

Experiment: Differential Amplifier with active load

Aim:

To implement a differential amplifier of gain 100 with active load and analyze its transient characteristics.

Tool Used:

LTspice

Theory:

Differential amplifiers apply gain not to one input signal but to the difference between two input signals. This means that a differential amplifier naturally eliminates noise or interference that is present in both input signals.

For a NMOS, PMOS let's assume

$$V_T = 0.4V$$

$$V_{DD} = 1.8V$$

$$K_n = 120\mu A/V^2,$$

$$K_p = 120\mu A/V^2,$$

Which implies

$$r_{01} = 1/\lambda_n I_D = 200K\Omega$$

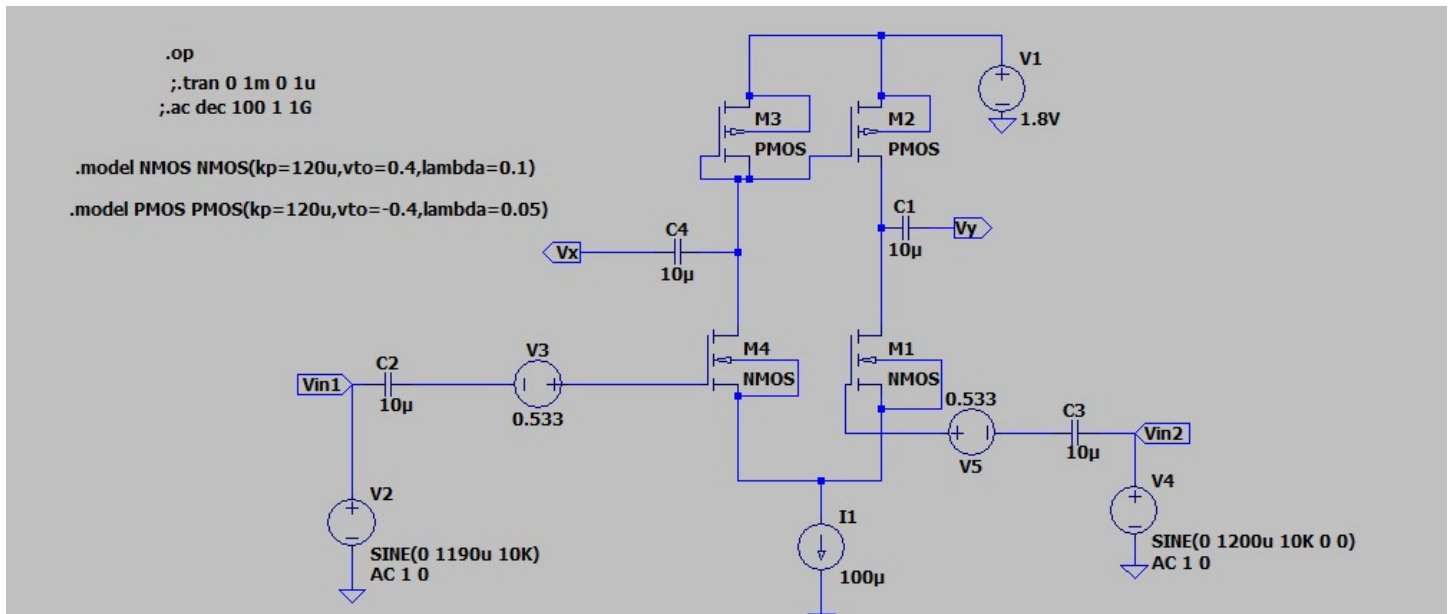
$$r_{02} = 1/\lambda_p I_D = 400K\Omega$$

Which gives the value of R_{out} to be 133.33 K Ω

Which gives a value of $(W/L) = 46.8$ for 50 μA I_D .

Hence with this value of W/L we get a V_{GS} of 0.533V

Circuit Schematic:

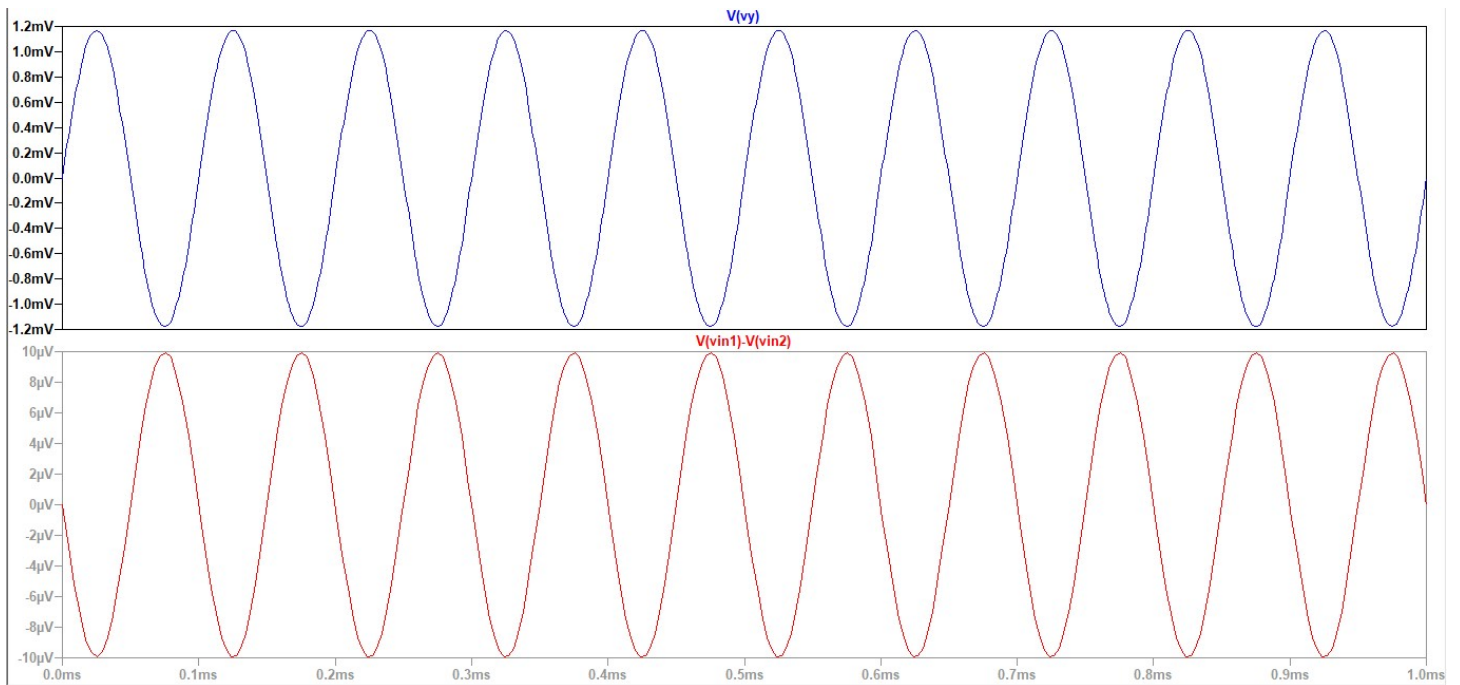


Output Waveforms:

--- Operating Point ---

V(n001):	1.8	voltage
V(n002):	0.525487	voltage
V(n003):	-0.51144	voltage
V(vy):	-5.11435e-006	voltage
V(n007):	0.533	voltage
V(n004):	-0.525412	voltage
V(vin1):	0	voltage
V(n005):	-0.532995	voltage
V(n006):	5.32995e-006	voltage
V(vin2):	0	voltage
V(n008):	0	voltage
V(vx):	5.25482e-006	voltage
Id(M4):	4.88105e-005	device_current
Is(M4):	-4.88105e-005	device_current
Id(M1):	5.11894e-005	device_current
Is(M1):	-5.11894e-005	device_current
Id(M3):	4.88105e-005	device_current
Is(M3):	-4.88105e-005	device_current
Id(M2):	5.11895e-005	device_current
Is(M2):	-5.11895e-005	device_current
I(C4):	5.25482e-018	device_current
I(C3):	0	device_current
I(C2):	-5.32995e-018	device_current
I(C1):	5.11435e-018	device_current
I(I1):	0.0001	device_current
I(V5):	0	device_current
I(V4):	0	device_current
I(V3):	-5.32995e-018	device_current
I(V2):	-5.32995e-018	device_current
I(V1):	-0.0001	device_current

Transient characteristics



Result:

The circuit is designed for a gain of 100 and the output is verified to be correct.