Unit 4 - Week 2

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Assignment 2
                                                                                  Due on 2020-09-30, 23:59 IST.
The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.
Assignment submitted on 2020-09-29, 12:11 IST
1) Consider the below code segment.
                                                                                                         2 points
    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
    #define X 5
    int main() {
        int n = 10;
        X = n; // LINE-1
        cout << X;
        return 0;
    What will be the output/error of the above code?
 (a) 5
 Ob) 10
 O c) 0

    d) Compilation error at LINE-1: Ivalue required as left operand of assignment.

Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
d) Compilation error at LINE-1: lvalue required as left operand of assignment.
                                                                                                         2 points
2) Consider the following code segment.
    #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
    int main() {
       int n = 2, m = 3;
       int * const p; // LINE-1
        p = &n;
                        // LINE-2
       cout << *p;
        return 0;
    What will be the output of /error in the above code?
 □ a) 2
 □ b) ⟨garbage_value⟩
 Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
 c) Compilation error at LINE-1: uninitialized const 'p'.
d) Compilation error at LINE-2: assignment of read-only variable 'p'.
                                                                                                         2 points
3) Consider below code segment.
    #include<iostream>
    using namespace std;
    struct complex{
        int re, im;
        void print(){ cout << re << "+i" << im; }</pre>
    };
                                                     //Line-1
        struct complex c3={0,0};
        c3.re = c1.re+c2.re;
        c3.im = c1.im+c2.im;
        return c3;
    int main(){
        struct complex c1=\{2,5\}, c2\{3,-2\};
        struct complex t = c1 + c2;
        t.print();
        return 0;
    Complete operator overloading for structure complex at Line-1 so that the output is "5+i3".

    □ a) complex operator+(complex &c1, complex &c2)

 c) operator+(complex &c1, complex &c2)
 d) complex +(complex &c1, complex &c2)
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
a) complex operator+(complex &c1, complex &c2)
b) complex operator+(const complex &c1, const complex &c2)
4) Consider the following code segment. What will be the output of the following program?
                                                                                                         2 points
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int main() {
       int a = 5;
       int \&b = a;
       ++a;
       ++b;
       a = a + b;
       cout << a;
       return 0;
 O a) 10
 O b) 11
 O c) 13
 (a) 14
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
d) 14
5) Consider the below program:
                                                                                                         2 points
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   void fun(int a = 0) { cout << "1st" << endl; }</pre>
   void fun() { cout << "2nd" << endl; }</pre>
   int main() {
       fun(); // LINE-1
       return 0;
   What will be the output/error of the above code?
 (a) 1st
 (a) b) 2nd
 o c) 1st
      2nd

    d) Compilation error at LINE-1: call of overloaded fun() is ambiguous.

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
d) Compilation error at LINE-1: call of overloaded fun() is ambiguous.
                                                                                                         2 points
    Consider the following code segment.
    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
    int main() {
        int a = 2;
        int &ra = a;
        const int &cra = a;
        const int &cra_1 = a + 1;
        cout << (&a == &ra) << " " << (&a == &cra) << " " << (&a == &cra_1);
        return 0;
    What will be the output of the above code?
 O a) 0 0 0
 O c) 100
 Od) 111
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
b) 110
                                                                                                         2 points
7) What is the output/error in the following code?
    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
    void fun(int &a, int b) {
        a = a + b;
    int main() {
       int a = 10;
       fun(a, a);
        cout << a;
       return 0;
 (a) 20
 Ob) 10
 O c) 0
 ○ d) ⟨garbage_value⟩
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
 a) 20
                                                                                                         2 points
8) Consider the code segment below.
    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
    #define MUL(x,y) x*y
    int main() {
        int a = 10, b = 5, c, d;
        c = MUL(a, b + 1);
        d = MUL(a + 1, b);
        cout << c << " " << d;
        return 0;
   What will be the output?
 O a) 60 55
 ● b) 51 15
 O c) 60 15
 Od) 51 55
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
b) 51 15
                                                                                                         2 points
9) Consider the code segment below.
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
```

int main() {

return 0;

Yes, the answer is correct.

Accepted Answers:

Score: 2

const int *a = new int[2]; // LINE-1

cout << *a << " " << *(a + 1);

Modify LINE-1 such that it will print 5 10.

 \bigcirc a) const int *a = new int(2){5,10};

 \odot b) const int *a = new int[2] {5,10};

 \bigcirc c) const int *a = new int[2](5,10);

 \bigcirc d) const int *a = new int(2)(5,10);

b) const int $*a = new int[2]{5,10}$;