SUPERVISOR:	And they were quite young, weren't they?	
JOANNA:	Yes, between 25 and 29 – the mean was 27.8. I wasn't specifically looking for	Q21 & 22
	artists who'd produced recordings, but this is something that's just taken for	
	granted these days, and they all had.	
SUPERVISOR:	Right. Now you collected your data through telephone interviews, didn't you?	
JOANNA:	Yes. I realised if I was going to interview leading musicians it'd only be possible	Q23 & 24
	over the phone because they're so busy. I recorded them using a telephone	
	recording adaptor. I'd been worried about the quality, but it worked out all right. I managed at least a 30-minute interview with each subject, sometimes	
	longer.	
SUPERVISOR:	Did doing it on the phone make it more stressful?	
JOANNA:	I'd thought it might it was all quite informal though and in fact they seemed	
	very keen to talk. And I don't think using the phone meant I got less rich data,	Q23 & 24
	rather the opposite in fact.	
SUPERVISOR:	Interesting. And you were looking at how performers dress for concert performances?	
JOANNA:	That's right. My research investigated the way players see their role as a	
00/1111/1	musician and how this is linked to the type of clothing they decide to wear. But	
	that focus didn't emerge immediately. When I started I was more interested in	Q25 & 26
	trying to investigate the impact of what was worn on those listening, and also	Q_0 00
	whether someone like a violinist might adopt a different style of clothing from,	Q25 & 26
	say, someone playing the flute or the trumpet.	
SUPERVISOR:	It's interesting that the choice of dress is up to the individual, isn't it?	
JOANNA:	Yes, you'd expect there to be rules about it in orchestras, but that's quite rare.	
SUPERVISOR:	You only had women performers in your study. Was that because male	
	musicians are less worried about fashion?	
JOANNA:	I think a lot of the men are very much influenced by fashion, but in social terms	Q27
	the choices they have are more limited they'd really upset audiences if they	
	strayed away from quite narrow boundaries.	
SUPERVISOR:	Hmm. Now, popular music has quite different expectations. Did you read Mike	
	Frost's article about the dress of women performers in popular music?	
JOANNA:	No.	
SUPERVISOR:		
	dress down in performances, and wear less feminine clothes, like jeans instead	000
	of skirts, and he suggests this is because otherwise they'd just be discounted as	Q28
JOANNA:	trivial. But you could argue they're just wearing what's practical I mean, a pop-music	
JOANNA.	concert is usually a pretty energetic affair.	
SUPERVISOR:	Yes, he doesn't make that point, but I think you're probably right. I was	
551 211115511	interested by the effect of the audience at a musical performance when it came	
	to the choice of dress.	
JOANNA:	The subjects I interviewed felt this was really important. It's all to do with what	
	we understand by performance as a public event. They believed the audience	Q29
	had certain expectations and it was up to them as performers to fulfil these	
	expectations, to show a kind of esteem	
SUPERVISOR:	they weren't afraid of looking as if they'd made an effort to look good.	
JOANNA:	Mmm. I think in the past the audience would have had those expectations of	
	one another too, but that's not really the case now, not in the UK anyway.	
SUPERVISOR:	No.	
JOANNA:	And I also got interested in what sports scientists are doing too, with regard to	
	clothing.	