

Questions 34–36

Choose the correct letter, **A**, **B**, **C** or **D**.

Write the correct letter in boxes 34–36 on your answer sheet.

- 34 According to the writer, what is the ideal habitat for hares?
- A** open grassland which they can run across
 - B** densely wooded areas to breed in
 - C** areas which include a range of vegetation
 - D** land that has been farmed intensively for years
- 35 When leverets are living alone they are not visited often by their mother because
- A** this helps to protect them from being eaten by other animals.
 - B** the 'forms' are so far apart.
 - C** they are very energetic from a surprisingly early age.
 - D** they know how to find their own food from birth.
- 36 What does the writer suggest about the adult hares' diet?
- A** They need some plants with a high fat content.
 - B** They need time to digest the plants that they eat.
 - C** It is difficult for them to adapt to changes in vegetation.
 - D** It is vital for them to have a supply of one particular herb.

Questions 37–40

Complete the summary below.

Choose **ONE WORD ONLY** from the text for each answer.

Write your answers in boxes 37–40 on your answer sheet.

Brown hares

The brown hare is well known for its ability to run fast, at speeds of up to 70 kph, largely due to the length of its legs as well as the unusual size of its heart. An increased amount of blood also gives it the necessary **37** to continue running fast for some time. A running hare resembles the **38** more closely than its relative, the rabbit.

The hare has some other characteristics that help it to avoid capture. The first is its excellent all-round **39** This means that predators cannot easily creep up behind it. Another feature is its ability to position its massive **40** separately, to sense the slightest indication of danger.