

# Multiple-Input Multiple-Output Control

## MASTER OF SCIENCE IN AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

## Assignment 1 - Modelling the Flying Chardonnay

#### **Authors:**

Rajashree Srikanth João Fernandes Barbara

rajashree.srikanth@student.isae-supaero.fr
joao.fernandes-barbara@student.isae-supaero.fr

### Tutor:

Leandro Lustosa

November 12, 2023

 $2023/2024 - 3^{rd}$  Semester

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### 1 Introduction

The goal of this assignment is the development and implementation of the physics-based modelling of the dynamics of the Flying Chardonnay drone, an automatic drink delivery device. For a given set of drone parameters

$$[m_d = 1 \quad m_c = 1 \quad l = 1 \quad l_d = 1 \quad J = 1 \quad C_D = 0.01 \quad g = 10]$$

and system state  $\boldsymbol{x}$ , the time derivative of the state of the system  $\dot{\boldsymbol{x}}$  is computed.

# 2 Implementation on MATLAB

The equations of motion derived are implemented on MATLAB as follows:

```
1 %% Dynamics of Flying Chardonnay
2 % All values are in SI units
3 % x = [vn; vd; the; thed; gam; gamd]
4 \% u = [T1; T2]
5 \% w = [wn; wd]
6 % drone = structure containing all drone physical parameters
      function x_dot = drone_dynamics(x,u,w,drone)
8 %% drone parameters
      md = drone.mass_drone;
      mc = drone.mass_cup;
      l = drone.length_cg_cup;
11
      ld = drone.length_cg_propeller;
12
      J = drone.inertia;
13
      CD = drone.drag;
      g = drone.gravity;
15
16
17 %% State matrix
      A1 = [md \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ \sin(x(3) + x(5))];
      A2 = [0 \text{ md } 0 \text{ 0 } 0 \text{ cos}(x(3)+x(5))];
19
      A3 = [mc \ 0 \ 0 \ -mc*1*cos(x(3)+x(5)) \ 0 \ -mc*1*cos(x(3)+x(5)) \ -sin(x(3)+x(5))
20
     ];
      A4 = [0 \text{ mc } 0 \text{ mc*}1*\sin(x(3)+x(5)) 0 \text{ mc*}1*\sin(x(3)+x(5)) -\cos(x(3)+x(5))];
21
      A5 = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ J \ 0 \ 0];
22
      A6 = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0];
23
      A7 = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0];
24
      A = [A1; A2; A3; A4; A5; A6; A7];
26
27 %% h matrix
      h1 = -(u(1)+u(2))*sin(x(3)) - CD*(x(1)-w(1));
28
      h2 = md*g - (u(1) + u(2))*cos(x(3)) - CD*(x(2)-w(2));
29
      h3 = (-mc*1*(x(4)+x(6))^2)*sin(x(3)+x(5));
30
      h4 = mc*g - (mc*l*(x(4)+x(6))^2)*cos(x(3)+x(5));
31
      h5 = (u(2)-u(1))*ld;
      h6 = x(4);
33
      h7 = x(6);
34
      h = [h1; h2; h3; h4; h5; h6; h7];
35
37 %% solving for [x_dot F]
  y = A \setminus h;
```

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```
x_{dot} = y(1:6);
41 end
1 %% main code containing input values
    x = [1 \ 0.1 \ deg2rad(10) \ deg2rad(10) \ deg2rad(5) \ deg2rad(5)];
     u = [4.8, 5.3];
     w = [2 -3];
6 %% drone parameters
     drone.mass_drone = 1;
     drone.mass_cup = 1;
     drone.length_cg_cup = 1;
    drone.length_cg_propeller = 1;
10
    drone.inertia = 1;
11
    drone.drag = 0.01;
     drone.gravity = 10;
14
15 %% obtaining solution x_dot from function drone_dynamics
x_dot = drone_dynamics(x,u,w,drone)
```

The computed value is:

```
\dot{\boldsymbol{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.4471 \, m/s^2 & 4.8619 \, m/s^2 & 0.1745 \, rad/s & 0.50 \, rad/s^2 & 0.0873 \, rad/s & 0.3980 \, rad/s^2 \end{bmatrix}
```