# NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

# **FULL PUBLIC REPORT**

# A-P2140

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989* (Cwlth) (the Act) and Regulations. This legislation is an Act of the Commonwealth of Australia. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Department of Health and Ageing, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Department of the Environment, Water, Heritage and the Arts.

For the purposes of subsection 78(1) of the Act, this Full Public Report may be inspected at our NICNAS office by appointment only at 334-336 Illawarra Road, Marrickville NSW 2204.

This Full Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

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Director NICNAS

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# FULL PUBLIC REPORT

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#### 1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

APPLICANT(S)

Toyota Tsusho (Australasia) Pty Ltd (ABN 24 056 847 315) 231 - 233 Boundary Road, LAVERTON NORTH VIC 3026

NOTIFICATION CATEGORY

Polymer of Low Concern

EXEMPT INFORMATION (SECTION 75 OF THE ACT)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication:

Chemical Name, Other Names, CAS Number, Molecular and Structural Formulae, Molecular Weight, Polymer Constituents, Residual Monomers/Impurities, Use Details and Import Volume

VARIATION OF DATA REQUIREMENTS (SECTION 24 OF THE ACT)

No variation to the schedule of data requirements is claimed.

PREVIOUS NOTIFICATION IN AUSTRALIA BY APPLICANT(S)

None

NOTIFICATION IN OTHER COUNTRIES

Japan

# 2. IDENTITY OF CHEMICAL

MARKETING NAME(S) A-P2140

MOLECULAR WEIGHT (MW)

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn)

> 10,000 Da

REACTIVE FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

The notified polymer contains only low concern functional groups.

# 3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

Criterion	Criterion met
Molecular Weight Requirements	Yes
Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements	Yes
Low Charge Density	Yes
Approved Elements Only	Yes
Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use	Yes
Not Water Absorbing	Yes
Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good	Yes

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

# 4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20°C and 101.3 kPa: White viscous liquid

Melting Point 5°C

Density 930 kg/m<sup>3</sup> at 15°C

Water Solubility < 0.001 g/L at 20°C. Determined by dissolved organic carbon (DOC)

analyses of water samples saturated with notified polymer at pH 2, 7

and 9.

Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions. Hydrolysis is expected

to be very slow under environmental conditions due to the limited

solubility of the notified polymer.

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use.

# 5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

MAXIMUM INTRODUCTION VOLUME OF NOTIFIED CHEMICAL (100%) OVER NEXT 5 YEARS

Year	1	2	3	4	5
Tonnes	0.5-1	0.5-1	0.5-1	0.5-1	0.5-1

#### Use

The notified polymer is a component of diesel fuel at < 10 ppm.

#### **Mode of Introduction**

The notified polymer will be imported as a component of diesel fuel at < 10 ppm. There will be no local formulation in Australia.

#### 6. HUMAN HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

#### **Hazard Characterisation**

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and can therefore be considered to be of low hazard.

# Occupational Health and Safety Risk Assessment

Exposure to the notified polymer in diesel fuel at concentrations of < 10 ppm may potentially occur when taking samples from discharge lines for quality testing, and connecting and disconnecting transfer lines. However, exposure should be minimised through the proposed use of personal protective equipment including gloves, coveralls and safety goggles.

The risk to workers is not considered to be unacceptable due to the assumed low hazard of the notified polymer and its very low concentration in diesel fuel.

#### **Public Health Risk Assessment**

The public may potentially be exposed to the notified polymer when filling vehicles with diesel containing the notified polymer at concentrations of  $\leq 10$  ppm.

The risk to the public by the introduction of the notified polymer is not considered to be unacceptable due to the low hazard of the notified polymer and its very low concentration in diesel fuel.

# 7. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

# **Hazard Characterisation**

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. PLCs without significant ionic functionality are of low concern to the aquatic environment.

#### **Environmental Risk Assessment**

Diesel fuel containing the notified polymer will be imported to Australia and transported to service stations where the fuel will be transferred to underground tanks. Minor spills will be contained and collected for disposal at an approved facility. At service stations, the diesel fuel will be pumped directly into automobile fuel tanks. Small amounts spilt to the ground during refuelling are expected to remain immobile and slowly degrade *in situ*, but the notified polymer will otherwise be consumed during engine operation to form water and oxides of carbon and nitrogen. The notified polymer contains side-chains that may hydrolyse under severe conditions, however, due to its limited water solubility, the notified polymer is expected to be stable under normal environmental conditions. Bioaccumulation in fish is not likely based on the high molecular weight of the notified polymer and the limited potential for aquatic release when it is used as proposed as a diesel fuel additive.

#### 8. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Human health risk assessment

Under the conditions of the occupational settings described, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to the health of workers.

When used in the proposed manner, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unacceptable risk to public health.

#### **Environmental risk assessment**

Based on the reported use pattern, the notified polymer is not expected to pose a risk to the environment.

#### Recommendations

#### CONTROL MEASURES

Occupational Health and Safety

• No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself, however, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the MSDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances* [NOHSC:1008(2004)], workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation must be in operation.

# Disposal

• The notified polymer should be disposed of to landfill.

#### Emergency procedures

• Spills or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

### **Regulatory Obligations**

#### Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
  - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
  - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from a component of diesel fuel, or is likely to change significantly;
  - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
  - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
  - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the chemical on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

# Material Safety Data Sheet

The MSDS of the product containing the notified polymer provided by the notifier was reviewed by NICNAS. The accuracy of the information on the MSDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.