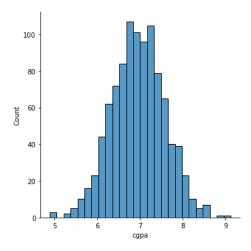
Aim: Find the Outlier from the given data set using trimming and capping methods.

```
In [18]: import numpy as np
          import pandas as pd
          import seaborn as sns
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          %matplotlib inline
In [19]: df = pd.read_csv('placement.csv')
Out[19]:
               cgpa placement_exam_marks placed
            0 7.19
                                     26.0
            1 7.46
                                     38.0
                                              1
                                     40.0
               7.54
                6.42
                                      8.0
                                              1
                                              0
               7.23
                                     17.0
               8.87
                                     44.0
           995
                                              1
           996
                9.12
                                     65.0
                                     34.0
                                              0
           998
                8.62
                                     46.0
                                     10.0
          1000 rows × 3 columns
In [20]: df.head()
Out[20]:
             cgpa placement_exam_marks placed
          0
             7.19
                                   26.0
              7.46
                                   38.0
              7.54
                                   40.0
                                            1
                                    8.0
                                            1
              7.23
                                   17.0
                                            0
In [21]: df.tail()
Out[21]:
               cgpa placement_exam_marks placed
           995 8.87
           996
                                     65.0
               4.89
                                     34.0
                                              0
           998
                8.62
                                     46.0
           999 4.90
                                     10.0
                                              1
In [22]: %matplotlib.notebook
```

UsageError: Line magic function `%matplotlib.notebook` not found.

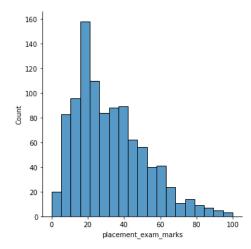
```
In [23]:
sns.displot(df['cgpa'])
```

Out[23]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x163a4803eb0>



```
In [27]: sns.displot(df['placement_exam_marks'])
```

Out[27]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x163a497f910>



```
In [28]: df['placement_exam_marks'].describe()
```

```
        Out[28]:
        count mean
        1000.000000

        std
        19.130822

        min
        0.000000

        25%
        17.000000

        50%
        28.000000

        75%
        44.000000

        max
        100.000000
```

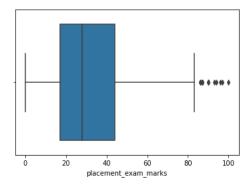
Name: placement_exam_marks, dtype: float64

```
In [29]: sns.boxplot(df['placement_exam_marks'])
```

C:\Users\User38\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit k eyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

Out[29]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='placement_exam_marks'>



```
In [30]: # finding highest boundries values
print('Highest Boundary value of Cgpa',df['cgpa'].mean() + 3*df['cgpa'].std())
```

Highest Boundary value of Cgpa 8.808933625397177

```
In [31]: # Finding Lowest boundries value
print('Lowest Boundary value of Cgpa',df['cgpa'].mean() - 3*df['cgpa'].std())
```

Lowest Boundary value of Cgpa 5.113546374602842

```
In [32]: # finding outliers
df[(df['cgpa']>8.80)| (df['cgpa']<5.11)]</pre>
```

Out[32]:

	cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed
485	4.92	44.0	1
995	8.87	44.0	1
996	9.12	65.0	1
997	4.89	34.0	0
999	4.90	10.0	1

Trimming

```
In [33]: df.shape
Out[33]: (1000, 3)
```

To [24], no., de | de[/de[|_a-ra|] to 00\ 0 /de[|_a-ra|] to 14

In [34]: new_df = df[(df['cgpa']<8.80) & (df['cgpa']>5.11)]
new_df

Out[34]:

	cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed
0	7.19	26.0	1
1	7.46	38.0	1
2	7.54	40.0	1
3	6.42	8.0	1
4	7.23	17.0	0
991	7.04	57.0	0
992	6.26	12.0	0
993	6.73	21.0	1
994	6.48	63.0	0
998	8.62	46.0	1

995 rows × 3 columns

```
In [35]: new_df.shape
Out[35]: (995, 3)
```

Z Score

```
In [36]: df['cgpa_score'] = (df['cgpa'] - df['cgpa'].mean())/df['cgpa'].std()
df
```

Out[36]:

	cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed	cgpa_score
0	7.19	26.0	1	0.371425
1	7.46	38.0	1	0.809810
2	7.54	40.0	1	0.939701
3	6.42	8.0	1	-0.878782
4	7.23	17.0	0	0.436371
995	8.87	44.0	1	3.099150
996	9.12	65.0	1	3.505062
997	4.89	34.0	0	-3.362960
998	8.62	46.0	1	2.693239
999	4.90	10.0	1	-3.346724

1000 rows × 4 columns

In [37]:
 df.describe()

Out[37]:

	cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed	cgpa_score
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1.000000e+03
mean	6.961240	32.225000	0.489000	-1.600275e-14
std	0.615898	19.130822	0.500129	1.000000e+00
min	4.890000	0.000000	0.000000	-3.362960e+00
25%	6.550000	17.000000	0.000000	-6.677081e-01
50%	6.960000	28.000000	0.000000	-2.013321e-03
75%	7.370000	44.000000	1.000000	6.636815e-01
max	9.120000	100.000000	1.000000	3.505062e+00

```
In [38]: df['cgpa_score'].describe()
```

```
Out[38]: count
                1.000000e+03
                 -1.600275e-14
         mean
         std
                 1.000000e+00
                -3.362960e+00
         min
                 -6.677081e-01
         25%
         50%
                 -2.013321e-03
         75%
                 6.636815e-01
                 3.505062e+00
         max
         Name: cgpa_score, dtype: float64
```

```
In [39]: df[df['cgpa_score']>3]
```

Out[39]:

	cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed	cgpa_score
995	8.87	44.0	1	3.099150
996	9.12	65.0	1	3.505062

In [40]: df[df['cgpa_score']< -3]</pre>

Out[40]:

	cypa	placement_exam_marks	piaceu	cgpa_score
485	4.92	44.0	1	-3.314251
997	4.89	34.0	0	-3.362960
999	4.90	10.0	1	-3.346724

Capping

```
In [42]: upper_limit = df['cgpa'].mean() + 3*df['cgpa'].std()
lower_limit = df['cgpa'].mean() - 3*df['cgpa'].std()
lower_limit
```

Out[42]: 5.113546374602842

In [44]: df.describe()

Out[44]:

	cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed	cgpa_score	cgpa_cap
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1.000000e+03	1000.000000
mean	6.961240	32.225000	0.489000	-1.600275e-14	6.961499
std	0.615898	19.130822	0.500129	1.000000e+00	0.612688
min	4.890000	0.000000	0.000000	-3.362960e+00	5.113546
25%	6.550000	17.000000	0.000000	-6.677081e-01	6.550000
50%	6.960000	28.000000	0.000000	-2.013321e-03	6.960000
75%	7.370000	44.000000	1.000000	6.636815e-01	7.370000
max	9.120000	100.000000	1.000000	3.505062e+00	8.808934

```
In [45]: df['placement_exam_marks'].skew()
```

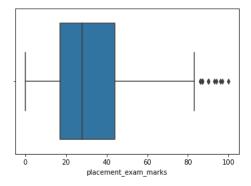
Out[45]: 0.8356419499466834

```
In [46]: sns.boxplot(df['placement_exam_marks'])
```

C:\Users\User38\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit k eyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

Out[46]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='placement_exam_marks'>



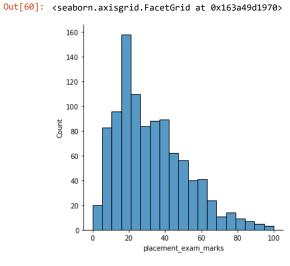
```
In [47]: q1,q2,q3=df['placement_exam_marks'].describe()[["25%","50%","75%"]]
```

```
In [49]: q1
Out[49]: 17.0
```

```
In [50]: q2
Out[50]: 28.0
In [51]: q3
Out[51]: 44.0
In [52]: iqr = q3-q1
In [53]: iqr
Out[53]: 27.0
In [54]: upper_limit =q3 +1.5*iqr
         upper_limit
Out[54]: 84.5
In [55]:
         lower_limit =q1 -1.5*iqr
         lower_limit
Out[55]: -23.5
In [56]: df[df['placement_exam_marks'] > upper_limit].shape
Out[56]: (15, 5)
In [57]: df[df['placement_exam_marks'] < lower_limit].shape</pre>
Out[57]: (0, 5)
In [58]: new_dff = df[df['placement_exam_marks'] < upper_limit]</pre>
```

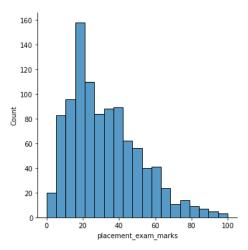
Trimming

```
In [59]: new_dff.shape
Out[59]: (985, 5)
In [60]: sns.displot(df['placement_exam_marks'])
```



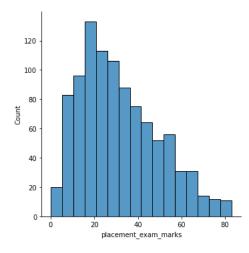
```
In [61]: sns.displot(df['placement_exam_marks'])
```

Out[61]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x163a49d14c0>



```
In [62]:
    sns.displot(new_dff['placement_exam_marks'])
```

Out[62]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x163a4b0c1f0>

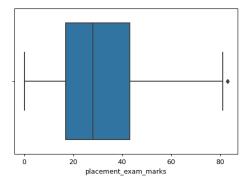


In [63]: %matplotlib notebook

In [64]: sns.boxplot(new_dff['placement_exam_marks'])

C:\Users\User38\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit k eyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(



Out[64]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='placement_exam_marks'>

Capping

In [66]: new_dff_cap

Out[66]:

	cgpa	placement_exam_marks	placed	cgpa_score	cgpa_cap
0	7.19	26.0	1	0.371425	7.190000
1	7.46	38.0	1	0.809810	7.460000
2	7.54	40.0	1	0.939701	7.540000
3	6.42	8.0	1	-0.878782	6.420000
4	7.23	17.0	0	0.436371	7.230000
995	8.87	44.0	1	3.099150	8.808934
996	9.12	65.0	1	3.505062	8.808934
997	4.89	34.0	0	-3.362960	5.113546
998	8.62	46.0	1	2.693239	8.620000
999	4.90	10.0	1	-3.346724	5.113546

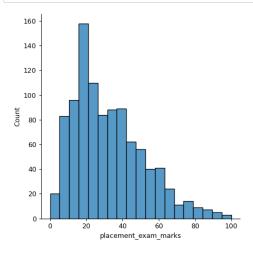
1000 rows × 5 columns

```
In [67]: new_dff_cap.shape
```

Out[67]: (1000, 5)

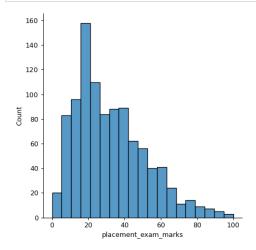
```
In [69]:
```

```
sns.displot(df['placement_exam_marks'])
```



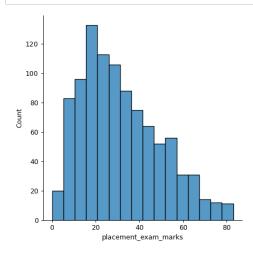
Out[69]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x163a5cf1640>

In [71]: sns.displot(df['placement_exam_marks'])



Out[71]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x163a5d51d30>

In [72]: sns.displot(new_dff['placement_exam_marks'])

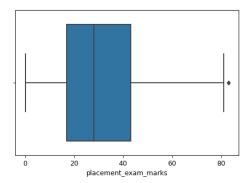


Out[72]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x163a5e66d30>

In [73]: sns.boxplot(new_dff['placement_exam_marks'])

C:\Users\User38\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit k eyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(



Out[73]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='placement_exam_marks'>

In []: