NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

POLYMER OF LOW CONCERN PUBLIC REPORT

Polymer in RC-50571

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals* (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 (the Act) and Regulations. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Australian Government Department of Health, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Australian Government Department of the Environment and Energy.

This Public Report is available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

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Director NICNAS

September 2016

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SUMMARY

The following details will be published in the NICNAS Chemical Gazette:

ASSESSMENT REFERENCE	APPLICANT(S)	CHEMICAL OR TRADE NAME	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	INTRODUCTION VOLUME	USE
PLC/1380	Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Ltd	Polymer in RC- 50571	No	< 10 tonnes per annum	Component of automotive and industrial coatings

CONCLUSIONS AND REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS

Human Health Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the health of workers and the public.

Environmental Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.

Health and Safety Recommendations

• No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself. However, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the (M)SDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- Spray applications should be carried out in accordance with the Safe Work Australia Code of Practice for *Spray Painting and Powder Coating* (Safe Work Australia, 2015) or relevant State or Territory Code of Practice.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)*, as adopted for industrial chemicals in Australia, workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation should be in operation.

Disposal

• Where reuse or recycling are not appropriate, dispose of the notified polymer in an environmentally sound manner in accordance with relevant Commonwealth, state, territory and local government legislation.

Emergency Procedures

• Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
 - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
 - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from a component of automotive and industrial coatings, or is likely to change significantly;
 - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
 - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
 - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the notified polymer on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

(Material) Safety Data Sheet

The (M)SDS of the product containing the notified polymer was provided by the applicant. The accuracy of the information on the MSDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS

1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

Applicants

Axalta Coating Systems Australia Pty Ltd (ABN: 53 158 497 655)

15-23 Melbourne Road RIVERSTONE NSW 2765

Exempt Information (Section 75 of the Act)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication: chemical name, other names, CAS number, molecular and structural formulae, molecular weight, use details, polymer constituents, residual monomers/impurities and import volume.

2. IDENTITY OF POLYMER

Marketing Name(s)

RC-50571

Molecular Weight

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) is > 1,000 Da

3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

Criterion	Criterion met
Molecular Weight Requirements	Yes
Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements	Yes
Low Charge Density	Yes
Approved Elements Only	Yes
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use	Yes
Not Water Absorbing	Yes
Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good	Yes

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20 °C and 101.3 kPa Clear liquid (polymer solution)

Melting Point/Glass Transition Temp

Not determined. Imported in liquid solution.

1,030 kg/m³ at 20 °C (polymer solution)

Water Solubility Expected to have low water solubility based on the high

molecular weight and hydrophobic chemical structure

Dissociation Constant Contains no dissociable functionalities

Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use

5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

Maximum Introduction Volume of Notified Chemical (100%) Over Next 5 Years

Year	1	2	3	4	5
Tonnes	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 10

Use

The notified polymer will be imported and used as component of automotive and industrial coatings at < 25%. No local manufacture or reformulation is expected. Products containing the notified polymer will be applied by experienced workers using spray equipment in ventilated spray booths. Where potential exposure may occur, the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) such as coveralls, safety glasses, and gloves used by workers will minimise exposure. Air respirators will be worn by workers, where necessary. The notified polymer as introduced will not be available to the public.

6. HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and is therefore assumed to be of low hazard. The risk of the notified polymer to occupational and public health is not considered to be unreasonable given the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern.

Although not considered in this risk assessment, NICNAS notes that the notified polymer contains residual monomers that are classified as hazardous according to the *Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)*, as adopted for industrial chemicals in Australia. These are not present in the notified polymer as introduced above the cut off concentrations for classification.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. Polymers without significant ionic functionality are generally of low concern to the environment.

The notified polymer will be imported into Australia as a component of finished automotive and industrial coatings for metal substrates. No reformulation or repackaging will occur in Australia. Coatings containing the notified polymer will be used by professional users only in industrial settings. During use, the coatings containing the notified polymer will be applied to metal substrates by spray techniques within spray booths with ventilation systems to collect particulate overspray. Therefore, the main release of the notified polymer during use is expected to be in the form of overspray. These will typically entail collection on drop sheets and filters for disposal as solid wastes to landfill in accordance with local government regulations. Residues containing the notified polymer in application equipment are expected to be rinsed into containers, and then allowed to cure before disposal as solid wastes to landfill. It is estimated by the notifier that up to 65% of the import volume of the notified polymer (or up to 6,500 kg) may be released as overspray and application wastes. During use the notified polymers may also be released to the environment as accidental spills and container residues. These releases are also expected to be collected and disposed of to landfill.

Based on their use in automotive and industrial coatings, it is expected that the majority of the notified polymer will be cured during use. The notified polymer cured on substrates will share the fate of the coated articles. These are expected to be disposed of to landfill, or undergo thermal decomposition during metal recycling processes. During metal recycling, the notified polymer is expected to be thermally decomposed to form water and oxides of carbon and nitrogen. Based on its high molecular weight and expected low water solubility, the notified polymer is not expected to cross biological membranes. Therefore, the notified polymer is unlikely to be bioaccumulative. In landfill, the notified polymer is expected to eventually degrade via biotic and abiotic processes to form water and oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

Therefore, based on its assumed low hazard and assessed use pattern in automotive and industrial coatings, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Safe Work Australia (2015) Code of Practice: Spray Painting and Powder Coating, Safe Work Australia, http://www.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/sites/swa/about/publications/pages/spray-painting-and-powder-coating.