NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

POLYMER OF LOW CONCERN PUBLIC REPORT

Z-151

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989* (the Act) and Regulations. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Australian Government Department of Health, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Australian Government Department of the Environment.

For the purposes of subsection 78(1) of the Act, this Public Report may be inspected at our NICNAS office by appointment only at Level 7, 260 Elizabeth Street, Surry Hills NSW 2010.

This Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

Street Address: Level 7, 260 Elizabeth Street, SURRY HILLS NSW 2010, AUSTRALIA.

Postal Address: GPO Box 58, SYDNEY NSW 2001, AUSTRALIA.

TEL: + 61 2 8577 8800 FAX: + 61 2 8577 8888 Website: www.nicnas.gov.au

Director NICNAS

December 2014

Table of Contents

| SUM | [MARY | . 2 |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----|
| CON | ICLUSIONS AND REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS | . 2 |
| ASSI | ESSMENT DETAILS | . 4 |
| 1. | APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS | . 4 |
| 2. | IDENTITY OF POLYMER | . 4 |
| 3. | PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION | . 4 |
| 4. | PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES | . 4 |
| 5. | INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION | . 4 |
| 6. | HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT | . 5 |
| 7 | ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT | 5 |

SUMMARY

The following details will be published in the NICNAS *Chemical Gazette*:

| ASSESSMENT REFERENCE | APPLICANT(S) | CHEMICAL OR TRADE NAME | HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE | INTRODUCTION VOLUME | USE |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| PLC/1242 | Lubrizol | Z-151 | No | \leq 27 tonnes per | A component of textile |
| | International, Inc | | | annum | printing ink |

CONCLUSIONS AND REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS

Human Health Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the health of workers and the public.

Environmental Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.

Health and Safety Recommendations

• No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself. However, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the (M)SDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Globally Harmonised System for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)*, as adopted for industrial chemicals in Australia, workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation should be in operation.

Disposal

Where reuse or recycling are not appropriate, dispose of the notified chemical in an environmentally sound manner in accordance with relevant Commonwealth, state, territory and local government legislation.

Emergency Procedures

- Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater.
- Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified

polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
 - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
 - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from a component of textile printing ink, or is likely to change significantly;
 - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
 - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
 - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the notified polymer on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

(Material) Safety Data Sheet

The (M)SDS of product containing the notified polymer was provided by the applicant. The accuracy of the information on the (M)SDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS

1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

Applicants

Lubrizol International, Inc. (ABN: 52 073 495 603)

28 River Street

SILVERWATER NSW 2128

Exempt Information (Section 75 of the Act)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication: chemical name, CAS number, structural formulae, molecular weight, polymer constituents, residual monomers/impurities, and import volume.

2. IDENTITY OF POLYMER

Marketing Name(s)

Z-151

Other Name(s)

SancureTMXPD-3046, Lubrijet TMT800

Molecular Weight

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) is > 10,000 Da

3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

| Criterion | Criterion met |
|--|---------------|
| Molecular Weight Requirements | Yes |
| Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements | Yes |
| Low Charge Density | Yes |
| Approved Elements Only | Yes |
| Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use | Yes |
| Not Water Absorbing | Yes |
| Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good | Yes |

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20 °C and 101.3 kPa White solid
Melting Point/Glass Transition Temp
Density Not determined*
1050 kg/m³ at 25 °C*

Water Solubility Not determined. The notified polymer is expected to be

water dispersible based on the presence of polar

functionalities and the use pattern in aqueous products.

Dissociation Constant Not determined. The notified polymer will be ionised in the

environmental pH range (4-9).

Particle Size Not determined*

Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use

*Manufactured in 65% water.

5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

Maximum Introduction Volume of Notified Chemical (100%) Over Next 5 Years

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|--------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Tonnes | 2-8 | 8-12 | 13-17 | 18-22 | 23-27 |

Use

The notified polymer will be imported into Australia in water at 10-15% concentration and will be used in digital inkjet textile printing.

6. HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and is therefore assumed to be of low hazard. The risk of the notified polymer to occupational and public health is not considered to be unreasonable given the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. Anionic polymers are known to be moderately toxic to algae. The mode of toxic action is over-chelation of nutrient elements needed by algae for growth. The highest toxicity is when the acid is on alternating carbons of the polymer backbone. This is unlikely to apply to the notified polymer and it is therefore not considered to be an over-chelation hazard to algae. The notified polymer may also contain potentially cationic functionality, however the cationic charge density is low and the notified polymer is therefore not expected to be of concern to the aquatic environment.

The notified polymer will be imported for use in digital inkjet textile printing. During reformulation and use, the product containing the notified polymer may be released to the environment during spills and from container residues. These releases are expected to be collected for recycling or adsorbed on inert material and either sent to landfill or a licensed waste contractor. Leaching of the notified polymer from washing is not expected. It is expected that the washed water is collected and treated at an onsite waste water treatment facility. The notified polymer is water dispersible and may not be fully recovered during waste water treatment. Small quantities of the notified polymer may therefore be released to surface waters. However, this is unlikely to lead to ecotoxicologically relevant concentrations of the notified polymer in the aquatic environment. The notified polymer is not expected to be a toxic hazard to aquatic organisms and has a low potential to bioaccumulate due to its high molecular weight and dispersibility.

Most of the notified polymer used in textile printing process will be irreversibly incorporated within the ink matrix. Therefore, the notified polymer in this form is not expected to be bioavailable nor mobile. Discarded end use articles containing the notified polymer are expected to be eventually disposed of to landfill. In landfill and water, the notified polymer is expected to slowly degrade to water vapour and oxides of carbon and nitrogen. Therefore, based on its assumed low hazard and assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.