NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

POLYMER OF LOW CONCERN PUBLIC REPORT

Polymer in SPECLT SSPR 6PK FLAT BLACK CHALKBOARD

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals* (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 (the Act) and Regulations. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Australian Government Department of Health, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Australian Government Department of the Environment and Energy.

This Public Report is available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

Street Address: Level 7, 260 Elizabeth Street, SURRY HILLS NSW 2010, AUSTRALIA.

Postal Address: GPO Box 58, SYDNEY NSW 2001, AUSTRALIA.

TEL: + 61 2 8577 8800 FAX: + 61 2 8577 8888 Website: www.nicnas.gov.au

Director NICNAS

July 2017

Table of Contents

SUN	MARY	. 2
CON	CLUSIONS AND REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS	. 2
ASS]	ESSMENT DETAILS	. 4
	APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS	
	IDENTITY OF POLYMER	
	PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION	
4.	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	. 4
5.	INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION	. 4
6.	HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT	. 5
7.	ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT	. 5

SUMMARY

The following details will be published in the NICNAS Chemical Gazette:

ASSESSMENT REFERENCE	APPLICANT(S)	CHEMICAL OR TRADE NAME	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	INTRODUCTION VOLUME	USE
PLC/1414	Rust-Oleum Australia Pty Ltd	Polymer in SPECLT SSPR 6PK FLAT BLACK CHALKBOARD	No	≤ 50 tonnes per annum	A component of paints and coatings

CONCLUSIONS AND REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS

Human Health Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the health of workers and the public.

Environmental Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.

Health and Safety Recommendations

• No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself. However, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the SDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)*, as adopted for industrial chemicals in Australia, workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation should be in operation.

Disposal

• Where reuse or recycling are not appropriate, dispose of the notified polymer in an environmentally sound manner in accordance with relevant Commonwealth, state, territory and local government legislation.

Emergency Procedures

• Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these

circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
 - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
 - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from a component of paints and coatings, or is likely to change significantly;
 - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
 - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
 - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the notified polymer on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

Safety Data Sheet

The SDS of the product containing the notified polymer was provided by the applicant. The accuracy of the information on the SDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS

1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

Applicants

Rust-Oleum Australia Pty Ltd (ABN: 86 112 409 926)

Unit 12, Southridge Street EASTERN CREEK NSW 2766

Exempt Information (Section 75 of the Act)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication: chemical name, other names, CAS number, molecular and structural formulae, molecular weight, polymer constituents, residual monomers/impurities, and import volume.

2. IDENTITY OF POLYMER

Marketing Name(s)

SPECLT SSPR 6PK FLAT BLACK CHALKBOARD (containing notified polymer at < 60%)

Molecular Weight

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) is > 1,000 Da

3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

4	Yes
Molecular Weight Requirements	1 03
Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements	Yes
Low Charge Density	Yes
Approved Elements Only	Yes
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use	Yes
Not Water Absorbing	Yes
Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good	Yes

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20 °C and 101.3 kPa
Melting Point/Glass Transition Temp
Density

Introduced in solution
1010 kg/m³ at 25 °C

Water Solubility Not determined. Expected to be low based on its high

molecular weight and predominantly hydrophobic structure

of the notified polymer.

Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use

5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

Maximum Introduction Volume of Notified Chemical (100%) Over Next 5 Years

Year	1	2	3	4	5
Tonnes	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50

Use

The notified polymer will be used as a component of paint/coating products in aerosol cans and will be available for use by the public. The notified polymer will be imported into Australia in finished paints and coating formulations. No reformulation or repackaging will occur in Australia. Products containing the notified polymer will also be available to the public for DIY use.

6. HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and is therefore assumed to be of low hazard. The risk of the notified polymer to occupational and public health is not considered to be unreasonable given the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. Polymers without significant ionic functionality are generally of low concern to the environment.

The notified polymer will be imported into Australia as a component of finished paints and coating formulations. No reformulation or repackaging will occur in Australia. Products containing the notified polymer will be available to the public as a Do-It-Yourself (DIY) product. During use, paints and coatings containing the notified polymer are expected to be applied through spray techniques. It is expected some of the coating product will be in the form of overspray during spraying operations, and will typically entail disposal to landfill after being collected. During use, the notified polymer may also be released to the environment as accidental spills and container residues. These releases are expected to be collected and disposed of to landfill.

As a worst case scenario, it is assumed that up to 5% of the notified polymer used by DIY users may be incorrectly disposed of to the sewer, drains, or ground from waste and washing of application equipment. Assuming the release occurs nationwide and over the entire year, the predicted environmental concentration (PEC) for rivers is estimated to be up to $1.51~\mu g/L$. The calculated PEC is far below the EC50 for algae of the most toxic non-ionic polymers (EC50 > 1 mg/L). Therefore, the notified polymer is not expected to be released to surface waters at ecotoxicologically significant concentrations.

The notified polymer in paints and coatings cured on the substrate will share the fate of the coated article, which ultimately is expected to be disposed of to landfill. In landfill, the notified polymer will be present as cured matrix, which will be neither bioavailable nor mobile. Furthermore, the notified polymer is not expected to bioaccumulate due to its high molecular weight.

In landfill or water, the notified polymer is expected to degrade via biotic and abiotic processes to form water and oxides of carbon. Therefore, based on the calculated PEC value and the expected low toxicity, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.