# NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

# POLYMER OF LOW CONCERN PUBLIC REPORT

#### NT-56

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals* (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989 (the Act) and Regulations. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Australian Government Department of Health, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Australian Government Department of the Environment.

For the purposes of subsection 78(1) of the Act, this Public Report may be inspected at our NICNAS office by appointment only at Level 7, 260 Elizabeth Street, Surry Hills NSW 2010.

This Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

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Director NICNAS

August 2014

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# **SUMMARY**

The following details will be published in the NICNAS Chemical Gazette:

ASSESSMENT REFERENCE	APPLICANT(S)	CHEMICAL OR TRADE NAME	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	INTRODUCTION VOLUME	USE
PLC/1212	Canon Australia Pty Ltd & Hewlett Packard Australia Pty Ltd	NT-56	No	≤ 500 tonnes per annum	Component of toner

# **CONCLUSIONS AND REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS**

#### **Human Health Risk Assessment**

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the health of workers and the public.

#### **Environmental Risk Assessment**

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.

# **Health and Safety Recommendations**

• No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself. However, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the (M)SDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Globally Harmonised System for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)*, as adopted for industrial chemicals in Australia, workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation should be in operation.

#### **Disposal**

• Disposal should be in accordance with Australian, state, territory and local government laws. Landfilling is a disposal option frequently used for industrial chemicals.

# **Emergency Procedures**

• Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

## **Secondary Notification**

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these

circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
  - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
  - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from a component of printer toner, or is likely to change significantly;
  - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
  - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
  - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the notified polymer on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

# **Safety Data Sheet**

The SDS of the notified polymer was provided by the applicant. The accuracy of the information on the SDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.

# **ASSESSMENT DETAILS**

#### 1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

# **Applicants**

Canon Australia Pty Ltd (ABN: 66 005 002 951) Building A, The Park Estate, 5 Talavera Road

MACQUARIE PARK NSW 2113

Hewlett Packard Australia Pty Ltd (ABN: 74 004 394 763)

353 Burwood Hwy FOREST HILL VIC 3131

# **Exempt Information (Section 75 of the Act)**

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication: chemical name, other names, CAS number, molecular and structural formulae, molecular weight, polymer constituents, residual monomers/impurities, use details and import volume.

#### 2. IDENTITY OF POLYMER

## Marketing Name(s)

NT-56

## Molecular Weight

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) is > 10,000 Da

## 3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

Criterion	Criterion met
Molecular Weight Requirements	Yes
Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements	Yes
Low Charge Density	Yes
Approved Elements Only	Yes
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use	Yes
Not Water Absorbing	Yes
Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good	Yes

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

# 4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20 °C and 101.3 kPa White powder Melting Point 126-132 °C

Density  $1,070 \text{ kg/m}^3 \text{ at } 20 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Water Solubility  $\leq 2.07 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g TOC/L at } 20 \text{ °C (loading rate 1 g/L)}$  $\leq 1.44 \times 10^{-3} \text{ g TOC/L at } 20 \text{ °C (loading rate } 10 \text{ g/L)}$ 

(Based on OECD TG 105: Flask Method)

Particle Size < 100 µm 1.12%

Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use

#### 5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

## Maximum Introduction Volume of Notified Chemical (100%) Over Next 5 Years

Year	1	2	3	4	5
Tonnes	1-300	5-500	5-500	5-500	5-500

#### Use

The notified polymer will be used as a component (30-80%) of a toner which will be imported in printer or photocopier cartridges. No manufacture, reformulation or repackaging will occur in Australia.

#### 6. HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and is therefore assumed to be of low hazard. This is supported by tests submitted on the following toxicological endpoints.

Endpoint	Result	Effects Observed?	Test Guideline
1. Rat, acute oral	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bw	no	OECD TG 420
2. Rabbit, skin irritation	non-irritating	no	OECD TG 404
3. Rabbit, eye irritation	slightly irritating	yes	OECD TG 405
4. Skin sensitisation - LLNA	no evidence of sensitisation	no	OECD TG 429
5. Genotoxicity - bacterial reverse mutation	non mutagenic	no	OECD TG 471

All results were indicative of low hazard.

In an eye irritation study conducted on two rabbits, iridial inflammation was noted in one treated eye one hour after treatment. Moderate conjunctival irritation was noted in both treated eyes one hour after treatment with minimal conjunctival irritation noted at the 24-hour observation. All signs of irritation were resolved at the 48-hour observation period. The irritant effects were not sufficient to warrant classification of the notified polymer as an eye irritant.

The risk of the notified polymer to occupational and public health is not considered to be unreasonable given the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern.

# 7. ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. Polymers without significant ionic functionality are of low concern to the aquatic environment.

The notified polymer will be imported into Australia as an ingredient of finished toner products used in electro-photocopying machines or electro-photographic printers. The toners will be used by consumers in offices or homes. It is assumed that 50% of the printed paper will end up in landfill and the rest will undergo paper recycling processes. During recycling processes, waste paper is repulped using a variety of chemical agents, which, amongst other things, enhance detachment of inks from the fibres. Very little of the notified polymer is expected to partition to the supernatant water, due to its sorptive nature, which is released to the sewer. Based on its high molecular weight, the notified polymer is not expected to cross biological membranes and is therefore not likely to bioaccumulate. Most of the notified polymer will reach landfill as a result of disposal of used paper or sludge waste from paper recycling. In landfill the notified polymer will be slowly degraded, eventually forming water and oxides of carbon. Therefore, based on its assumed low hazard and assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.