Assignment 1

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NPTEL » Programming in C++
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Unit 3 - Week 1

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Due on 2020-09-30, 23:59 IST.
The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.
Assignment submitted on 2020-09-24, 00:36 IST
                                                                                                          2 points
   Consider the following code segment.
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int main() {
       int a[3] = { 10, 20, 30 };
       int _____; // LINE-1
       p = \&a;
       cout << (*p)[0] << " " << (*p)[1] << endl;
       return 0;
   Fill in the blank at LINE-1 with appropriate option/s such that the output is: 10 20
 □ a) *p
□ b) **p
 ☑ c) (*p)[3]
 □ d) *p[3]
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
c) (*p)[3]
                                                                                                          2 points
2) Consider the following code segment.
    #include <iostream>
    using namespace std;
    int main() {
        int a[] = { 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 }, *p;
        p = a + 5;
                            // LINE-1
        int i = 0;
        while (i < 3) {
            cout << p[-i] << " "; // LINE-2
            p++;
            i++;
        return 0;
    What will be the output?
 a) 10 30 50
 O b) 60 50 40
 O c) 60 40 20
 (a) 60 60 60
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
d) 60 60 60
                                                                                                          2 points
Consider the following code segment.
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   struct shape {
       int type;
        union g_shape {
            struct rect_share { int pt1, pt2; } r1;
            struct tri_shape { int pt1, pt2, pt3; } r2;
       };
        union g_shape s;
   };
   What will be the sizeof(shape) (consider the sizeof(int) = 4)?
 O a) 8
 O b) 12
 © c) 16
 Od) 24
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
c) 16
                                                                                                          2 points
4) Consider the following code segment.
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int main() {
       int a[] = { 5, 20, 15 };
       int *arr[3] = { a, a + 1, a + 2 };
       cout << *arr[*arr[1] - 19];
       return 0;
   What will be the output?
 (a) 5
 (a) b) 20
 O c) 15
 Od) Unpredictable value
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
b) 20
                                                                                                          2 points
   Consider the following code segment.
    #include <iostream>
    #include <algorithm>
    using namespace std;
    bool compare(int i, int j) {
        return (i > j);
    int main() {
        int data[] = { 40, 30, 90, 10, 20, 50, 70, 60, 80 };
                                              // LINE-1
        sort(data, _____, compare);
        for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++)
            cout << data[i] << " ";
        return 0;
    Fill in the blank with appropriate option/s, such that the output is:
    90 40 30 20 10 50 70 60 80
 □ a) data + 9

    c) data[8]

☑ d) &data[5]
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
b) data + 5
d) &data[5]
6) Consider the following code segment.
                                                                                                          2 points
    #include <iostream>
    #include <string>
    using namespace std;
    int main() {
        string str1 = "Physical ";
        string str2 = "Science";
                              // LINE-1
        str1 = ____;
        cout << str1;</pre>
        return 0;
   Fill in the blank at LINE-1 such that the output is: Physical Science.
 b) strcat(str1,str2)
 c) strcat(strcpy(str2,str1),str2)
 ☑ d) str1.append(str2)
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
a) str1 + str2
d) str1.append(str2)
                                                                                                          2 points
7) Consider the following code segment.
   #include <iostream>
   #include <vector>
   int main() {
        std::vector<int> myvector(5);
       for (int i = 1; i < 5; i++)
            myvector[i] = i;
                                     // LINE-1
        myvector.resize(3);
                                     // LINE-2
       myvector.resize(4, 110);
                                    // LINE-3
                                     // LINE-4
        myvector.resize(5);
        for (int i = 0; i < myvector.size(); i++)</pre>
            std::cout << ' ' << myvector[i];
       return 0;
   What will be the output?
 (a) 0 1 2 110 0
 O b) 0 1 2 1 0
 Oc) 0 1 2 3 4
 Od) 110 110 110 0
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
a) 0 1 2 110 0
8) Consider the following code segment.
                                                                                                          2 points
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   union sample {
       int x;
       char y;
   int main() {
       union sample ptr1;
       ptr1.x = 97;
       ptr1.y = 'B'; // ASCII Code of 'B' is 66
       union sample *ptr2 = &ptr1;
       cout << ptr2->x + (*ptr2).y;
                                         // LINE-1
       return 0;
   What will be the output/error?
 (a) 163
 (a) b) 132
 Oc) 194
 d) Compiler error: type mismatch for + operator
Yes, the answer is correct.
Score: 2
Accepted Answers:
b) 132
9) Consider the following code segment.
                                                                                                          2 points
   int n = 10;
   const int *p1 = &n;
   int * const p2 = &n;
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int const *p3 = &n;

*p1 = 20;

*p2 = 20;

*p3 = 20;

*p4 = 20;

□ a) STMT-1

☑ b) STMT-2

□ c) STMT-3

□ d) STMT-4

Accepted Answers:

b) STMT-2

Score: 2

Yes, the answer is correct.

int const * const p4 = &n;

// STMT-1

// STMT-2

// STMT-3

// STMT-4

Which statement / statements are correct?