1. **What is marginal probability**

It is a probability of one event occurred calculation by ignoring all other variables.





1. **What are the probability axioms?**

It is called rules or principles of probability theory, has three rules





This calculation will used in **Naive Bayes** where naïve mean assumption, so in **Naive Bayes** is a **probabilistic classifier** based on **Bayes' Theorem** that assumes features are independent — it predicts the class with the highest probability.

1. **What is Conditional probability ?**

Conditional probability is the chance of event **A** happening **if** event **B** has already happened — like the chance it’s raining (**A**) given that it’s cloudy (**B**).

**Example**: If 30 out of 50 cloudy days are rainy, then  
**P(Rain | Cloudy) = 30 / 50 = 0.6**.