# (Applications Development and Emerging Technologies)

PRE-SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT

1

## PHP OUTPUT AND VARIABLE FAMILARIZATION

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	Name	Role	
Members (if Group):			
Section:	TW26		
Professor:	Mr. Reynaldo Merced Jr.		

I. PROGRAM OUTCOME/S (PO) ADDRESSED BY THE LABORATORY EXERCISE

 Design, implement and evaluate computer-based systems or applications to meet desired needs and requirements.

#### II. COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME/S (CLO) ADDRESSED BY THE LABORATORY EXERCISE

Understand and apply best practices and standards in the development of website.

#### III. INTENDED LEARNING OUTCOME/S (ILO) OF THE LABORATORY EXERCISE

At the end of this exercise, students must be able to:

- Familiarize various Web Architecture, tools that used in PHP
- The basic understanding before using PHP
- Familiarize in environment of web developing
- Use of comments, variables and Echo / Print

#### IV. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

An introduction to PHP web programming

#### **Running PHP Scripts** All php scripts must enclosed <!-- welcome.php --> with <html> <?php ... ?> (standard tag) <head> <? ... ?> (short open tag) <title>My PHP</title> <script language="php"> </head> <body> </script> (script tag) <% ... %> (asp style tag) <?php echo 'Welcome to PHP'; **OUTPUT**: My PHP </body> ← → C 🗋 localhost/ph <html> Welcome to PHP

An introduction to PHP web programming

# Using '' (pair single quote), "" (pair double quotes) and . (dot character) PHP

```
Example:

<?php
    $name = "Juan";
    echo "$name's Store"."<br/>";
    echo '"$name\'s Store"'."<br/>";
    //statements below will produced errors
    //echo "displaying double quote" ";
    //echo "dispalying single quote ' ";
?>
```



## **Example**

Write some text to the output:

```
<?php
echo "Hello world!";
</pre>
```

## **Definition and Usage**

The echo() function outputs one or more strings.

**Note:** The echo() function is not actually a function, so you are not required to use parentheses with it. However, if you want to pass more than one parameter to echo(), using parentheses will generate a parse error.

**Tip:** The echo() function is slightly faster than print().

**Tip:** The echo() function also has a shortcut syntax. Prior to PHP 5.4.0, this syntax only works with the short\_open\_tag configuration setting enabled.

## Syntax

echo(strings)

### Parameter Values

Parameter Description

strings Required. One or more strings to be sent to the output

### Technical Details

Return Value: No value is returned

PHP Version: 4+

## More Examples

Write the value of the string variable (\$str) to the output:

```
<?php
$str = "Hello world!";
echo $str;
?>
```

Join two string variables together:

```
<?php
$str1="Hello world!";
$str2="What a nice day!";
echo $str1 . " " . $str2;
?>
Write the value of an array to the output:
$age=array("Peter"=>"35");
echo "Peter is " . $age['Peter'] . " years old.";
?>
Write some text to the output:
<?php
echo "This text
spans multiple
lines.";
?>
How to use multiple parameters:
<?php
echo 'This ','string ','was ','made ','with multiple parameters.';
Difference of single and double quotes. Single quotes will print the variable
name, not the value:
<?php
$color = "red";
echo "Roses are $color";
echo "<br>";
echo 'Roses are $color';
```

?>

# PHP Variables Creating (Declaring) PHP Variables

In PHP, a variable starts with the \$ sign, followed by the name of the variable:

## **Example**

```
<?php
$txt = "Hello world!";
$x = 5;
$y = 10.5;
?>
```

After the execution of the statements above, the variable \$txt will hold the value Hello world!, the variable \$x will hold the value 5, and the variable \$y will hold the value 10.5.

**Note:** When you assign a text value to a variable, put quotes around the value.

**Note:** Unlike other programming languages, PHP has no command for declaring a variable. It is created the moment you first assign a value to it.

Think of variables as containers for storing data.

## **PHP Variables**

A variable can have a short name (like x and y) or a more descriptive name (age, carname, total\_volume).

Rules for PHP variables:

- A variable starts with the sign, followed by the name of the variable
- A variable name must start with a letter or the underscore character
- A variable name cannot start with a number
- A variable name can only contain alpha-numeric characters and underscores (A-z, 0-9, and \_\_)
- Variable names are case-sensitive (\$age and \$AGE are two different variables)

Remember that PHP variable names are case-sensitive!

# **Output Variables**

The PHP echo statement is often used to output data to the screen. The following example will show how to output text and a variable:

## **Example**

```
<?php
$txt = "W3Schools.com";
echo "I love $txt!";
?>
```

The following example will output the sum of two variables:

## **Example**

```
<?php
$x = 5;
$y = 4;
echo $x + $y;
?>
```

V. GRADING SYSTEM / RUBRIC (please see separate sheet)

#### VI. LABORATORY ACTIVITY

- 1. The student will create their own portfolio using HTML and CSS with the integration of PHP Scripts
- 2. Refer to the samples below



## **KEN CORDOVA**



Project Management Systems Support Customer Experience Covernance & Compliance

#### PROFILE

I am a successful & aggressive leader with 20+ years of experience, of which 15 years were with Top Fortune 15 organizations, I have an extensive portfolio of overhauling business processes and systems while prioritizing the customer and business objectives. In addition, I have a passion for leading teams to surpass strategic goals while investing in their personal and professional growth.

#### EXPERIENCE

#### SENIOR MANAGER - CREDIT SYSTEMS & PROCESS STRATEGY

- · Managed Credit system strategy for the entire organization.
- · Managed credit support processes for six national call centers.
- · Project manage a portfolio of transformational projects geared to reduce costs, improve credit decisions, & the customer

#### SUPERVISOR - COMPLIANCE & GOVERNANCE

Verlagn | Jul 2015 | Mar 2016

- · Managed Compliance & Governance efforts across a \$100 million dollar portfolio including Fraud Prevention, Collections, Recovery, Credit & Revenue Assurance teams.
- Managed vendor connectivity, security, & system access.
   Managed and audited vendor profiles, contractual performance & customer experience execution to save over \$25 mil in year one.

#### SUPERVISOR - FRAUD PREVENTION OPERATIONS

- · Managed day to day operations including process design, compliance, & Resource Management,
- . Managed a yendor portfolio worth \$20 million annually including
- · Project managed initiatives including the opening of 4 call centers & various system enhancements improving prevented losses from \$225m to \$375m year over year.

#### **CONSULTANT - NORTHEAST SALES OPERATIONS**

- Managed customer facing yendors on customer experience & single visit resolution & led NortheastTechnical Support team.
- . Managed various projects with the aim of automating & simplifying the customer experience including a \$3 mil savings by creating an inspection tool to improve Quality of inspections.

#### EDUCATION

MASTER'S - IT MANAGEMENT WITH A SPECIALIZATION IN CYBER

Colorado State University | 2015 - May 2017

#### BACHELOR OF ARTS - BUSINESS

Fairleigh Dickinson University | 2008 - 2013 Summa Cum Laude

**3.** Use variable for the information provided in the webpage.

Example:

//variable for your firstname \$firstname = 'Christopher';

#### VII. QUESTION AND ANSWER

- 1. What program you use to create your webpage?
  - I used Visual Studio Code to create my webpage. I also ran it using XAMPP to support PHP locally on my computer
- 2. What kind of variables that you use in the webpage?
  - I used **string variables** for text like names, profession, and contact info. I also used an **array** to list skills and work experience. For example:

```
$firstname = "Raine Angeline";
$skills = ["Photoshop", "Event Photography"];
```

- 3. Is it important to study html and css before using PHP?
  - Yes, it's really helpful! HTML and CSS are the foundation of how a webpage looks and is structured. PHP mostly controls the functionality or logic, so knowing HTML and CSS first makes it easier to understand where PHP fits in.
- 4. What are the different ways to produce an output in PHP?
  - The most common way is using echo to show text or values. You can also use: print() similar to echo

#### VIII. REFERENCES

- 1. https://www.w3schools.com/php/func string echo.asp
- https://www.w3schools.com/css/
- 3. https://www.w3schools.com/html/
- 4. https://www.w3schools.com/php/php\_variables.asp
- 5. https://dribbble.com/shots/5295835-Free-Resume-Template-For-Developers-With-Portfolio
- 6. https://www.intelivate.com/career-strategy/simple-resume-model-career-portfolio-example

Snip and paste your source codes here. Snip it directly from the IDE so that colors of the codes are preserved for readability. Include additional pages if necessary.

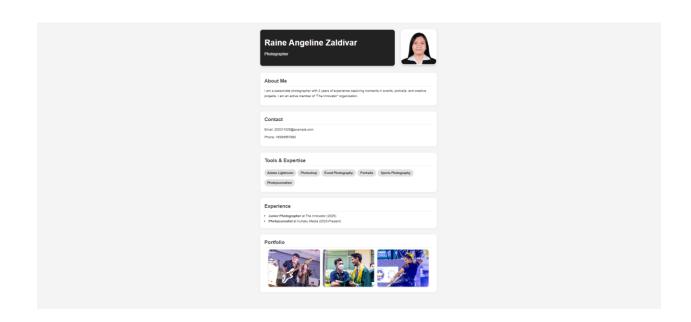
```
</head>
<body>
<?php
  $firstname = 'Raine Angeline';
  $lastname = 'Zaldivar';
  $profession = 'Photographer';
  $email = '202311025@example.com';
  $phone = '+6394567890';
  $bio = 'I am a passionate photographer with 2 years of experience capturing moments in
events, portraits, and creative projects. I am an active member of "The Innovator"
organization.';
  $skills = ['Adobe Lightroom', 'Photoshop', 'Event Photography', 'Portraits',
'Photojournalism'];
  $experience = [
    ['role' => 'Junior Photographer', 'company' => 'The Innovator', 'years' => '2025'],
    ['role' => 'Photojournalist', 'company' => 'Kuhaku Media', 'years' => '2023-Present']
 1;
  $portfolio = ['photo1.jpg', 'photo2.jpg', 'photo3.jpg'];
<div class="header-wrapper">
  <div class="header">
    <div class="header-left">
      <h1><?php echo "$firstname $lastname"; ?></h1>
      <?php echo $profession; ?>
    </div>
  </div>
  <div class="profile-photo">
    <img src="images/1x1.jpg" alt="Profile Photo">
  </div>
</div>
<div class="section">
  <h2>About Me</h2>
  <?php echo $bio; ?>
</div>
<div class="section">
  <h2>Contact</h2>
  Email: <?php echo $email; ?>
  Phone: <?php echo $phone; ?>
</div>
<div class="section">
```

```
<h2>Tools & Expertise</h2>
  <div class="skills">
    <?php foreach ($skills as $skill) {</pre>
      echo "<span>$skill</span>";
    } ?>
  </div>
</div>
<div class="section">
  <h2>Experience</h2>
  ul>
    <?php foreach ($experience as $job) {</pre>
      echo ''<strong>{$job['role']}</strong> at {$job['company']}
({$job['years']})'';
    } ?>
  </div>
<div class="section">
  <h2>Portfolio</h2>
  <div class="portfolio">
    <?php foreach ($portfolio as $photo) {</pre>
      echo "<a href='images/$photo' data-lightbox='portfolio'><img src='images/$photo'
alt='Sample photo' class='thumb'></a>'';
    } ?>
  </div>
</div>
src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/lightbox2/2.11.3/js/lightbox.min.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
CSS:
  box-sizing: border-box;
  margin: 0;
  padding: 0;
}
body {
  font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
  background-color: #f4f4f4;
```

```
color: #333;
  padding: 40px 20px;
  max-width: 900px;
  margin: auto;
  line-height: 1.6;
.header-wrapper {
  display: flex;
  align-items: center;
  justify-content: flex-start;
  gap: 30px;
  margin-bottom: 30px;
}
.header {
  background-color: #222;
  color: #fff;
  padding: 30px 20px;
  border-radius: 12px;
  box-shadow: 0.4px 10px rgba(0,0,0,0.1);
  flex: 1;
}
.header-left h1 {
  font-size: 2.5em;
  margin-bottom: 10px;
}
.header-left p {
  font-size: 1.2em;
}
.profile-photo img {
  width: 175px; /* Increased from 140px */
  height: 175px; /* Increased from 140px */
  object-fit: cover;
  border-radius: 10%;
  border: 4px solid #fff;
  box-shadow: 0 4px 10px rgba(0,0,0,0.15);
}
.split-header {
```

```
display: flex;
  align-items: center;
  justify-content: space-between;
  flex-wrap: wrap;
  width: 50%;
}
.header-left {
  flex: 1;
  padding-right: 20px;
.header-right img {
  width: 140px;
  height: 140px;
  object-fit: cover;
  border-radius: 50%;
  border: 4px solid #fff;
  box-shadow: 0 4px 10px rgba(0,0,0,0.15);
}
h1 {
  font-size: 2.5em;
  margin-bottom: 10px;
}
h2 {
  font-size: 1.5em;
  margin-bottom: 10px;
  color: #444;
  border-bottom: 2px solid #eee;
  padding-bottom: 5px;
}
.section {
  margin: 30px 0;
  background-color: #fff;
  padding: 20px;
  border-radius: 12px;
  box-shadow: 0 2px 8px rgba(0,0,0,0.05);
}
.skills span {
```

```
display: inline-block;
  background-color: #e0e0e0;
  margin: 6px 8px 6px 0;
  padding: 6px 14px;
  border-radius: 20px;
  font-size: 0.95em;
  font-weight: bold;
}
ul {
  padding-left: 20px;
}
p {
  margin-bottom: 12px;
.portfolio {
  display: flex;
  flex-wrap: wrap;
  gap: 15px;
  justify-content: center;
}
.thumb {
  width: 250px;
  height: 180px;
  object-fit: cover;
  border-radius: 10px;
  box-shadow: 0 2px 6px rgba(0,0,0,0.2);
  cursor: pointer;
  transition: transform 0.2s ease;
}
.thumb:hover {
  transform: scale(1.05);
}
```



Note: The following rubrics/metrics will be used to grade students' output.

Program (100	(Excellent)	(Good)	(Fair)	(Poor)
pts.)				
Program execution (20pts)	Program executes correctly with no syntax or runtime errors (18-20pts)	Program executes with less than 3 errors (15-17pts)	Program executes with more than 3 errors (12-14pts)	Program does not execute (10-11pts)
Correct output (20pts)	Program displays correct output with no errors (18-20pts)	Output has minor errors (15-17pts)	Output has multiple errors (12-14pts)	Output is incorrect (10-11pts)
Design of output (10pts)	Program displays more than expected (10pts)	Program displays minimally expected output (8-9pts)	Program does not display the required output (6-7pts)	Output is poorly designed ( <b>5pt</b> s)
Design of logic (20pts)	Program is logically well designed (18-20pts)	Program has slight logic errors that do no significantly affect the results (15-17pts)	Program has significant logic errors ( <b>3-5pts</b> )	Program is incorrect (10-11pts)
Standards (20pts)	Program code is stylistically well designed (18- 20pts)	Few inappropriate design choices (i.e. poor variable names, improper indentation) (15-17pts)	Several inappropriate design choices (i.e. poor variable names, improper indentation) (12-14pts)	Program is poorly written (10-11pts)
Delivery (10pts)	The program was delivered on time. (10pts)	The program was delivered a day after the deadline. (8-9pts)	The program was delivered two days after the deadline. (6-7pts)	The program was delivered more than two days after the deadline. (5pts)