NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

FULL PUBLIC REPORT

Polymer in SPR-E Toner

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989* (Cwlth) (the Act) and Regulations. This legislation is an Act of the Commonwealth of Australia. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Department of Health and Ageing, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Department of the Environment, Water, Heritage and the Arts.

For the purposes of subsection 78(1) of the Act, this Full Public Report may be inspected at our NICNAS office by appointment only at 334-336 Illawarra Road, Marrickville NSW 2204.

This Full Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

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Director NICNAS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FULL I	PUBLIC REPORT	. 3
1.	APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS	. 3
	IDENTITY OF CHEMICAL	
3.	PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION	. 3
4.	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	. 4
5.	INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION	. 4
6.	HUMAN HEALTH IMPLICATIONS	. 4
7.	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS	. 5
	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	

FULL PUBLIC REPORT

Polymer in SPR-E Toner

1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

APPLICANT(S)

Ricoh Australia Pty Ltd (ABN 30 000 593 171)

8 Rodborough Rd

Frenchs Forest NSW 2086

NOTIFICATION CATEGORY

Polymer of Low Concern

EXEMPT INFORMATION (SECTION 75 OF THE ACT)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication:

Chemical Name, Other Names, CAS Number, Molecular and Structural Formulae, Molecular Weight, Polymer Constituents, Residual Monomers/Impurities, Use Details and Import Volume

VARIATION OF DATA REQUIREMENTS (SECTION 24 OF THE ACT)

No variation to the schedule of data requirements is claimed.

PREVIOUS NOTIFICATION IN AUSTRALIA BY APPLICANT(S)

None

NOTIFICATION IN OTHER COUNTRIES

None

2. IDENTITY OF CHEMICAL

MARKETING NAME(S)

SPR-E Toner (product containing the notified polymer)

MOLECULAR WEIGHT (MW)

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) > 1,000 Da

REACTIVE FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

The notified polymer contains only low concern functional groups.

3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

Criterion	Criterion met
Molecular Weight Requirements	Yes
Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements	Yes
Low Charge Density	Yes
Approved Elements Only	Yes
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use	Yes
Not Water Absorbing	Yes
Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good	Yes

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20°C and 101.3 kPa: White powder Melting Point/Glass Transition Temp 60-90°C

Density 1200 kg/m³ at 25°C

Water Solubility Not determined. The notified polymer is expected to have very low

solubility

Dissociation Constant Not determined. The notified polymer contains function groups that

may be ionised under normal environmental conditions.

Particle Size $5.591 \pm 1.104 \,\mu m$ (mean for toner particles) Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions.

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use

5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

MAXIMUM INTRODUCTION VOLUME OF NOTIFIED CHEMICAL (100%) OVER NEXT 5 YEARS

Year	1	2	3	4	5
Tonnes	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1

Use

The notified polymer is a binder resin used at < 10% in toner for electrophotography.

Mode of Introduction and Disposal

The notified polymer will be imported as a component of sealed toner cartridges (300-3000 g capacity) at concentrations < 10%.

6. HUMAN HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

Hazard Characterisation

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and is therefore assumed to be of low hazard.

Occupational Health and Safety Risk Assessment

Dermal exposure of office workers and service technicians to the notified polymer may occur when replacing spent toner cartridges and clearing paper jams from the photocopier. However, the design of the cartridges is such that release of the notified polymer is not expected to occur during normal use. Once the ink dries, the notified polymer will be trapped on the printed paper, and further dermal exposure from contact with the notified polymer is not expected.

Overall, the OHS risk presented by the notified polymer is not considered to be unacceptable, based on the minimal exposure to workers and the assumed low hazard of the polymer.

Public Health Risk Assessment

The scenarios by which the public may be exposed to the notified polymer would involve home use of photocopiers, and are similar to those for office workers. However, it is expected that the public will be using photocopiers less often than workers.

The risk to public health presented by the notified polymer is not considered to be unacceptable due to its assumed low toxicity and low potential for exposure.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

Hazard Characterisation

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. Anionic polymers are known to be moderately toxic to algae. The mode of toxic action is over-chelation of nutrient elements needed by algae for growth. The highest toxicity is when the acid is on alternating carbons of the polymer backbone. This does not apply to the notified polymer and it is therefore not considered to be an over-chelation hazard to algae.

Environmental Risk Assessment

The notified polymer will be imported into Australia as an ingredient of a toner in sealed cartridges, which will be distributed to customers for direct use. Approximately 50% of the paper on which the toner will be printed will be recycled. Most of the notified polymer will reach landfill as a result of disposal of used paper or sludge waste from paper recycling. In landfill the notified polymer will be slowly degraded, eventually forming oxides of carbon and water. The notified polymer is expected to have low water solubility and as it is potentially anionic, it may not be fully recovered by on site waste water treatment at paper recycling facilities. Small quantities of the polymer may therefore be released to surface waters as a result of the de-inking process. However, the notified polymer is not expected to be a toxic hazard to aquatic organisms. Due to its high molecular weight, the notified polymer has a low potential to bioaccumulate. The notified polymer is therefore not likely to pose a risk to the environment based on the reported use pattern.

8. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Human health risk assessment

Under the conditions of the occupational settings described, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to the health of workers.

When used in the proposed manner, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to public health.

Environmental risk assessment

Based on the reported use pattern, the notified polymer is not expected to pose a risk to the environment.

Recommendations

CONTROL MEASURES

Occupational Health and Safety

• No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself, however, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the MSDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances* [NOHSC:1008(2004)], workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation must be in operation.

Disposal

• The notified polymer should be disposed of to landfill.

Emergency procedures

• Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

Regulatory Obligations

Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
 - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
 - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from a binder resin used in toner within sealed cartridges for electrophotography, or is likely to change significantly;
 - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
 - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
 - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the chemical on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

Material Safety Data Sheet

The MSDS of the product containing the notified polymer provided by the notifier was reviewed by NICNAS. The accuracy of the information on the MSDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.