Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 18

Section 1: MCQ

1. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(2);
pop();
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer
```

Underflow Occurs

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1

5. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?

Answer

-18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
    if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
        return;
    }
    stack[++(*top)] = item;
}
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
    if (*top == -1) {
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
        return -1;
    }
    return stack[(*top)--];
}
int main() {
```

```
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
push(stack, &top, 10);
push(stack, &top, 20);
push(stack, &top, 30);
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
return 0;
}
Answer
302010Stack Underflow-1
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1

10. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Elements are Added on _____ of the Stack.

Answer

Top 🔥

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
  if (top == -1) {
     printf("Stack is empty\n");
  } else {
     printf("Stack elements: ");
```

```
for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
       printf("%d ", stack[i]);
 printf("%
}
printf("\n");
}
void push(int value) {
  if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
     printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  } else {
     stack[++top] = value;
int main() {
  display();
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
  display();
  push(40);
  push(50);
  push(60);
  display();
  return 0;
Answer
Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30
20 10
```

14. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

Status: Correct

A Parantheses Balancing Program

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

Marks: 1/1

```
15. What will be the output of the following code?
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZEI:
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
  return (top == -1);
int isFull() {
  return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
void push(int item) {
(isFull())
     printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  else
     stack[++top] = item;
int main() {
  printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
  printf("%d\n", isFull());
  return 0;
Answer
10
                                                                              Marks: 1/1
Status: Correct
```

16. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer.

Pop

Marks: 1/1 Status : Correct

17. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / * 8 - is

Answer

142

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

3

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1