

HW #11

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$$5.24) \left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial P} \right)_{T,N} = V$$

$$V_d = 3.42 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3 \quad V_g = 5.31 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$$

$$P_o = 0 \quad 3.42 \times 10^{-6} \cdot P + 2.9 \times 10^3 \text{ J} = 5.31 \times 10^{-3} P$$

$$P = \frac{2.9 \times 10^3}{1.89 \times 10^{-6}}$$

$$= 15.3 \text{ kbar}$$

$$6.5) (a) Z = \sum_s e^{-E(s)/kT}$$

$$= e^{0.08/k \cdot 300K} + 1 + e^{-0.05/k \cdot 300K}$$

$$= 6.918 + 1 + 0.14455$$

$$= 8.063$$

$$(b) P(-0.05 \text{ eV}) = \frac{6.918}{8.063}$$

$$= 0.858$$

$$P(0 \text{ eV}) = \frac{1}{8.063}$$

$$= 0.124$$

$$P(0.05 \text{ eV}) = \frac{0.14455}{8.063}$$

$$= 0.0179$$

$$(c) Z = 1 + e^{-0.05/kT} + e^{-0.1/kT}$$

$$= 1.165$$

$$P(0 \text{ eV}) = \frac{1}{1.165} = 0.858$$

$$P(0.05 \text{ eV}) = \frac{0.14455}{1.165} = 0.124$$

$$P(0.10 \text{ eV}) = \frac{0.02089}{1.165} = 0.0179$$

$$6.15) (a) (3 \text{ eV} + 8 \text{ eV} + 6 \text{ eV}) / 10 = \frac{17 \text{ eV}}{10} = 1.7 \text{ eV}$$

$$(b) P(s) = \frac{N(s)}{N}$$

$$P(0) = 0.4$$

$$P(1) = 0.3$$

$$P(4) = 0.2$$

$$P(6) = 0.1$$

$$(c) \bar{E} = 0 \cdot 0.4 + 1 \cdot 0.3 + 4 \cdot 0.2 + 6 \cdot 0.1$$

$$= 0.3 + 0.8 + 0.6$$

$$= 1.7$$

$$6.20) (a) \begin{array}{r} 1+x+x^2+x^3+\dots \\ 1-x \overline{) 1} \\ \underline{-(1-x)} \\ x \\ \underline{-(x-x^2)} \\ x^2 \\ \underline{-(x^2-x^3)} \\ x^3 \dots \end{array}$$

this converges for $|x| < 1$

$$(b) z = 1 + e^{-\beta \epsilon} + (e^{-\beta \epsilon})^2 + \dots = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-\beta \epsilon}}$$

$$(c) \frac{\partial z}{\partial \beta} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \left(\frac{1}{1 - e^{-\beta \epsilon}} \right) = - \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} (1 - e^{-\beta \epsilon})}{(1 - e^{-\beta \epsilon})^2} = - \frac{\epsilon e^{-\beta \epsilon}}{(1 - e^{-\beta \epsilon})^2}$$

$$\bar{E} = \frac{\epsilon e^{-\beta \epsilon}}{1 - e^{-\beta \epsilon}}$$

$$(d) U = N \bar{E} = \frac{N \epsilon e^{-\beta \epsilon}}{1 - e^{-\beta \epsilon}}$$