

ITA-6008 Big Data Analytics

Assignment - 1

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Submitted to:

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1. Procedure to install the Hadoop in your system.

Prerequisite to Hadoop Installation

- 1. You have installed Ubuntu 22 Desktop version in your Virtual Machine
- 2. You have installed Java (jdk 8) in your Ubuntu system.
- 3. Check your hostname is Ubuntu

\$ hostname --should output Ubuntu

Linux Configuration Before Hadoop Installation

We will setup single node Hadoop cluster using a dedicated Hadoop user.

- 1. Login as Root
- 2. Adding a dedicated user called hduser
- 2. Create a Group called Hadoop

sudo addgroup Hadoop

4. Create an User hduser

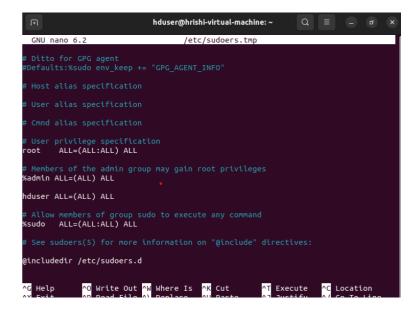
sudo adduser hduser

5. Add houser to hadoop group

sudo adduser houser Hadoop

6. Add the 'hduser' to sudoers list so that hduser can do admin tasks. sudo visudo

houser ALL=(ALL) ALL



- 7. Logout Your System and login again as hduser.
- 8. Configuring SSH

sudo apt-get install openssh-server

9. Generate SSH for communication

hduser@ubuntu:~\$ ssh-keygen

10. Copy Public Key to Authorized key file & edit the permission

hduser@ubuntu:~Scat~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys

ho&ser@ubuntu:~\$chmod 700 ~/.ssh/auth

11.Start SSH

If ssh is not running, then run it by giving the below command

hduser@ubuntu:~\$ sudo /etc/init.d/ssh restart

Enter your Password(hadoop)

12. Test Your SSH Connectivity

hduser@ubuntu:~\$ ssh localhost

13. Test Your SSH Connectivity hduser@ubuntu:-S ssh localhost

Download Hadoop

- 1. Download hadoop-3.3.1.tar.gz and save it to hduser/Desktop. https://downloads.apache.org/hadoop/
- 2. move the above downloaded file to /us/local/ Open Terminal(Ctr|+Alt+T)

\$ sudo mv ~/Desktop/hadoop-3.3.1.tar.gz /us/local/

cd /usr/local

sudo tar -xvf hadoop-3.3.1.tar.gz

sudo rm hadoop-3.3.1.tar.gz

sudo ln -s hadoop-3.3.1 hadoop

sudo chown -R hduser:hadoop hadoop-3.3.1

sudo chmod 777 hadoop-3.3.1

3. Edit hadoop-env.sh and configure Java.

\$ sudo vim /ust/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.sh

export HADOOP_OPTS=Djava.net.preferiPv4Stack=true export HADOOP_HOME_WARN_SUPPRESS-"TRUE" export JAVA_HOME=/us/local/java/jdk

3. Update \$HOME/.bashrc

Set Hadoop-related environment variables
export HADOOP_HOME=/usr/local/hadoop
export HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME=\${HADOOP_HOME}
export HADOOP_COMMON_HOME=\${HADOOP_HOME}
export HADOOP_HDFS_HOME=\${HADOOP_HOME}
export HADOOP_YARN_HOME=\${HADOOP_HOME}
export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=\${HADOOP_HOME}/etc/hadoop

Native Path

export

HADOOP_COMMON_LIB_NATIVE_DIR=\${HADOOP_PREFIX}/lib/native export HADOOP_OPTS="-Djava.library.path=\$HADOOP_PREFIX/lib"

Set JAVA_HOME (we will also configure JAVA_HOME directly for Hadoop later on)

export JAVA_HOME=/usr/local/java/jdk

Some convenient aliases and functions for running Hadoop-related commands unaliasfs&> /dev/null aliasfs="hadoop fs"

aliashls="fs -ls"

unaliashls&>/dev/null

export
PATH=\$PATH:\$HADOOP_HOME/bin:\$PATH:\$JAVA_HOME/bin:\$HADOOP_H
OME/sbin

5. Update yarn-site.xml

\$sudo vim /us/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop/yarn-site.xmI

```
cproperty>
         <name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services</name>
        <value>mapreduce_shuffle</value>
      cproperty>
  <name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services.mapreduce.shuffle.class</name>
 <value>org.apache.hadoop.mapred.ShuffleHandler</value>
      cproperty>
   <name>yarn.nodemanager.vmem-check-enabled</name>
   <value>false</value>
   <description>Whether virtual memory limits will be enforced for
containers</description>
 </property>
 cproperty>
  <name>yarn.nodemanager.vmem-pmem-ratio</name>
   <value>4</value>
   <description>Ratio between virtual memory to physical memory when setting
memory limits for containers</description>
```

6. Update core-site.xml file

\$ sudo vim /ust/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop/core-site.xmI

7. Create the above temp folder and give appropriate permission

```
sudo mkdir -p /app/hadoop/tmp
sudo chown hduser:hadoop -R /app/hadog
sudo chmod 750 /app/hadoop/tmp
```

8. Edit mapred-site.xml

sudo vim /us/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop/mapred-site.xml

```
cproperty>
 <name>mapreduce.framework.name</name>
     <value>yarn</value>
     cproperty>
     <name>mapreduce.jobhistory.address</name>
           <value>localhost:10020</value>
           <description>Host and port for Job History Server (default
           0.0.0.0:10020)</description>
</property>
 cproperty>
   <name>yarn.app.mapreduce.am.env</name>
   <value>HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME=${HADOOP_HOME}</value>
 cproperty>
   <name>mapreduce.map.env</name>
   <value>HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME=${HADOOP_HOME}
 cproperty>
   <name>mapreduce.reduce.env</name>
   <value>HADOOP_MAPRED_HOME=${HADOOP_HOME}
```

9. Create a temporary directory which will be used as base location for

sudo mkdir -p /us/local/hadoop tmp/hdfs/namenode sudo,mkdir -p /ust/local/hadoop_tmp/hdfs/datanode sudo chown hduser:hadoop -R /us/local/hadoop tmp/

10. Update hdfs-site.xmI file

\$ sudo vim /us/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop/hdfs-site.xml

11.Format your namenode

\$ hadoop namenode -format

12.Starting your single-node cluster

\$ start-all.sh

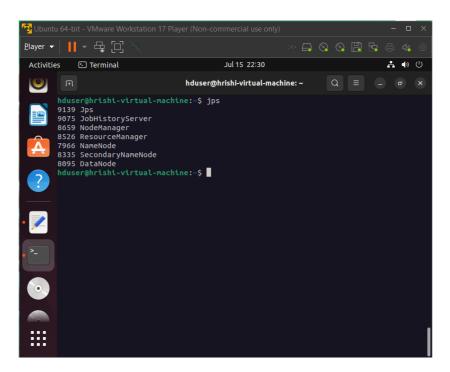


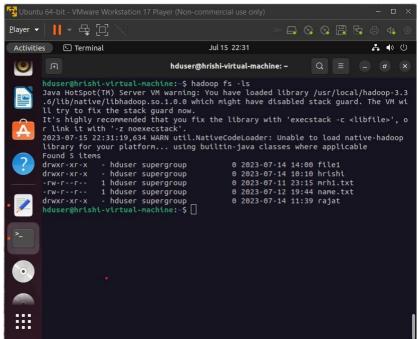
13. Start your history-server.

\$ mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start historyserver \$ mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh stop historyserver

14. Check if all the necessary hadoop daemon is running or not

\$ jps





2. Creation of sample table in HABASE with 7 attributes with 2 sub columns and displaying of valid data.

Table Creation:

```
create 'student1', 'name', 'regno', 'year", 'age', 'address', 'mobile', 'marks'
```

```
hbase(main):006:0> create 'student1','name','regno','year','age','address','mobile','marks'
0 row(s) in 2.3200 seconds
=> Hbase::Table - student1
hbase(main):007:0>
```

```
put 'student1', 'row1', 'Name', 'John'

put 'student1', 'row1', 'RegNo', '2021001'

put 'student1', 'row1', 'Year', '2023'

put 'student1', 'row1', 'Age', '25'

put 'student1', 'row1', 'Mobile', '9876543210'

put 'student1', 'row1', 'Address', '123 Main Street'

put 'student1', 'row1', 'Marks:Marks1', '80'

put 'student1', 'row1', 'Marks:Marks2', '75'
```

