```
1 import cv2 as cv
 2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 3 import numpy as np
 4 import math
 6 def show_images(images):
 7
       # displaying multiple images side by side
       # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/41793931/plotting-images-side-by-side-
 8
   using-matplotlib
 9
       # err : was giving weird colormap due to diff in the mechanism of reading img of
   cv2 & matplotlib
11
       # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/3823752/display-image-as-grayscale-using-
   matplotlib
       # running this once in the code will ALWAYS give gray op
12
13
       plt.gray()
14
15
       n = len(images)
       f = plt.figure()
16
       for i in range(n):
17
18
19
           # Debug, plot figure
20
           axes = f.add_subplot(1, n, i + 1)
           # the last img will show y axis on the RHS instead of LHS(which is by
21
   default)
22
23
               axes.yaxis.tick_right()
24
           plt.imshow(images[i])
25
26
       plt.show(block=True)
27
28 # path to the input img
29 # path = "C:/Users/Raiyan/Desktop/img/03/Image-Processing-and-Computer-Vision-Lab/Lab
  2/Average filter/Input.png"
30 path = 'C:/Users/Raiyan/Desktop/building.jpg'
32 # reading img + converting from BGR to GRAY
33 img = cv.imread(path)
34 img = cv.cvtColor(img, cv.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
35
36 k_h = int(input("Enter kernel height: "))
37 k_w = k_h
38 k_{size} = (k_h,k_w)
39
40 # avg kernel
41 kernel = np.ones( k_size, np.float32)
42
43 # img height
44 \text{ img\_h} = \text{img.shape}[0]
45 # img width
46 img_w = img.shape[1]
47 #kernel height
48 a = kernel.shape[0] // 2
49 # kernel width
50 b = kernel.shape[1] // 2
51
52 # empty op img
53 output = np.zeros((img h,img w), np.float32)
54
55 # sum of the values of the kernel
56 k sum = kernel.sum()
57 # print(f'ksum is {ksum}')
59 # visiting each pixel in the img
60 # m ta row img e ... for each row ...
61 for i in range(img_h):
62
       \mbox{\tt\#} n ta coln img e ... for each coln ...
63
       for j in range(img_w):
64
65
           # empty var for calculating a summed value
66
           value = 0
67
           # visiting each pixel in the kernel
           # a ta row img e ... for each row ...
68
69
           for x in range(-a,a+1):
70
               # b ta coln img e ... for each coln ...
71
               for y in range(-b,b+1):
72
```

5/10/22, 11:30 PM mean.py



