## Problem Set 7

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1. Prove: the product of an irrational number and a nonzero rational number is irrational. Proof: Suppose that xy = z, for some  $x, z \in \mathbb{Q}$  and  $y \in \mathbb{R} - \mathbb{Q}$ . By definition,  $x = \frac{a}{b}$  and  $z = \frac{a'}{b'}$ , for some  $a, a', b, b' \in \mathbb{Z}$ , with  $a, a', b, b' \neq 0$ . Then,  $\frac{a}{b}y = \frac{a'}{b'}$ , and so,  $y = \frac{a'b}{b'a}$ . Now, a'b and b'a, are integers, and so y must be rational by definition. This contradicts the initial assumption that y is irrational, and thus, the product of an irrational and a nonzero rational number, cannot be rational. The product must therefore be rational.

2.