NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

POLYMER OF LOW CONCERN PUBLIC REPORT

Z-156

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals* (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 (the Act) and Regulations. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Australian Government Department of Health, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Australian Government Department of the Environment.

This Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

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Director NICNAS

August 2015

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SUMMARY

The following details will be published in the NICNAS Chemical Gazette:

ASSESSMENT REFERENCE	APPLICANT(S)	CHEMICAL OR TRADE NAME	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	INTRODUCTION VOLUME	USE
PLC/1288	Lubrizol	Z-156	No	≤ 100 tonnes per	Component of lubricant
	International Inc.			annum	_

CONCLUSIONS AND REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS

Human Health Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the health of workers and the public.

Environmental Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.

Health and Safety Recommendations

• No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself. However, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the (M)SDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)*, as adopted for industrial chemicals in Australia, workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation should be in operation.

Disposal

• Where reuse or recycling are not appropriate, dispose of the notified polymer in an environmentally sound manner in accordance with relevant Commonwealth, state, territory and local government legislation.

Emergency Procedures

• Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these

circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
 - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
 - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from a component of lubricant, or is likely to change significantly;
 - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
 - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
 - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the notified polymer on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

(Material) Safety Data Sheet

The (M)SDS of the product containing the notified polymer was provided by the applicant. The accuracy of the information on the (M)SDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS

1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

Applicants

Lubrizol International, Inc. (ABN: 52 073 495 603)

28 River Street

SILVERWATER NSW 2128

Exempt Information (Section 75 of the Act)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication: chemical name, other names, CAS number, molecular and structural formulae, molecular weight, polymer constituents, residual monomers/impurities, use details and import volume.

2. IDENTITY OF POLYMER

Marketing Name(s)

Z-156

Molecular Weight

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) is > 1,000 Da

3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

Criterion	Criterion met
Molecular Weight Requirements	Yes
Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements	Yes
Low Charge Density	Yes
Approved Elements Only	Yes
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use	Yes
Not Water Absorbing	Yes
Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good	Yes

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20 °C and 101.3 kPa Light amber liquid

Pour Point <-24 °C

Density $940 \text{ kg/m}^3 \text{ at } 15.6 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Water Solubility Insoluble

Dissociation Constant Not Determined. The notified polymer does not contain any

functional groups that are expected to dissociate in water.

Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use

5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

Maximum Introduction Volume of Notified Chemical (100%) Over Next 5 Years

Year	1	2	3	4	5
Tonnes	20-25	30-35	40-50	60-75	75-100

Use

The notified polymer will be imported at a concentration > 90% and reformulated to make the end use lubricant products containing the notified polymer at < 30%. Finished end use products containing the notified polymer at < 30% will also be imported. The finished end use products will mainly be used by the industry; however, small portion (< 5%) of the end use products may also be used the public. The notified polymer is a viscosity modifier in the end use products.

6. HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and is therefore assumed to be of low hazard. The risk of the notified polymer to occupational and public health is not considered to be unreasonable given the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern.

Although not considered in this risk assessment, NICNAS notes that the notified polymer contains an impurity/adjuvant that is classified as hazardous according to the *Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)*, as adopted for industrial chemicals in Australia. The impurity/adjuvant, classified as H318 – causes serious eye damage, is present in the notified polymer as introduced for reformulation above the cut off concentrations for classification.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. Polymers without significant ionic functionality are generally of low concern to the environment. The notified polymer contains potentially cationic functionality, however the cationic charge density is low and the notified polymer is therefore not expected to be of concern to the aquatic environment. Due to its high molecular weight, the notified polymer is not expected to have potential for biodegradation and it is expected to be stable under environmental conditions. The notified polymer is not expected to cross biological membranes due to its high molecular weight and low water solubility and, is therefore not expected to bioaccumulate.

The notified polymer will be imported into Australia to be mainly used in industrial and commercial settings, as a viscosity modifier in enclosed mechanical equipment by trained professionals. The lubricant fluids may be topped up and refilled in enclosed units as required. During the use of viscosity modifier in sealed units, the notified polymer will be contained and its release is expected to be very low. Since the lubricant fluid will be used by professionals, intentional release of notified polymer into drains or to the aquatic environment is not expected. The DIY use is expected to be < 5% of the total import volume. The release of the notified polymer from industrial activities is expected to be limited by the requirements for appropriate disposal of waste oil according to State/Territory regulations. Environmental release is not anticipated, as the notified polymer is in a closed system and is present in the oil at a low level. Changed lubricating fluids are expected to be collected and stored for subsequent disposal via an authorised waste treatment facility. Most of the notified polymer is expected to be thermally decomposed from use or degraded during re-refining.

When the viscosity modifier containing the notified polymer is disposed of in accordance with State/Territory regulations, the notified polymer is expected to be recycled or re-refined. During combustion, the notified polymer is expected to form oxides of carbon and water vapour. The notified polymer is not expected to be released to the aquatic compartment in ecotoxicologically significant concentrations. Therefore, the notified polymer is not expected to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment based on its assessed use pattern.