貿易及其他應收款項預 期將在一年或以內(或若更長則在 業務正常經營週期內)收回,則分 類為流動資產。否則,在非流動資 產中呈列。

貿易及其他應收款項初始以交易價格或公允價值(如適用)確認,其後使用實際利率法以攤銷成本(扣除減值撥備)計量。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.17 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash at bank and on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2.18 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.19 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.17 現金及現金等價物

於合併現金流量表中,現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款及庫存現金、隨時可提取的銀行存款及原到期日為三個月或以內的其他高流動性的短期投資。

2.18 股本

普通股乃分類為權益。直接歸屬於 發行新股份或購股權的增資成本扣 除税項後於權益中列賬為所得款項 的扣減項目。

2.19 借款及借款成本

借款初步按公允價值扣除已發生交易成本確認。借款其後按攤銷成本列賬;於借款期間所得款項(扣除交易成本後)與贖回價值的任何差額採用實際利率法於損益內確認。

借款分類為流動負債,除非本集團 擁有無條件的權利可將債務結算推 遲至資產負債表日後至少12個月。

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作其預定用途或銷售的資產)的一般及特定借款成本,計入該等資產的成本,直至資本大致上達至其預定可使用或出售狀況為止。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.19 Borrowings and borrowing costs (continued)

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings prior to their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.20 Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.21 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 借款及借款成本(續)

合資格資產產生開支前,特定借款 臨時投資賺取的投資收入自合資格 資本化的借款成本中扣除。

所有其他借款成本於產生期間於損 益內確認。

2.20 貿易應付款項

貿易應付款項是在日常業務過程中 向供應商取得貨品或服務而形成的 支付義務。若應付賬款於一年或以 內到期(或若更長則在業務正常經 營週期內)支付,則歸類為流動負 債;否則,呈列為非流動負債。

貿易應付款項初步按公允價值確 認,其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成 本計量。

2.21 即期及遞延所得税

期內的稅項開支包括即期及遞延稅項。稅項於損益確認,但與於其他綜合收益或直接在權益確認的項目有關者則除外。在此情況下,稅項亦於其他綜合收益或直接於權益確認。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.21 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group's entities operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

(b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(a) 即期所得税

即期所得税支出根據本集團實體營運及產生應課税收內國家於資產負債表日已頒佈或實質頒佈的稅法計算受循明稅務法例受理層就適用稅務法例受由稅表的狀況,並在適用情況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付的稅款設定撥備。

(b) 遞延所得税

內部基準差額

僅在可能有未來應課税利潤 可用以抵銷已動用暫時差額 的情況下才會確認遞延所得 税資產。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.21 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(b) Deferred income tax (continued)

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liability is provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Generally the Group is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference in respect of associates and joint ventures. Only when there is an agreement in place that gives the Group the ability to control the reversal of the temporary difference in the foreseeable future, deferred tax liability in relation to taxable temporary differences is not recognised.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税(續)

外部基準差額

本公的所務實」,營生延額及能債團及撥集暫應項的與關於內方,由可遞與所有之有的所務的時期的一有之有的的時期的一有之有的的一有之有的的時的對應的一有之有的的時數的一方之有的時期的時數數不來就到的時期的一方。

本公司就於附屬公司、聯營 公司及合營安排的投資產生 的可扣減暫時差額確認遞重 所得稅資產,但只限於暫時 差額很可能在將來撥回所 有充足的應課稅利潤可用以 抵銷可用暫時差額。

(c) 抵銷

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.22 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

The PRC based full-time employees of the Group are covered by various government-sponsored pension plans under which the employees are entitled to a monthly pension based on certain formulae. Certain government agencies are responsible for the pension liability to these retired employees. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these pension plans. Under these plans, the Group has no legal or constructive obligations for retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.22 Employee benefits (continued)

(b) Housing benefits

In accordance with the PRC housing reform regulations, the Group is required to make contributions to the government-sponsored housing fund of the specified salary amount of its full-time Chinese employees. At the same time, the employees are required to make a contribution equal to the Group's contributions out of their salaries. The employees are entitled to claim the entire sum of the fund under certain specified withdrawal circumstances. The assets of the housing benefits are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. Contributions to the housing benefits are expensed as incurred.

(c) Share-based payments

The Group operates a number of equity-settled, share-based compensation plans under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options and shares) of the Company. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of options or shares is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options or shares granted:

- including any market performance conditions;
- excluding the impact of any service and nonmarket performance vesting conditions; and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 僱員福利(續)

(b) 住房福利

(c) 股份支付費用

本集團運營一系列股本結算,據此,實體接受僱員服務作為本公司權益工具(購股權及股份)的代價。就授出購股權或股份所換取僱員服務的公允價值確認為開支。開支的總額參照已授出購股權或股份的公允價值釐定:

- 包括任何市場業績條件;
- 排除任何服務及非市場 業績歸屬條件的影響: 及
- 包括任何非歸屬條件的 影響。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.22 Employee benefits (continued)

(c) Share-based payments (continued)

Service and non-market performance vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options or shares that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

In addition, in some circumstances employees may provide services in advance of the grant date and therefore the grant date fair value is estimated for the purposes of recognising the expense during the period between service commencement period and grant date.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options or shares that are expected to vest based on the service and non-market performance vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Share-based payment transactions among group entities

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent entity accounts.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 僱員福利(續)

(c) 股份支付費用(續)

服務及非市場表現歸屬條件 包括於預期可予歸屬購股權 或股份數目的假設內。總開 支於歸屬期間內確認,即於 達成所有具體歸屬條件期間 內確認。

此外,在一些情況下僱員可能先於授出日提供服務,因此授出日公允價值就於服務開始期間與授出日期間確認開支作出估計。

於各個報告期末,本集團根 據服務及非市場表現歸屬條 件修訂對預期可予歸屬購股 權或股份數目的估計。其於 損益確認修訂對原有估計的 影響(如有),並對權益作出 相應調整。

集團實體間以股份支付費用的态具

本公司向本集團附屬公司僱 員授出其權益工具購股權視 作出資。所收取僱員服務的 公允價值,參照授出日公允 價值計量,於歸屬期間內確 認為於附屬公司增加投資, 並相應計入母公司權益賬目。

合併財務報表附註
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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.22 Employee benefits (continued)

(c) Share-based payments (continued)

Share Option Scheme

The Group operates a share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme") (Note 23(a)).

When the options are granted to identified participants, the fair value of the option is recognised as an expense over the vesting period. When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

Share Award Plan

The Company adopted a share award plan ("Share Award Plan") (Note 23(b)). When the shares of the Company are purchased by the Share Award Plan from the market, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs, is presented as "shares held for Share Award Plan" and deducted from total equity.

When shares are granted to identified participants, the fair value of the shares awarded based on the market value of the Company's shares on the date of grant is charged as employee expenses to profit or loss of the Group.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 僱員福利(續)

(c) 股份支付費用(續)

購股權計劃

本集團運營購股權計劃(「購 股權計劃」)(附註23(a))。

當購股權向已確認參與者授出時,該購股權的公允價值 乃於歸屬期內確認為開支。 當購股權行使時,本公司發 行新股。所收取所得款項扣 除任何直接應佔交易成本計 入股本(面值)及股份溢價。

股份獎勵計劃

本公司採納股份獎勵計劃 (「股份獎勵計劃」)(附註 23(b))。當股份獎勵計劃從市 場購買本公司股份,所支付 代價,包括任何直接應佔增 量成本於「股份獎勵計劃所持 股份」項下呈列並從總權益中 扣除。

當股份授予選定參與者時, 所獎勵股份基於本公司股份 於授出日市值的公允價值作 為僱員開支於本集團損益中 支銷。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.23 Provisions and contingent liabilities

2.23.1 Provisions

Provisions for environmental restoration, restructuring costs and legal claims are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Restructuring provisions comprise lease termination penalties and employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.23 撥備及或然負債

2.23.1 撥備

若有多項類似責任時,清償該等責任導致資源流出的可能性按責任的類別作整體考慮。即使在同一類別責任內任何一個項目導致資源流出的可能性很低,亦須就此確認機備。

撥備採用税前利率按照預期 須清償責任的支出現值計量,該利率反映現時市場對 貨幣時間價值及有關責任特 定風險的評估。隨著時間流 逝而增加的撥備確認為利息 開支。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.23 Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

2.23.2 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the Group's consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

2.24 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15

Nature of goods or services

The nature of the goods or services provided by the Group is as follows:

- (a) Sales of goods distribution

 The Group sells a range of drugs and other pharmaceutical products to distributors through its distribution network.
- (b) Sales of goods retail The Group operates a chain of retail pharmacies for selling drugs and other pharmaceutical products to customers. Retail sales are usually settled in cash or by credit card.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.23 撥備及或然負債(續)

2.23.2 或然負債

或然負債指因過往事件而可能引起的責任,此等責未來不確定未不確定未不確定未不確認。 件會否發生才能確認,等國並不能完全控制該因人。 集團並不能完全控制該因, 等國並然負債亦可能指因, 使事件引致的現有責任。 對於經濟資源可能不可 出於經濟任金額未能可 量而未能確認。

或然負債不會被確認,但會 在本集團的合併財務報表披露。若資源流出的可能性有 變,導致可能有資源流出, 此等負債將確認為撥備。

2.24 收益確認

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自 客戶合約的收益

貨品或服務的性質

本集團提供的貨品或服務的性質如 下:

- (a) 銷售貨品一分銷 本集團通過分銷網絡向分銷 商銷售一系列藥物及其他醫 藥產品。
- (b) 銷售貨品一零售 本集團經營連鎖零售藥店, 向客戶銷售藥物及其他醫藥 產品。零售銷售通常以現金 或信用卡結算。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.24 Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Identification of performance obligations

At contract inception, the Group assesses the goods or services promised in a contract with a customer and identifies as a performance obligation each promise to transfer to the customer either:

- (a) a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct; or
- (b) a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

A good or service that is promised to a customer is distinct if both of the following criteria are met:

- (a) the customer can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. the good or service is capable of being distinct); and
- (b) the Group's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract (i.e. the promise to transfer the good or service is distinct within the context of the contract).

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.24 收益確認(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自客戶合約的收益(續)

識別履約責任

於合約訂立時,本集團評估客戶合約中承諾的貨品或服務,並將每項轉讓給客戶的承諾確認為履約責任:

- (a) 可區分的貨品或服務(或一批 貨品或服務);或
- (b) 一系列可區分的貨品或服務,該等貨品或服務相同, 並以相同模式轉移給客戶。

如符合以下兩項條件,則承諾給客 戶的貨品或服務是可區分的:

- (a) 客戶可單獨地或連同其他現 有資源,而從貨品或服務中 受惠(即貨品或服務能夠區 分);及
- (b) 本集團向客戶轉讓貨品或服務的承諾可與合約中的其他可識別的承諾分開(即轉讓貨品或服務的承諾在合約範圍內是可區分的)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (continued)

2.24 Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Timing of revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

The Group transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.24 收益確認(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自客戶合約的收益(續)

收益確認時間

收益於本集團藉向客戶轉移承諾貨品或服務(即資產)而履行合約責任時確認。資產於客戶獲得資產的控制權時轉移。

如符合以下其中一項標準,本集 團對貨品或服務控制權隨時間轉 移,因而隨時間推移履行履約責任 及確認收益:

- (a) 客戶於本集團履約時同時收取及消耗本集團履約所提供的利益:
- (b) 本集團之履約行為創造或增 強客戶在資產被創造或增強 時控制之資產(如在建工程); 或
- (c) 本集團之履約行為並未創造 一項可被本集團用於其他用 途之資產,並且本集團對於 迄今為止已完成之履約部分 具有獲得客戶付款之可執行 權利。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.24 Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Timing of revenue recognition (continued)

If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time, the Group satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the promised asset. In determining when the transfer of control occurs, the Group considers the concept of control and such indicators as legal title, physical possession, right to payment, significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, and customer acceptance.

Sale of prescribed drugs, non-prescribed drugs, healthcare and other pharmaceutical products are recognised at a point in time at which the customer obtains the control of the promised asset, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and the title is passed.

Transaction price: significant financing components

When the contract contains a significant financing component (i.e. the customer or the Group is provided with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer), in determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised consideration for the effects of the time value of money. The effect of the significant financing component is recognised as an interest income or interest expense separately from revenue from contracts with customers in profit or loss.

The Group determines the interest rate that is commensurate with the rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and its customer at contract inception by reference to, where appropriate, the interest rate implicit in the contract (i.e. the interest rate that discounts the cash selling price of the goods or services to the amount paid in advance or arrears), the prevailing market interest rates, the Group's borrowing rates and other relevant creditworthiness information of the customer of the Group.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.24 收益確認(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自客戶合約的收益(續)

收益確認時間(續)

倘履行履約責任並不是隨時間推移,本集團則於客戶取得承諾資產控制權的某一時點履行履約責任。於釐定何時發生控制權轉讓時,本集團考慮控制權概念以及法定所有權、實際擁有權、支付權利、資產擁有權的重大風險及回報以及客戶接受程度等指標。

處方藥、非處方藥、醫療保健及其 他藥品的銷售於客戶取得承諾資產 控制權之時間點確認,其一般與貨 品交付予客戶及交付所有權的時間 一致。

交易價格:重大融資組成部分

當合約包含重大融資組成部分(即 客戶或本集團獲得為客戶轉移貨品 或服務提供融資的重大利益)時, 於釐定交易價格的過程中,則本集 團就貨幣時間價值之影響調整已承 諾代價。重大融資組成部分的影響 於損益中與來自客戶合約的收益分 開確認為利息收入或利息開支。

本集團參考(如適用)合約內隱含 之利率(即將貨品或服務之現金銷 售價格貼現至預付或欠付金額之利 率)、現行市場利率、本集團借款 利率及本集團客戶的其他相關信譽 資料,以釐定與本集團與其客戶於 合約訂立時單獨融資交易所反映之 利率相稱之利率。.

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.24Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Transaction price: significant financing components (continued)

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for the effect of the significant financing component if the period of financing is one year or less.

Variable consideration: volume-based rebates

The Group gives rebates to selected distributors. The Group estimates the volume rebates using the expected-value method and assesses whether the estimated variable consideration is constrained with reference to the customer's historical rebates entitlement and accumulated purchases to date. Any significant estimation variances will be analysed and taken into consideration in the current estimation and assessment. Typically, the estimated consideration is not constrained.

Interest income

Interest income from financial assets is recognised using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or Mandatory FVOCI that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the assets while it is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) in case of credit-impaired financial assets.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.24 收益確認(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自客戶合約的收益(續)

交易價格:重大融資組成部分(續)

本集團已採用國際財務報告準則第 15號第63段的實際權宜之計,倘 融資期限為一年或以下,則不會因 重大融資組成部分的影響調整代 價。

可變代價:基於數量的回扣

本集團向選定的分銷商提供回扣。本集團使用預期價值法估計數量回扣,並經參考客戶的歷史回扣權利及迄今累計購買評估估計可變代價是否受到限制。任何重大估計差異會在當前估算及評估中進行分析及考慮。通常估計代價不會受到限制。

利息收入

金融資產利息收入以實際利率法確認。就按攤銷成本計量或強制按公允價值計入其他綜合收益而並無出現信貸減值的金融資產而言,實際利率適用於資產的賬面總值,倘金融資產出現信貸減值,則適用於其攤銷成本(即賬面總值扣除虧損撥備)。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.25 Leases

As lessee

The Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group applies the recognition exemption to short-term leases and low-value asset leases. Lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group has elected not to separate non-lease components from lease components, and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

Amounts payable by the Group that do not give rise to a separate component are considered to be part of the total consideration that is allocated to the separately identified components of the contract.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date of the lease.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 租賃

承租人

本集團在合約開始時評估合約是否 屬於租賃或是否包含租賃。倘合約 賦予在一段時期內控制一項已識別 資產的使用權利以換取代價,則該 合約為一項租賃或包含一項租賃。

本集團對短期租賃及低值資產租賃 應用確認豁免。該等租賃相關的租 賃付款按直線法於租賃期內確認為 開支。

本集團已選擇不從租賃組成部分中 分離出非租賃組成部分,並對各個 租賃組成部分及任何相關非租賃 組成部分入賬作為單獨租賃組成部 分。

本集團不會產生單獨組成部分之應 付款項被視作分配至合約單獨可識 別組成部分之總代價之一部分。

本集團於租賃開始日期確認使用權 資產及租賃負債。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.25 Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises:

- (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- (c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- (d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Subsequently, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the right-of-use asset as follows:

Land use rights Properties Over the lease term Over the lease term

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 租賃(續)

承租人(續)

使用權資產乃按成本進行初始計 量,其中包括:

- (a) 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- (b) 於開始日期或之前所作的任何租賃付款,減已收取的任何租賃優惠;
- (c) 本集團產生的任何初始直接 成本;及
- (d) 本集團拆除及移除相關資產、恢復相關資產所在場地或將相關資產恢復至租賃條款及條件所規定狀態而產生的估計成本,除非該等成本乃因生產存貨而產生。

隨後,使用權資產按成本減任何 累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損計 量,並就租賃負債的任何重新計量 作出調整。於租賃期及使用權資產 之估計可使用年期之較短者按直線 法計提折舊如下:

 土地使用權
 按租賃期計算

 物業
 按租賃期計算

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (continued)

2.25 Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the contract. The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- (a) fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- (c) amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees;
- (d) exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (e) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or where it is not readily determinable, the incremental borrowing rate of the lessee.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 租賃(續)

承租人(續)

租賃負債乃按於合約開始日期尚未 支付之租賃款項現值進行初始計 量。計入租賃負債計量的租賃款項 包括下列於租賃期內使用相關資產 權利且於開始日期尚未支付之款 項:

- (a) 固定付款(包括實質性固定付款)減任何應收租賃優惠;
- (b) 取決於一項指數或利率之可 變租賃款項;
- (c) 根據剩餘價值擔保預期應付 之款項;
- (d) 購買權的行使價(倘本集團合 理確定行使該選擇權);及
- (e) 終止租賃的罰款付款(倘租賃 條款反映本集團行使終止租 賃之選擇權)。

租賃付款使用租賃的隱含利率貼現,或倘該利率無法可靠地釐定,則採用承租人之增量借款利率。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.25 Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

Subsequently, the lease liability is measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The lease liability is remeasured using a revised discount rate when there are changes to the lease payments arising from a change in the lease term or the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option.

The lease liability is remeasured by using the original discount rate when there is a change in the residual value guarantee, the in-substance fixed lease payments or the future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate (other than floating interest rate). In case of a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in floating interest rates, the Group remeasures the lease liability using a revised discount rate.

The Group recognises the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Group recognises any remaining amount of the remeasurement in profit or loss.

A lease modification is accounted for as a separate lease if

- (a) the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- (b) the consideration for the lease increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 租賃(續)

承租人(續)

隨後,租賃負債透過增加賬面值以 反映租賃負債之利息及調減賬面值 以反映已付的租賃款項進行計量。

當租賃期出現變動而產生租賃付款變動或重新評估本集團是否將合理確定行使購買選擇權時,租賃負債使用經修訂折現率進行重新計量。

當剩餘價值擔保、實質固定租賃付款或未來租賃付款因指數或利率 (浮動利率除外)發生變動而隨之 變動時,租賃負債將使用原折現率 重新計量。倘未來租賃付款因浮動 利率變動而出現變動時,本集團將 使用經修訂折現率重新計量租賃負 債。

本集團將租賃負債之重新計量金額 確認為對使用權資產之調整。倘使 用權資產賬面值減少至零且於租賃 負債計量進一步調減,本集團將於 損益中確認任何重新計量之剩餘金 額。

倘出現以下情況,租賃修改則作為 單獨租賃入賬:

- (a) 該修改透過增加一項或以上 相關資產之使用權利而擴大 租賃範圍;及
- (b) 租賃代價增加之金額相當於 經擴大範圍對應之單獨價格 及為反映特定合約之情況而 對該單獨價格進行之任何適 當調整。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.25 Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

When a lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, at the effective date of the lease modification,

- (a) the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract on the basis of relative stand-alone price as described above.
- (b) the Group determines the lease term of the modified contract.
- (c) the Group remeasures the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate over the revised lease term.
- (d) for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease and recognising any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease in profit or loss.
- (e) for all other lease modifications, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by making a corresponding adjustment to the rightof-use asset.

2.26 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements when the shareholders' right to dividends is established.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 租賃(續)

承租人(續)

當租賃修改並未作為單獨租賃入 賬,於租賃修改生效日期,

- (a) 本集團根據上述相對單獨價 格將代價分配至經修訂合約。
- (b) 本集團釐定經修訂合約之租 賃期。
- (c) 本集團透過於經修訂租賃期 使用經修訂折現率對經修訂 租賃款項進行貼現以重新計 量租賃負債。
- (d) 就縮減租賃範圍之租賃修改 而言,本集團透過減少使用 權資產之賬面值將租賃負債 之重新計量列賬,以反映部 分或全面終止該租賃及於損 益中確認任何與部分或全面 終止該租賃相關之收益或虧 損。
- (e) 就所有其他租賃修改而言, 本集團透過對使用權資產作 出相應調整,將租賃負債之 重新計量列賬。

2.26 股息分派

向本公司股東作出的股息分派於股 東獲取股息的權利確立時在本集團 合併財務報表確認為負債。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.27 Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of the parent of the Group.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.27 關聯方

關聯方為與本集團有關聯之個人或實體。

- (a) 倘一名人士符合以下情況, 即該人士或該人士之近親家 庭成員與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力; 或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司主要管理層成員。
- (b) 倘一間實體符合以下任何條 件,即該實體與本集團有關 聯:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一 集團之成員公司(即各 母公司、附屬公司及同 系附屬公司彼此間有關 聯)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之 聯營公司或合營公司(或 另一實體為成員公司之 集團旗下成員公司之聯 營公司或合營公司)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三 方之合營公司。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體 之合營公司,而另一實 體則為該第三方實體之 聯營公司。

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2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.27 Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (continued)
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (c) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

In the definition of a related party, an associate includes subsidiaries of the associate and a joint venture includes subsidiaries of the joint venture.

2.27 關聯方(續)

- (b) 倘一間實體符合以下任何條 件,即該實體與本集團有關 聯:(續)
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集 團有關聯之實體就僱員 福利設立之離職後福利 計劃。倘本集團本身屬 有關計劃,提供資助之 僱主亦與本集團有關聯。
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控 制或共同控制。
 - (vii) (a)(i)所識別人士對實體有 重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體之母公司)之 主要管理層成員。
 - (viii) 實體或其所屬之集團任 何成員公司向本集團或 本集團母公司提供主要 管理人員服務。

該名人士之近親為可能被預 期於與實體進行交易時影響 該名人士或受該名人士影響 之該等家族成員並包括:

- (a) 該名人士之子女及配偶 或家庭夥伴;
- (b) 該名人士之配偶或家庭 夥伴之子女;及
- (c) 該名人士或該名人士之 配偶或家庭夥伴之家屬。

在關聯方的定義裡,聯營公 司包括聯營公司的附屬公 司,合營公司包括合營公司 的附屬公司。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2021
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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group regularly monitors its exposure and currently considers not necessary to hedge any of these financial risks.

(a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC with transactions denominated and settled in RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the entity's functional currency. These include mainly the equity instruments designated as at FVOCI (Note 13), bank balances (Note 20) and the trade and other receivables (Note 17) denominated in Hong Kong Dollars ("HKD") and US Dollars ("USD"). The Group currently does not hedge its foreign exchange exposure.

As at 30 June 2021, if RMB had strengthened/ weakened by 5% against the USD/HKD with all other variables held constant, loss before income tax for the year ended 30 June 2021 would have been RMB476,000 (2020: RMB1,027,000) higher/lower, respectively, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of USD and HKD denominated cash and bank balances and equity instruments designated as at FVOCI.

The Group will constantly review the economic situation and its foreign exchange risk profile, and will consider appropriate hedging measures in the future, as may be necessary.

3. 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團因其業務活動面臨各種財務 風險:外匯風險、信貸風險、流動 性風險及利率風險。本集團的整體 風險管理計劃著眼於金融市場不可 預測的情況,致力將可能對本集團 財務表現造成的潛在不利影響減至 最低。本集團定期監察其風險,現 時認為無需就任何此等財務風險進 行對沖。

(a) 外匯風險

於二零二一年六月三十日, 若人民幣兑美元/港元/港 值/貶值5%,而所有其他 量維持不變,則截至二度的 量維持不變,則截至二度的 所得稅所虧損分別增加/零年 完於換質以美元及於 主要由於換算以美元及及 主要由於換算以美元及及 計值的公允價值計入 定為按 的權益工具的外 個 人 收益所致。

本集團將持續檢討經濟情況 及其外匯風險狀況,未來如 有需要會考慮採取適當的對 沖措施。

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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk

The carrying amount of trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalent and restricted cash, which is net of loss allowance, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking into account the value of any collateral held or other credit enhancements in relation to financial assets.

Trade receivables

Retail sales at the Group's pharmacies are usually settled in cash or by debit or credit cards. For distribution sales, there is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the majority of the Group's sales are settled upon delivery of goods. The trade receivables are with credit periods of not more than 90 days.

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk. The carrying amounts of receivables included in the consolidated balance sheet are mainly generated by the Group's distributions segment and represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to these financial assets.

Counterparty risk related to trade receivables is limited due to the large number of customers in the Group's customer portfolio and their diversification throughout various business sectors as well as geographic locations. As at 30 June 2021, the exposure to the top 15 customers occupies 29% (2020: 31%) of the gross trade receivables, with the exposure to the largest customer representing 13% (2020: 10%).

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險

貿易及其他應收款項、現金 及現金等價物及受限制現金 (扣除虧損撥備)的賬面值乃 本集團的最大信貸風險,惟 並未考慮任何所持有的抵押 品的價值或其他與金融資產 有關的信貸增級。

貿易應收款項

本集團的藥店零售銷售通常 以現金、借記卡或信用卡進 行結算。就分銷銷售而言, 由於本集團的大部分銷售於 交付貨品時結算,故貿易應 收款項並無集中信貸風險。 貿易應收款項信用期不超過 90日。

本集團並無重大集中信貸風 險。計入合併資產負債表內 的應收款項的賬面值主要由 本集團分銷分部產生,代表 本集團就此等金融資產所承 受的最大信貸風險。

由於本集團客戶組合內客戶 眾多且他們分佈於不同業務 行業及地區,故有關貿易應 收款項的對手方風險有限。 於二零二一年六月三十日 15大客戶的貿易應收款項。 貿易應收款項總額的29%(二 零二零年:31%),其中最大 客戶的貿易應收款項佔13% (二零二零年:10%)。

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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The Group's customer base consists of a wide range of clients and the trade receivables are categorised by common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms. The Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL for trade receivables and recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date and has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. The expected loss rate used in the Group's estimation on ECL is calculated for each category based on actual credit loss experience over the past three years and adjusted for current and forward-looking factors to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's estimate on future economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. The management considered that these factors do not indicate any significant credit risk and additional loss allowance for provision for trade receivables as at 30 June 2021 and 2020 to be insignificant. There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the year ended 30 June 2021.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

本集團的信貸風險主要受各 客戶的個體特點影響。本集 團的客戶群由多個客戶組 成,貿易應收款項按共同風 險特徵分類,其代表客戶根 據合約條款支付所有到期金 額的能力。本集團應用簡化 方法計算貿易應收款項的預 期信貸虧損,並根據各報告 日期的整個存續期預期信貸 虧損確認虧損撥備,以及 已根據其歷史信貸虧損經驗 確立撥備矩陣,根據針對債 務人及經濟環境的前瞻性因 素進行調整。本集團預期信 貸虧損估計所使用的預期虧 損率,乃就各類別根據過去 三年的實際信貸虧損經驗計 算,並根據當前及前瞻因素 進行調整,以反映歷史收集 數據與期內經濟狀況之間的 差異、當前狀況以及本集團 對預期應收款項年期之未來 經濟狀況估計。管理層認為 該等因素並不顯示於二零二 一年及二零二零年六月三十 日的貿易應收款項有任何重 大信貸風險及額外虧損撥備 為並不重大。截至二零二一 年六月三十日止年度,估計 技術或重大假設並無變動。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

As at 30 June 2021 and 2020, the ageing analysis based on recognition date of the trade receivables is as follows:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

85,794

111,012

貿易應收款項(續)

於二零二一年及二零二零年 六月三十日,基於貿易應收 款項確認日期的賬齡分析如 下:

Land of Ford 17		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	
Up to 3 months 4 to 6 months	3個月以內 4至6個月	84,806 988 85,794	109,244 1,768 111,012	
As at 30 June 2021 and 2020, the ageing analysis based on past due date is as follows:		於二零二一年及二零二零年 六月三十日,按逾期日計算 之賬齡分析如下:		
		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Not past due	未逾期	84,806	109,244	
Past due but not impaired Up to 3 months	已逾期但未減值 3個月以內	988	1,768	

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2021
截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

The trade receivables as at 30 June 2021 and 2020 that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers for whom there is no significant financial difficulty and, based on past experiences, the overdue amounts can be recovered.

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired as at 30 June 2021 and 2020 related to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

The Group does not hold any collateral over trade receivables as at 30 June 2021 (2020: Nil).

Other receivables

The Group considers that other receivables have low credit risk based on the debtors' strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and low risk of default. No loss allowance is recognised based on the measurement on 12-month ECL.

In estimating the ECL, the Group has taken into account the historical actual credit loss experience and the financial position of the counterparties, past collection history, current creditworthiness, adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the debtors and general economic conditions of the industry in which the counterparties operate, in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default. The management of the Group considers the ECL of other receivables to be insignificant after taking into account the financial position, credit quality and past settlement records of the counterparties. There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

於二零二一年及二零二零年 六月三十日已逾期但未減值 的貿易應收款項與多位並無 重大財務困難的獨立客戶有 關,且根據過往經驗,逾期 金額可予收回。

於二零二一年及二零二零年 六月三十日未逾期亦無減值 的應收款項與眾多近期無拖 欠記錄的客戶有關。

於二零二一年六月三十日, 本集團並無就貿易應收款項 持有任何抵押品(二零二零 年:無)。

其他應收款項

本集團認為其他應收款項的信貸風險為低,乃基於債權 人有較強能力於短期內履行 合約現金流量的責任及違約 風險低。根據12個月預期信 貸虧損的計量,並無確認任 何虧損撥備。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash

The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash is limited because the counterparties are state-owned financial institutions, the state-controlled financial institutions, joint-stock commercial bank and local banks with high credit quality and good reputation. No loss allowance was recognised for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

(c) Liquidity risk

To manage the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents considered as adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group expects to fulfil its future funds requirements through cash flows generated from operations.

Generally there is no specific credit period granted by the suppliers but the related trade payables are normally expected to be settled within three months after receipt of goods or services.

As at 30 June 2021, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of RMB33,091,000 (2020: RMB131,317,000) (Note 20) and trade receivables of RMB85,794,000 (2020: RMB111,012,000) (Note 17), that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

現金、現金等價物及受限制 現金

現金等價物及受限制 現金的信貸風險有限。 曲於對手方為國有金融機 構、國控金融機構、股份制 商業銀行以及信貸質素。 信譽良好的地方銀行。 電響之一年及二零二零年 月三十日止年度,概無確認 虧損撥備。

(c) 流動性風險

為管理流動性風險,本集團 監察並維持管理層認為足現 的現金及現金等價物水平 以向本集團的經營提供資 並減少現金流量波動的 響。本集團預期通過營運 生之現金流量滿足其未來資 金需求。

一般而言,供應商並無授出 特定信用期,但相關貿易應 付款項一般預期於收到貨品 或服務後三個月內結算。

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團持有預期可隨時產生現金流入以管理流動性風險的現金及現金等價物人民幣33,091,000元(二零二零年:人民幣131,317,000元)(附註20)以及貿易應收款項人民幣85,794,000元(二零二零年:人民幣111,012,000元)(附註17)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動性風險(續)

下表分析本集團的金融負債,按資產負債表日至合約到期日的剩餘期間劃分為有關到期組別。表格所披露的金額乃合約未折現現金流量。

		On demand or less than 1 year 按要求或一年內	1 to 2 years 一年至兩年 RMB'000	2 to 5 years 兩年至五年 RMB'000	Total contractual undiscounted payment 已訂約但未折 現付款總額 RMB'000	Total carrying amount 賬面總值 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日					
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	324,098	-	-	324,098	324,098
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4,206	-	-	4,206	3,930
		328,304	_	-	328,304	328,028
As at 30 June 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日					
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	183,573	_	_	183,573	183,573
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	11,276	4,206	-	15,482	14,141
		194,849	4,206	-	199,055	197,714

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(d) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its restricted cash and bank balances.

The interest rates and maturities of the Group's restricted cash and bank balances are disclosed in Notes 19 and 20 respectively.

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates as the Group has no significant interestbearing assets and liabilities.

As at the end of the reporting period, if the interest rates on restricted cash and bank balances had been 0.5% higher/lower than the prevailing rate announced by People's Bank of China, with all other variables held constant, loss before income tax for the year ended 30 June 2021 would have been RMB336,000 (2020: RMB872,000) lower/higher, respectively.

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group's strategy remains consistent throughout the period.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(d) 利率風險

本集團的利率變動風險主要 源自其受限制現金及銀行結 餘。

本集團受限制現金及銀行結 餘的利率及到期日分別於附 註19及20披露。

由於本集團並無重大計息資 產及負債,故本集團的收入 及經營現金流量基本上不受 市場利率變動的影響。

於報告期末,若受限制現金 及銀行結餘的利率較中國人 民銀行公佈的當前利率高/ 低0.5%,而其他所有變量保 持不變,則截至二零二一年 於所是十日止年度的除所得 税前虧損將分別減少/增加 人民幣336,000元(二零二零 年:人民幣872,000元)。

3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本的目的為保障本集 團的持續經營能力,從而為股東提 供回報及為其他權益持有人提供利 益,並維持最佳資本結構,降低資 本成本。本集團於期內的策略保持 不變。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可 能調整派付予股東的股息、向股東 退還資本、發行新股份或出售資產 以減少債務。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.2 Capital risk management (continued)

Consistent with peer participants in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as total equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet plus net debt. The Group aims to maintain the gearing ratio at a level of not more than 50%.

The gearing ratios at 30 June 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本風險管理(續)

本集團按照業內慣例基於資本負債 比率監察資本。該比率以債務淨額 除以資本總額計算。債務淨額以借 款減現金及現金等價物計算。資本 總額以合併資產負債表列示的權益 總額加債務淨額計算。本集團旨在 將資本負債比率維持在不超過50% 的水平。

於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三 十日的資本負債比率如下:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Borrowings Less: cash and cash equivalents (Note 20)	借款 減:現金及現金等價物 <i>(附註20)</i>	(33,091)	(131,317)
			, , , , , ,
Net cash	現金淨額	(33,091)	(131,317)
Total equity	權益總額	575,917	1,245,354
Total capital Gearing ratio (Note)	資本總額 資本負債比率(附註)	542,826 N/A不適用	1,114,037 N/A不適用

Note: As at 30 June 2021 and 2020, the Group was in net cash position and the calculation of gearing ratio is therefore not meaningful.

附註:於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日, 本集團處於淨現金狀態,故計算資本負債 比率並無意義。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation

- (a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities. The following table presents the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or required to disclose their fair value in these consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis at 30 June 2021 and 2020 across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, with the fair value measurement categorised in its entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the entire measurement. The levels are defined as follows:
 - Level 1 (highest level): quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date;
 - Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
 - Level 3 (lowest level): unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計

- - 第1級(最高級):本集團 於計量日期可以取得的 相同資產或負債於活躍 市場之報價(未經調整);
 - 第2級:就資產或負債直接或間接地可觀察之輸入數據(第1級內包括的報價除外);及
 - 第3級(最低級):資產或 負債的不可觀察輸入數 據。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

As at 30 June 2021

(a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 金融資產及負債公允價值估 計(續)

	日日(前	貝 /	
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
第1級	第2級	第3級	總計
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人足燮壬元	人足燮壬元	人足数千元	人足憋千元

Assets 資產
Equity instruments designated as at FVOCI (Note 13)

- Unlisted equity instruments

- 非上市權益工具

- 9,265
9,265

Assets

Equity instruments designated as 指定為按公允價值計入其 at FVOCI (Note 13) 他綜合收益的權益工

具(附註13)

於二零二一年六月三十日

- Unlisted equity instruments 一非上市權益工具 - 15,474 15,474

During the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

Financial instruments measured at fair value based on Level 3 measurement:

The movements of the unlisted equity instruments during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 are shown as follows:

截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日止年度,第1級與第2級公允價值計量之間並無轉讓,亦無第3級公允價值計量轉入及轉出。

按第3級計量以公允價值計量 之金融工具:

截至二零二一年及二零二零 年六月三十日止年度,非上 市權益工具的變動如下:

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 金融資產及負債公允價值估 計(續)

Equity instruments designated as at FVOCI 指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具

		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	15,474	23,319
Total loss recognised in other comprehensive income Exchange difference	於其他綜合收益確認的總虧 損 匯兑差額	(5,066) (1,143)	(8,579) 734
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	9,265	15,474

Valuation techniques and significant inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

The fair value of unlisted equity instruments are estimated by an independent and qualified professional valuer using price-to-earnings (P/E) multiple model. It includes assumptions that are not supported by observable market prices or rates. The average price-to-earnings (P/E) multiples of comparable companies of the corresponding industries is 19.35 times (2020: 23.9 times) and the discount rate applied for lack of marketability is 20% (2020: 20%), which is estimated based on Black Scholes option pricing model.

使用第3級公允價值計量之估 值技術及主要輸入數據:

獨立及合資格專業估值師使用市盈率(市盈率)倍數模型估計非上市權益工具之稅價值。其包括由不受持固實格或比比較不持可實質。同行業可資益率(市盈率)倍到。19.35倍(二零二零年:23.9倍),而缺乏市場流零二等分別。其乃根據柏力克,爾斯期權定價模型估計。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs

The sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements are as follows:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 金融資產及負債公允價值估 計(續)

主要不可觀察輸入數據敏感度之變動

第3級公允價值計量之主要不可觀察輸入數據敏感度變動如下:

Description	Fair value at 30 June 2021		Unobservable inputs	Sensitivity of fair value to changes in unobservable inputs (assuming other factors remain unchanged)	Reasonably possible range	Impact on fair value and the Group's other comprehensive income for the period
描述	於二零二一年 六月三十日之 公允價值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	估值技術	不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據公允價值敏感度 變動(假設其他因素維持不變)	合理可能 變動範圍	期內對公允價值 及本集團其他 綜合收益之影響 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Equity instruments designated as at FVOCI 指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具

Unlisted equity instruments	9,265 P/E multiple	Average P/E ratio of comparable companies	The higher average P/E ratio of comparable companies, the higher the fair value and vice versa	+/- 20%	+/- 1,853
非上市權益工具	市盈率倍數	可資比較公司之平均市盈率	可資比較公司之平均市盈率越高, 公允價值越高,反之亦然		
		Discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount rate applied for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value and vice versa	+/- 5%	+/- 579
		缺乏市場流通性貼現	缺乏市場流通性折現率越高,公允 價值越低,反之亦然		

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3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs (continued)

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 金融資產及負債公允價值估 計(續)

主要不可觀察輸入數據敏感度之變動(續)

Description	Fair value at Valuation		Sensitivity of fair value to changes in unobservable inputs (assuming other factors remain unchanged)	Reasonably possible range	Impact on fair value and the Group's other comprehensive income for the period
描述	於二零二零年 六月三十日之 公允價值 估值技行	析 不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據公允價值敏感度 變動(假設其他因素維持不變)	合理可能 變動範圍	期內對公允價值 及本集團其他 綜合收益之影響
	RMB'000				RMB'000
	人民幣千元				人民幣千元

Equity instruments designated as at FVOCI

指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具

Unlisted equity instruments	15,474 P/E multiple	Average P/E ratio of comparable companies	The higher average P/E ratio of comparable companies, the higher the fair value and vice versa	+/- 15%	+/- 2,321
非上市權益工具	市盈率倍數	可資比較公司之平均市盈率	可資比較公司之平均市盈率越高, 公允價值越高,反之亦然		
		Discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount rate applied for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value and vice versa	+/- 5%	-/+ 967
		缺乏市場流通性貼現	缺乏市場流通性折現率越高,公允 價值越低,反之亦然		

(b) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried at amounts other than fair values

In the opinion of the management of the Group, no other financial assets and liabilities of the Group are carried at amounts materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2021 and 2020.

(b) 金融資產及負債之公允價值 乃按除公允價值外的金額列 賬

> 本集團管理層認為,本集團 於二零二一年及二零二零年 六月三十日並無其他金融資 產及負債之金額與其公允價 值出現重大差異。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大 JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period are addressed below.

(a) Estimation of biological assets

Estimates and judgements in determining the fair value of the wild ginsengs relate to quantities, grading and market prices.

The quantities of the wild ginsengs are estimated based on a valuation report issued by an independent and qualified professional valuer using the statistical sampling method and also taking into considerations of factors related to the wild ginsengs as advised by ginsengs experts who employed by the valuer. Based on the valuation report, the samples are selected randomly and the total quantities of the wild ginsengs are extrapolated using a normal distribution model with an acceptable deviation estimated by the valuer.

The wild ginsengs grow at different grading and there can be a considerable spread in the quality and grading that affect the prices achieved. According to the valuation report, an average grading is assumed for the wild ginsengs based on the laboratory test results on the samples selected by a certified institution in accordance with the standards issued by China Ginsengs Products Standardisation Technical Committee.

4. 重大會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷乃根據過往經驗及其他因素 作出持續評估,包括在有關情況下對未 來事件的合理預期。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。顧名思義,就此產生的會計估計甚少等於相關實際結果。下文論述有很大可能導致下一財政期間的資產和負債的賬面值作出重大調整的估計及假設。

(a) 生物資產估計

於 釐 定 野 生 林 下 參 的 公 允 價 值 時,過程涉及有關數量、品級及市 場價格的估計及判斷。

野生林下參的數量乃根據獨立及合 資格專業估值師出具之評估報告使 用統計抽樣法並考慮估值師委聘 的林下參專家所告知有關野生林下 參的因素進行估計。根據估值報 告,樣本乃隨機選擇及野生林下參 的總數量乃使用正態分佈模型及估 值師估計的可接受偏離進行推算。

野生林下參長成的品級各異,而 質量及品級的較大差異會影響價 格。根據估值報告,假設野生林下 參的平均品級乃基於經認證機構根 據全國參茸產品標準化技術委員會 頒佈的標準選定的樣品的實驗室檢 測結果。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會 JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(a) Estimation of biological assets (continued)

The quantities and the grading of the wild ginsengs cannot be measured at exact precision. The estimates are based on many factors that require evaluation by the ginsengs experts interpreting the available data, as well as the market prices and other factors. The reliability of these estimates at any point of time depends on both the quality and quantity of the data, the expected statistic deviation as well as the expert judgement.

(b) Estimated impairment of certain intangible assets, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (together the "Non-current Assets") allocated to the operating segments of Distribution and Retails (the "CGUs")

Determining an appropriate amount of an impairment requires an estimation of recoverable amounts of the respective CGUs to which the Non-current Assets belong, which is the value in use calculation. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the CGUs and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. The discount rate represents rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected or there is a downward revision of future estimated cash flows due to unfavorable changes in facts and circumstances, an additional impairment loss may arise.

4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(a) 生物資產估計(續)

野生林下參的數量及品級不能準確計量。該等估計乃基於諸多因素 (需要經林下參專家解釋可得資料 以及市場價格及其他因素後作出 評估)得出。該等估計於任何時間 點的可靠性視乎數據的質量及數 量、預期統計誤差以及專家判斷而 定。

(b) 分配至分銷及零售之經營分部 (「現金產生單位」)的若干無形資 產、物業、廠房及設備以及使用 權資產(統稱「非流動資產」)的估 計減值

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續) JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(c) Estimated impairment of a logistics building included in property, plant and equipment

Included in property, plant and equipment was a logistics building located in Jiamusi, the PRC with carrying amount of RMB197 million at 30 June 2021. The Group performs impairment assessment when there is an indication whether property, plant and equipment have suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 2.11. During the year, the Group had utilised certain areas of the logistics building as warehouse for its distribution business and continued to seek out its opportunities to develop the logistics business. In view of the loss sustained by the distribution business and the current low usage rate as warehousing for the Distribution segment, management considered that there were indicators of impairment of the logistics building existed at 30 June 2021 and performed an impairment assessment thereon. The recoverable amounts of the logistics buildings included in property, plant and equipment have been determined based on depreciated replacement cost (the "DRC") approach based on a valuation performed by an independent and qualified professional valuer. The DRC approach requires an estimation of the new replacement cost of the assets from which deductions are then made to allow for physical deterioration and all forms of obsolescence and optimisation.

(d) Impairment of investment in an associate

The management of the Group carries out review on impairment on the interest in an associate whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of the value in use and fair value less cost of disposal) with its carrying amount.

(c) 計入物業、廠房及設備的物流倉 儲中心的估計減值

位於中國佳木斯市的物流倉儲中心 乃計入物業、廠房及設備,其賬 面值於二零二一年六月三十日為 人民幣197百萬元。根據附註2.11 所述的會計政策,當有跡象表明 物業、廠房及設備是否出現減值 時,本集團會進行減值評估。年 內,本集團已使用物流倉儲中心 的若干區域作為其分銷業務的倉 庫,並繼續尋求發展物流業務的機 會。鑒於分銷業務持續錄得虧損以 及現時作為分銷分部倉庫的低使用 率,管理層認為物流倉儲中心於二 零二一年六月三十日出現減值跡 象, 並就此進行減值評估。計入物 業、廠房及設備的物流倉儲中心的 可收回金額已基於獨立及合資格 的專業估值師使用折舊重置成本 (「折舊重置成本|)法進行之估值 而釐定。折舊重置成本法須估計資 產的新重置成本,減去實際損耗及 所有形式的陳舊及優化的撥備。

(d) 聯營公司投資減值

倘發生事件或情況變動顯示其賬面 值可能無法收回時,本集團管理層 就於一間聯營公司之權益進行減值 檢討,方法為將其可收回金額(使 用價值與公允價值減出售成本之較 高者)與其賬面值作比較。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續) JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(d) Impairment of investment in an associate (continued) In determining whether the interest in an associate is impaired, it requires an estimation of its recoverable amount, which represents higher of the value in use and fair value less cost of disposal. For the value in use, it requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the operations of the investment and from the ultimate disposal and a discount rate (that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the associate) in order to calculate the present value. For the fair value less cost of disposal, the valuation techniques applied by the independent and qualified professional valuer have been agreed with the management of the Group. The management determined whether valuation techniques and assumptions applied are appropriate to the circumstances of the investment. The estimation of recoverable amount of investment included some assumptions not supported by observable market prices or rates. Change in assumption could affect the recoverable amount of the investment. Where the recoverable amount of the Group's interest in an associate is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss may arise.

(e) Loss allowance for ECL

The Group's management estimates the loss allowance for trade and other receivables by using various inputs and assumptions including risk of a default and expected loss rate. The estimation involves high degree of estimation and uncertainty which is based on the Group's historical information, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of trade and other receivables.

(d) 聯營公司投資減值(續)

於釐定一間聯營公司之權益是否 出現減值,其需要估計其可收回 金額(即使用價值與公允價值減出 售成本之較高者)。就使用價值而 言,其需要本集團對預期將從該 投資之營運及最終出售產生之未來 現金流量以及折現率(其能反映當 前市場所評估之貨幣時間值及該聯 營公司之特定風險)作出估計以計 算現值。就公允價值減出售成本而 言,本集團管理層已同意獨立及合 資格的專業估值師所應用的估值技 術。管理層釐定所應用估值技術及 假設是否適用於相關投資情況。投 資之可收回金額估計包括若干不受 可觀察市價或利率支持的假設。假 設變動可能會影響投資的可收回金 額。倘本集團於一間聯營公司權益 之可收回金額低於賬面值,則可能 會出現減值虧損。

(e) 預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備

本集團管理層使用各種輸入數據 及假設(包括違約風險及預期虧損 率)估計貿易及其他應收款項的虧 損撥備。估計涉及高度估計及不確 定性,乃基於本集團過往資料、現 時市況以及於各報告期末的前瞻性 估計而作出。若預期有別於原來估 計,此差額將會影響貿易及其他應 收款項的賬面值。

期

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續) JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(f) Estimated useful lives of trademarks, licenses and brand loyalty and property, plant and equipment

The useful lives of trademarks, licenses and brand loyalty and property, plant and equipment are determined by the management of the Group as further detailed in Notes 2.9(b) and 2.7 respectively. This estimate is based on the management's experiences in the industry. The Group will increase or decrease the amortisation/ depreciation charge where useful life is shorter or longer than previously estimated. The estimate of useful lives of the trademarks, licenses and brand loyalty and property, plant and equipment and the amortisation/ depreciation charge could change significantly as a result of changes in the pharmaceutical market, market trend and competition. Management will increase the amortisation/depreciation charge where useful life is less than the previously estimated, or the trademark and brand loyalty and property, plant and equipment will be written-off or written-down to the recoverable amount when there is an indication that the carrying amount is not recoverable.

(g) Income taxes

The Group is mainly subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be charged. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(f) 商標、執照及品牌忠誠度以及物業、廠房及設備的估計可使用年

商標、執照及品牌忠誠度以及物 業、廠房及設備的可使用年期由本 集團管理層釐定,進一步詳情分 別載於附註2.9(b)及2.7。此項估計 乃由管理層根據其行業經驗而作 出。倘可使用年期較先前估計為 短或長,則本集團將增加或減少攤 銷/折舊費用。商標、執照及品牌 忠誠度以及物業、廠房及設備的估 計可使用年期以及攤銷/折舊費用 可能因醫藥市場、市場趨勢及競爭 態勢的變化而發生重大變動。倘可 使用年期少於原本估計,管理層將 增加攤銷/折舊費用,或當有跡象 顯示賬面值無法收回,管理層將核 銷或核減商標及品牌忠誠度以及物 業、廠房及設備至可收回金額。

(a) 所得税

本集團主要須於多個司法權區繳納 所得稅。在釐定所得稅撥備時,須 作出重大判斷。在一般業務過程 中,多項交易及計算無法確定最終 稅項。本集團基於其估計額外稅項 會否徵收而確認預期稅務事宜的負 債。倘該等事宜的最終稅務結果有 別於初始記錄金額,該等差額將影 響釐定稅項期間的所得稅及遞延稅 項撥備。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續) JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(h) Discount rates for calculating lease liabilities

The Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rates to discount future lease payments since interest rates implicit in the leases are not readily determinable. In determining the discounts rates for its leases, the Group refers to a rate that is readily observable as the starting point and then applies judgement and adjusts such observable rate to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

5. REVENUE

The Group has recognised the following amounts relating to revenue in profit or loss:

(h) 計算租賃負債之折現率

因為租賃隱含的利率難以釐定,本 集團使用承租人增量借款利率折現 未來租賃款項。釐定其租賃的折現 率時,本集團參考開始時可觀察到 的利率並作出判斷以及將有關可觀 察利率作出調整,釐定增量借款利 率。

5. 收益

本集團已於損益內確認下列與收益有關 的金額:

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers (a) 來自客戶合約的收益(a)	1,185,168	1,510,126

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5. REVENUE (continued)

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

5. 收益(續)

(a) 收益之細分

		For the year ended 30 June 2021			
		截至二零二	二一年六月三十日	日止年度	
		Distributions	Retails	Total	
		分銷	零售	總計	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
	\ - + -				
Major products	主要產品				
Prescribed drugs	處方藥物	146,666	90,532	237,198	
Non-prescribed drugs	非處方藥物	624,102	290,169	914,271	
Healthcare products	保健品	91,182	118,394	209,576	
Other pharmaceutical products	其他醫藥產品	42,637	20,653	63,290	
		904,587	519,748	1,424,335	
Eliminations	抵銷	(239,167)	_	(239,167)	
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	665,420	519,748	1,185,168	
Timing of revenue recognition:	收益確認時間:				
Products transferred at a point in time	產品於某一時間點轉移	665,420	519,748	1,185,168	

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5. REVENUE (continued)

(a) Disaggregation of revenue (continued)

5. 收益(續)

(a) 收益之細分(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2020

截至二零二零年六月三十日止年度

		Distributions	Retails	Total
		分銷	零售	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Major products	主要產品			
Prescribed drugs	處方藥物	191,259	124,609	315,868
Non-prescribed drugs	非處方藥物	803,147	395,181	1,198,328
Healthcare products	保健品	125,369	160,683	286,052
Other pharmaceutical products	其他醫藥產品	57,303	33,922	91,225
		1,177,078	714,395	1,891,473
Eliminations	抵銷	(381,347)	_	(381,347)
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	795,731	714,395	1,510,126
Timing of revenue recognition:	收益確認時間:			
Products transferred at	產品於某一時間點轉移			
a point in time		795,731	714,395	1,510,126

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Board of Directors is the Group's chief operating decision-maker. Management has determined the operating segments based on the information reviewed by the Board of Directors for the purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance.

The Group is principally engaged in the distributions and retails of drugs and other pharmaceutical products in the northeastern region of the PRC.

Distributions, Retails and Others are presented to the Board of Directors to assess their performance and for making respective business decisions which are considered to be three segments in accordance with IFRS 8 "Operating Segment". The "Others" segment mainly comprises investment companies.

The Group's principal market is the northeastern region of the PRC. The Group has a large number of customers, which are widely dispersed within the northeastern region of the PRC, no single customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's total revenues for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020. Accordingly, no geographical segment is presented.

Inter-segment sales are charged at cost. The revenue from external customers and the costs, the total assets and the total liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted loss before interests, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("Adjusted EBITDA"). The measurement basis of Adjusted EBITDA excludes the effect of share of post-tax results of joint ventures, share of post-tax results of an associate, impairment loss or, if applicable, its reversal on intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and investment in an associate.

6. 分部資料

董事會為本集團的首席經營決策者。管 理層已根據董事會就分配資源及評估業 績而審閱的資料釐定經營分部。

本集團主要在中國東北地區從事藥品及 其他醫藥產品的分銷及零售業務。

分銷、零售及其他業務呈列予董事會, 以評估有關業績及作出相關業務決定, 根據國際財務報告準則第8號「經營分 部」被視為三個分部。「其他業務」分部 主要包括投資公司。

本集團的主要市場為中國東北地區。本 集團擁有大量客戶,廣泛分佈於中國東 北地區,於截至二零二一年及二零二零 年六月三十日止年度概無來自任何一名 單一客戶的收益佔本集團收益總額的 10%或以上。因此,並無呈列任何地區 分部。

分部間銷售乃按成本計算。來自外部客 戶的收益及成本、資產總額及負債總額 乃按與本集團合併財務報表一致的方式 計量。

董事會根據扣除利息、税項、折舊及攤銷前經調整虧損(「經調整息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤」)的計量評估經營分部的業績。經調整息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤的計量基準不包括分佔合營公司除稅後業績、無形資產、物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及聯營公司投資減值虧損或(如適用)其撥回的影響。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

The segment information for the year ended 30 June 2021 and as at 30 June 2021 is as follows:

6. 分部資料(續)

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度及於 二零二一年六月三十日的分部資料如下:

			For the year ended 截至二零二一年六人		
		Distributions	Retails	Others	Total
		分銷	零售	其他業務	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Segment revenue	分部收益	904,587	519,748	_	1,424,335
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收益	(239,167)	-	_	(239,167)
	77 印印	(237,107)			(237,107)
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	665,420	519,748	-	1,185,168
Adjusted EBITDA	經調整息税折舊及攤銷前 利潤	(60,206)	(268,701)	(7,031)	(335,938)
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	(213)	(100)	-	(313)
Impairment loss on investment in an associate	聯營公司投資減值虧損	(210,373)	_	_	(210,373)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備減值 虧損	(1,609)	(2,363)	_	(3,972)
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損	(229)	(3,664)	_	(3,893)
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(19,753)	(89,167)	_	(108,920)
Finance income	財務收入	487	764	2	1,253
Finance costs	財務成本	(108)	(1,123)	(10,637)	(11,868)
Share of post-tax results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司除税後業績	_	9	_	9
Share of post-tax results of an associate	分佔聯營公司除税後業績	3,211	_	_	3,211
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	-	(5,203)	-	(5,203)
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(288,793)	(369,548)	(17,666)	(676,007)
Additions of non-current assets (excluding financial assets and deferred tax assets)	非流動資產的增加(不包括金融資產及遞延稅項 資產)	228	1,696	_	1,924

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

6. 分部資料(續)

SEGMENT INFORMATIC	(continued)	0.	刀即貝件(海	₹/	
			As at 30 Ju	ne 2021	
			於二零二一年	六月三十日	
		Distributions	Retails	Others	Total
		分銷	零售	其他業務	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total assets before eliminations	抵銷前資產總額	1,746,181	683,691	1,310,274	3,740,146
Inter-segment assets	分部間資產	(923,525)	(558,831)	(1,299,949)	(2,782,305)
Total assets	資產總額 ————————————————————————————————————	822,656	124,860	10,325	957,841
Total liabilities before eliminations	抵銷前負債總額	1,245,834	986,444	25,120	2,257,398
Inter-segment liabilities	分部間負債	(995,839)	(855,729)	(23,906)	(1,875,474)
T 4 11: 1 20:	名 /主 /	240.005	120 715	1 214	204 024
Total liabilities	負債總額 	249,995	130,715	1,214	381,924
In the second in the second second	磁燃八三机次	111 120			111 120
Investment in an associate	聯營公司投資 ————————————————————————————————————	111,139		_	111,139

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

The segment information for the year ended 30 June 2020 and as at 30 June 2020 is as follows:

6. 分部資料(續)

截至二零二零年六月三十日止年度及於 二零二零年六月三十日的分部資料如下:

		For the year ended 30 June 2020				
			截至二零二零年六月	三十日止年度		
		Distributions	Retails	Others	Total	
		分銷	零售	其他業務	總計	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Segment revenue	分部收益	1,177,078	714,395		1,891,473	
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收益	(381,347)	-		(381,347)	
	>> H11/0 X/mm	(55.75)			(55.757	
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	795,731	714,395	-	1,510,126	
Adjusted EBITDA	經調整息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤	(135,395)	(313,017)	(6,625)	(455,037)	
Impairment loss on goodwill and other intangible assets	商譽及其他無形資產減值虧損	_	(11,809)	_	(11,809)	
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(15,691)	(27,957)	-	(43,648)	
Finance income	財務收入	954	1,841	6,791	9,586	
Finance costs	財務成本	(167)	(2,027)	(4)	(2,198)	
Share of post-tax results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司除税後業績	-	103	-	103	
Share of post-tax results of an associate	分佔聯營公司除税後業績	10,777	_	-	10,777	
Income tax (expenses) credit	所得税(開支)抵免	(2,390)	1,145	_	(1,245)	
(Loss) profit for the year	年度(虧損)利潤	(141,912)	(351,721)	162	(493,471)	
Additions of non-current assets (excluding financial assets and deferred tax assets)	非流動資產的增加(不包括金融資產及遞延稅項資產)	30,813	82,951	-	113,764	

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

6. 分部資料(續)

As at 30 June 2020

於二零二零年六月三十日

分銷 RMB'000 人民幣千元 1,898,920 (769,306)	零售 RMB'000 人民幣千元 781,190 (521,178))	其他業務 RMB'000 人民幣千元 1,438,192 (1,332,716)	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 4,118,302
人 <i>民幣千元</i> 1,898,920	人民幣千元 781,190	人民幣千元 1,438,192	人民幣千元
1,898,920	781,190	1,438,192	
			4,118,302
			.,,
		(1,002,710)	(2,623,200)
1,129,614	260,012	105,476	1,495,102
1,116,682	838,069	24,491	1,979,242
(985,469)	(721,239)	(22,786)	(1,729,494)
131,213	116,830	1,705	249,748
-	9,349	-	9,349
318.301	-	-	318,301
	131,213	- 9,349	- 9,349 -

The amounts provided to the Board of Directors with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with that of these consolidated financial statements. These assets are allocated based on the operations of the segment and the physical location of the assets.

向董事會提供有關資產總額的金額,乃 按與合併財務報表一致的方式計量。該 等資產根據分部的營運和資產的實際位 置進行分配。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

PROPERTY, PLA	ANT AND EQUIPME	ENT	7.	物業、廠房			
		Buildings 樓宇	Motor vehicles 車輛	Furniture and office equipment 家具及辦公設備	Leasehold improvements 租賃裝修	Total 總計	
		RMB'000 <i>人民幣千元</i>	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
		ハルボール	/\/\m\ /\	/\/\m /\	八八冊1九	/\\m\ /\	
For the year ended 30 June 2020	截至二零二零年六月三十日止 年度						
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	239,316	3,364	8,188	4,943	255,811	
Additions	增加	21,350	-	1,253	91,161	113,764	
Disposals	處置	_	-	(143)	-	(143)	
Depreciation (Note 26)	折舊(附註26)	(12,745)	(1,255)	(3,819)	(10,792)	(28,611)	
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	247,921	2,109	5,479	85,312	340,821	
As at 30 June 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日						
Cost	成本	289,498	13,473	41,699	166,129	510,799	
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(41,577)	(11,364)	(36,220)	(80,817)	(169,978)	
Net book amount	賬面淨值 	247,921	2,109	5,479	85,312	340,821	
For the year ended 30 June 2021	截至二零二一年六月三十日止 年度						
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	247,921	2,109	5,479	85,312	340,821	
Additions	增加	-	181	25	1,697	1,903	
Depreciation (Note 26)	折舊(附註26)	(13,760)	(1,538)	(2,813)	(79,030)	(97,141)	
Impairment (Note 26)	減值(附註26)	_	(752)	(1,465)	(1,755)	(3,972)	
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	234,161	-	1,226	6,224	241,611	
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日						
Cost	成本	289,498	13,654	41,724	167,826	512,702	
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(55,337)	(12,902)	(39,033)	(159,847)	(267,119)	
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	-	(752)	(1,465)	(1,755)	(3,972)	
Net book amount	賬面淨值	234,161	-	1,226	6,224	241,611	

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) 7. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(a) Depreciation expenses have been charged to profit or (a) 自損益扣除的折舊費用如下: loss as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Administrative expenses	行政開支	14,573	13,547
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷開支	82,568	15,064
		97,141	28,611

- (b) As at 30 June 2021, the management performed an impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment and as a result recognised impairment loss of RMB1,609,000 (2020: Nil) and RMB2,363,000 (2020: Nil) in Distributions and Retails segments respectively, as further detailed in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (b) 於二零二一年六月三十日,管理層 就物業、廠房及設備進行減值評 估,因此確認分銷及零售分部的 減值虧損分別為人民幣1,609,000 元(二零二零年:零)及人民幣 2,363,000元(二零二零年:零), 進一步詳情載於合併財務報表附註 9 °

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

8. 使用權資產及租賃負債 使用權資產

Right-of-use assets

raight of use ussets		Land use rights	Properties	Total
		土地使用權	物業	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
7.77		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Familia 2000	截至二零二零年六月三十日止年度			
For the year ended 30 June 2020				
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	- - 254	25 447	40.004
Recognition upon adoption of IFRS 16		5,354	35,447	40,801
Depreciation (Note 26)	折舊(附註26)	(134)	(12,803)	(12,937)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	5,220	22,644	27,864
As at 30 June 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日			
Cost	成本	5,354	35,447	40,801
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(134)	(12,803)	(12,937)
Accumulated depreciation	が可り 酉	(134)	(12,003)	(12,737)
Net book amount	賬面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	5,220	22,644	27,864
For the year ended 30 June 2021	截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度			
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	5,220	22,644	27,864
Depreciation (Note 26)	折舊(附註26)	(134)	(11,370)	(11,504)
Impairment (Note 26)	減值(附註26)	-	(3,893)	(3,893)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	5,086	7,381	12,467
As at 30 June 2021				
	於二零二一年六月三十日 成本	5,354	35,447	40,801
Cost	累計折舊			
Accumulated depreciation	累計減值	(268)	(24,173)	(24,441)
Accumulated impairment	系引 <i>则</i> (且		(3,893)	(3,893)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	5,086	7,381	12,467

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2021
截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES 8. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續) (continued)

Right-of-use assets (continued)

使用權資產(續)

Right-of-use assets (continued)		使用作具性(網)	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
Current portion	流動部分	3,930	10,211
Non-current portion	非流動部分	-	3,930
		3,930	14,141

The Group's right-of-use assets in respect of land use rights and properties represent the prepaid operating lease payment of leasehold lands located in the PRC and leases of various retail stores, offices and warehouses respectively. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 2 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain similar terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants.

As at 30 June 2021, the management performed an impairment assessment on right-of-use assets and as a result recognised impairment loss of RMB229,000 (2020: Nil) and RMB3,664,000 (2020: Nil) in Distributions and Retails segments respectively, as further detailed in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

At 30 June 2021, the weighted average incremental borrowing rate for the lease liabilities of the Group was 8.61% (2020: 8.61%) per annum.

本集團有關土地使用權及物業的使用權資產指位於中國租賃土地及租賃各零售店舖、辦公室及倉庫的預付經營租賃款項。租賃合同一般為2至5年的固定期限。租賃條款均單獨議定,並且包含類似的條款及條件。租賃協議不施加任何契諾。

於二零二一年六月三十日,管理層就使用權資產進行減值評估,因此確認分銷及零售分部的減值虧損分別為人民幣229,000元(二零二零年:零)及人民幣3,664,000元(二零二零年:零),進一步詳情載於合併財務報表附註9。

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團租 賃負債的加權平均增量借款年利率為 8.61%(二零二零年:8.61%)。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

Right-of-use assets (continued)

The Group has recognised the following amounts for the year:

8. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

使用權資產(續)

本集團已確認下列本年度金額:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Lease payments: Short-term leases Low-value assets	租賃款項: 短期租賃 低價值資產	76,383 88	75,944 173
Expenses recognised in profit or loss Repayment of lease liabilities Interests on lease liabilities	於損益內確認的開支 償還租賃負債 租賃負債利息	76,471 10,211 1,065	76,117 11,239 2,017
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃現金流出總額	87,747	89,373

Commitments under leases

At 30 June 2021, the Group was committed to RMB35,747,000 (2020: RMB44,561,000) for short-term leases.

租賃承擔

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團就短期租賃承擔人民幣35,747,000元(二零二零年:人民幣44,561,000元)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

		\sim				
INTANGIBLE ASSI	ETS		9.	無形資產		
		Goodwill	Trademarks, licenses and brand loyalty	Contractual supplier relationship	Computer software licenses	Total
		商譽	商標、執照及 品牌忠誠度	合約供應商關係	電腦軟件許可證	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(Notes (a))	(Notes (c), (d), (e))	(Note (c), (d), (e))	(Note (c), (d), (e))	(Note (b))
		(附註(a))	(附註(c) · (d) · (e))	(附註(c) · (d) · (e))	(附註(c)、(d)、(e))	(附註(b))
For the year ended 30 June 2020	截至二零二零年六月三十日 止年度					
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	8,918	4,718		840	14,476
Amortisation charge (Note 26)	攤銷費用(附註26)		(1,827)		(273)	(2,100)
Impairment (Note 26)	減值(附註26)	(8,918)	(2,891)	<u> </u>		(11,809)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	_	_	-	567	567
As at 30 June 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日					
Cost	成本	551,216	185,301	41,775	2,356	780,648
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	-	(52,318)	(35,375)	(1,789)	(89,482)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(551,216)	(132,983)	(6,400)		(690,599)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	-	-	-	567	567
For the year ended 30 June 2021	截至二零二一年六月三十日 止年度					
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	_	_	_	567	567
Additions	增加	-	-	-	21	21
Amortisation charge (Note 26)	攤銷費用(附註26)	-	-	-	(275)	(275)
Impairment (Note 26)	減值(附註26)	-	_	-	(313)	(313)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	-	-	-	-	-
As at 30 June 2021	込一零一 年 → 日二 → □					
Cost	於二零二 一年六月三十日 成本	547,595	184,999	41,775	2,377	776,746
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	-	(52,318)	(35,375)	(2,064)	(89,757)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(547,595)	(132,681)	(6,400)	(313)	(686,989)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	-	-	-	-	-

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9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

- (a) Goodwill arising on the acquisitions of distribution and retail businesses in prior periods allocated to the operating segments of Distributions and Retails ("CGUs") were fully impaired as at 30 June 2021 and 2020.
- (b) Amortisation of the Group's intangible assets for the year ended 30 June 2021 amounted to RMB275,000 (2020: RMB2,100,000) have been charged to profit or loss as administrative expenses.
- (c) Key assumptions for the value-in-use calculations in determining the recoverable amount of CGUs

In view of the Group reported a continued loss for the current year, the management considered that there is an impairment indicator on the Non-current Assets and performed impairment assessment by assessing the recoverable amounts of the respective CGUs to which the Non-current Assets relate.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined by the management, with assistance from an independent and qualified professional valuer, based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates stated below. The growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the business in which the CGUs operates.

9. 無形資產(續)

- (a) 截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月 三十日,於過往期間收購分銷及零 售業務產生的商譽分配至分銷及零 售之經營分部(「現金產生單位」) 且悉數減值。
- (b) 本集團於截至二零二一年六月三 十日止年度的無形資產攤銷人民 幣275,000元(二零二零年:人民幣 2,100,000元)已作為行政開支自損 益扣除。
- (c) 釐定現金產生單位的可收回金額 時使用價值計算的主要假設

鑒於本年度本集團持續虧損,管理層認為非流動資產存在減值跡象,並對非流動資產相關各現金產生單位之可收回金額進行減值評估。

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃由管 理層在獨立及合資格專業估值師 的協助下根據使用價值計算而釐 定。有關計算乃按管理層批准的五 年期財務預算的税前現金流量則按下 測。超過五年期的現金流量則按下 文所述估計增長率推算。增長率不 超過現金產生單位經營業務的長期 平均增長率。

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9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

(c) Key assumptions for the value-in-use calculations in determining the recoverable amount of CGUs (continued) Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development and its business strategy. The weighted average growth rates used are consistent with the management forecasts. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant business. The key assumptions used for value-in-use calculations are as follow:

9. 無形資產(續)

(c) **釐定現金產生單位的可收回金額** 時使用價值計算的主要假設(續) 管理層根據過往業績及對市場發展的預期以及其業務策略來預測毛利率。所採用的加權平均增長率與管理層所預測者一致。所採用的折現率為稅前比率,並反映相關業務的特定風險。使用價值計算所用的主要假設如下:

Distributions 分銷	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Gross margin 毛利率	5% – 10%	5% – 10%
Growth rate in the projection period 預測期內增長率	1.5% – 5%	1.5% – 5%
Long-term growth rate beyond the 超過預測期之長期增長率		
projection period	1.5%	1.5%
Pre-tax discount rate 税前折現率	17%	17%
Retails	2021	2020
Retails 零售	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
零售 	二零二一年	_零_零年
零售 Gross margin 毛利率	二零二一年 23% - 26%	二零二零年 23% - 30%
For the projection period 有測期內增長率	二零二一年 23% - 26%	二零二零年 23% - 30%

Based on the results of the assessments, the Group recognised impairment loss for intangible assets, property, plant and equipment (Note 7) and right-of-use assets (Note 8) of RMB213,000, RMB1,609,000 and RMB229,000 in Distributions segment; and RMB100,000, RMB2,363,000 and RMB3,664,000 in Retails segment respectively for the year ended 30 June 2021.

基於評估的結果,截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,本集團於分銷分部確認無形資產、物業、廠房及設備(附註7)以及使用權資產(附註8)的減值虧損分別為人民幣213,000元、人民幣1,609,000元及人民幣229,000元;於零售分部確認該等減值虧損分別為人民幣100,000元、人民幣2,363,000元及人民幣3,664,000元。

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9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

9. 無形資產(續)

(d) Summary of accumulated impairment allocation for each operating segment

(d) 各經營分部的累計減值分配概要

		Additions				Realised upon of subs		
				增加		註銷附屬	公司時變現	
		Opening	Intangible assets (other than goodwill)	Property, plant and equipment	Right-of-use assets	Goodwill	Intangible assets (other than goodwill)	Closing
		期初	無形資產 (商譽除外)	物業、 廠房及設備	使用權資產	商譽	無形資產 (商譽除外)	期末
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Distributions	分銷	(64,787)	(213)	(1,609)	(229)			(66,838)
Retails	零售 ————————————————————————————————————	(625,812)	(100)	(2,363)	(3,664)	3,621	302	(628,016)
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日	(690,599)	(313)	(3,972)	(3,893)	3,621	302	(694,854)

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

9. 無形資產(續)

- (e) Movement of accumulated impairment of intangible assets
- (e) 無形資產累計減值變動

		Goodwill	Trademarks, licenses and brand loyalty	Contractual supplier relationship	Computer software licences	Total
		商譽	商標、執照及 品牌忠誠度	合約供應商關係	電腦軟件許可證	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(Notes (b), (c))	(Notes (a), (c))	(Note (c))	(Note (a))	
		(附註(b) ·(c))	(附註(a)、(c))	(附註(c))	(附註(a))	
As at 1 July 2019	於二零一九年七月一日	(542,298)	(130,092)	(6,400)		(678,790)
Addition	增加	(8,918)	(2,891)	(0,100)		(11,809)
As at 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日及 二零二零年七月一日	(551,216)	(132,983)	(6,400)	-	(690,599)
Realised upon deregistration of subsidiaries	註銷附屬公司時變現	3,621	302	_	-	3,923
Addition	增加	-	_	-	(313)	(313)
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日	(547,595)	(132,681)	(6,400)	(313)	(686,989)

(f) Movement of accumulated impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

(f) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產累計減值變動

			Right-of-use assets			
			物業、廠房及設備			
		Motor vehicles	Furniture and Leasehold Motor vehicles office equipment improvement Total			
		車輛	家具及辦公設備	租賃裝修	總計	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日及 二零二零年七月一日	_	-	_	_	_
Addition	增加	(752)	(1,466)	(1,755)	(3,973)	(3,893)
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日	(752)	(1,466)	(1,755)	(3,973)	(3,893)

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10. SUBSIDIARIES

10. 附屬公司

The Company has the following principal subsidiaries at 30 June 2021:

本公司於二零二一年六月三十日擁有以 下主要附屬公司:

Name	Place/date of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interests (%)
名稱	註冊成立地點/ 日期及法人實體類型	主要業務及營運地點	已發行股本詳情	本公司直接持有普 通股比例(%)	本集團所持普通股 比例(%)	非控股權益所持普通 股比例(%)
Hong Kong Health Century International Group Limited	Hong Kong 15 September 2010 Limited liabilities company	Investments holding and retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products Hong Kong	HKD1,001	100%	100%	-
香港健康世紀國際集團有限公司	香港 二零一零年九月十五日 有限責任公司	投資控股及零售藥物及其他 醫藥產品 香港	1,001港元			
Jilin Jintian Aixin Health Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd *	the PRC 25 May 2009 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB2,000,000	100%	100%	-
吉林省金天愛心健康醫藥有限公司	中國 二零零九年五月二十五日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣2,000,000元			
Hebei Jintian Yan Xiao Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 27 December 2005 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB30,000,000	-	100%	-
河北金天燕霄醫藥有限公司	中國 二零零五年十二月二十七日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣30,000,000元			
Heilongjiang Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Distribution Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 12 February 2004 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	USD92,310,000	-	100%	-
黑龍江省金天愛心醫藥經銷有限公司	中國 二零零四年二月十二日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	92,310,000美元			
Heilongjiang Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 23 June 2005 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB1,000,000	-	100%	-
黑龍江省金天愛心醫藥連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零五年六月二十三日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣1,000,000元			
Jiamusi Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 15 July 1998 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB15,000,000	-	100%	_
佳木斯金天愛心醫藥連鎖有限公司	中國 一九九八年七月十五日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣15,000,000元			

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

10. SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

10. 附屬公司(續)

The Company has the following principal subsidiaries at 30 June 2021: (continued)

本公司於二零二一年六月三十日擁有以 下主要附屬公司:(續)

Name	Place/date of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interests (%)
名稱	註冊成立地點/ 日期及法人實體類型	主要業務及營運地點	已發行股本詳情	本公司直接持有普 通股比例(%)	本集團所持普通股 比例(%)	非控股權益所持普通 股比例(%)
Jiamusi Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 14 April 2004 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB5,000,000	-	100%	-
佳木斯金天愛心藥房連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零四年四月十四日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣5,000,000元			
Jilin Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Distribution Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 4 December 2007 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB1,000,000	-	100%	_
吉林省金天愛心醫藥經銷有限公司	中國 二零零七年十二月四日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣1,000,000元			
Jinzhou Jintian Aixin Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd *	the PRC 16 January 2012 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB500,000	-	100%	-
錦州金天愛心醫藥連鎖有限公司	中國 二零一二年一月十六日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣500,000元			
Daging Jintian Aixin Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 6 September 2007 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB3,000,000	-	100%	-
大慶金天愛心藥房連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零七年九月六日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣3,000,000元			
Harbin Jintian Aixin Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 18 April 2005 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB5,000,000	-	100%	-
哈爾濱金天愛心藥房連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零五年四月十八日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣5,000,000元			
Shenyang Wei Kang Drug Store Chair Co., Ltd. *	n the PRC 24 October 2001 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB30,000,000	-	100%	-
瀋陽維康醫藥連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零一年十月二十四日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣30,000,000元			
Shenyang Weishi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 27 October 2013 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB5,000,000	-	100%	-

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

10. SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

10. 附屬公司(續)

The Company has the following principal subsidiaries at 30 June 2021: (continued)

本公司於二零二一年六月三十日擁有以 下主要附屬公司:(續)

Name	Place/date of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the Group (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interests (%)	
名稱	註冊成立地點/ 日期及法人實體類型	主要業務及營運地點	已發行股本詳情	本公司直接持有普 通股比例(%)	本集團所持普通股 比例(%)	非控股權益所持普通 股比例(%)	
瀋陽衛世醫藥有限公司	中國 二零一三年十月二十七日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣5,000,000元				
Suihua Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Mall Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 8 April 2003 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB3,800,000		99.04%	0.96%	
綏化金天愛心醫藥商城連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零三年四月八日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣3,800,000元				
Tonghua Jinfeng Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 9 December 2010 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB1,100,000	-	100%	-	
通化勁峰大藥房連鎖有限公司	中國 二零一零年十二月九日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣1,100,000元				
Jiamusi Golden Sky Storage Co., Ltd *	the PRC 07 June 2016 Limited liabilities company	Storage the PRC	RMB1,520,000	-	100%	-	
佳木斯金色天空倉儲有限公司	中國 二零一六年六月七日 有限責任公司	倉儲中國	人民幣1,520,000元				

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10. SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The Company has the following principal subsidiaries at 30 June 2021: (continued)

There were no material transactions with non-controlling interests during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the Group deregistered certain wholly-owned subsidiaries namely Neo Century Holdings Limited, Qitaihe Jintian Aixin Health Pharmaceutical Chain Co., Ltd* and Jintian Pharmaceutical Company Limited*. As a result, the Group recognised RMB1,112,000 loss on deregistration of subsidiaries in the profit or loss for the Year.

* English translation for identification purposes only.

10. 附屬公司(續)

本公司於二零二一年六月三十日擁有以下主要附屬公司:(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十 日止年度,與非控股權益並無重大交 易。

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,本集團已註銷若干全資附屬公司(即新世紀控股有限公司、七台河金天愛心健康醫藥連鎖有限公司及金天醫藥有限公司)。因此,於本年度,本集團於損益內確認註銷附屬公司虧損人民幣1.112.000元。

11. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

11. 合營公司投資

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	9,349	9,246
Share of post-tax results	分佔税後業績	9	103
Disposals	出售	(9,358)	-
At end of the reporting period	於報告期末	-	9,349

Set out below are the joint ventures of the Group as at 30 June 2021 and 2020. The entities listed below have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares, which are held by the Group. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business, and the proportion of ownership interest is the same as the proportion of voting rights held.

下文載列本集團於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日之合營公司。下文所列實體擁有僅包含本集團持有普通股的股本。註冊成立或註冊國家亦為其主要營業地點,而所持權益比例與持有投票權的比例相同。

合併財務報表附註

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11. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

11. 合營公司投資(續)

		Place of % of ownership interest		Carrying	amount	
		business/ country of	所持權益	盖百分比 Measurement	賬词	面值
Name of entity		incorporation	2021	2020 method	2021	2020
實體名稱		營業地點/ 註冊成立國家	二零二一年	二零二零年 計量方法	_零二-年	_零_零年
			(%)	(%)	RMB'000	RMB'000
					人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Yichun Nancha Haolianghe Limin Drug Store ¹	伊春市南岔區浩良河鎮利民藥店1	the PRC 中國	-	30* Equity method 權益法	-	708
Jiamusi Jintian Aixin Medicine Limited Fuyuan Wenmei Branch ¹	佳木斯金天愛心藥房連鎖 有限公司撫遠文梅分店 ¹	the PRC 中國	-	50 Equity method 權益法	-	264
Jiamusi Jintian Aixin Medicine Limited Tieli Branch ¹	佳木斯金天愛心藥房連鎖 有限公司鐵力店 ¹	the PRC 中國	-	50 Equity method 權益法	-	667
Jianyikang Pharmaceutical Company Limited ¹	伊春市五營區健一康藥行1	the PRC 中國	-	50 Equity method 權益法	-	7,710
Total equity accounted investments	按權益法入賬的投資總額				-	9,349

- 1 The English names of these companies represent management's best efforts at translating the Chinese names of these companies as no English names have been registered or available.
- * The Group holds less than 50% of the equity interests in this entity. The management considers that this entity is jointly controlled entity of the Group because its strategic operating, investing and financing activities are jointly controlled by the Group and the jointly controlled entity partners.

All the joint ventures are engaged in the retail of drugs and other pharmaceutical products in the PRC. They are strategic partnership for the Group to fortify the market share and regional development in the industry.

The joint ventures are drug stores and there are no quoted market prices available for their shares.

In March 2021, the Group disposed of all equity interests in its joint ventures to independent third parties at an aggregate consideration of approximately RMB8,975,000 (the "Disposals"). At the date of disposal, the carrying amount of investments in joint ventures was RMB9,358,000 and a loss on disposal of RMB383,000 was recognised in the profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2021.

- 1 由於該等公司並無註冊英文名稱或擁有英文名稱,故其英文名稱為管理層盡力翻譯其中文名稱的結果。
- * 本集團持有該實體少於50%的股本權益。管理層認 為,該實體是本集團的共同控制實體,原因在於 其戰略經營、投資及融資活動由本集團及共同控 制實體夥伴共同控制。

所有合營公司均在中國從事藥物及其他 醫藥產品零售業務。彼等為本集團擴大 行業市場份額及加強區域發展的戰略夥 伴。

此等合營公司均為藥店,其股份沒有市場報價。

於二零二一年三月,本集團向獨立第三方出售其合營公司的所有股權,總代價約為人民幣8,975,000元(「出售事項」)。於出售日期,合營公司投資的賬面值為人民幣9,358,000元,截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,出售虧損人民幣383,000元已於損益中確認。

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11. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

The following amounts represent the Group's share of assets, liabilities and results of the joint ventures that are not individually material:

11. 合營公司投資(續)

本集團分佔並非屬個別重大的合營公司之資產、負債及業績金額如下:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Assets Non-current assets Current assets	資產 非流動資產 流動資產	<u>-</u>	433 8,937
		-	9,370
Liabilities Current liabilities	負債 流動負債	-	(21)
Net assets	資產淨值	-	9,349
		1 July 2020 to 28 February 2021 二零二零年七月一日 至二零二一年	2020
		至一专一一年 二月二十八日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Expenses	收益 開支	1,542 (1,533 <u>)</u>	·
Profit after income tax	除所得税後利潤	9	103

There are no commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interests in the joint ventures, and no contingent liabilities of the joint ventures themselves. 概無有關本集團於合營公司權益的承擔 及或然負債,亦無合營公司本身存在或 然負債。

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12. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

12. 聯營公司投資

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
*			
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	318,301	307,524
Share of post-tax results	分佔税後業績	3,211	10,777
Impairment loss	減值虧損	(210,373)	-
At end of the reporting period	於報告期末	111,139	318,301

As at 30 June 2021, Jilin Jintian Universal Health Capsule Limited ("Jilin Jintian") is an associate of the Group, in which the Group owns 43.78% of equity interest (2020: 43.78%). Jilin Jintian is a company incorporated in the PRC and its principal businesses comprise manufacturing, sales and research and development of hollow capsules in the PRC.

The business performance of Jilin Jintian was not as good as expected during the year ended 30 June 2021. As at 30 June 2021 and 2020, the Group carried out reviews of the recoverable amount of investment in an associate. The recoverable amount, being the higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal, has been determined by the Group's management with reference to a valuation report prepared by an independent and qualified professional valuer using price-to-earnings (P/E) multiple model. The fair value measurement for the Group's recoverable amount of investment in an associate was categorised into Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs to valuation technique used. The average price-to-earnings multiples of comparable companies of the corresponding industries is 34.55 (2020: 36.97) times and the discount rate applied for lack of marketability was 20% (2020: 20%), which was estimated based on Asian Option Pricing Model. Based on the results of the impairment assessment, management concluded that provision for impairment loss of RMB210,373,000 (2020: Nil) was recognised for the year ended 30 June 2021.

於二零二一年六月三十日,吉林金天 大健康集團膠囊有限公司(「**吉林金** 天」)為本集團聯營公司,其中本集 團擁有43.78%的權益(二零二零年: 43.78%)。吉林金天為一間於中國註冊 成立之公司,其主要業務包括於中國製 造、銷售及研發空心膠囊。

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,吉 林金天的業務表現不及預期。於二零二 一年及二零二零年六月三十日,本集團 對聯營公司投資的可收回金額進行審 查。可收回金額(即使用價值及公允價 值減出售成本之較高者)已由本集團管 理層經參考獨立及合資格的專業估值師 使用市盈率(市盈率)倍數模型編製之估 值報告而釐定。根據所用評估技術的輸 入數據,本集團於聯營公司投資的可收 回金額之公允價值計量分類為公允價值 層級中的第3級。相關行業可資比較公 司之平均市盈率倍數為34.55倍(二零二 零年:36.97倍),而因缺乏市場流通性 而適用的折現率為20%(二零二零年: 20%),其乃根據亞式期權定價模型估 計。基於減值評估的結果,管理層推斷 出,截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度 確認減值虧損撥備人民幣210,373,000 元(二零二零年:零)。

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12. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

There are no commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interests in the associate, and no contingent liabilities of the associate itself.

Set out below are the summarised financial information for Jilin Jintian, which is accounted for using equity methods.

Summarised balance sheet

12. 聯營公司投資(續)

並無有關本集團於聯營公司權益之承擔 及或然負債,且並無聯營公司本身之或 然負債。

下文載列吉林金天財務資料概要,並使用權益法入賬。

資產負債表概要

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current	即期		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	81,083	38,554
Other current assets	其他流動資產	30,641	52,961
Total current assets	流動資產總額	111,724	91,515
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	73,399	76,962
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	73,399	76,962
Non-current	非即期		
Intangible assets	無形資產	121,713	135,402
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	34,628	40,452
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	156,341	175,854
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	14,863	17,938
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	14,863	17,938
Net assets	資產淨值	179,803	172,469

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12. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Summarised statement of comprehensive income

12. 聯營公司投資(續)

綜合收益表概要

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	63,474	112,485
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(34,437)	(61,185)
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷開支	(17,478)	(16,405)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(760)	(1,202)
Financial expenses – net	財務費用淨額	212	(87)
Other income	其他收入	6	212
Profit before income tax	除所得税前利潤	11,017	33,818
Income tax expenses	所得税開支 ————————————————————————————————————	(3,683)	(9,202)
Profit and total comprehensive incomprehensive	me 利潤及綜合收益總額	7,334	24,616

The information above reflects the amounts presented in financial statements of the associate (and not the Group's share of those amounts). The associate has adopted accounting policies which are consistent with the Group's significant accounting policies. No dividends were received from the associate during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

上述資料反映聯營公司財務報表所呈列之金額(但本集團並未分佔該等金額)。 聯營公司已採納與本集團重大會計政策 一致之會計政策。截至二零二一年及二 零二零年六月三十日止年度,並沒有從 聯營公司收取股息。

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12. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Reconciliation of summarised financial information

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:

12. 聯營公司投資(續)

財務資料概要之對賬

所呈列財務資料概要與其於聯營公司權 益之賬面值的對賬:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net assets at beginning of	於報告期初之資產淨值		
the reporting period	N ₩ 日初	172,469	147,853
Profit for the year	年度利潤	7,334	24,616
Net assets at end of	於報告期末之資產淨值		
the reporting period		179,803	172,469
		70.740	75 507
Share of net assets of the associate	分佔聯營公司資產淨值	78,718	75,507
Goodwill	商譽 ————————————————————————————————————	32,421	242,794
Carrying value	賬面值	111,139	318,301

13. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS DESIGNATED AS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE

13. 指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合 收益的權益工具

INCOME	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted equity instruments, at fair value 非上市權益工具,按公允價值	9,265	15,474

The balance represents 11% equity interests in Wing Ming International Group Holding Limited ("Wing Ming") held by the Group. The principal activity of Wing Ming is investment holding and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in manufacture and sales of Chinese medicines and supplements in Hong Kong.

該結餘為本集團所持永明國際集團控股有限公司(「**永明**」)的11%股權。永明的主要活動為投資控股,且其附屬公司主要在香港從事製造及銷售中藥及補充劑。

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13. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS DESIGNATED AS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (continued)

No equity instruments designated as at FVOCI was disposed of during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020 and no transfers of any cumulative gain or loss arising from equity instruments designated FVOCI within equity during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

The fair values of the unlisted equity investments were valued by an independent and qualified professional valuer at the end of the reporting period and a decrease in fair value of RMB5,066,000 (2020: RMB8,579,000) was recognised in fair value reserve (non-recycling) for the year ended 30 June 2021. The valuation techniques and significant inputs used in the measurement of the fair values of the unlisted equity investments are set out in Note 3.3 to the consolidated financial statements.

The carrying amount is denominated in the following currency:

13. 指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合 收益的權益工具(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日止年度,概無出售指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具,而截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日止年度,概無於權益中轉撥指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具產生之任何累計收益或虧損。

非上市權益投資之公允價值於報告期末 由獨立及合資格的專業估值師估值,截 至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,公允 價值減少人民幣5,066,000元(二零二零 年:人民幣8,579,000元)已於公允價值 儲備(不可轉撥)確認。用於計量非上市 權益投資公允價值的估值技術及重大輸 入數據載列於合併財務報表附註3.3。

賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
HKD 港元	9,265	15,474

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14. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

Wild ginsengs At fair value

14. 生物資產

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
77.1 H.T.6		
野生林下參	07.750	07.440
按公允價值	97,752	97,662

On 21 June 2017, the Group acquired a forest land use right and the wild ginsengs planted in this forest land from an independent third party (the "Acquisition"). The forest land is located in Tonghua City, Jilin Province in the PRC. Upon completion of the Acquisition, the forest land use right and wild ginsengs are accounted for as land use right and biological assets respectively.

The wild ginsengs are measured at fair value less costs to sell. As at 30 June 2021, the fair value of wild ginsengs is RMB97,752,000 (2020: RMB97,662,000). During the year ended 30 June 2021, the change in fair value of RMB90,000 (2020: RMB4,041,000) is credited to profit or loss. Except for the changes in fair value less costs to sell, there are no other changes during the periods ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

The fair values of the wild ginsengs as at 30 June 2021 and 2020 are estimated based on the valuation reports as of respective dates issued by an independent and qualified professional valuer using the statistical sampling method and also taking into considerations of factors related to the wild ginsengs as advised by ginsengs experts who are employed by the valuer.

In determining the fair value of the wild ginsengs, significant estimates and judgements in relation to quantities, grading and market prices based on grading are involved in the process.

於二零一七年六月二十一日,本集團自一位獨立第三方收購林地使用權及在該林地種植的野生林下參(「**收購事項**」)。 該林地位於中國吉林省通化市。收購事項完成後,林地使用權及野生林下參分別作為土地使用權及生物資產入賬。

野生林下參乃按公允價值減銷售成本計量。於二零二一年六月三十日,野生林下參公允價值為人民幣97,752,000元(二零二零年:人民幣97,662,000元)。截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,公允價值變動人民幣90,000元(二零二零年:人民幣4,041,000元)計入損益。除公允價值減銷售成本之變動外,截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日止期間,概無其他變動。

野生林下參於二零二一年及二零二零年 六月三十日的公允價值乃根據獨立及合 資格的專業估值師截至各日期出具之估 值報告使用統計抽樣法,並考慮估值師 委聘的林下參專家所告知有關野生林下 參的因素進行估計。

於釐定野生林下參的公允價值時,過程 涉及有關數量、品級及基於品級的市場 價格的重大估計及判斷。

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14. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (continued)

Valuation process

The Group engages a team of external experts, including independent and qualified professional valuers and ginsengs experts, to perform valuations of the Group's biological assets for financial reporting purposes by using level 3 inputs. The external experts report directly to the General Manager of Finance ("GMF"). Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the GMF and external experts once every six months in line with the Group's half-yearly reporting requirements.

The main level 3 inputs used by the Group are derived and evaluated as follows:

- The quantities of the wild ginsengs are determined based on the statistical sampling method and also taking into considerations of other factors related to the wild ginsengs as evaluated by the ginsengs experts. As at 30 June 2021, the Group has an estimation of approximately 187,000 (2020: 186,000) wild ginsengs in accordance with the valuation report issued by the valuer using statistic techniques with an acceptable deviation estimated by the Group.
- The wild ginsengs are graded according to quality of growth and there can be a considerable wide spectrum of grades that may affect the prices achieved. According to the valuation report as at 30 June 2021 and 2020, the grading of the wild ginsengs is determined based on the laboratory test results on the samples selected by a certified institution in accordance with the standards issued by China Ginsengs Products Standardization Technical Committee.
- As at 30 June 2021 and 2020, the prices of the wild ginsengs for various grades are quoted by reference to the quotations obtained from certain trading companies or pharmaceutical companies that purchase wild ginsengs in their normal business.

14. 生物資產(續)

估值流程

本集團委聘一支外部專家團隊(包括獨立及合資格的專業估值師及林下參專家),透過使用第3級輸入數據對本集團的生物資產進行估值,作財務申報用途。外部專家直接向財務總經理(「財務總經理」)報告。為符合本集團半年度報告的要求,財務總經理及外部專家每六個月召開一次會議,討論估值流程和相關結果。

本集團所用的主要第3級輸入數據乃按 以下各項得出及進行評估:

- 野生林下參的數量乃根據統計抽樣 法並考慮林下參專家所評估有關野 生林下參的其他因素釐定。於二零 二一年六月三十日,本集團根據估 值師出具之估值報告使用具有本集 團估計的可接受偏離的統計技術估 計擁有約187,000棵(二零二零年: 186,000棵)野生林下參。
- 野生林下參乃根據生長質量進行分級,而品級的較大差異可能會影響價格。根據於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日的估值報告,野生林下參的品級乃基於經認證機構根據全國參茸產品標準化技術委員會頒佈的標準選定的樣品實驗室檢測結果釐定。
- 於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日,各類品級的野生林下參的價格乃參考自若干於正常業務中購買野生林下參的貿易公司或製藥公司取得的報價進行報價。

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14. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (continued)

Valuation process (continued)

Changes in level 3 fair values are analysed at the end of each reporting period during the valuation discussion between the GMF and external experts. As part of this discussion the external experts present a report that explains the reason for the fair value movements.

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

14. 生物資產(續)

估值流程(續)

第3級公允價值變動乃於各報告期末由 財務總經理及外部專家於估值討論期間 進行分析。作為本次討論的一部分,外 部專家提呈一份報告闡明公允價值變動 的原因。

使用重大不可觀察輸入數據的公允價值 計量相關資料(第3級):

Description 描述	Fair value as at Jun 2021 RMB'000 於二零二一年六月之公允價值 人民幣千元	***************************************	Range of inputs (probability weighted average) As at 30 Jun 2021 輸入數據範圍(概率加權平均) 於二零二一年六月三十日	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公允價值之關係
Ginsengs	97,752 (2020: 97,662)	Selling prices at various grades	RMB500 – RMB600 per unit of wild ginsengs (2020: RMB500 – RMB630 per unit of wild ginsengs)	The higher the grade, the higher the selling price and the fair value
林下參	97,752 (二零二零年:97,662)	不同品級的售價	每單位野生林下參人民幣500元至人民幣600元(二零二零年:每單位野生林下參人民幣500元至人民幣630元)	品級越高,售價及公允價值越高
		Quantity	187,000 wild ginsengs (2020: 186,000 wild ginsengs)	The greater the quantity of wild ginsengs, the higher the fair value
		數量	187,000棵野生林下參(二零二零年: 186,000棵野生林下參)	野生林下參數量越多,公允價值越高

Risk management strategy related to biological assets

The Group is exposed to a number of risks related to its wild ginsengs:

(a) Regulatory and environmental risks The Group is subject to laws and regulations in the PRC where it operates. The Group has established environmental policies and procedures aimed at compliance with local environmental and other laws.

(b) Climate and other risks

The Group's wild ginsengs are exposed to the risk of damage from climatic changes, diseases, forest fires and other natural forces. The Group has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including regular forest health inspections and industry pest and disease surveys.

與生物資產有關的風險管理策略

本集團面臨多種與野生林下參有關的風 險:

(a) 監管及環境風險

本集團須遵守其經營所在的中國法 律及法規。本集團已制定環境政策 及程序,以遵守當地環境及其他法 律。

(b) 氣候及其他風險

本集團的野生林下參面臨受氣候變化、病害、森林火災及其他自然力量破壞的風險。本集團已制定大量措施旨在監控及減輕該等風險,包括定期進行林地健康檢查以及行業病蟲害調查。

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15. DEFERRED INCOME TAX

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

15. 遞延所得税

遞延所得税資產及遞延所得税負債分析 如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Deferred income tax assets:	遞延所得税資產:		
– Deferred income tax assets to be	一於12個月內收回的遞延		
recovered within 12 months	所得税資產	-	5,203

The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

年內遞延所得稅資產及負債的變動如下(未計及抵銷同一稅務司法權區的結 餘):

Deferred income tax assets 遞延所得税資產		Accrual for employee payroll 應計僱員薪金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Deferred advertising expenses 遞延廣告開支 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Provision 撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Tax Loss 税務虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
A 4 . L	→	/ 400	FF0	240	F7.4	7.500
As at 1 July 2019	於二零一九年七月一日	6,120	550	349	574	7,593
Charged to profit or loss	自損益扣除	(1,467)	-	(349)	(574)	(2,390)
As at 30 June 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日	4,653	550	-	-	5,203
As at 1 July 2020	於二零二零年七月一日	4,653	550	_	_	5,203
•		· ·	/EE0\			,
Charged to profit or loss	自損益扣除	(4,653)	(550)	_		(5,203)
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日	-	-	-	-	-

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15. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

Deferred income tax liabilities

遞延所得税負債

15. 遞延所得税(續)

Deferred income tax liabilities arising from business combination

業務合併產生的遞延所得稅負債

RMB'000

人民幣千元

As at 1 July 2019	於二零一九年七月一日	(1,179)
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	1,179
As at 30 June 2020, 1 July 2020 and	於二零二零年六月三十日、二零二零年	
30 June 2021	七月一日及 二零二一年六月三十日	-

Unrecognised deferred tax assets arising from

未確認遞延税項資產來自

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deductible temporary differences Tax losses	可扣減暫時差額 税項虧損	473,321 1,606,964	175,814 1,260,540
		2,080,285	1,436,354

At 30 June 2021, the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of unused tax losses of RMB1,606,964,000 (2020: RMB1,260,540,000) and deductible temporary differences of RMB473,321,000 (2020: RMB175,814,000) mainly relating to depreciation allowance and impairment loss on Non-current Assets and impairment loss on investment in an associate and available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax assets have been recognised in relation to such deductible differences and tax losses as it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses and deductible temporary difference can be utilised. The expiry years of tax losses for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團並未就主要與非流動資產折舊撥備及減值虧損以及聯營公司投資減值虧損有關並可供抵銷未來利潤的未動用税項虧損人民幣1,606,964,000元(二零二零年時年1,260,540,000元)及可扣減暫年年額人民幣175,814,000元)確認遞延税項產。由於應課稅利潤用作抵銷未動用作大,故並無就該等可扣減暫時差額及可指性不大,故並無就該等可扣減差額及稅項資產。於報告期末在確認遞延稅項資產之稅項虧損屆滿年期如下:

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15. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

Unrecognised deferred tax assets arising from (continued)

15. 遞延所得税(續)

未確認遞延税項資產來自(續)

	3 (commonly	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Tax losses without expiry date Tax losses expiring in year 2020	無到期日之税項虧損 於二零二零年到期之税項虧損	114,920	127,327 5,800
Tax losses expiring in year 2021	於二零二一年到期之税項虧損	10,550	10,550
Tax losses expiring in year 2022 Tax losses expiring in year 2023	於二零二二年到期之税項虧損 於二零二三年到期之税項虧損	361,984 276,872	362,645 278,155
Tax losses expiring in year 2024 Tax losses expiring in year 2025	於二零二四年到期之税項虧損 於二零二五年到期之税項虧損	473,857 368,781	476,063 -
		1,606,964	1,260,540

Dividends derived from the Company's subsidiaries in the mainland China earned after 1 January 2008 are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 5%. For each reporting period, the Group reassessed its needs to make distributions out of its subsidiaries in the mainland China. As at 30 June 2021, no provision for withholding tax has been made (2020: Nil), as unremitted earnings of those subsidiaries in mainland China are not expected to be distributed in the foreseeable future. As at 30 June 2021, unremitted earnings amounted to RMB303,038,000 (2020: RMB637,638,000).

於二零零八年一月一日後賺取之股息來源於本公司於中國內地附屬公司,並須繳付5%的預扣稅。於各報告期間,本集團重估其自中國內地附屬公司作出分派的需求。於二零二一年六月三十日,由於預期該等中國內地附屬公司的未匯出盈利於可預見將來不會分派,故並無就預扣稅作出任何撥備(二零二零年:無)。於二零二一年六月三十日,未匯出盈利為人民幣303,038,000元(二零二零年:人民幣637,638,000元)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

FINANCIAL INSTRUM	MENTS BY CATEGORY	16. 金融		
			Financial assets measured at	
		Designated FVOCI	amortised cost	
		指定為按公允價值 計入其他綜合收益	按攤銷成本計量的 金融資產	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RN
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民
Financial assets	金融資產			
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日			
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	_	91,814	(
Unlisted equity instruments	非上市權益工具	9,265	_	
Restricted cash	受限制現金	-	34,724	;
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	-	33,091	;
		9,265	159,629	10
As at 30 June 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日			
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	-	119,643	1
Unlisted equity instruments	非上市權益工具	15,474	_	
Restricted cash	受限制現金	-	45,229	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		131,317	1
		15,474	296,189	3
				At amortise 按攤銷成 RN 人民
Financial liabilities	金融負債			
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債			•
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項			32
				32
As at 30 June 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債			4
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項			1

197,714

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17. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

17. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables – Due from third parties	貿易應收款項 一應收第三方款項	85,794	110,963
– Due from related parties	一應收關聯方款項	-	49
		85,794	111,012
Prepayments	預付款項		
 Prepayments to third parties 	預付第三方之款項	39,650	56,074
– Tax input credits – value added tax	一進項税額一增值税	6,013	3,557
		45,663	59,631
Other receivables	其他應收款項		
– Deposits	一按金	896	2,666
– Consideration receivable	一應收代價	_	913
– Others	一其他	5,124	5,052
		6,020	8,631
Total	總計	137,477	179,274

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risks of trade and other receivables is included in Note 3.1(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

有關本集團貿易及其他應收款項所承受的信貸風險的資料載於合併財務報表附註3.1(b)。

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17. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(a) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

17. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

(a) 本集團的貿易及其他應收款項賬面 值以下列貨幣計值:

310,858

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
<u> </u>		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	136,886	177,616
HKD	港元	591	1,658
		137,477	179,274
18. INVENTORIES		18. 存貨	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元

For the year ended 30 June 2021, the cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounting to RMB1,026,006,000 (2020: RMB1,318,486,000) (Note 26).

製成品

Finished goods

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,確 認為開支並計入銷售成本的存貨成本為 人民幣1,026,006,000元(二零二零年: 人民幣1,318,486,000元)(附註26)。

273,916

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19. RESTRICTED CASH

19. 受限制現金

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Restricted cash	受限制現金	34,724	45,229

The balance of the restricted cash was pledged to secure notes payable. As at 30 June 2021, the amount of trade finance facilities utilised by the Group for issuance of notes payables to its suppliers amounting to RMB34,724,000 (2020: RMB45,229,000) (Note 24(b)).

All of the restricted cash was denominated in RMB.

Interest rates on restricted cash, with maturities within one year, ranging from 1.82% to 2.05% per annum as at 30 June 2021 (2020: 1.82% to 3.65% per annum).

受限制現金的結餘質押作應付票據的擔保。於二零二一年六月三十日,本集團向其供應商發行應付票據動用的貿易融資貸款金額為人民幣34,724,000元(二零二零年:人民幣45,229,000元)(附註24(b))。

所有受限制現金均以人民幣計值。

於二零二一年六月三十日,一年內到 期受限制現金的年利率介乎1.82%至 2.05%(二零二零年:年利率介乎1.82% 至3.65%)。

20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

20 現金及現金等價物

Total	總計		33,091	131,317
Bank balances	銀行結餘		32,508	129,241
Cash on hand	庫存現金		583	2,076
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			RMB'000	RMB'000
			二零二一年	二零二零年
			2021	2020
20.		0. 为业人为业可良物		

Bank balances earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

銀行結餘按每日銀行存款利率的浮動利率計息。

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20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

As at 30 June 2021 and 2020, the cash and bank balances were denominated in the following currencies respectively:

20. 現金及現金等價物(續)

於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十 日,現金及銀行結餘分別以下列貨幣計 值:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	32,866	126,357
HKD	港元	181	3,835
USD	美元	44	1,125
Total	總計	33,091	131,317

21. SHARE CAPITAL

21. 股本

Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目 普通股面值 USD 美元

Ordinary shares of USD0.01 each as at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日每股面值 0.01美元的普通股	1,000,000,000	10,000,000
Share Consolidation	股份合併	(9,000,000,000)	-
Authorised: Ordinary shares of USD0.001 each as at 30 June 2020	法定: 於二零二零年六月三十日每股面值 0.001美元的普通股	10,000,000,000	10,000,000

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21. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Issued and fully paid:

21. 股本(續)

已發行及繳足:

As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日	386,313,445	3,863,135	24,833	1,817,387
Share consolidation	股份合併	(3,476,821,006)	_	_	-
As at 30 June 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日	3,863,134,451	3,863,135	24,833	1,817,387
Shares issued under share option scheme	根據購股權計劃發行的股份	275,300,000	275,300	1,891	26,012
As at 1 July 2019	於二零一九年七月一日	3,587,834,451	3,587,835	22,942	1,791,375
A 4 . L . 2040	 	2 507 024 454	2 507 025	22.042	4 704 275
			美元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			USD	RMB'000	RMB'000
		普通股數目	普通股面值	普通股等值面值	股份溢價
		of ordinary shares	ordinary shares	ordinary shares	Share premium
		Number	Nominal value of	nominal value	
				Equivalent	

On 30 September 2020, the Board proposed that every 10 issued and unissued existing shares of USD0.001 each in the share capital of the Company be consolidated into one consolidated share ("Consolidated Share") of USD0.01 each in the share capital of the Company (the "Share Consolidation").

Upon the Share Consolidation becoming effective by shareholders' resolution passed at an annual general meeting on 10 December 2020, the authorised share capital of the Company became USD10,000,000 divided into 1,000,000,000 Consolidated Shares of par value of USD0.01 each, and the number of shares in issue became 386,313,445 thereafter.

於二零二零年九月三十日,董事會建議 將本公司股本中每10股每股面值0.001 美元的已發行及未發行現有股份合併為 本公司股本中一股每股面值0.01美元的 合併股份(「合併股份」)(「股份合併」)。

待股份合併於二零二零年十二月十日透過於股東週年大會上通過的股東決議案生效後,本公司之法定股本為10,000,000美元,分為1,000,000,000股每股面值0.01美元的合併股份,此後已發行股份數目為386,313,445股。

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22. RESERVES

(a) Share premium

Share premium represents the excess of the net proceeds from issuance of the Company's shares over its nominal value. Under the law of the Cayman Islands and the Company's Articles of Association, it is distributable to the Company's shareholders provided that the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business after the distribution.

(b) Capital reserves

Capital reserves includes reserve arising from (i) deemed capital contribution from (distribution to) the then controlling shareholder pursuant to the Group's reorganisation for listing and (ii) transactions with non-controlling shareholders in connection with changes in the Group's ownership interest in subsidiaries which do not result in loss of control.

(c) Statutory reserves

Under the relevant PRC laws and regulations, PRC companies are required to appropriate 10% of their respective net profits to statutory reserve until such reserve reached 50% of the companies' registered capital. The statutory reserve can be utilised, upon approval by the relevant authorities, to offset accumulated losses or to increase registered capital of the companies, providing that such reserve is maintained at a minimum of 25% of the companies' registered capital.

As at 30 June 2021 and 2020, all profitable companies have already had their statutory reserve reached 50% of their respective registered capital. According to the relevant PRC laws and regulations, there is no statutory requirement for these companies to further appropriate their net profits to statutory reserve.

(d) Fair value reserve (non-recycling)

The reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of Designated FVOCI at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies adopted.

22. 儲備

(a) 股份溢價

股份溢價指本公司發行股份的所得 款項淨額超出其面值部分。根據開 曼群島法律及本公司組織章程細 則,倘本公司可於分派後償付其於 一般業務過程中到期之債務,則可 分派予本公司股東。

(b) 資本儲備

資本儲備包括(i)根據本集團上市重組視作當時控股股東作出之供款(分派)及(ii)就本集團於附屬公司之所有權權益之變動(該變動不會導致失去控制權)與非控股股東之交易產生的儲備。

(c) 法定儲備

根據有關中國法律及規例,中國公司須將彼等各自純利之10%撥至法定儲備直至該儲備達致該公司註冊資本之50%。法定儲備經有關當局批准後可用於抵銷累計虧損或增加公司之註冊資本,惟該儲備最低須維持於該公司註冊資本之25%水平。

於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日,全部可盈利公司之法定儲備已達至彼等各自註冊資本的50%。根據有關中國法律及規例,概無法定規定要求該等公司將彼等之純利進一步撥至法定儲備。

(d) 公允價值儲備(不可轉撥)

該儲備包括於報告期末指定為按公 允價值計入其他綜合收益的公允價 值累計變動淨額,並根據所採納的 會計政策處理。

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22. RESERVES (continued)

(e) Share-based compensation reserves

Share-based compensation reserves mainly comprise the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments.

(f) Other reserves

Other reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(a) Share Option Scheme

The Company's share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was approved for adoption on 18 November 2013 and as amended on 20 December 2018 for the purpose to attract skilled and experienced personnel, to incentivize them to remain with the Group and to motivate them to contribute for the future development and expansion of the Group by providing them with the opportunity to acquire equity interests in the Company, as well as for such other purposes as the Board of Directors may approve from time to time. The Share Option Scheme remains in force for a period of 10 years until 17 November 2023.

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Board of Directors may, at their absolute discretion, grant or invite any person belonging to any of the following classes to take up options to subscribe for shares: the Directors (including executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors), the directors of subsidiaries of the Group, the employees, advisers and consultants of the Group, providers of goods and/or services to the Group and persons who have contributed or will contribute to the Group.

22. 儲備(續)

(e) 股份薪酬儲備

股份薪酬儲備主要包括授予本集團 僱員之未行使購股權之實際或估計 數目之公允價值,其按照就股份支 付費用而採納之會計政策確認。

(f) 其他儲備

其他儲備包括海外業務財務報表換 算產生的所有外匯差額。

23. 股份支付費用

(a) 購股權計劃

本公司購股權計劃(「購股權計 劃」)於二零一三年十一月十八日 獲准採納,並於二零一八年十二月 二十日經修訂,旨在通過提供獲取 本公司股本權益的機會吸引有技能 和經驗的人員,激勵他們留任本集 團,鼓勵他們為本集團的未來發展 及擴展作出貢獻,以及就董事會可 能不時批准之其他目的。購股權計 劃有效期直至二零二三年十一月十 七日,為期十年。

在購股權計劃的條款規限下,董事會可按其全權酌情授出或邀請以下任何類別人士接納購股權以認購股份:董事(包括執行董事及獨立非執行董事)、本集團附屬公司的董事、本集團的僱員、顧問及諮詢人、本集團之貨品及/或服務供應商及對本集團作出或將作出貢獻之人士。

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23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

(a) Share Option Scheme (continued)

In 2018 annual general meeting (the "2018 AGM"), the resolution for refreshment of Share Option Scheme mandate limit ("2018 Scheme Mandate Limit") was passed. The maximum number of shares that can be allotted and issued upon the exercise of share options which may be granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme under the 2018 Scheme Mandate Limit is 304,053,767, being 10% of the total number of issued shares as at the date of the 2018 AGM.

As at 30 June 2020, a total of 300,000,000 share options had already been granted under the 2018 Scheme Mandate Limit. Unless the 2018 Scheme Mandate Limit is refreshed, the Company may only grant share options to subscribe for up to 4,053,767 shares, representing approximately 0.105% of the number of shares in issue of the Company, pursuant to the Share Option Scheme.

In 2020 annual general meeting (the "2020 AGM"), the resolutions for refreshment of Share Option Scheme mandate limit ("2020 Scheme Mandate Limit") and the Share Consolidation (Note 21) were passed. The refreshed maximum number of shares that can be allotted and issued upon the exercise of share options which may be granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme under the 2020 Scheme Mandate Limit is 38,631,344, being 10% of the total number of issued shares after the Share Consolidation as at the date of the 2020 AGM. Together with the total of 22,470,000 outstanding share options granted in September 2017 and in March 2019, the Company will be allowed to allot and issue a maximum of 61,101,344 Shares (representing approximately 15.82% of the issued shares as at 30 June 2021).

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(a) 購股權計劃(續)

於二零一八年股東週年大會(「二零一八年股東週年大會」),更新購股權計劃授權限額(「二零一八年計劃授權限額」)的決議案獲得通過。本公司根據購股權計劃可授出的購股權獲行使後,可予配發及發行的股份數目上限於二零一八年計劃授權限額項下為304,053,767股,即於二零一八年股東週年大會日期已發行股份總數的10%。

於二零二零年六月三十日,合共300,000,000份購股權已根據二零一八年計劃授權限額獲授出。根據購股權計劃,本公司僅可授出最多認購4,053,767股股份的購股權,佔本公司已發行股份數目的約0.105%,惟二零一八年計劃授權限額更新除外。

於二零二零年股東週年大會(「二 零二零年股東週年大會」),更新 購股權計劃授權限額(「二零二零 年計劃授權限額」)及股份合併(附 註21)的決議案獲得通過。本公司 根據購股權計劃可授出的購股權獲 行使後,可予配發及發行的股份數 目經更新上限於二零二零年計劃授 權限額項下為38,631,344股,即於 二零二零年股東週年大會日期股份 合併後已發行股份總數的10%。連 同於二零一七年九月及二零一九年 三月授出合共22,470,000份尚未行 使的購股權,本公司將獲允許配發 及發行最多61,101,344股股份(佔 於二零二一年六月三十日已發行股 份的約15.82%)。

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Grant date

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23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

(a) Share Option Scheme (continued)

Besides, the resolutions for approving the shortening and extension of exercise period for the share options granted on 4 March 2019 and 12 September 2017 respectively were also passed in the 2020 AGM.

As at 30 June 2021, unless the 2020 Scheme Mandate Limit is refreshed, the Company may only grant share options to subscribe for up to 38,631,344 shares, representing approximately 10% of the number of shares in issue of the Company, pursuant to the Share Option Scheme.

Details of share options granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme and the share option outstanding as at 30 June 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(a) 購股權計劃(續)

此外,批准縮短及延長分別於二零一九年三月四日及二零一七年九月十二日授出的購股權行使期的決議 案亦於二零二零年股東週年大會獲 通過。

於二零二一年六月三十日,根據購股權計劃,本公司僅可授出最多認購38,631,344股股份的購股權,佔本公司已發行股份數目的約10%,惟二零二零年計劃授權限額更新除外。

本公司根據購股權計劃授出的購股權及於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日尚未行使的購股權詳情如下:

Number of share options

		購股權數目			
Number of share options granted	Outstanding at 1 July 2020	Adjustment for share consolidation	Outstanding at 30 June 2021	Exercise price	Exercisable period
已授出購股權數目	於二零二零年 七月一日尚未行使	股份合併之調整	於二零二一年六月 三十日尚未行使	行使價	行使期間

授出日期	已授出購股權數目	七月二日商末存使	股份合併之調整	***三泽百尚未行使	行使價 HKD 港元	行使期間
12 September 2017 二零一七年九月十二日	200,000,000	200,000,000	(180,000,000)	20,000,000	1.648*	12 October 2017 to 11 September 2027 二零一七年十月十一日至 二零二七年九月十一日
4 March 2019 二零一九年三月四日	300,000,000	24,700,000	(22,230,000)	2,470,000	0.740*	4 April 2021 to 3 March 2029 二零二一年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日
	500,000,000	224,700,000	(202,230,000)	22,470,000		

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23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(a) Share Option Scheme (continued)

(a) 購股權計劃(續)

Number of share options **購股權數**月

WAY IF WH			
	Outstanding		
Exercise	d at 30 June 2020	Exercise price	Exercisable

Number of share Outstanding Grant date at 1 July 2019 options granted period 於二零一九年 於二零二零年六月 授出日期 已授出購股權數目 七月一日尚未行使 已行使 三十日尚未行使 行使價 行使期間 HKD 港元 12 September 2017 200,000,000 200,000,000 200,000,000 0.1648 12 October 2017 to 11 October 2020 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零一七年九月十二日 二零二零年十月十一日 4 March 2019 300.000.000 300,000,000 (275,300,000) 24.700.000 0.0740 4 April 2021 to 3 April 2029 二零一九年三月四日 二零二一年四月四日至 二零二九年四月三日 500,000,000 500,000,000 (275,300,000) 224,700,000

The weighted average exercise price of the share options was adjusted following the share consolidation on 10 December 2020 (Note 21)

於二零二零年十二月十日股份合併(附註 21)後,購股權加權平均行使價已經調整

As at 30 June 2021, the total number of shares in respect of which options had been granted to its employees and directors was 50,000,000 (2020: 500,000,000), representing 12.94% (2020:12.94%) of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of the 2020 AGM.

於二零二一年六月三十日,已授予 其僱員及董事之購股權所涉及股 份總數為50,000,000股(二零二零 年:500,000,000股),相當於本公 司於二零二零年股東週年大會日 期已發行股份的12.94%(二零二零 年:12.94%)。

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23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

(a) Share Option Scheme (continued)

The following table discloses details of the Company's share options under the Share Option Scheme:

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(a) 購股權計劃(續)

下表披露本公司購股權計劃項下購 股權詳情:

		2021		2020	
		二零二	二零二一年		零年
		Average exercise price per share	Number of options outstanding	Average exercise price per share	Number of options outstanding
		每股平均行使價	尚未行使 購股權數目	每股平均行使價	尚未行使 購股權數目
		HKD		HKD	
		港元		港元	<u> </u>
At the beginning of year	於年初	0.1548	224,700,000	0.1103	500,000,000
Share consolidation	股份合併	N/A不適用	(202,230,000)	0.1100	_
Exercised	已行使	14/ A 1 / Ass / 13	(202,230,000)	0.0740	(275,300,000)
At the end of year	於年末	1.548	22,470,000	0.1548	224,700,000

The weighted average share price at the dates of exercise of share options exercised during the year was Nil (2020: HK\$0.15). All options are vested as at 30 June 2021 and 2020.

The options outstanding at 30 June 2021 had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 6.37 years (2020: 1.21 years). At the end of the reporting period, the number of exercisable options was 22,470,000 (2020: 224,700,000) with a weighted average exercise price of HK\$1.548 (2020: HK\$0.1548).

於本年度,於行使購股權日期的加權平均股價為零(二零二零年:0.15港元)。於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日,所有購股權已歸屬。

於二零二一年六月三十日,尚未行使之購股權剩餘加權平均合約年期為6.37年(二零二零年:1.21年)。於報告期末,可行使購股權數目為22,470,000份(二零二零年:224,700,000份),加權平均行使價為1.548港元(二零二零年:0.1548港元)。

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23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

(b) Share Award Plan

The Company adopted the share award plan (the "Share Award Plan") on 23 April 2014. The purposes of the Share Award Plan are to recognise the contributions by eligible persons to the Group and to provide them with incentives in order to retain them for continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group. The Share Award Plan, unless early terminated, will remain in force for 10 years until 22 April 2024.

Under the plan, the Company has appointed a trust in Hong Kong for administration of the Share Award Plan. The principal activity of the trust is administrating and holding the Company's shares for the Share Award Plan for the benefit of the Company's eligible persons. Pursuant to the Share Award Plan, the Company's shares will be purchased by the trust in the market out of cash contributed by the Company and held in the trust for the Company until such shares are awarded and vested in the relevant beneficiary in accordance with the provisions of the Share Award Plan.

As the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the trust and can derive benefits from the contributions of the employees who have been awarded the shares of the Company through their continued employment with the Group, the Group controls and thus consolidates the trust.

During the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020, no shares were awarded under the Share Award Plan. As at 30 June 2021 and 2020, no shares were held by the trust for the purpose of the Share Award Plan.

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(b) 股份獎勵計劃

本公司於二零一四年四月二十三日 採納股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」)。股份獎勵計劃旨在表揚合 資格人士對本集團作出的貢獻並結 予獎勵,以挽留彼等繼續為本集團 的持續營運及發展而效力,並吸引 合適人員加入以推動本集團進一步 發展。除非提前終止,否則股份與 勵計劃將於截至二零二四年四月二 十二日止十年內一直生效。

根據計劃,本公司已委任一家香港信託管理股份獎勵計劃。該信託的主要業務是為本公司合資格人士的利益就股份獎勵計劃管理及持有本公司股份。根據股份獎勵計劃,該信託將以本公司股份,並為本公司股份,並為本公司股份,並為本公司股份,並為本公司股份,並為本公與人方,直至根據股份獎予並歸屬計劃的條文將該等股份授予並歸屬於相關受益人。

由於本公司有權監管該信託的財務 及經營政策,並可透過繼續受聘於 本集團而獲授本公司股份的僱員的 貢獻中受益,故本集團控制該信託 並將其綜合入賬。

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年六 月三十日止年度,並無根據股份獎 勵計劃授出任何股份。於二零二一 年及二零二零年六月三十日,該信 託概無根據股份獎勵計劃持有任何 股份。

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Year ended 30 June 2021

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24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

24. 貿易及其他應付款項

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade payables (a)	貿易應付款項 (a)		
– Due to third parties	一應付第三方款項	269,666	115,080
Notes payable (b)	應付票據 (b)	34,724	45,229
Other payables (c)	其他應付款項 (c)	73,604	75,298
		108,328	120,527
Total	<u>绘</u> 言十	377,994	235,607

- (a) Details of ageing analysis based on recognition date of trade payables are as follows:
- (a) 基於貿易應付款項確認日期的賬齡 分析詳情如下:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Up to 3 months 4 to 6 months 7 to 12 months 1 year to 2 years Over 2 years	3個月以內 4至6個月 7至12個月 1年至2年 超過2年	231,277 30,771 6,550 558 510	112,976 - - - - 2,104
		269,666	115,080

- (b) As at 30 June 2021, the entire balance of notes payable was secured by restricted cash of RMB34,724,000 (2020: RMB45,229,000) (Note 19). As at 30 June 2021 and 2020, the notes payable is expected to be settled within one year.
- (b) 於二零二一年六月三十日,應付票據的全部結餘以受限制現金人民幣34,724,000元(二零二零年:人民幣45,229,000元)作抵押(附註19)。於二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日,應付票據預期於一年內結算。

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24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

24. 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

(c) Details of other payables are as follows:

(c) 其他應付款項詳情如下:

		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and welfare payable	應付薪金及福利	50,838	51,391
Construction payable	應付工程款項	16,013	18,041
Sales commissions and	銷售佣金及營銷開支		
marketing expenses		779	1,230
Other taxes	其他税項	3,058	643
Others	其他	2,916	3,993
Total	總計	73,604	75,298

- (d) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:
- (d) 本集團的貿易及其他應付款項賬面 值以下列貨幣計值:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	376,251	235,553
HKD	港元	1,743	54
		377,994	235,607

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25. OTHER LOSSES – NET	25	. 其他虧損-淨額	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loss on deregistration of subsidiaries	註銷附屬公司虧損	(1,112)	-
Loss on disposals of joint venture	出售合營公司虧損	(383)	-
Loss on disposals of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損		
plant and equipment		-	(97)
Others	其他	-	(436)
		(1,495)	(533)

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26. EXPENSES BY NATURE

26. 按性質劃分的開支

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元 ————————————————————————————————————
Costs of inventories sold (Note 18)	已售存貨成本(附註18)	1,026,006	1,318,486
Employee benefit expenses (Note 27)	僱員福利開支(附註27)	316,511	275,990
Advertising and other marketing expenses	廣告及其他營銷開支	47,378	215,406
Impairment loss on goodwill and other intangible assets (Note 9)	商譽及其他無形資產減值 虧損(附註9)	313	11,809
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment (<i>Note 7</i>)	物業、廠房及設備減值 虧損 <i>(附註7)</i>	3,972	
Impairment loss on rights-of-use assets (Note 8)	使用權資產減值虧損(附註8)	3,893	
Impairment loss on investment in an associate (Note 12)	聯營公司投資減值虧損 (附註12)	210,373	-
Lease payments on short-term leases (Note 8)	短期租賃之租賃款項 (附註8)	76,383	75,944
Lease payments on low-value assets (Note 8)	低價值資產之租賃款項 (附註8)	88	173
Transportation and related charges	運輸及相關費用	33,543	47,570
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	物業、廠房及設備折舊 <i>(附註7)</i>	97,141	28,611
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 8)	使用權資產折舊(附註8)	11,504	12,937
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 9)	無形資產攤銷(附註9)	275	2,100
Other tax expenses	其他税務開支	3,866	5,202
Office and communication expenses	辦公及通訊開支	8,011	11,256
Auditors' remuneration	核數師薪酬	2,104	2,547
Electricity and other utility fees	電費及其他公用設施費	1,950	2,894
Professional fees	專業費用	597	2,164
Travelling and meeting expenses	差旅及會議開支	901	896
Donations	捐贈	780	9,782
Other expenses	其他開支	1,585	2,291
		1,847,174	2,026,058

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27. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

27. 僱員福利開支

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries and wages	薪金及工資	246,468	211,718
Contributions to pension plans	退休金計劃供款	62,712	57,410
Other benefits	其他福利	7,331	6,862
		316,511	275,990

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the PRC government has introduced a series of relief policies on social welfare contribution.

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,中 國政府已推出一系列社會福利供款的減 免政策。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

27. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (continued)

(a) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include three (2020: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in Note 35. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2020: two) individuals during the year are as follows:

27. 僱員福利開支(續)

(a) 五名最高薪人士

年度本集團五名最高薪人士包括三名(二零二零年:三名)董事,其薪酬詳情載於附註35所列之分析。年度應付餘下兩名(二零二零年:兩名)人士的薪酬如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries and allowance	薪金及津貼	855	962
Contributions to pension plans	退休金計劃供款	22	22
		877	984

The emoluments were paid to the two (2020: two) highest paid individuals as follows:

支付予兩名(二零二零年:兩名)最高薪人士的薪酬如下:

		2021 二零二一年 Number of individuals 人數	2020 二零二零年 Number of individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	2	2

For the year ended 30 June 2021, neither the directors nor the five highest paid individuals received any emolument from the Group as an inducement to join, upon joining or leaving the Group, or as compensation for loss of office (2020: Nil). 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,概無董事或五名最高薪人士自本集團收取任何酬金作為加入本集團、加入本集團後或離開本集團的獎勵或作為離職補償(二零二零年:無)。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

28.	FINANCE INCOME AND CO	OSTS	28.	財務收入及成本	
				2021	2020
				二零二一年	二零二零年
				RMB'000	RMB'000
				人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	Finance income	財務收入			
	Exchange gains	匯兑收益		-	6,803
	Interest income	利息收入		1,253	2,783
				1,253	9,586
	Finance costs	P+ 30			
	Finance costs	財務成本		(1.0/5)	(2.047)
	Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息		(1,065)	(2,017)
	Exchange losses	匯兑虧損 # # # # #		(10,681)	- (4.04)
	Other charges	其他費用 		(122)	(181)
				(11,868)	(2,198)
	Finance (costs) income – net	財務(成本)收入-淨額		(10,615)	7,388
-				~~ /	
29.	INCOME TAX EXPENSES		29.	. 所得税開支	2000
				2021	2020
				二零二一年	二零二零年
				RMB'000	RMB'000
				<i>人民幣千元</i> ————————————————————————————————————	人民幣千元
	Current income tax	即期所得税			
		中國企業所得税			24
	PRC corporate income tax	中		_	34
	Deferred income tax (Note 15)	遞延所得税(附註15)		5,203	1,211
	Total income tax expenses	所得税開支總額		5,203	1,245

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

29. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (continued)

The difference between the actual taxation charge in profit or loss and the amounts which would result from applying the enacted tax rate to loss before income tax can be reconciled as follows:

29. 所得税開支(續)

損益內實際税項費用與就除所得税前虧 損應用法定税率所得款項的差異對賬如 下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(670,804)	(492,226)
Tax calculated at a PRC statutory	按中國法定税率25%計算的税項	// /= ===	
tax rate of 25%		(167,700)	(123,056)
Tax effects of:	以下各項的税務影響:		
– Expenses not deductible for	-不可扣税開支	2.400	/ 003
tax purpose		3,499	6,983
– Income not subject to tax	一毋須納税的收入	(340)	(1,998)
– Tax losses for which no deferred	一未確認遞延所得税資產的税項		
income tax asset was recognised	虧損	93,085	119,751
– Effect of different applicable tax	-若干附屬公司不同適用税率的		
rates for certain subsidiaries	影響	1,624	(86)
– Results of joint ventures and an	一合營公司及聯營公司的業績		
associate		(805)	(2,720)
– Unrecognised temporary difference	es 一未確認的暫時差額	70,637	1,160
– Reversal of deferred tax	- 遞延税項撥回	5,203	1,211
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	5,203	1,245

Hong Kong profits tax has not been provided as there were no assessable profits subject to Hong Kong profits tax for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020. The subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC are subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 25% (2020: 25%) on its taxable income or deemed profit method as determined in accordance with the relevant PRC income tax rules and regulations.

截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日止年度並無須繳納香港利得税之應課税利潤,因此並未計提香港利得税撥備。根據有關中國所得税規則及法規,本集團的中國附屬公司須就所確定的應課税收入按25%(二零二零年:25%)的税率或核定徵收方法繳納企業所得税。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

30. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

30. 每股虧損

(a) 基本

每股基本虧損乃按本公司擁有人應 佔年度虧損除以年度已發行普通股 加權平均數計算。

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年 (Restated) (經重列)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company (RMB'000) Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	本公司擁有人應佔虧損 (人民幣千元) 已發行普通股加權平均股數 (千股)	(675,396)	(491,405)
(thousands)	(1 ///)	386,313	385,561
Basic loss per share (RMB cents)	每股基本虧損(人民幣分)	(174.83)	(127.45)

The number of shares for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share for the Year has been adjusted to reflect the Share Consolidation during the Year.

The number of shares for the year ended 30 June 2020 has been adjusted and restated to reflect the Share Consolidation during the Year.

Details of which has been set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Diluted

Diluted loss per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

As the effect of the assumed conversion of the potential ordinary shares from exercising the Company's share options is anti-dilutive, the basic loss per share are equal to diluted loss per share for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

就計算本年度每股基本虧損而 言,股份數目已進行調整以反映本 年度的股份合併。

截至二零二零年六月三十日止年度 的股份數目已進行調整及重列以反 映本年度的股份合併。

有關詳情載於合併財務報表附註 21。

(b) 攤薄

每股攤薄虧損乃透過調整發行在外 普通股加權平均數,以假設轉換所 有潛在攤薄普通股而計算。

由於假設因行使本公司購股權而轉 換之潛在普通股具反攤薄作用,故 截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月 三十日止年度之每股基本虧損與每 股攤薄虧損相同。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

31. DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the Year (2020: Nil).

31. 股息

董事會並不建議派付本年度之任何股息(二零二零年:無)。

32. CASH USED IN OPERATIONS

32.	. 經	營	所	用	現	金

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	_零_零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(676,007)	(493,471)
Adjustments for:	調整:	(070,007)	(+70,+71)
- Income tax expenses (Note 29)	- 所得税開支 <i>(附註29)</i>	5,203	1,245
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	-物業、廠房及設備折舊(附註7)	97,141	28,611
- Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 8)	- 使用權資產折舊 <i>(附註8)</i>	11,504	12,937
- Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 9)	一無形資產攤銷 <i>(附註9)</i>	275	2,100
 Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment (Note 25) 			97
- Loss on deregistration of subsidiaries (Note 25)	- 註銷附屬公司虧損 <i>(附註25)</i>	1,112	_
- Loss on disposal of joint ventures (Note 25)	-出售合營公司虧損 <i>(附註25)</i>	383	-
- Impairment loss on goodwill and other intangible assets (Note 9)	一商譽及其他無形資產減值虧損(附註9)	313	11,809
- Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	-物業、廠房及設備減值虧損(附註7)	3,972	-
– Impairment loss on right-of-use assets (Note 8)	-使用權資產減值虧損 <i>(附註8)</i>	3,893	-
- Impairment loss on investment in an associate (Note 12)	一聯營公司投資減值虧損(附註12)	210,373	_
- Change in fair value of biological assets (Note 14)	-生物資產公允價值變動(附註14)	(90)	(4,041)
– Finance cost (income) – net (Note 28)	-財務成本(收入)-淨額(附註28)	10,615	(7,388)
- Share of post-tax results of joint ventures (Note 11)	- 分佔合營公司税後業績 <i>(附註11)</i>	(9)	(103)
- Share of post-tax results of an associate (Note 12)	-分佔聯營公司税後業績(<i>附註12)</i>	(3,211)	(10,777)
– Effect on foreign exchange rate changes	- 外幣匯率變動之影響	258	1,183
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:		
- Decrease (Increase) in inventories	-存貨減少(增加)	36,942	(8,721)
– Decrease in trade and other receivables	一貿易及其他應收款項減少	40,884	80,080
– Increase (Decrease) in trade and other payables	一貿易及其他應付款項增加(減少)	143,137	(50,788)
Cash used in operations	經營所用現金	(113,312)	(437,227)
Cash asca in operations	正百月月76型	(113,312)	(437,227)

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

32. CASH USED IN OPERATIONS (continued)

(a) In the consolidated cash flow statement, proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment comprise:

32. 經營所用現金(續)

(a) 於合併現金流量表中,出售物業、廠房及設備的所得款項包括:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Net book amount (Note 7)	賬面淨值 <i>(附註7)</i>	-	143
Loss on disposals of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備虧損		
plant and equipment (Note 25)	(附註25)	_	(97)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得 款項	-	46

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities
The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities
arising from financing activities, including both cash
and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing
activities are those for which cash flows were, or future
cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated
cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

(b) 融資活動產生的負債對賬

下表詳列本集團融資活動產生的 負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生的負債為已或將 於本集團合併現金流量表分類為融 資活動產生現金流量之現金流量或 未來現金流量的負債。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

32. CASH USED IN OPERATIONS (continued)

32. 經營所用現金(續)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

(b) 融資活動產生的負債對賬(續)

Lease liabilities

租賃負債

RMB'000

人民幣千元

(Note 8) (附註8)

As at 1 July 2019 (Upon adoption of IFRS 16) 於二零一九年七月一日(採納國際財務報告準則第16號後) 25,380 Interest paid 已付利息 (2,017)融資現金流量變動: Changes from financing cash flows: Repayment of lease liabilities 償還租賃負債 (11,239) 其他非現金變動: Other non-cash changes: Interest expenses 利息開支 2,017 As at 30 June 2020 and 1 July 2020 於二零二零年六月三十日及二零二零年七月一日 14,141 已付利息 (1,065)Interest paid Changes from financing cash flows: 融資現金流量變動: Repayment of lease liabilities 償還租賃負債 (10,211)其他非現金變動: Other non-cash changes: 1,065 Interest expenses 利息開支 As at 30 June 2021 於二零二一年六月三十日 3,930

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

33. COMMITMENTS

Capital expenditure commitments

The Group had no significant capital commitment as at 30 June 2021 and 2020.

34. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The transactions with related parties are carried out on pricing and settlement terms agreed with counterparties in the ordinary course of business.

(a) Transactions with related parties

33. 承擔

資本開支承擔

本集團於二零二一年及二零二零年六月 三十日並無任何重大資本承擔。

34. 關聯方交易

關聯方交易乃於一般業務過程中按與對 手方協定的定價及結算條款進行。

(a) 與關聯方的交易

	2021 二零二一年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Joint ventures of the Company: 本公司合營公司: - Sale of goods - 銷售貨品	2,533	5,509
Companies controlled by a director of 本公司董事控制的公司: the Company: - Lease payments on short-term leases 一短期租賃之租賃款項	3,000	3,000
Director of the Company: 本公司董事: - Lease payments on short-term leases 一短期租賃之租賃款項	500	500

(b) Balances with related parties

(b) 與關聯方的結餘

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Joint ventures of the Company	本公司合營公司		
– Trade receivables (Note 17)	一貿易應收款項 <i>(附註17)</i>	_	49

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

34. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(c) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors (executive and nonexecutive), members of the Executive Committee, the Company Secretary and the Head of Internal Audit. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

34. 關聯方交易(續)

(c) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員包括董事(執行董事和非執行董事)、執行委員會成員、公司秘書及內部審計主任。就僱員服務已付或應付主要管理人員薪酬如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
1.70	Et	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries and other short-term	薪金及其他短期僱員福利		
employee benefits		3,326	3,436
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利	32	32
		3,358	3,468

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

35. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of every director and the chief executive is set out below:

For the year ended 30 June 2021

Emoluments paid or payable to a person in respect of services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking:

35. 董事福利及權益

董事及最高行政人員之薪酬

各董事及最高行政人員之薪酬載列如 下:

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度 就作為董事(無論本公司或其附屬公司) 之服務支付或應付予該人士之薪酬:

	Fees	Salaries and allowances	Discretionary bonuses	Share-based payments	contribution to retirement benefit scheme	Total
			•			Total
		allowances	bonuses	payments	scheme	Total
					000	lOtal
					僱主退休金	
	1.G 7F	薪金及工資	酌情花紅	股份支付費用	計劃供款	總計
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
金東濤先生 <i>(附註(a))</i>	100	617	-	-	5	722
金東昆先生	99	386	-	-	5	490
趙澤華先生	230	232	-	-	-	462
孫立波先生 <i>(附註(b))</i>	105	231	-	-	-	336
江素惠女士*	157	-	-	-	-	157
鄭雙慶先生*	157	-	-	-	-	157
鄒海燕先生*	157	-	-	-	-	157
	1 005	1 144			10	2,481
	金東昆先生 趙澤華先生 孫立波先生 <i>(附註(b))</i> 江素惠女士* 鄭雙慶先生*	人民幣千元 金東濤先生(附註(a)) 100 金東昆先生 99 趙澤華先生 230 孫立波先生(附註(b)) 105 江素惠女士* 157 鄭雙慶先生* 157	人民幣千元 人民幣千元 金東濤先生(附註(a)) 100 617 金東昆先生 99 386 趙澤華先生 230 232 孫立波先生(附註(b)) 105 231 江素惠女士* 157 - 鄭雙慶先生* 157 - 鄒海燕先生* 157 -	人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 金東濤先生(附註(a)) 100 617 - 金東昆先生 99 386 - 趙澤華先生 230 232 - 孫立波先生(附註(b)) 105 231 - 江素惠女士* 157 - - 鄭雙慶先生* 157 - - 鄒海燕先生* 157 - -	人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 金東濤先生(附註(a)) 100 617 - - 金東昆先生 99 386 - - 趙澤華先生 230 232 - - 孫立波先生(附註(b)) 105 231 - - 江素惠女士* 157 - - - 鄭雙慶先生* 157 - - - 鄒海燕先生* 157 - - -	人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 金東濤先生(附註(a)) 100 617 - - 5 金東昆先生 99 386 - - 5 趙澤華先生 230 232 - - - 孫立波先生(附註(b)) 105 231 - - - 江素惠女士* 157 - - - - 鄭雙慶先生* 157 - - - - 鄒海燕先生* 157 - - - -

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

35. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 35. 董事福利及權益(續) (continued)

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Emoluments paid or payable to a person in respect of services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking:

董事及最高行政人員之薪酬(續)

截至二零二零年六月三十日止年度 就作為董事(無論本公司或其附屬公司) 之服務支付或應付予該人士之薪酬:

Employer's

Name of Director 董事姓名		Fees	Salaries and allowances 薪金及工資	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅	Share-based payments 股份支付費用	Employer's contribution to retirement benefit scheme 僱主退休金 計劃供款	Total 總計
王 77年日		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Mr. Jin Dongtao	金東濤先生	102	537	-	-	5	644
Mr. Jin Dongkun	金東昆先生	102	338	-	-	5	445
Mr. Zhao Zehua	趙澤華先生	237	207	-	-	-	444
Mr. Sun Libo	孫立波先生	108	206	-	-	-	314
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie*	江素惠女士*	161	-	-	-	-	161
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing*	鄭雙慶先生*	161	-	-	-	-	161
Mr. Zou Haiyan*	鄒海燕先生*	161	_	-	-	-	161
		1,032	1,288	-	-	10	2,330

Note (a): Mr. Jin Dongtao (Mr. Jin) resigned as the chief executive officer ("CEO") of the Company on 1 August 2021. Mr. Jin will continue acting as the chairman of the Board and as executive director of the Company. Mr. Chu Chuanfu was appointed as the CEO of the Company on 1 August 2021.

Note (b): Mr. Sun Libo resigned as an executive director of the Company on 1 August 2021.

* represent the independent non-executive directors.

During the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of these directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as a compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 30 June 2021 and 2020.

附註(a): 金東濤先生(金先生),於二零二一年八月一日辭任本公司首席執行官(「首席執行官」)。金先生將繼續擔任本公司董事會主席及執行董事。初川富先生於二零二一年八月一日獲委任為本公司首度執行官。

附註(b): 孫立波先生於二零二一年八月一日辭任本公司執 行董事。

* 指獨立非執行董事。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日止年度,本集團並無向任何董事支付任何酬金作為加入本集團或加入本集團 後的獎勵,或作為離職補償。於截至二零二一年及二零二零年六月三十日止年度,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬的安排。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

36. BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF 36. 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動

THE COMPANY	ESERVE MOVEMENT OF		P公可負産貝賃 青況	K X III IH X 3
Balance sheet of the Compan	ny	Z	公司資產負債表	
		Note	2021	2020
		附註	二零二一年	二零二零年
			RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資		3,533	3,53
Loans to subsidiaries	貸款予附屬公司		84,292	129,15
Equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income	指定為按公允價值計入其他 綜合收益的權益工具	13	9,265	15,47
comprehensive income		13	7,203	13,47
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		97,090	148,158
Current assets	流動資產			
Other receivables	其他應收款項		503,618	871,11
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		156	3,78
	70			
Total current assets	流動資產總額		503,774	874,900
Total assets	資產總額		600,864	1,023,058
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本		24,833	24,83
Reserves	儲備	(a)	1,180,725	1,185,79
Accumulated losses	累計虧損	(a)	(631,549)	(213,78
Total equity	權益總額		574,009	996,83
LIABILITIES	負債			
Current liability	流動負債			
Other payables	其他應付款項		26,855	26,22
Total liabilities	負債總額		26,855	26,22
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		600,864	1,023,058

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

36. BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Balance sheet of the Company (continued)

The balance sheet of the Company was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 September 2021 and signed on its behalf by

36. 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動情況(續)

本公司資產負債表(續)

本公司之資產負債表由董事會於二零二 一年九月二十八日批准及授權刊發並由 以下董事代為簽署

Jin Dongtao

金東濤

Director

董事

Zhao Zehua

趙澤華

Director

董事

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

36. BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Balance sheet of the Company (continued)

(a) Reserve movement of the Company

36. 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動情況(續)

本公司資產負債表(續)

(a) 本公司儲備變動情況

		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share-based compensation reserves 股份薪酬儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Fair value reserve (non-recycling) 公允價值儲備 (不可轉撥) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other reserves (Note) 其他儲備 (附註) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 July 2019 Profit for the year	於二零一九年七月一日的結餘 年度溢利	1,791,375	23,093	(1,286)	(635,244) –	(215,168) 1,381	962,770 1,381
Fair value changes in equity instruments designated as fair value through other comprehensive income	指定為按公允價值計入其他 綜合收益的權益工具之公 允價值變動	_	_	(8,579)	_	_	(8,579)
Share issued under share option scheme	根據購股權計劃發行的股份	26,012	(9,580)	-	-	_	16,432
Balance at 30 June 2020	於二零二零年六月三十日的 結餘	1,817,387	13,513	(9,865)	(635,244)	(213,787)	972,004
Balance at 1 July 2020 Loss for the year Fair value changes in equity instruments designated as fair value through other comprehensive	於二零二零年七月一日的結餘 年度虧損 指定為按公允價值計入其他綜 合收益的權益工具之公允 價值變動	1,817,387	13,513 -	(9,865)	(635,244) -	(213,787) (417,762)	972,004 (417,762)
income		-	-	(5,066)	-	-	(5,066)
Balance at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日的 結餘	1,817,387	13,513	(14,931)	(635,244)	(631,549)	549,176

Note: Other reserves represent the deemed distribution upon the Group's reorganisation for listing.

附註:其他儲備指本集團上市重組後視為分配。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務資料概要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

下文載列本集團於過往五個財政年度的業績 以及資產、負債及非控股權益概要,乃摘錄 自己刊發經審核財務報表。

RESULTS

業績

RESULIS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
					For the		
					eighteen		
					months		
					ended	For the year	
				30 June	ended		
		For th	e year ended 30 Ju	2018	31 December		
					截至	截至十二月三十	
			至六月三十日止年度		二零一八年	一日止年度	
		2021	2020	2019	六月三十日止	2016	
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	十八個月	二零一六年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Revenue	收益	1,185,168	1,510,126	2,424,416	3,968,907	3,378,719	
Gross profit	毛利潤	156,904	188,500	326,807	652,091	874,086	
	nA	//== == 1					
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(670,804)	(492,226)	(263,866)	(963,878)	(62,680)	
Income tax (expenses) credit	所得税(開支)抵免	(5,203)	(1,245)	(3,237)	39,087	(24,638)	
Loss for the year/period	年度/期內虧損	(676,007)	(493,471)	(267,103)	(924,791)	(87,318)	
(Loss) profit attributable to:	下列各方應佔(虧損)利潤:						
– Owners of the Company	-本公司擁有人	(675,396)	(491,405)	(265,629)	(917,007)	(87,811)	
- Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益	(611)	(2,066)	(1,474)	(7,784)	493	
		(676,007)	(493,471)	(267,103)	(924,791)	(87,318)	

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING 資產、負債及非控股權益 INTERESTS

	As at 30 June 於六月三十日			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2021 二零二一年 RMB'000	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000	2018 二零一八年 RMB'000	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	957,841 (381,924)	1,495,102 (249,748)	2,003,340 (269,547)	2,229,330 (291,955)	3,302,839 (569,389)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(945)	(1,556)	(3,622)	(20,419)	(24,761)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	574,972	1,243,798	1,730,171	1,916,956	2,708,689

