

Experiment No 1

**LIT System: To find the impulse and step response of a given system,
Solution of difference equation, Verification of Sampling Theorem.**

i)LIT System

%Without initializing values

% $y(n)+0.8y(n-2)+0.6y(n-3)=x(n)+0.7x(n-1)+0.5x(n-2)$

```
clear all;
close all;
b=input('Enter the coefficients of x ');
a=input('Enter the coefficients of y ');
N=input('Enter the length of the input sequence ');
n=0:1: N;
step=1.^n;
imp=[1,zeros(1,N)];
```

```
RES1=filter(b,a,step)
RES2=filter(b,a,imp)
```

```
subplot(2,2,1)
stem(n,step)
grid on
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Step Input ')
```

```
subplot(2,2,2)
stem(n,imp)
grid on
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Impulse Input')
```

```
subplot(2,2,3)
stem(n,RES1)
grid on
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Step Response')
```

```
subplot(2,2,4)
stem(n,RES2)
grid on
xlabel('Input');
ylabel('Output Response');
title('Impulse Response')
```

Result

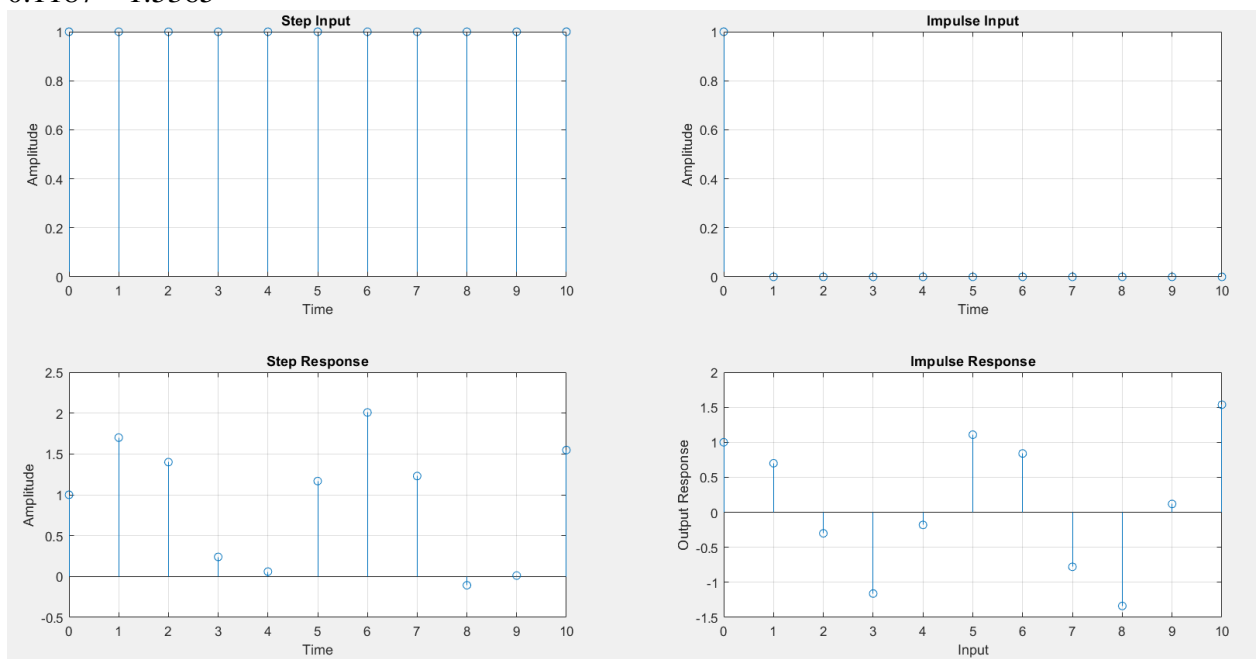
Enter the coefficients of x [1 0.7 0.5]
Enter the coefficients of y [1 0 0.8 0.6]
Enter the length of the input sequence 10

RES1 =

1.0000 1.7000 1.4000 0.2400 0.0600 1.1680 2.0080 1.2296 -0.1072 0.0115
1.5480

RES2 =

1.0000 0.7000 -0.3000 -1.1600 -0.1800 1.1080 0.8400 -0.7784 -1.3368
0.1187 1.5365



Program 2

%Initializing Y values

%y(n)=1/3x(n)+1/3x(n-1)+1/3x(n-2)+0.95y(n-1)-0.9025y(n-2)

%y(-1)=-2, y(-2)=-3

clear all;

close all;

b=input('Enter the coefficients of x ');

a=input('Enter the coefficients of y ');

N=input('Enter the length of the input sequence ');

n=0:1:N;

step=1.^n;

imp=[1,zeros(1,N)];

Y=[-2 -3];

```
XIC=filtic(b,a,Y);
RES1=filter(b,a,step,XIC)
RES2=filter(b,a,imp,XIC)
```

```
subplot(2,2,1)
stem(n,step)
grid on
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Step Input ');
```

```
subplot(2,2,2)
stem(n,imp)
grid on
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Impulse Input');
```

```
subplot(2,2,3)
stem(n,RES1)
grid on
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Step Response');
```

```
subplot(2,2,4)
stem(n,RES2)
grid on
xlabel('Input');
ylabel('Output Response');
title('Impulse Response');
```

Result

Enter the coefficients of x [1/3 1/3 1/3]

Enter the coefficients of y [1 -0.95 0.9025]

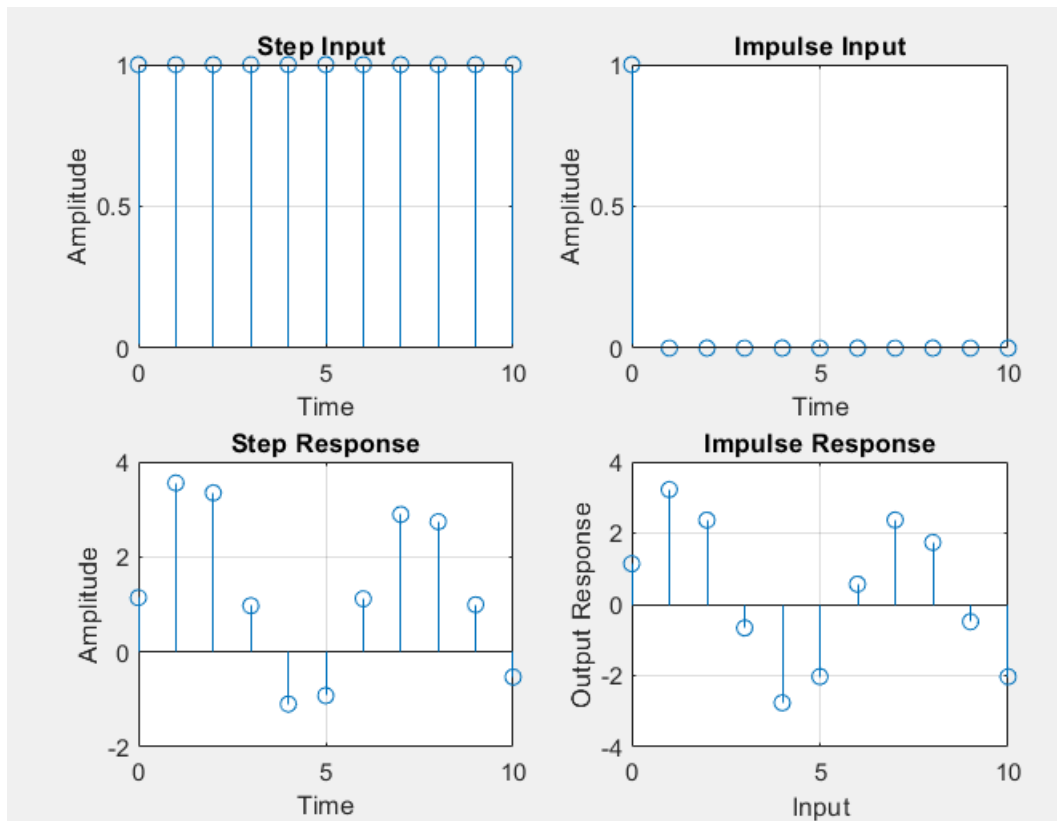
Enter the length of the input sequence 10

RES1 =

```
1.1408 3.5555 3.3481 0.9719 -1.0984 -0.9206 1.1167 2.8917 2.7393
0.9925
-0.5293
```

RES2 =

```
1.1408 3.2221 2.3647 -0.6615 -2.7626 -2.0275 0.5671 2.3686 1.7383 -
0.4862
-2.0307
```



%For the given interval

% $y(n)-y(n-1)+0.9y(n-2)=x(n)$ for all n

% $n=-5:5$

%For the given interval

% $y(n)-y(n-1)+0.9y(n-2)=x(n)$ for all n

% $n=-5:5$

clear all;

close all;

b=input('Enter the coefficients of x ');

a=input('Enter the coefficients of y ');

n=-5:5;

step=[zeros(1,5) ones(1,5)];

imp=[zeros(1,5) 1 zeros(1,5)];

RES1=filter(b,a,step)

RES2=filter(b,a,imp)

subplot(2,2,1)

stem(step)

grid on

xlabel('Time');

ylabel('Amplitude');

title('Step Input ');

```

subplot(2,2,2)
stem(imp)
grid on
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Impulse Input');

subplot(2,2,3)
stem(RES1)
grid on
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Step Response');

subplot(2,2,4)
stem(RES2)
grid on
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Amplitude');
title('Impulse Response');

```

Result

Enter the coefficients of x 1

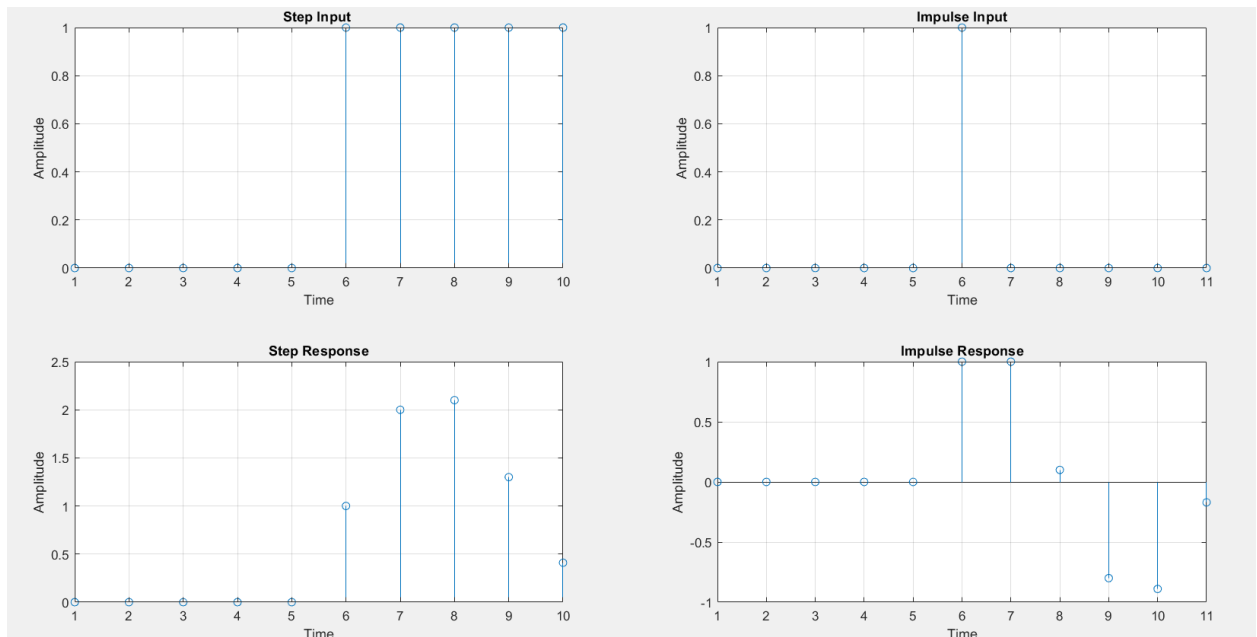
Enter the coefficients of y [1 -1 0.9]

RES1 =

0	0	0	0	0	1.0000	2.0000	2.1000	1.3000	0.4100
---	---	---	---	---	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

RES2 =

0	0	0	0	0	1.0000	1.0000	0.1000	-0.8000	-0.8900	-0.1700
---	---	---	---	---	--------	--------	--------	---------	---------	---------



ii) Sampling Theorem

```
close all;
clear all;
t=0:0.001:0.1;
f1=input('Enter the Input Frequency1 = ');
f2=input('Enter the Input Frequency2 = ');

%Input Signal
y=cos(2*pi*f1*t) + cos(2*pi*f2*t);
fm=max(f1,f2);

subplot(4,1,1)
plot(t,y);
grid on;
title('Input Sinusoidal Signal');
xlabel('Time(s)');
ylabel('Amplitude(V)');

%Under Sampling
fs1=fm;
ts1=1/fs1;
tx1=0:ts1:0.1;
y1=cos(2*pi*f1*tx1) + cos(2*pi*f2*tx1)

subplot(4,2,3)
stem(tx1,y1);
grid on;
title('Sinusoidal Signal sampled at fs=fm Hz');
xlabel('Time(s)');
```

```

ylabel('Amplitude(V)');

subplot(4,2,4)
plot(tx1,y1);
grid on;
title('Recovered Signal sampled at fs=fm Hz');
xlabel('Time(s)');
ylabel('Amplitude(V)');

%Right Sampling
fs2=2*fm;
ts2=1/fs2;
tx2=0:ts2:0.1
y2=cos(2*pi*f1*tx2) + cos(2*pi*f2*tx2)

subplot(4,2,5)
stem(tx2,y2);
grid on;
title('Sinusoidal Signal sampled at fs=2*fm Hz');
xlabel('Time(s)');
ylabel('Amplitude(V)');

subplot(4,2,6)
plot(tx2,y2);
grid on;
title('Recovered Signal sampled at fs=2*fm Hz');
xlabel('Time(s)');
ylabel('Amplitude(V)');

%Over Sampling
fs3=3*fm;
ts3=1/fs3;
tx3=0:ts3:0.1;
y3=cos(2*pi*f1*tx3) + cos(2*pi*f2*tx3)

subplot(4,2,7)
stem(tx3,y3);
grid on;
title('Sinusoidal Signal sampled at fs=3*fm Hz');
xlabel('Time(s)');
ylabel('Amplitude(V)');

subplot(4,2,8)
plot(tx3,y3);
grid on;
title('Recovered Signal sampled at fs=3*fm Hz');
xlabel('Time(s)');

```

```
ylabel('Amplitude(V)');
```

Result

Enter the Input Frequency1 = 100

Enter the Input Frequency2 = 200

