

NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

POLYMER OF LOW CONCERN PUBLIC REPORT

RC-74002A and RC-74002B

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989* (Cwlth) (the Act) and Regulations. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Australian Government Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities.

For the purposes of subsection 78(1) of the Act, this Public Report may be inspected at our NICNAS office by appointment only at Level 7, 260 Elizabeth Street, Surry Hills NSW 2010.

This Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

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**Director
NICNAS**

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SUMMARY

The following details will be published in the NICNAS *Chemical Gazette*:

ASSESSMENT REFERENCE	APPLICANT(S)	CHEMICAL OR TRADE NAME	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	INTRODUCTION VOLUME	USE
PLC/1066	DuPont (Australia) Ltd	RC-74002A	No	< 10 tonnes per annum	Component of automotive refinish paints
PLC/1067	DuPont (Australia) Ltd	RC-74002B	No	< 10 tonnes per annum	Component of automotive refinish paints

CONCLUSIONS AND REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS

Human Health Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymers are not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the health of workers and the public.

Environmental Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymers are not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.

Health and Safety Recommendations

- No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymers themselves. However, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.
- A copy of the MSDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- Spray application should be carried out in accordance with the Safe Work Australia *National Guidance Material for Spray Painting* [NOHSC (1999)].
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymers are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances* [NOHSC:1008(2004)], workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation must be in operation.

Environmental Recommendations

- No specific control measures are required to minimise release of the notified polymers to the environment.

Disposal

- The notified polymers should be disposed to landfill.

Emergency Procedures

- Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.
- Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymers should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymers under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymers, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymers are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
 - the notified polymers are introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.
- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
 - the function or use of the notified polymers has changed from a component of automotive refinish paints, or is likely to change significantly;
 - the amount of the notified polymers being introduced has increased per annum, or is likely to increase, significantly;
 - the notified polymers have begun to be manufactured in Australia;
 - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the notified polymers on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

Material Safety Data Sheet

The MSDSs of the notified polymers and products containing the notified polymers were provided by the applicant. The accuracy of the information on the MSDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS

1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

Applicants

DuPont (Australia) Ltd (ABN 59 000 716 469)
7 Eden Park Drive
Macquarie Park NSW 2113

Exempt Information (Section 75 of the Act)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication: chemical name, other names, CAS number, molecular and structural formulae, molecular weight, polymer constituents, residual monomers/impurities, use details and import volume.

2. IDENTITY OF POLYMERS

Marketing Name(s)

PLC/1066
RC-74002A

PLC/1067

RC-74002B

Molecular Weight

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) is > 1,000 Da

Reactive Functional Groups

The notified polymers contain only low concern functional groups.

3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

<i>Criterion</i>	<i>Criterion met</i>
Molecular Weight Requirements	Yes
Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements	Not applicable
Low Charge Density	Yes
Approved Elements Only	Yes
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use	Yes
Not Water Absorbing	Yes
Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good	Yes

The notified polymers meet the PLC criteria.

4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20°C and 101.3 kPa	Semi translucent white solid
Melting Point/Glass Transition Temp	15 °C
Density	1,128 kg/m ³ at 25 °C
Water Solubility	0.424 g/L, 0.720 g/L and 9.97 g/L at pH 2, 7 and 9, respectively (analogue data – OECD TG 120, loading rate 10 g/L)
Dissociation Constant	Not determined. The notified polymers are salts and are expected to dissociate in aquatic environments.
Particle Size	Imported in solution
Reactivity	Stable under normal environmental conditions
Degradation Products	The ultimate degradation products will be CO ₂ , CO, H ₂ O and NO _x .

5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

Maximum Introduction Volume of Notified Chemical (100%) Over Next 5 Years

PLC/1066

<i>Year</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>
Tonnes	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10

PLC/1067

<i>Year</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>
Tonnes	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10

Use

The notified polymers will not be manufactured or reformulated in Australia.

The notified polymers will be imported into Australia as a component of paints at < 20% that will be used for automotive refinishing.

6. HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymers meet the PLC criteria and are therefore assumed to be of low hazard. The risk of the notified polymers to occupational and public health is not considered to be unreasonable given the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT

No ecotoxicological data were submitted for the notified polymers. Anionic polymers are known to be moderately toxic to algae. The mode of toxic action is over-chelation of nutrient elements needed by algae for growth. The highest toxicity is when the acid is on alternating carbons of the polymer backbone. Whether this applies to the notified polymers is unclear. However, the toxicity to algae is likely to be reduced due to the presence of calcium ions in the aquatic environment, which will bind to the functional groups.

There is potential for up to 65% of the import volume to be released into the environment as wastes (overspray, residues in import containers, mixing containers and equipment washings) generated during use. However, most of this is expected to be disposed of to landfill. Discarded end use articles coated with the notified polymers within the inert polymer matrix of the cured paint film will be disposed of to landfill or recycled for metal reclamation. Release of the notified polymers to the aquatic environment is unlikely based on the reported use pattern. In landfill, the notified polymers are not expected to be mobile or bioavailable based on its high molecular weight. The notified polymers are not expected to cross biological membranes due to their high molecular weight and they are therefore not expected to bioaccumulate. The notified polymers will degrade slowly by abiotic and biotic processes in landfill or by thermal decomposition during metals reclamation to form water vapour and oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

Therefore, based on their assumed low hazard and assessed use pattern, the notified polymers are not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.