NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS NOTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT SCHEME (NICNAS)

POLYMER OF LOW CONCERN PUBLIC REPORT

Polymer in Setalux 57-2500

This Assessment has been compiled in accordance with the provisions of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act 1989* (Cwlth) (the Act) and Regulations. The National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) is administered by the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing, and conducts the risk assessment for public health and occupational health and safety. The assessment of environmental risk is conducted by the Australian Government Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities.

For the purposes of subsection 78(1) of the Act, this Public Report may be inspected at our NICNAS office by appointment only at Level 7, 260 Elizabeth Street, Surry Hills NSW 2010.

This Public Report is also available for viewing and downloading from the NICNAS website or available on request, free of charge, by contacting NICNAS. For requests and enquiries please contact the NICNAS Administration Coordinator at:

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Director NICNAS

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SUMMARY

The following details will be published in the NICNAS Chemical Gazette:

| ASSESSMENT REFERENCE | APPLICANT(S) | CHEMICAL OR TRADE NAME | HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE | INTRODUCTION VOLUME | USE |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| PLC/1150 | Nuplex Industries (Aust) Pty Ltd Valspar Paint (Australia) Pty | Polymer in Setalux 57-2500 | No | ≤ 300 tonnes per annum | Component of automotive refinish paints |

CONCLUSIONS AND REGULATORY OBLIGATIONS

Human Health Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the health of workers and the public.

Environmental Risk Assessment

Based on the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern, the notified polymer is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment.

Health and Safety Recommendations

• No specific engineering controls, work practices or personal protective equipment are required for the safe use of the notified polymer itself. However, these should be selected on the basis of all ingredients in the formulation.

Guidance in selection of personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.

- A copy of the (M)SDS should be easily accessible to employees.
- Spray applications should be carried out in accordance with the Safe Work Australia Code of Practice for *Spray Painting and Powder Coating* (Safe Work Australia, 2012) or relevant State or Territory Code of Practice.
- If products and mixtures containing the notified polymer are classified as hazardous to health in accordance with the *Globally Harmonised System for the Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)*, as adopted for industrial chemicals in Australia, workplace practices and control procedures consistent with provisions of State and Territory hazardous substances legislation should be in operation.

Environmental Recommendations

 No specific control measures are required to minimise release of the notified polymer to the environment.

Disposal

• The notified polymer should be disposed of to landfill.

Emergency Procedures

• Spills and/or accidental release of the notified polymer should be handled by physical containment, collection and subsequent safe disposal.

Secondary Notification

This risk assessment is based on the information available at the time of notification. The Director may call for the reassessment of the polymer under secondary notification provisions based on changes in certain circumstances. Under Section 64 of the *Industrial Chemicals (Notification and Assessment) Act (1989)* the notifier, as well as any other importer or manufacturer of the notified polymer, have post-assessment regulatory obligations to notify NICNAS when any of these circumstances change. These obligations apply even when the notified polymer is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Therefore, the Director of NICNAS must be notified in writing within 28 days by the notifier, other importer or manufacturer:

- (1) Under Section 64(1) of the Act; if
 - the notified polymer is introduced in a chemical form that does not meet the PLC criteria.

or

- (2) Under Section 64(2) of the Act; if
 - the function or use of the notified polymer has changed from component of automotive refinish paints, or is likely to change significantly;
 - the amount of notified polymer being introduced has increased, or is likely to increase, significantly;
 - the notified polymer has begun to be manufactured in Australia;
 - the method of manufacture of the notified polymer in Australia has changed, or is likely to change, in a way that may result in an increased risk of an adverse effect of the notified polymer on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment;
 - additional information has become available to the person as to an adverse effect of the notified polymer on occupational health and safety, public health, or the environment.

The Director will then decide whether a reassessment (i.e. a secondary notification and assessment) is required.

(Material) Safety Data Sheet

The (M)SDS of the notified polymer was provided by the applicant. The accuracy of the information on the (M)SDS remains the responsibility of the applicant.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS

1. APPLICANT AND NOTIFICATION DETAILS

Applicants

Nuplex Industries (Aust) Pty Ltd (ABN 25 000 045 572) 49-61 Stephen Road, BOTANY NSW 2019

Valspar Paint (Australia) Pty Ltd (ABN 40 000 035 914) Level 4, 2 Burbank Place, BAULKHAM HILLS NSW 2153

Exempt Information (Section 75 of the Act)

Data items and details claimed exempt from publication: chemical name, other names, CAS number, molecular and structural formulae, molecular weight, polymer constituents, and residual monomers/impurities.

2. IDENTITY OF POLYMER

Marketing Name(s)

Setalux 57-2500 (product containing the notified polymer)

Molecular Weight

Number Average Molecular Weight (Mn) is >1,000 Da

3. PLC CRITERIA JUSTIFICATION

| Criterion | Criterion met |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Molecular Weight Requirements | Yes |
| Functional Group Equivalent Weight (FGEW) Requirements | Not applicable |
| Low Charge Density | Yes |
| Approved Elements Only | Yes |
| Stable Under Normal Conditions of Use | Yes |
| Not Water Absorbing | Yes |
| Not a Hazard Substance or Dangerous Good | Yes |

CriterionCriterion metLow MW Polyester Manufactured from Allowable ReactantsNot applicable

The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria.

4. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance at 20 °C and 101.3 kPa Colourless, transparent liquid (Setalux 57-2500)

Melting Point/Glass Transition Temp Imported in solution

Density 1.146 kg/m³ at 20 °C (Setalux 57-2000)

Water Solubility Not determined. Expected to be low based on the

predominantly hydrophobic structure of the notified

polymer.

Particle Size N/A

Reactivity Stable under normal environmental conditions

Degradation Products None under normal conditions of use

Comments

Setalux 57-2500 is a liquid preparation containing 60% of the notified polymer in parachlorobenzotrifluoride and acetone.

5. INTRODUCTION AND USE INFORMATION

Maximum Introduction Volume of Notified Chemical (100%) Over Next 5 Years

| Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Tonnes | 30-100 | 30-100 | 100-300 | 100-300 | 100-300 |

Use

The notified polymer will be imported as a 60% solution for use in the formulation of paints for automotive refinish paints. Industrial customers will blend Setalux 57-2500 into their paint formulations, which will be applied by spray application using conventional air spray equipment.

6. HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT

No toxicological data were submitted. The notified polymer meets the PLC criteria and is therefore assumed to be of low hazard. The risk of the notified polymer to occupational and public health is not considered to be unreasonable given the assumed low hazard and the assessed use pattern.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL RISK ASSESSMENT

No ecotoxicological data were submitted. Polymers without significant ionic functionality are generally of low concern to the environment.

During reformulation, spills of the imported notified polymer are expected to be collected and disposed of to landfill. Residues of the notified polymer that remain in the product containers and releases from equipment washings are likely to be 1% of the total import volume of the notified polymer. These wastes are anticipated to be collected and disposed of to landfill. The notified polymer is expected to be used in industrial settings as a component in solvent coatings and is expected to be applied by spray application. The main release during use is expected to be from overspray. These wastes (up to 30% of the total import volume) are anticipated to be intercepted by spray booth filters, and disposed of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Discarded end-use articles containing the notified polymer in the cured coating film will be disposed of to landfill, or recycled for metal reclamation which will entail thermal decomposition of the coating to form oxides of carbon and water. In landfill, the notified polymer will be present as a cured solid film and will be neither bioavailable nor mobile. Therefore, the notified polymer is not expected to pose an unreasonable risk to the environment based on its assessed use pattern.