PREREQUISITES:-

- Node (nodejs.org)
- Knowledge on
 - o HTML5
 - o CSS3
 - JavaScript (ES6)

Babel & WebPack :-

- All the browsers suppoerts ES-5.
- We are using **ES-6** concepts
- Babel is a tranpiler that converts the new JS code to Older ones.
- Minify (CSS, SCSS, SASS, JavaScript)

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- WebPack consists of two functionalities
 - Loaders
 - CSS-Loader
 - SASS-Loader
 - Babel-Loader
 - Plugins
- Composition
- The process of combining multiple components together

Installation:

```
node -v
npm -v
npm install create-react-app -g
create-react-app project_name>
npx create-react-app project_name>
```

Components in React

- Class components
- For representing a class component we have to use class keyword
- render() for returning a statement
- We have to aquire the properties from base class for implementing.
- Functional components
- We have to use function | ()=> for implementing a functional component
- Can return a statement directly
- High performance than class Component

Styling components

```
// Inline styles
<h2 style={{backgroundColor:"green"}}> Sample content </h2>`
// Stying component using JavaScript object
var style={
   backgroundColor: "reg",
   color: "#000"
}
```

React fragment

We have to use react fragments for avoiding number of divisions.

State in React

The concept of State provides a way to store the data in a component

```
constructor(){
   super();
   this.state={
     "name":"Hanuman",
     "role":"Full stack developer"
   }
}
```

Manipulating data from a state

Using prevState for manipulating the data of a state:-

```
incrementCounter=()=>{
   this.setState(prevState=>(
        {counter: prevState.counter+1}
    ))
   }
```

Decrementing the value of the state:-

```
decrementCounter=()=>{
   if(this.state.counter>0){
   this.setState(prevState=>(
        {counter: prevState.counter-1}
   ))
   }
}
```

Using hooks concept for implementing state functionality in functional component

```
import React, {useState} from 'react';
// import Header from './Header'

function App(){
    var initialData=()=>{
        setData({
            name: "Hanuman",
            role: "Full stack developer"
        })
    }
    const [data,setData]=useState({"name": "Hanuman", "role": "Full stack developer"
"})
    return(
        <>
            <h2 onMouseOver={()=>{setData({name: "Rajesh",role: "MERN developer"})}} onMouseOut={initialData}> {data.name} is working as a {data.role} </h2>
        </>
    )
}
export default App;
```

HOOKS CONCEPT:-

Manipulate data :-

APPLYING DYNAMIC STYLES:-

```
import React, {useState} from 'react';
```

DATA MANIPULATE:-

```
import React,{useState} from 'react';

function App() {
    var changeData=()=>{
        setData({
            name:"Rajesh",
            role:"MERN developer"
        })
    }
    const [data,setData]=useState({"name":"Hanuman","role":"Full stack developer"
})
    return (
        <>
        <h2 onMouseOver={changeData}>{data.name} => {data.role}</h2>
        </>
        )
}
export default App;
```

App.js Header.js

REGULAR EXPRESSION FOR EMAIL VALIDATIONS:-

```
import React,{useState} from 'react';
export default function FormInput(){
    function testMobile(e){
        var reg = /^\S+@\S+[.]\S{1,}$/
        if(reg.test(e.target.value)){
            setContent({
                background: "green",
                text:"Valid Email id"
            })
        } else {
            setContent({
                background:"red",
                text:"Invalid Email id"
            })
    var [content, setContent]=useState({background:"#fff",text:"hi"})
    return(
        <div>
            <article style={{background:content.background, textAlign:"center"</pre>
}}> {content.text} </article> <br />
                 <input type="text" placeholder="Email id" onKeyUp={(event)=>{t
estMobile(event)}}/>
            </form>
        </div>
    )
```

ROUTER:-

• npm install react-router-dom –save

APP.JS

```
import React, {useState} from 'react';
import './App.css';
import {BrowserRouter,Route,Link,Switch} from 'react-router-dom';
import Sample from './Sample';
import {profiles} from './data.json';
function App(){
 return(
       <BrowserRouter>
         <Route exact path='/' component={Home}/>
         <Route exact path='/sample' component={Sample}/>
        </BrowserRouter>
let Home=()=>{
 return(
    <article className="parent">
    {profiles.map((item,index)=>(
      <div className="child" key={index}>
      <h2> {item.name} </h2>
      <h4>{item.role} </h4>
      <a href={"mailto"+item.email}> {item.email} </a>
      <link className="button" to= {{pathname:'/sample'}}> view profile 
      </div>
    ))}
    </article>
export default App;
```

```
App.js
.parent{
 display: flex;
 flex-flow: row wrap;
 justify-content: center;
.child{
 width: 40%;
 border: 1px solid red;
 padding: 1%;
 margin: 1%;
 box-shadow: 0px 8px 8px -8px;
 text-align: center;
.child h2{
 color: #18379d;
.button{
 display: block;
 background: blue;
 margin: 1%;
 color: #fff;
 padding: 1%;
 text-decoration: none;}
```

Data.json

Sample.js

To-do-List:-

- We need to create an input field along with the button
- We have to create an empty array and empty string in the state.

```
state={
    formInfo:" ".
    data: [ ]
}
```

- We have to store the information temporarily which we are getting from the input field. We have to do this by an onkeyup event.
- When we are gonna click on the button, we've to store the information from the input field to the array of state
- We've to render the information in the view part.

Live search from JSON:-

```
import React from 'react';
import './App.css'
import {profiles} from './data.json'
export default class Search extends React.Component{
    constructor(){
        super();
        this.state={
            search:""
    searchData=(e)=>{
        this.setState({search: e.target.value})
    render(){
        const {search} =this.state;
        console.log(search)
        const filteredNames=profiles.filter(profileInfo=>{
            return profileInfo.name.toLowerCase().indexOf(search.toLowerCase()
)!==-1
        })
        return(
            <div className="container">
                <input type="text" placeholder="Search..." onKeyUp={(event)=>{
this.searchData(event)}}/>
                <div className="parent">
                        filteredNames.map((item,index)=>(
                            <div className="child" key={index}>
                                {item.name}
                             </div>
                        ))
                </div>
           </div>
```