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Spring Workshop



5 - Monoliths & MicroServices

Agenda

- Basics
- Synchronous Communication
 - WebClient
 - (Open)Feign
- Asynchronous Communication
 - AMQP with RabbitMQ
- Alternatives



Basics



Basics

- Common Use Cases
 - Legacy Systems / Integrating Systems
 - Scaling Systems (Load)
 - Scaling of Teams
- **MicroServices don't guarantee modularity**
- More Information
 - <https://martinfowler.com/microservices/>
 - <https://semaphoreci.com/blog/bad-microservices>



Pre-Requisites

You must be
this tall to use
microservices



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WebClient (Synchronous)



WebClient Approach

```
@Service
public class ReviewClient {

    public boolean reviewClient(WebClient.Builder webClientBuilder, Object data) {
        var webClient = webClientBuilder.baseUrl("http://localhost:8081").build();
    }
}
```



WebClient Approach

```
@Service
public class ReviewClient {

    public boolean reviewClient(WebClient.Builder webClientBuilder, Object data) {
        var webClient = webClientBuilder.baseUrl("http://localhost:8081").build();

        webClient
            .post().uri("/api/review")
            .contentType(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON).bodyValue(data)
            .retrieve()
    }
}
```



WebClient Approach

`@Service`

```
public class ReviewClient {
```

```
    public boolean reviewClient(WebClient.Builder webClientBuilder, Object data) {  
        var webClient = webClientBuilder.baseUrl("http://localhost:8081").build();
```

```
        ResponseEntity<Void> returner = webClient  
            .post().uri("/api/review")  
            .contentType(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON).bodyValue(data)  
            .retrieve()  
            .toBodilessEntity()  
            .block();
```

```
    }  
}
```



WebClient Approach

`@Service`

```
public class ReviewClient {
```

```
    public boolean reviewClient(WebClient.Builder webClientBuilder, Object data) {  
        var webClient = webClientBuilder.baseUrl("http://localhost:8081").build();
```

```
        ResponseEntity<Void> returner = webClient  
            .post().uri("/api/review")  
            .contentType(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON).bodyValue(data)  
            .retrieve()  
            .toBodilessEntity()  
            .block();
```

```
        if (returner.getStatusCode().is2xxSuccessful()) {  
            return BrochureStatus.FAILED;  
        } else {  
            return BrochureStatus.CONFIRMED;  
        }  
    }
```

```
}
```



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Feign
(Synchronous)



Feign

- Declarative approach
- Uses HTTP client internally
- Originally from Netflix, but deprecated
 - OpenFeign as successor
- Perfect use case for gateway
- Supports OAuth2, Caching, Error Handling, Integration into Spring Cloud (for example Eureka or CircuitBreaker)



Code Example

```
@FeignClient(name = "printing", url = "http://localhost:8081")
```

```
public interface PrintingClient {
```

```
    @PostMapping(value = "/api/review")
```

```
    boolean addPrintingJob(CreateReviewData createReviewData);
```

```
}
```



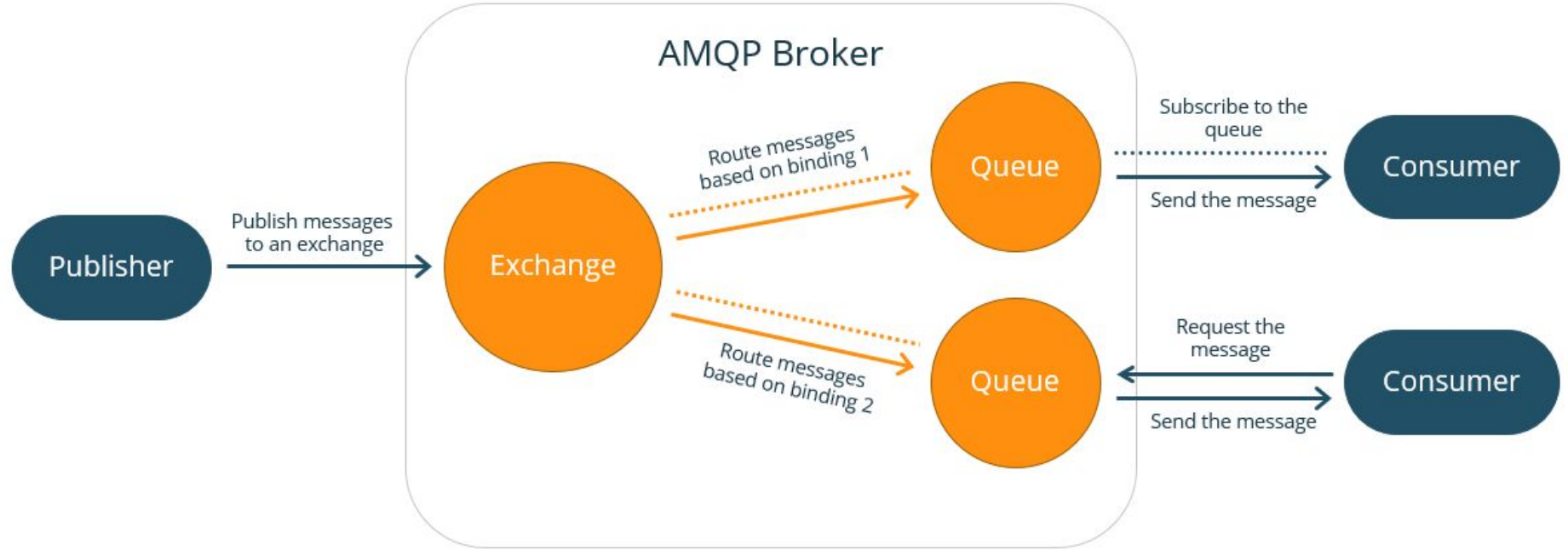
AMQP



AMQP

- Asynchronous
- Technology Agnostic
- Implementation: RabbitMQ, StormMQ, OpenAMQ
- Main Elements:
 - Exchange
 - Queue
 - Binding
 - Message





<https://support.smartbear.com/readyapi/docs/testing/amqp.html>



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Code Example

```
@Configuration public class MessagingConfiguration {  
    public static final String queueName = "printing-events-queue";  
  
    @Bean Queue getQueue() {  
        return new Queue(queueName, false);  
    }  
}
```



Code Example

```
@Configuration public class MessagingConfiguration {  
  
    public static final String exchangeName = "printing-events";  
    public static final String queueName = "printing-events-queue";  
  
    @Bean Queue getQueue() {  
        return new Queue(queueName, false);  
    }  
  
    @Bean TopicExchange getExchange() {  
        return new TopicExchange(exchangeName);  
    }  
}
```



Code Example

```
@Configuration public class MessagingConfiguration {  
  
    public static final String exchangeName = "printing-events";  
    public static final String queueName = "printing-events-queue";  
    public static final String routingKey = "printing.routing";  
  
    @Bean Queue getQueue() {  
        return new Queue(queueName, false);  
    }  
  
    @Bean TopicExchange getExchange() {  
        return new TopicExchange(exchangeName);  
    }  
  
    @Bean Binding getBinding(Queue queue, TopicExchange exchange) {  
        return BindingBuilder.bind(queue).to(exchange).with(routingKey);  
    }  
}
```



Code Example

```
@Configuration public class MessagingConfiguration {  
  
    // ...  
  
    @Bean MessageListenerAdapter listenerAdapter(PrintedJobReceiver printedJobReceiver) {  
        return new MessageListenerAdapter(printedJobReceiver, "processMessage");  
    }  
  
    @Bean SimpleMessageListenerContainer getContainer(  
        ConnectionFactory connectionFactory, MessageListenerAdapter listenerAdapter) {  
  
        SimpleMessageListenerContainer container = new SimpleMessageListenerContainer();  
        container.setConnectionFactory(connectionFactory);  
        container.setQueueNames(queueName);  
        container.setMessageListener(listenerAdapter);  
        return container;  
    }  
}
```



Alternative: Monolithic Systems



- Spring Boot
- Spring Framework
- Spring Data >
- Spring Cloud >
- Spring Cloud Data Flow
- Spring Security >
- Spring Authorization Server
- Spring for GraphQL
- Spring Session >
- Spring Integration
- Spring HATEOAS
- Spring REST Docs
- Spring Batch
- Spring AMQP
- Spring CredHub
- Spring Flo
- Spring for Apache Kafka
- Spring LDAP
- Spring Shell
- Spring Statemachine

Spring Modulith 0.5.1



OVERVIEW LEARN

Spring Modulith allows developers to build well-structured Spring Boot applications and guides developers in finding and working with [application modules](#) driven by the domain. It supports the [verification](#) of such modular arrangements, [integration testing](#) individual modules, [observing](#) the application's behavior on the module level and creating [documentation snippets](#) based on the arrangement created.

Quickstart

1. Create a Spring Boot application on <https://start.spring.io>
2. Create a Java package arrangement that puts business modules as [direct sub-packages of the application's main package](#).

```
Example
└─ src/main/java
   └─ example <1>
      └─ Application.java
         └─ example.inventory <2>
            └─ ..
               └─ example.order <2>
                  └─ ..
```

COPY



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```
55 private void executeLoad(long timeout, int usersCount) {
```

```
56     showDebugInfo(timeout);
```

```
57     Load.setPages(URL, parsingTimeout);
```

```
58     Load.setTimeout(timeout);
```

```
59     List<Load> threads = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
60     for (int i = 0; i < usersCount; i++) {
```

```
61         threads.add(new Load(this.URL));
```

```
62     }
```

```
63     logger.info( s: usersCount +
```

```
64         " threads to process");
```

```
65     for (Load thread : threads)
```

```
66         thread.start();
```

```
67     }
```

```
68     logger.info( s: "All threads are started");
```

```
69     progressInfo(timeout);
```

```
70     System.out.print(".....DONE\nProcessing with data...\n");
```

```
71 }
```

```
72  
73 private void executeAvailability(long timeout, int  
74  
75  
76  
77  
78  
79  
80  
81  
82  
83  
84  
85  
86  
87  
88  
89  
90  
91  
92  
93  
94  
95  
96  
97  
98  
99  
100
```

```
private void
```

Demo

Lab Time

