# NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

# **FULL PUBLIC REPORT**

# **Polymer 11 in Autospeed Paint**

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989* (Cwlth) (the Act) and Regulations. This legislation is an Act of the Commonwealth of Australia. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Department of Health and Ageing, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Department of the Environment, Water, Heritage and the Arts.

For the purposes of subsection 78(1) of the Act, this Full Public Report may be inspected at our NICNAS office by appointment only at 334-336 Illawarra Road, Marrickville NSW 2204.

This Full Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

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Director NICNAS

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# **FULL PUBLIC REPORT**

# **Polymer 11 in Autospeed Paint**

#### 1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

APPLICANT(S)

Orica Australia Pty Ltd (ABN 99 004 117 828)

1 Nicholson Street, Melbourne VIC 3000

NOTIFICATION CATEGORY

Polymer of Low Concern

EXEMPT INFORMATION (SECTION 75 OF THE ACT)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication:

Chemical Name, CAS Number, Molecular and Structural Formulae, Molecular Weight, Polymer Constituents and Residual Monomers/Impurities.

VARIATION OF DATA REQUIREMENTS (SECTION 24 OF THE ACT)

No variation to the schedule of data requirements is claimed.

PREVIOUS NOTIFICATION IN AUSTRALIA BY APPLICANT(S)

None

NOTIFICATION IN OTHER COUNTRIES

None

#### 2. IDENTITY OF CHEMICAL

MARKETING NAME(S)

440-Line Autospeed PT Tinters (Products containing the notified polymer)

MOLECULAR WEIGHT (MW)

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) >1000 Da

REACTIVE FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

The notified polymer contains only low concern functional groups.

# 3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

Criterion	Criterion met
Molecular Weight Requirements	Yes
Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements	Yes
Low Charge Density	Yes
Approved Elements Only	Yes
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use	Yes
Not Water Absorbing	Yes
Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good	Yes

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

#### 4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20°C and 101.3 kPa: Clear solid resin

Melting Point/Glass Transition Temp 62°C

Density 1133 kg/m<sup>3</sup> at 20°C

Water Solubility  $< 5 \times 10^{-3}$  g/L at 20°C. This is a quantitative estimate visually based on

the residue from a filtered aliquot of the supernatant. This is considered to be an over estimate given the largely hydrophobic nature of the

polymer.

Dissociation Constant Contains a potentially anionic group expected to have pKa  $\sim 4.5$  and

will be ionised throughout the environmental pH of 4-9.

Particle Size The notified polymer will be imported in solution as part of paint.

Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions. While the notified

polymer contains hydrolysable functionality, this is not expected to

occur within the environmental pH range of 4-9.

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use.

#### 5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

MAXIMUM INTRODUCTION VOLUME OF NOTIFIED CHEMICAL (100%) OVER NEXT 5 YEARS

Year	1	2	3	4	5	
Tonnes	1-3	3-6	3-10	3-10	3-10	

#### Use

Component of paint at < 20% for automotive refinishing.

The imported paints containing the notified polymer will not be reformulated or repackaged in Australia.

#### Mode of Introduction and Disposal

Import will be through the port of Melbourne, as a component of paint in 0.9 and 3.7 L tinplate round cans.

### 6. HUMAN HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

#### **Hazard Characterisation**

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and can therefore be considered to be of low hazard.

#### Occupational Health and Safety Risk Assessment

As the polymer meets the low concern criteria and exposure is expected to be controlled by use of engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment, the risk to workers is not considered significant.

# **Public Health Risk Assessment**

The notified polymer is intended only for use in industry by professional spray painters in auto repair workshops and automotive manufacturing plants and therefore public exposure to the notified polymer is not expected. Following application to automobile surface, the notified polymer will become trapped within a film and will not be bioavailable. Exposure of the public to the notified polymer is not expected.

# 7. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

#### **Hazard Characterisation**

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. Anionic polymers are known to be moderately toxic to algae. The mode of toxic action is over-chelation of nutrient elements needed by algae for growth. The highest toxicity is when the acid is on alternating carbons of the polymer backbone, which does not appear to apply to the notified polymer. The toxicity to algae is likely to be further reduced due to the presence of calcium ions, which will bind to the functional groups.

#### **Environmental Risk Assessment**

No significant release of the notified polymer to the environment is expected. The notified polymer will either be sent to landfill or burnt during the recycling of the automobile substrate. In either case, the notified polymer will be decomposed into water and oxides of carbon.

The notified polymer is not expected to pose an unacceptable risk to the environment based on the reported use pattern.

#### 8. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Human health risk assessment

Under the conditions of the occupational settings described, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to the health of workers.

When used in the proposed manner, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to public health.

#### **Environmental risk assessment**

Based on the reported use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose a risk to the environment.

#### Recommendations

CONTROL MEASURES

Occupational Health and Safety

• Specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- Spray application should be carried out in accordance with the *National Guidance Material for Spray Painting*.
- A copy of the MSDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances* [NOHSC:1008(2004)], workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation must be in operation.

#### Disposal

The notified polymer should be disposed of to landfill.

# Emergency procedures

• Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

### **Regulatory Obligations**

Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
  - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
  - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from component of paint at < 20% for automotive refinishing, or is likely to change significantly;
  - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
  - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
  - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the chemical on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

### Material Safety Data Sheet

The MSDS of products containing the notified polymer provided by the notifier was reviewed by NICNAS. The accuracy of the information on the MSDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.