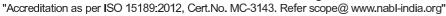
Collection Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 AM Sample Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 am Report Date: 27-05-2021 04:17 PM

Age:71.00 Years Sex:FEM	$1\Delta 1 \vdash$
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Complete Blood Count	Result	Biological Reference Interval
(EDTA Whole Blood)		
Hemoglobin (Hb), EDTA whole blood	<u>11.70</u>	12.3 - 15.3 g/dL
Method: Photometry		
Total Leucocytes (WBC) count	6,700	4000-10000/ <i>μ</i> L
Method : Coulter Principle / Microscopy		
Platelet count	258,000	150000 - 450000 /μL
Method : Coulter Principle / Microscopy		
Red blood cell (RBC) count	<u>4.07</u>	4.10 - 5.10 x 10 <i>^</i> 6 /μL
Method: Coulter Principle		
PCV (Packed Cell Volume)	<u>35.40</u>	35.9 - 44.6 %
Method: Calculated		
MCV (Mean Corpuscular Volume)	87.10	80.0 - 96.0 fL
Method: Derived from RBC histogram		
MCH (Mean Corpuscular Hb)	28.80	27.5 - 33.2 pgms
Method: Calculated		
MCHC (Mean Corpuscular Hb Conc.)	<u>33.00</u>	33.4 - 35.5 g/dL
Method: Calculated		
RDW (RBC distribution width)	<u>16.20</u>	11.6 - 14.6 %
Method: Derived from RBC Histogram		
WBC Differential Count		
Method: VCSn / Microscopy / Calculated		
Neutrophils	50	40 - 80 %
Absolute Neutrophils	3,350	2000 - 7000 /μL
Eosinophils	4	1 - 6 %
Absolute Eosinophils	268	20 - 500 /μL
Basophils	0	0 - 2 %
Absolute Basophils	0	0 - 100 /μL
Lymphocytes	40	20 - 40 %
Absolute Lymphocytes	2,680	1000 - 3000 /μL
Monocytes	6	2 - 10 %
Absolute Monocytes	402	200 - 1000 /μL
-	+	

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Collection Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 AM Sample Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 am Report Date: 27-05-2021 04:17 PM

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Age:71.00 Years Sex:FEMALE

Complete Blood Count Findings

R.B.C. : Mild anisocytosis, mild polychromasia.

W.B.C. : Hypersegmented polymorphs seen.

Platelets : Adequate

Remark : ON FOLLOW UP.

.SUGGESTED CLINICAL CORRELATION, B12, FOLIC ACID SUPPLEMENT & FOLLOW UP.

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MC-3143

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Carrying forward

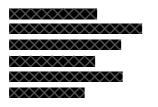
legacy of Over

Four Decades

Dr. Ajit Golwilkar's

DIAGNOSTICS
BE SURE
BE WELL

Dr. Awanti GolwilkarMBBS, MD (Pathology)



Collection Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 AM Sample Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 am Report Date: 27-05-2021 04:17 PM

Age:71.00 Years Sex:FEMALE

Test Description Ferritin, serum by CMIA **Observed Value** 57.49

Biological Reference Interval Female: 4.63-204 ng/mL

Ferritin is the major iron storage protein for the body. Ferritin is found chiefly in the cytoplasm of cells of the reticuloendothelial system and is a constituent of normal human serum. Generally the concentration of ferritin is directly proportional to the total iron stores in the body. There is a significant positive correlation between age and serum ferritin concentrations in females, but not in males. Patients with iron deficiency anemia have serum ferritin concentration approximately one-tenth of normal while patients with iron overload (hemochromatosis, hemosiderosis) have serum ferritin concentrations much higher than normal. Ferritin is a positive acute phase reactant in both adults and children, whereby chronic inflammation results in a disproportionate increase in ferritin in relation to iron reserves. Elevated ferritin is also observed in acute and chronic liver disease, chronic renal failure, and in some types of neoplastic disease.



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Dr. Ajit Golwilkar's

Carrying forward

Dr. Awanti Golwilkar MBBS, MD (Pathology)



Collection Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 AM Sample Date:

27-05-2021 11:44 am Report Date: 27-05-2021 04:17 PM

Age:71.00 Years Sex:FEMALE

Test Description Observed Value Biological Reference Interval

Enzymes:

LDH-Lactate Dehydrogenase, serum by UV Kinetic

175.00

81 to 234 U/Lt.



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Carrying forward Dr. Ajit Golwilkar's legacy of Over Four Decades DIAGNOSTICS
BE SURE
BE WELL

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Dr. Vinanti Golwilkar

MBBS, MD (Pathology)



Collection Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 AM Sample Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 am Report Date: 27-05-2021 04:17 PM

Age:71.00 Years Sex:FEMALE

Observed Value B

Biological Reference Interval

Coagulation:

D-Dimer, Citrate plasma

Test Description

529.30

0 to 500 ng/ml (FEU)

Upto four fold higher results may be observed in normal pregnancy.

Method: ELFA / CLIA

Kindly correlate clinically and follow up.

Note:

D-Dimer assay results may be affected by sample integrity, drug history and assay platform used. Kindly interpret the result in view of above factors and clinical details. In case of any discrepancy, repeat the estimation on fresh sample for confirmation.

D-Dimer is a fibrin degradation product.

D-Dimer is increased in: 1) DIC (Disseminated Intavascular Coagulation).

2) DVT (Deep Vein Thrombosis).

3) Hypercoagulable states.

4) Recent surgery, trauma, infection.

Increased levels may also be seen in the following conditions:

Liver disease, cardiac disease, rheumatoid arthritis, eclampsia, malignancy, hemolysis, lipemia & hyperbilirubinemia.

Please interpret with caution if patient is on anticoagulant therapy.



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DIAGNOSTIC BE SURE BE WELL

MBBS, MD (Pathology) **Dr. Vinanti Golwilkar**

Dr. Awanti Golwilkar



Collection Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 AM Sample Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 am Report Date: 27-05-2021 04:17 PM

Age

Age:71.00 Years Sex:FEMALE

Test Description

CRP(hs) - C- Reactive Protein high sensitivity

Observed Value

Biological Reference Interval

See clinical information below

Method: Nephelometry / Immunoturbidimetry

Clinical Information:

1. C-reactive protein (CRP) is a biomarker of inflammation. Plasma CRP concentrations increase rapidly and dramatically (100-fold or more) in response to tissue injury or inflammation.

6.63

2. High-sensitivity CRP (hs-CRP) is more precise than standard CRP when measuring baseline (i.e. normal) concentrations and enables a measure of chronic inflammation. It is recommended for cardiovascular risk assessment. Atherosclerosis is an inflammatory disease and hs-CRP has been endorsed by multiple guidelines as a biomarker of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease risk.

Low cardiovascular risk : < 2.0 mg/LHigh cardiovascular risk : > = 2.0 mg/LAcute inflammation : > 10.0 mg/L

3. A single test for high-sensitivity CRP (hs-CRP) may not reflect an individual patient's basal hs-CRP level. Repeat measurement may be required to firmly establish an individual's basal hs-CRP concentration. The lowest of the measurements should be used as the predictive value.

Reference: Mayo Medical Laboratories

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Collection Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 AM Sample Date: 27-05-2021 11:44 am Report Date: 27-05-2021 04:17 PM

Age:71.00 Years Sex:FEMALE

Test Description

Interleukin 6 (IL-6), serum by ECLIA

Observed Value

2.90

Biological Reference Interval

Upto 7 pg/mL

Note:

IL-6 assay results may be affected by :

Sample integrity

Sample type (serum / plasma)

Treatment given

Assay platform used

Kindly interpret the result in view of the above factors and clinical details.

Please repeat on fresh sample if required. (Serum should be separated immediately after clotting).

- * Interleukin-6 (IL-6) is produced by different cell types, including macrophages, endothelial cells and T cells, in response to microbial invasion or other cytokines such as tumour necrosis factor (TNF).
- * IL-6 induces expression of C-reactive protein (CRP), fibrinogen and serum amyloid A also known as acute phase response.
- * Elevated IL-6 seen in:

Infections

Sepsis, septicimia

Rheumatoid arthritis

Systemic lupus erythematosus

Ankylosing spondylitis

Inflammatory Bowel Disease

* IL-6 concentration correlate with severity of sepsis.

End of Report

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