

EXPERIMENT 8

Seven segment display and 2x2 matrix keyboard

Code:

```
$MOD51

    MOV P1,#00H
    MOV P0,#00H

loop:  MOV A , #00H
; CHECK THE VALUE OF INPUT
    JNB P1.0, L1
    ADD A , #01H

    L1: JNB P1.1, L2
    ADD A , #02H

    L2: JNB P1.2, L3
    ADD A , #04H

    L3: JNB P1.3, L4
    ADD A , #08H

; MAP THE INPUT TO OUTPUT
    L4: MOV B, A
    CJNE A,#05H ,L5
    MOV P0,#07H
    LA: JNB P1.0, LX
    JB P1.2, LA
    LX: LJMP L16

    L5: MOV A,B
    CJNE A,#06H ,L6
    MOV P0,#4FH
    LB: JNB P1.0, LY
    JB P1.3, LB
    LY: LJMP L16

    L6: MOV A,B
    CJNE A,#09H ,L7
    MOV P0,#07H
    LC: JNB P1.1, LZ
    JB P1.2, LC
    LZ: LJMP L16

    L7: MOV A,B
    CJNE A,#0AH ,L16
    MOV P0,#06H
    LD: JNB P1.1, L16
    JB P1.3, LD

    L16: LJMP loop

END
```

Theory:

Above, the button at B1 is held. As the scan progresses, it does the following:

1. Nothing is selected. Outputs A and B are both high, and we don't worry about inputs 1 and 2.
2. Column A is selected with a logical low.
 - The system reads inputs 1 and 2. Both are open, so the pull-up resistors cause the inputs to be pulled high. Since this is an active low matrix, the high inputs indicate nothing is pressed.
3. The system deselects column A by driving it high and selects column B by driving it low.
 - The system reads inputs 1 and 2. Since switch B1 is held, the low level from the column selection shows up at input 1.
 - By pairing the column output (B) with the detected switch (1), the system knows that switch B1 is pressed.
4. Finally, everything is deselected by driving both outputs high.

Circuit and Output:



