Image Processing | Lab3

Aim: Implement following Image Enhancement Techniques using Octave.

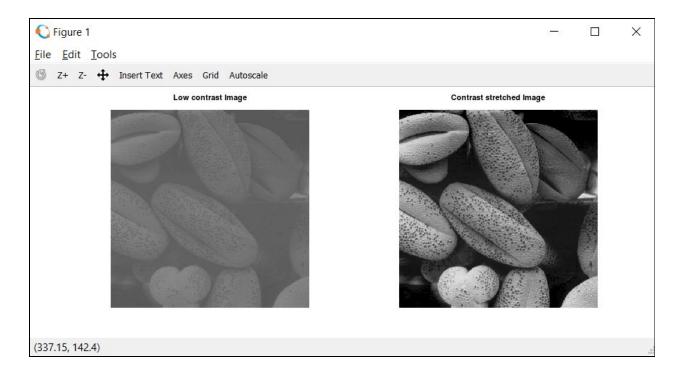
- 1. Contrast Stretching
- 2. Intensity Level Slicing
- 3. Bit Plane Slicing
 - Generalized Equation for contrast stretching:
 s = smin + [(smax-smin)/(rmax-rmin)]*(r-rmin);
 - To perform bit plane slicing we use bitget() function:
 c = bitget(A,n)
 It returns the status of bit(s) n of the unsigned integers in A.

Assignment:

1. Do contrast stretching For the Image given in Figure 3.10 of the Textbook. Obtain Contrast stretched Image from Low contrast Image.

```
#Do contrast stretching For the Image given in Figure 3.10 of the Textbook.
#Obtain Contrast stretched Image from Low contrast Image as given in Figure.

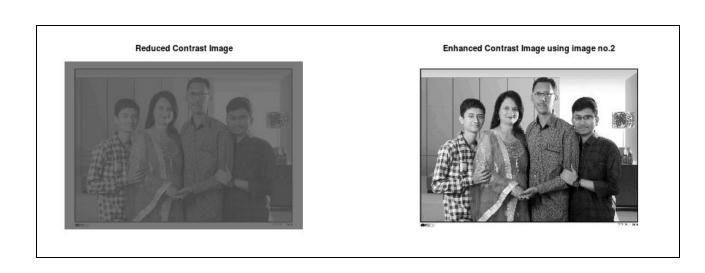
r = imread("lab3images/4.tif");
subplot(1,2,1);
imshow(r);
title("Low contrast Image");
max = min(min(r));
max = max(max(r));
smax = 255;
smin = 0;
slope = (smax-smin)/(rmax-rmin);
s = smin + slope*(r-rmin);
subplot(1,2,2);
imshow(s);
title("Contrast stretched Image");
```



2. Take any family photo of yours – convert it into grayscale- reduce it's contrast by using the function that was defined during the lab session. Enhance the contrast of that image using piecewise linear operation for contrast stretching.

```
1 #Take any family photo of yours - convert it into grayscale- reduce it's
   #contrast by using the function that was defined during lab session. Enhance
   #the contrast of that image using piecewise linear operation for contrast
   #stretching.
 6 %task1
   r = imread('family.jpg');
 8 r gray = rgb2gray(r);
9 subplot (1, 3, 1);
10 imshow(r_gray);
11 title('Original Image');
12 rmin = min(min(r_gray));
13 rmax = max(max(r gray));
14 smax = 120;
15 smin = 70;
16 slope = double(smax-smin)/double(rmax-rmin);
18 s = smin + slope*(r gray-rmin);
19 subplot (1, 3, 2);
20 imshow(s);
21 title("Reduced Contrast Image");
```

```
23 %task2
24
   rmin = min(min(s));
25
   rmax = max(max(s));
26 \text{ smax} = 255;
27
   smin = 0;
28 slope = double(smax-smin)/double(rmax-rmin);
29
   slope
   s = smin + slope*(s-rmin);
30
31
   subplot(1,3,3);
32 imshow(s);
33 title("Enhanced Contrast Image using image no.2");
```



3. Apply thresholding to any of your grayscale photo.

Code:

```
#Apply thresholding to any of your gray scale photo.
 2 r = imread('my_gray_scale.jpg');
 3 s = NaN(size(r));
 4 \text{ row} = \text{size}(r,1);
 5 col = size(r, 2);
 6 pfor i=1:row,
      for j=1:col,
        if (r(i,j)>150)
8 E
 9
          s(i,j) = 1;
10
11
          s(i,j) = 0;
12
        endif
13
       end
14 Lend
15 imshow(s);
```



4. Take your photo and separate out its bit plains. Reconstruct the given image using higher order 2 bit planes. Reconstruct the given image using higher order 4 bit planes. Experiment with the bit planes and derive your conclusions.

```
1 #Take your photo and separate out its bit plains.
 2 #Reconstruct the given image using higher order 2 bit planes.
 3 #Reconstruct the given image using higher order 4 bit planes.
 4 #Experiment with the bit planes and derive your conclusions.
 6 r = imread('my image.jpg');
7 r gray = rgb2gray(r);
8 subplot(3,3,1);
9 imshow(r gray);
10 title("original Image");
11 □ for i=1:8,
12
    subplot(3,3,i+1);
13
    s = bitget(r gray,i);
14
    imshow(s);
15
    title(i);
16 endfor
17
18 figure;
19
20 h2bit = bitget(r gray, 8).*2^(7) + bitget(r gray, 7).*2^(6);
21 subplot (1, 2, 1);
22 h2bit = uint8(h2bit);
23 imshow(h2bit);
24 title("Image using higher order 2 bit planes.");
26 h4bit = bitget(r gray, 8).*2^(7) +bitget(r gray, 7).*2^(6) +bitget(r gray, 6).*2^(5) +
27
           bitget(r gray, 5).*2^(4);
28 subplot (1,2,2);
29 h4bit = uint8(h4bit);
30 imshow(h4bit);
31 title("Image using higher order 4 bit planes.");
```

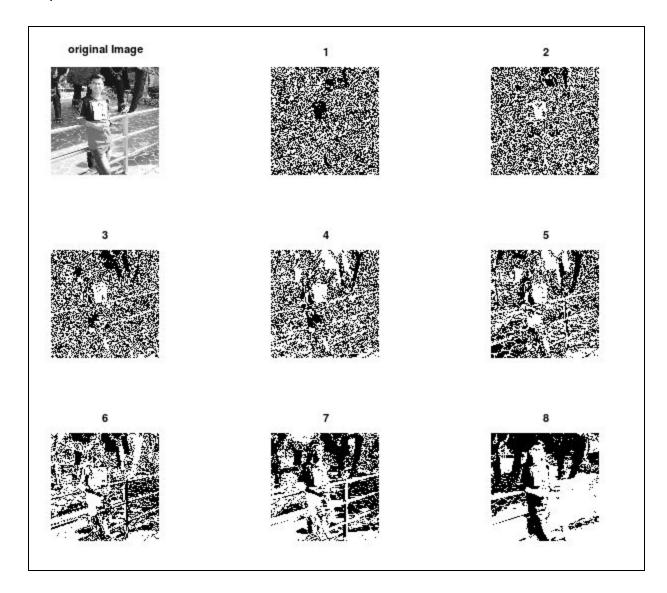


Image using higher order 2 bit planes.



5. Perform intensity slicing to separate out red green balloons from the image 1(check: lab images) given.

```
1 #Perform intensity slicing to separate out red green baloons form
 2 #the image 1(check: lab3images) given.
 3 im = imread('lab3images/image1.jpg');
 4 imshow(im);
 5 figure;
 6 slice image = NaN(size(im));
 7 row = size(im,1);
 8 col = size(im, 2);
 9 for i=1:row,
10 for j=1:col,
11 🛱
        if (im(i,j,1) <= 255 \&\& im(i,j,1) >= 180 \&\& im(i,j,2) >= 0 \&\& im(i,j,2) <= 100 \&\& im(i,j,3) >= 0 \&\& im(i,j,3) <= 50)
12
          slice image(i,j,:) = im(i,j,:);
13
        elseif (im(i,j,2) >= 180 \&\& im(i,j,2) <= 255 \&\& im(i,j,1) <= 160 \&\& im(i,j,1) >= 100 \&\& im(i,j,3) >= 0 \&\& im(i,j,3) <= 70)
14
          slice image(i,j,:) = im(i,j,:);
15
        else
16
          slice image(i, j, 1) = 0;
17
          slice image(i,j,2) = 0;
18
          slice image(i,j,3) = 0;
19
        endif
20
      endfor
21 Lendfor
22 slice image =uint8(slice image);
23 imshow(slice image);
```

