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Exercises for the Class Elements of Computer Science: Programming Assignment 11

Submission of solutions until 3:00 p.m. at 26.01.2022 at moodle.uni-trier.de

- Every task needs to be edited in a meaningful way!
- Please comment your solutions, so that we can easy understand your ideas!
- If you have questions about programming or the homeworks, just ask you teachers!
- Submission that can't be compiled are rated with 0 points!

Exercise 1 (No Evaluation: Test class is provided)

A class UniMember is given, which can register university members in general. All other classes should be derived from this class. Another given class Test shall be used by you and extended for testing purposes to test all(!) functions and classes implemented by you.

Implement the following model:

- 1. (4 points) A class Student derived from UniMember:
 - In addition to the data from UniMember, instances of type Student also have a component matriculationNumber, which is filled with a continuous and unique **int** value for each student.
 - A student is generated by a constructor that expects the same parameters as the constructor for instances of type UniMember. The matriculation number is assigned automatically (via an instance counter analogous tocount in the example K5B02E_Rectangle).
- 2. (4 points) A class Staff also derived from UniMember:
 - Instances of type Staff have additional components room and phoneNumber.
 - An employee is generated by a constructor that expects the same parameters as the constructor for instances of type UniMember and additionally the information phoneNumber and room. The values are inserted into the corresponding components.

- 3. (4 points) A class Professor derived from Staff:
 - Instances of the type Professor additionally have an array assistants, in which assistants are stored. A professor can have a maximum of 10 employees.
 - The constructor for professors looks like the constructor Staff and fills the corresponding components.
- 4. (8 points) Generate a class Assistant that derives from Staff:
 - Instances of type Assistant also have a component supervisor of type Professor.
 - The constructor of the class Assistant contains data for all necessary components and additionally sets the superior of the assistant, so it looks like this:

```
public Assistant(String name,..., Professor supervisor)
```

All necessary components of the instance are filled; in addition, the just generated assistant is entered into the array of the assistant of the professor, who is his boss. If the professor already has 10 assistants, an error message is displayed and the program is terminated (with System.exit (0)).

• Implement a method with the signature

```
public void resign()
```

where a assistant quits its job, i.e. is removed from the assistants array of its boss. In addition, he should not have his own boss anymore.

- 5. (4 points) Implement a consecutive, unique personnel number staffNo starting at 1000 for all employees.
- 6. (6 points) Implement an additional method with the signature

```
public boolean employed()
```

that returns whether an instance of any class from the model is an employee of the university or not. All classes of the Staff class count as busy, with the exception of assistants after termination.

7. (4 points) Implement a method with the signature

```
public String toString()
```

in each class that returns all components of that instance.

For professors, the method should output a list of his assistants and their data. In addition to the first name, surname, address, telephone number, room and employee number, the first name and surname of the boss, if he has one, must also be output when outputting the assistants.

8. (6 points) Test the methods and classes you have implemented in the given class Test with static inputs. Use (implicitly) the function toString() for the output. To test employed() and toString(), you should cache instances of the classes you have defined in variables of the class UniMember.

Watch out: Pay attention to reasonable comments in your . java files!

Exercise 2 (Evaluation: predefined main method)

The given queue q in the main class can store object of three different classes (String, Integer and Boolean). These objects are stored in an unknown order.

Implement a method evaluateThreeClasses that processes each element of the queue individually and outputs the following information on the terminal:

- First count how long all String objects in the queue are and output only the size.
- Compute the sum of all integer values in the queue and output the sum only
- The last step is count how many **boolean** value were set to **true**.

Note: After a x = q. deQueue () you must first determine to which of the three classes x actually belongs.