# NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

# **FULL PUBLIC REPORT**

#### Polymer in Macrynal VSM 6299w/42WA

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989* (Cwlth) (the Act) and Regulations. This legislation is an Act of the Commonwealth of Australia. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Department of Health and Ageing, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Department of the Environment, Water, Heritage and the Arts.

For the purposes of subsection 78(1) of the Act, this Full Public Report may be inspected at our NICNAS office by appointment only at 334-336 Illawarra Road, Marrickville NSW 2204.

This Full Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

Street Address: 334 - 336 Illawarra Road MARRICKVILLE NSW 2204, AUSTRALIA.

Postal Address: GPO Box 58, SYDNEY NSW 2001, AUSTRALIA.

TEL: +61 2 8577 8800 FAX+61 2 8577 8888.

Website: www.nicnas.gov.au

Director NICNAS

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#### FULL PUBLIC REPORT

This assessment report is for an extension of original assessment certificate for Polymer in Macrynal VSM 6299w/42WA. Based on the submission of new information by the extension notifiers, some sections of the original assessment report have been modified. These modifications have been made under the heading 'Extension Applications' in the respective sections.

# Polymer in Macrynal VSM 6299w/42WA

APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

APPLICANT(S)

Cytec Australia Holdings Pty Limited (ABN 45 081 148 629)

Suite 1, Level 1, 21 Solent Circuit

**BAULKHAM HILLS NSW 2153** 

Applicants for an Extension of the Original Assessment Certificate:

Baresque Australia Pty Ltd. (ABN 39 097 110 846)

53-55 Whiting St

**ARTARMON NSW 2064** 

Sebel Furniture Limited (ABN 23 000 378 996)

92 Gow St

PADSTOW NSW 2211

NOTIFICATION CATEGORY

Polymer of Low Concern

EXEMPT INFORMATION (SECTION 75 OF THE ACT)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication:

Chemical Name, Other Names, Molecular Formula, Structural Formula, CAS Number, Molecular Weight, Polymer Constituents, Details of use,.

VARIATION OF DATA REQUIREMENTS (SECTION 24 OF THE ACT)

No variation to the schedule of data requirements is claimed.

NOTIFICATION IN OTHER COUNTRIES

None

#### 2. IDENTITY OF CHEMICAL

MARKETING NAME(S)

Macrynal VSM 6299w/42WA (containing the notified polymer at < 45%)

**Extension Applications** 

Product containing the notified polymer at < 50%

MOLECULAR WEIGHT (MW)

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn)

>1000 Da

REACTIVE FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

The notified polymer contains only low concern functional groups.

# 3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

Criterion Criterion met
Molecular Weight Requirements Yes

Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements

Yes

Low Charge Density	Yes
Approved Elements Only	Yes
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use	Yes
Not Water Absorbing	Yes
Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good	Yes

#### 4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20°C and 101.3 kPa: Transparent to milky white liquid\*

Boiling Point ~100°C \*

Density 1064kg/m<sup>3</sup> at 20°C\*

Water Solubility < 0.05 g/L at 20°C. Peak transmission of visible light (620 nm)

occurred at this concentration.

Dissociation Constant pKa = 4.86 (based on propanoic acid)

Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use

\*For the product Macrynal VSM 6299w/42WA which contains the notified polymer at < 45%.

#### 5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

MAXIMUM INTRODUCTION VOLUME OF NOTIFIED CHEMICAL (100%) OVER NEXT 5 YEARS

Year	1	2	3	4	5
Tonnes	< 50	50-100	50-100	50-100	50-100
Extension Applications					
Year	1	2	3	4	5
Tonnes	< 1	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3

#### Hse

The notified polymer will be used as a component in 2-pack coating products for automotive refinish, wood and concrete sealer applications. The applied coatings will contain up to 16% notified polymer.

# **Extension Applications**

The notified polymer will be used as a component in a 2-pack coating product for application to internal walls of commercial or residential properties and government/public offices. Professional painters and members of the public will mix and apply the 2-pack coating products using paint rollers. The applied coatings will contain < 25% of the notified polymer.

# **Mode of Introduction and Disposal**

The notified polymer will be imported in an aqueous dispersion at < 45% in 200 kg steel drums. It will be transported by road from the wharf to the notifier's warehouse for storage or to customers for reformulation. The notified polymer will be reformulated into finished 2-pack coating products (at up to 32% notified polymer) packaged in 4 L or 20 L steel containers for industrial use.

# **Extension Applications**

The notified polymer will not be manufactured or reformulated in Australia. The notified polymer will be imported into Australia at < 50% as a waterborne acrylic copolymer neutralised in water-based solutions. The solution containing the notified polymer will be used in combination with water-emulsifiable polyisocyanates to form ready-to-use 2-pack topcoats. When the two parts are mixed together, the finished coating system will contain < 25% of the notified polymer. Professional painters and members of the public will mix the two parts together at the end use site.

# 6. HUMAN HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

# **Hazard Characterisation**

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and can therefore be assumed to be of low hazard.

# Occupational Health and Safety Risk Assessment

# Reformulation

Dermal and ocular exposure to the notified polymer (< 45%) may occur during weighing out prior to reformulation, product testing and cleaning of process equipment. However, exposure is expected to be limited by the use of personal protective equipment (PPE), including a full face respirator, overalls, gloves and protective footwear.

# **Extension Applications**

The notified polymer will be imported only in the finished product part A. However, part A and part B are mixed together on site by the end user. The notifiers do not do any reformulation.

# Spray painting

Spray painters may come into contact with the notified polymer (< 32%) through dermal, inhalation and ocular routes. Exposure is expected to be limited as spray painting is expected to be applied in a ventilated spray booth by workers using PPE.

#### Concrete and wood applications

Workers manually spraying coating products containing the notified polymer (< 32%) may encounter inhalation, dermal and ocular exposure. However, exposure is expected to be minimised by the use of PPE, including a full face respirator, overalls, gloves and protective footwear.

After application and once dried, the coating containing the notified polymer will be cured into an inert matrix and the polymer is hence unavailable to exposure.

Although exposure to the notified polymer could occur during reformulation and application processes, the risk to workers is considered to be low due to its assumed low hazard and the anticipated use of PPE.

# **Extension Applications**

# Painting - Professional painter

Professional painters may encounter dermal and ocular exposure with the notified polymer at a concentration of < 50% during product mixing. Once mixed, professional painters may encounter dermal and ocular exposure with the notified polymer at a concentration of < 25% from direct contact with drips, spills and splashes during transfer of the paint to paint trays and manual paint application with a roller. However, exposure is expected to be minimised by the use of PPE. Risk to workers is expected to be low due to the intrinsic low hazard of the notified polymer. After application and once dried, the paint containing the notified polymer will be cured into an inert matrix and the polymer will hence be unavailable to exposure.

#### **Public Health Risk Assessment**

The notified polymer will not be available to the public. Members of the public may make dermal contact with products containing the notified polymer. However, the risk to public health is anticipated to be negligible because the notified polymer is assumed to be of low hazard, and bound within an inert matrix.

# Extension Applications

Products containing the notified polymer will be sold to the public. Exposure to members of the public applying the product to their homes will be similar to professional painters, however application will occur less frequently and areas to be painted will be smaller. Given the anticipated low hazard of the notified polymer, exposure is not expected to lead to unacceptable risk.

Members of the public may also come into contact with painted walls in homes and work places. However, the notified polymer is likely to be bound within a cured paint film and hence be unavailable to exposure. Therefore, the risk to public from exposure to the notified polymer in painted walls is considered to be low.

# 7. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

# **Hazard Characterisation**

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. PLCs without significant ionic functionality are of low concern to the aquatic environment.

# **Environmental Risk Assessment**

The notified polymer may be released in small amounts (< 3%) during formulation as spills, container residues and waste material. These releases will be collected for disposal to landfill or by thermal decomposition, with waste material reduced to an insoluble polymeric mass before landfill disposal. Similarly, small amounts (< 2%) will be released as container residues and equipment washings during use, for disposal to landfill. The main release (up to 50% as overspray during use) will mainly entail landfill disposal, after interception by spray booth scrubbers, with minor amounts discharged to sewer and subsequently adsorbed to sludge at the sewage treatment plant. Discarded articles containing the notified polymer within the cured paint film will be disposed of to landfill, or recycled for metals reclamation which will entail thermal decomposition of the paint. In landfill, the notified polymer is expected to degrade slowly *in situ*. Therefore, the notified polymer is not expected to pose a risk to the environment when it is used as proposed.

# 8. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Human health risk assessment

Under the conditions of the occupational settings described, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to the health of workers.

When used in the proposed manner, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to public health.

#### **Environmental risk assessment**

Based on the reported use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose a risk to the environment.

# Risk assessment relating to Extension Application

The use and the fate of the notified polymer will not change under the proposed extension. The increase in proposed introduction volume is not expected to significantly change the environment and health impacts. Therefore, there are no changes required in the risk assessment

#### Recommendations

#### CONTROL MEASURES

Occupational Health and Safety

• No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself, however, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the MSDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances* [NOHSC:1008(2004)], workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation must be in operation.
- Spray application should be carried out in accordance with the Safe Work Australia *National Guidance Material for Spray Painting* [NOHSC (1999)]. Disposal
- The notified polymer should be disposed of to landfill.

# Emergency procedures

• Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

# **Regulatory Obligations**

Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
  - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
  - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from component of coatings, or is likely to change significantly;
  - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
  - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
  - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the chemical on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

#### Material Safety Data Sheet

The MSDS of a product containing the notified polymer provided by the notifier was reviewed by NICNAS. The accuracy of the information on the MSDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.

# **Extension Applications**

The extension applicants have provided an MSDS for a product containing the notified polymer. The accuracy of the information on the MSDS remains the responsibility of the extension applicants.